Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Zulassungsstelle für Bauprodukte und Bauarten

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

Eine vom Bund und den Ländern gemeinsam getragene Anstalt des öffentlichen Rechts

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Handelsbezeichnung Trade name

Zulassungsinhaber Holder of approval

Zulassungsgegenstand und Verwendungszweck Generic type and use

of construction product

Geltungsdauer: vom Validity: from

bis

Herstellwerk

Manufacturing plant

fischer Injektionssystem FIS P für Mauerwerk fischer injection system FIS P masonry

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG Otto-Hahn-Straße 15 79211 Denzlingen DEUTSCHLAND

Verbunddübel zur Verankerung im Mauerwerk

Injection anchor for use in masonry

18 October 2011

26 November 2015

fischerwerke

Diese Zulassung umfasst This Approval contains 23 Seiten einschließlich 15 Anhänge 23 pages including 15 annexes





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I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
 - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC² and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³;
 - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998⁴, as amended by law of 31 October 2006⁵;
 - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁶;
 - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal Injection Anchors for Use in Masonry", ETAG 029.
- Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

- Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12
- Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1
- Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25
- Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812
- 5 Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2006, p. 2407, 2416
- Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



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II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

1 Definition of the product and intended use

1.1 Definition of the construction product

The Injection system fischer FIS P is a bonded anchor (injection type) consisting of a mortar cartridge with fischer injection mortar FIS P, a perforated sleeve FIS HK and an anchor rod with hexagon nut and washer in the range of M8 to M16. The steel elements are made of zinc coated steel, stainless steel or high corrosion resistant steel.

The anchor rod is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between steel element, injection mortar and masonry.

An illustration of the product and intended use is given in Annex 1.

1.2 Intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106 EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences.

The anchor is to be used only for anchorages subject to static or quasi-static loading in solid masonry (use category b) or hollow or perforated masonry (use category c) according to Annex 8 and 9. The mortar strength class of the masonry has to be M 2,5 according to EN 998-2:2010 at minimum.

The anchor may be used in the following service temperature ranges:

Temperature range I: -40 °C to +80 °C (max long term temperature +50 °C and

max short term temperature +80 °C)

Temperature range II: -40 °C to +120 °C (max long term temperature +72 °C and

max short term temperature +120 °C)

The anchor may be installed in dry or wet structures.

Regarding the injection mortar the anchor may be used in dry and wet structures (category w/w). Regarding the steel elements of the anchor following use conditions applies:

Steel elements made of zinc coated steel:

The steel elements made of electroplated or hot-dipped galvanised steel may only be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions.

Steel elements made of stainless steel A4:

The steel element made of stainless steel may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure in permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).



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Steel elements made of high corrosion resistant steel C:

The steel element made of high corrosion resistant steel may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

2.1 Characteristics of product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in the annexes. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in annexes shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation⁷ of this European technical approval.

The characteristic anchor values for the design of anchorages are given in Annex 12 to Annex 15.

The anchor is assumed to satisfy the requirements for class A1 of the characteristic reaction to

Regarding resistance to fire no performance is determined.

2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Injection Anchors for Use in Masonry", ETAG 029, based on the Use Categories b and c in respect of the base material and Category w/w in respect of installation and use.

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 97/177/EC of the European Commission⁸ System 1 of the attestation of conformity applies.

The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.

Official Journal of the European Communities L 073 of 14.03.1997



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This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
 - (1) factory production control;
 - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed test plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
 - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
 - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

3.2 Responsibilities

3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial/raw/constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan⁹ which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the

- initial type-testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control,

in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



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The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the anchor. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the holder of the approval (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- ETAG 029,
- use category (b, c, and w/w) and
- size.

4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced.

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

4.2 Design of anchorages

The fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following conditions:

The anchorages are designed in accordance with the ETAG 029, Annex C ¹⁰, Design method A under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and masonry work.

Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account the relevant masonry in the region of the anchorage (nature and strength of the base materials), the loads to be transmitted and their transmission to the supports of the structure. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to supports etc.).

The Guideline ETAG 029, "Metal Injection Anchors for Use in Masonry, Annex C: Design Methods for Anchorages" is published in English on EOTA website www.eota.eu.



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The characteristic resistances are only valid for kind of bricks according to Annexes 8 and 9. The characteristic resistance for use in solid masonry are also valid for larger brick sizes and larger compressive strength of the masonry unit.

For other bricks in solid masonry and in hollow or perforated masonry, the characteristic resistance of the anchor may be determined by job site tests according to ETAG, Annex B ¹¹ under consideration of the β-factor according to Annex 14. Table 10.

4.3 Installation

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the anchor is installed as follows:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site,
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components of an anchor,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,
- commercial standard threaded rods, washers and hexagon nuts may also be used if the following requirements are fulfilled:
 - material, dimensions and mechanical properties of the metal parts according to the specifications given in Annex 4, Table 4,
 - confirmation of material and mechanical properties of the metal parts by inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204:2004, the documents should be stored,
 - marking of the threaded rod with the envisage embedment depth. This may be done by the manufacturer of the rod or the person on jobsite.
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the use category applies and that the characteristic values of the base material in which the anchor is to be placed, is identical with the values, which the characteristic loads apply for.
- holes to be drilled perpendicular to the surface of the base material by using a hard-metal tipped hammer drill bit,
- in case of aborted drill hole the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,
- hole cleaning and anchor installation in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions (Annex 6 and 7),
- keeping the installation parameters (Annex 3, 4 and 5),
- marking and keeping the effective anchorage depth,
- keeping edge distance and spacing according to Annex 15 without minus tolerances,
- observing the curing time according to Annex 5, Table 5 until the anchor may be loaded.

5 Indications to the manufacturer

5.1 Manufacturer's responsibilities

It is in the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 to as well as sections 4.2, 4.3 and 5.2 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval. In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

The Guideline ETAG 029, "Metal Injection Anchors for Use in Masonry, Annex B: Recommendations for tests to be carried out on construction works" is published in English on EOTA website www.eota.eu.



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The minimum data required are:

- installation parameters according to Annex 3 and 4,
- material and property class of metal parts according to Annex 4, Table 4,
- information on the installation procedure, including cleaning of the hole with the cleaning equipments, preferably by means of an illustration,
- exact volume of injection mortar depend on the relevant installation.
- storage temperature of anchor components, minimum and maximum temperature of the base material, processing time (open time) of the mortar and curing time until the anchor may be loaded according to Annex 5,
- identification of the manufacturing batch.

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.

5.2 Recommendations regarding packaging, transport and storage

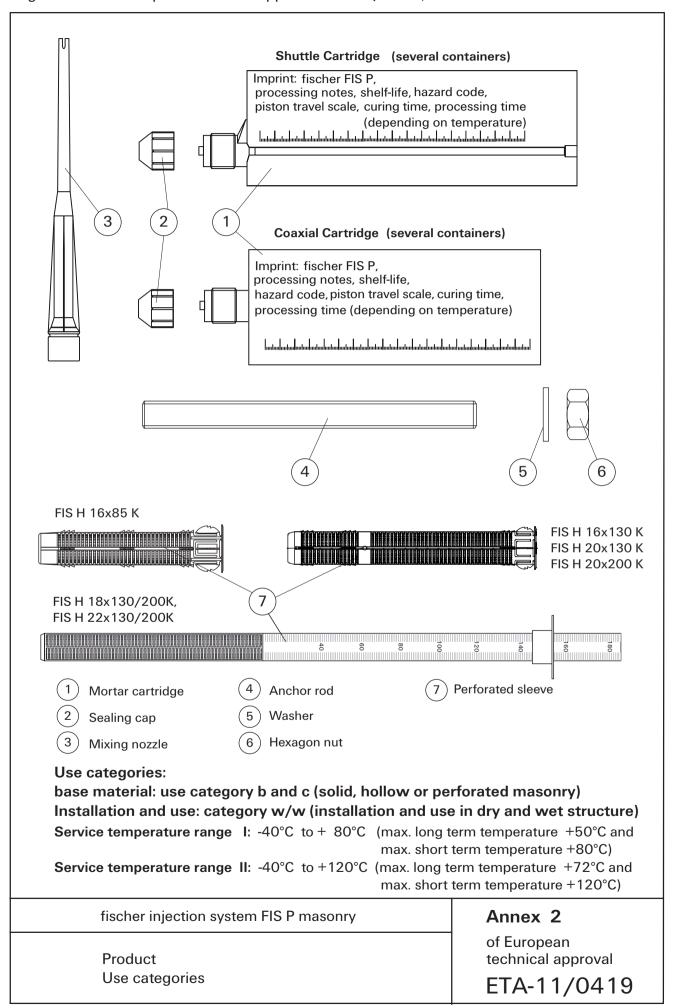
The injection cartridges shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacture's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5°C to not more than +25°C.

Mortar cartridges with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

Georg Feistel
Head of Department

*beglaubigt:*Baderschneider

Anchor rods with perforated sleeve FIS HK; Installation in perforated and solid brick masonry¹⁾ 1) Types of bricks see annexes 8 and 9 Pre-positioned anchorage FIS H 16x85 K FIS H 16x130 K FIS H 20x130 K $d_0 \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}$ FIS H 20x200 K h. h, In-place anchorage FIS H 18x130/200 K FIS H 22x130/200 K Anchor rods without perforated sleeve FIS HK; Installation in solid brick masonry1) 1) Types of bricks see annexes 8 and 9 Pre-positioned anchorage In-place anchorage d_0 Annual clearence filled with mortar d_0 = nominal drill bit diameter h_{ef} = effective anchorage depth d_f = diameter of clearence hole in the fixture = depth of drill hole T_{inst} = torque moment = thickness of fixture fischer injection system FIS P masonry Annex 1 of European technical approval Intended use ETA-11/0419



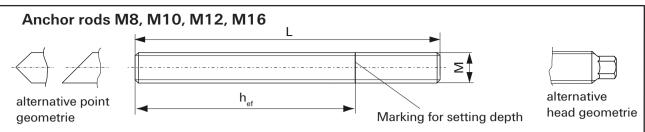


Table 1: Installation parameters anchor rods in solid bricks (without perforated sleeves)

| Size | | | | M8 | M10 | M12 | M16 |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Nominal drill hole diame | d_{o} | [mm] | 10 | 12 | 14 | 18 | |
| Effective anchorage depth h _{ef} 1) | | | [mm] | | 50 | | 64 |
| Depth of drill hole h _o = h _{ef} | | | [mm] | | 10 | 00 | |
| Diameter of clearence | pre-posi | tion d _f ≤ | [mm] | 9 | 12 | 14 | 18 |
| hole in the fxture | in-p | lace d _f ≤ | [mm] | 11 | 14 | 16 | 20 |
| Diameter of steel brush | Diameter of steel brush $d_b \ge [r]$ | | | | 13 | 16 | 20 |
| orque moment $T_{_{inst,max}}$ [Nm] | | | | 4 | | | |
| Thicknes of fixture | | t _{fix} max | x [mm] | 1500 | | | |

¹⁾ $h_{ef,min} \le h_{ef} \le h_{ef,max}$ is possible.

Steel brush



Perforated sleeves FIS H 16x85 K; FIS H 16x130 K; FIS H 20x130 K; FIS H 20x200 K

Marking: Size D_{Sleeve} x L_{Sleeve} (e.g.: 16x85)



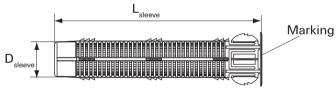


Table 2: Installation parameters anchor rods with perforated sleeves (Pre-positioned anchorage)

| Size FIS HK | | 16x85 | 16x130 | 20x130 | 20x200 | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| Nominal drill hole diameter $d_0 = D_{\text{sleeve}}$ | d _o [mm] | 16 | | 3 20 | | |
| Depth of drill hole | h _o [mm] | 95 | 140 | 140 | 210 | |
| Effective anaborage depth | h _{ef,min} [mm] | 85 | 110 | 110 | 180 | |
| Effective anchorage depth | h _{ef,max} [mm] | 85 | 130 | 130 | 200 | |
| Size of anchor rod | | M8 or M10 M12 or M16 | | or M16 | | |
| Diameter of steel brush ¹⁾ | d _b [mm] | 18 24 | | | 4 | |
| Torque moment | T _{inst,max} [Nm] | 4 ²⁾ | | | | |
| Thicknes of fixture | t _{fix} max [mm] | 1500 | | | | |

¹⁾ Only for KSL and solid blocks.

For brick No. 1,2,3,6,7,8,9 and $10: T_{inst,max} = 2 \text{ Nm}$

| fischer injection system FIS P masonry | Annex 3 |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Installation parameters anchor rods with perforated sleeves (pre-positioned) | of European technical approval |
| steel brush | ETA-11/0419 |

²⁾ Brick No. 4, 5,11 and 12.

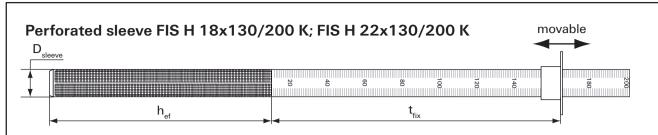


Table 3: Installation parameters anchor rods with perforated sleeves (in-place anchorage)

| Size | | | FIS H 18x | 130/200 K | FIS H 22x130/200 K | | |
|---|----------------------|------|------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--|--|
| Nominal drill hole diameter $d_0 = D_{\text{sleeve}}$ | d_{o} | [mm] | 1 | 8 | 22 | | |
| Depth of drill hole | h_{o} | [mm] | 135 + t _{fix} | | | | |
| Effective anchorage depth | h _{ef} | [mm] | 130 | | | | |
| Diameter of steel brusch | d _b ≥ | [mm] | 2 | 0 | 24 | | |
| Anchor rod size | | [-] | M10 | M12 | M16 | | |
| Torque moment | $T_{inst,max}$ | [Nm] | 41) | | | | |
| Thickness of fixture | t _{fix,max} | [mm] | 200 | | | | |

¹⁾ Brick No. 4, 5,11 and 12.

For brick No. 1,2,3,6,7,8,9 and 10: $T_{inst,max} = 2 \text{ Nm}$

Table 4: Materials

| Part | Designation | Materials | | | | | | | |
|------|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Chemical mortar | Reaction re | Reaction resin mortar, hardener, additive | | | | | | |
| | | Steel, zinc plated | Stainless steel A4 | High corrosion resistant steel C | | | | | |
| 4 | Anchor rod | Property class 5.8 or 8.8; EN ISO 898-1 zinc plated ≥ 5μm, EN ISO 4042 A2K or hot-dip galvanised EN ISO 10684 | Property class 50 or 70 EN ISO 3506 EN 10088 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 | Property class 50 or 80 or f_{uk} =700 N/mm ² f_{yk} =560 N/mm ² EN 10088 1.4462;1.4539;1.4565 1.4529;1.4547 | | | | | |
| 5 | Washer EN ISO 7089 | EN ISO 7089 zinc plated ≥ 5μm, EN ISO 4042 A2K or hot-dip galvanised EN ISO 10684 | EN 10088 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 | EN 10088 1.4462;1.4539;1.4565 1.4529;1.4547 | | | | | |
| 6 | Hexagon nut according to EN 24032 | Property class 5 or 8; EN 20898-2 zinc plated ≥ 5μm, EN ISO 4042 A2K or hot-dip galvanised EN ISO 10684 | Property class 50 or 70 EN ISO 3506 EN 10088 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 | Property class 50 or 70 or 80 EN ISO 3506 EN 10088 1.4462;1.4539;1.4565 1.4529;1.4547 | | | | | |
| 7 | Perforated sleeve | PP / PE | | | | | | | |

| fischer injection system FIS P masonry | Annex 4 |
|--|--------------------|
| Installation parameters anchor rods | of European |
| with perforated sleeves (in-place) | technical approval |
| Materials | ETA-11/0419 |

Processing times and curing times

of European

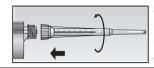
technical approval

Installation instruction

Preparing the cartridge

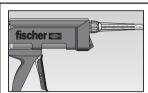
1

Remove the sealing cap.



Screw on the mixing nozzle. (the spiral in the mixing nozzle must be clearly visible)

2



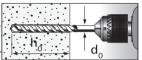
Place the cartridge into the applicator gun.



Press approx 10 cm of material out until the resin is well mixed. Don't use mortar that is not well mixed.

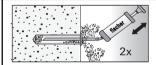
Installation in solid brick (without perforated sleeve)

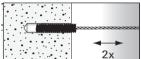
3

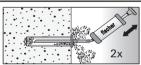


Drill the hole. Depth of drill hole h_0 and drill hole diameter d_0 see **Table 1**

4

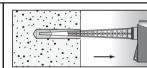




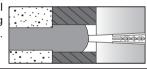


Blow out the drill hole twice. Brush twice and blow out twice again.

5

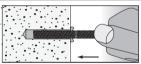


Fill approx. 2/3 of the drill hole with mortar beginning from the bottom of the hole¹⁾.



For in-place anchorage fill the annual clearence also with mortar.

6



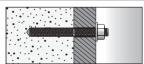
Insert the anchor rod by hand using light turning motions. When reaching the setting depth marking, excess mortar must exit the drill hole.

7



Do not touch.

Minimum curing time see Table 5



Mounting the fixture. $T_{inst,max}$ see Table 1

fischer injection system FIS P masonry

Installation instruction Part 1

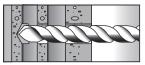
Annex 6

of European technical approval

¹⁾ Exact volume of mortar see manufacturer's spezification.

Installation in perforated or solid brick with perforated sleeve (pre-positioned anchorage)

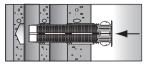
3



Drill the hole. Depth of drill hole \mathbf{h}_0 and drill hole diameter \mathbf{d}_0 see **Table 2**

When install perforated sleeves in solid brick or KSL, also clean the hole by blowing out and brushing.

4

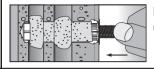


Insert the perforated sleeve flush with the surface of the masonry.



Fill the perforated sleeve completely with mortar beginning from the bottom of the hole.¹⁾

5



Insert the anchor rod by hand using light turning motions.

6



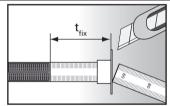
Do not touch. Minimum curing time see Table 5



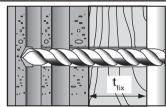
Mounting the fixture. $T_{\text{inst,max}}$ see Table 2

Installation in perforated or solid brick with perforated sleeve (in-place anchorage)

3

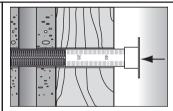


Push the movable stop up to the correct thickness of fixture and cut the overlap.

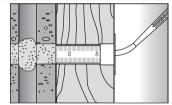


Drill the hole through the fixture. Depth of drill hole $(h_o + t_{fix})$ and drill hole diameter see **Table 3**

4

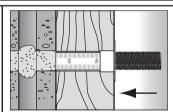


Insert the perforated sleeve flush with the surface of the fixture.



Fill the sleeve with mortar beginning from the bottom of the hole. 1) For deep drill holes use an extention hose.

5

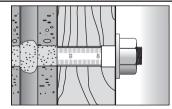


Insert the anchor rod by hand using light turning motions.

6



Do not touch. Minimum curing time see Table 5



Tighten the hexagon nut.
T_{inst,max} see Table 3

fischer injection system FIS P masonry

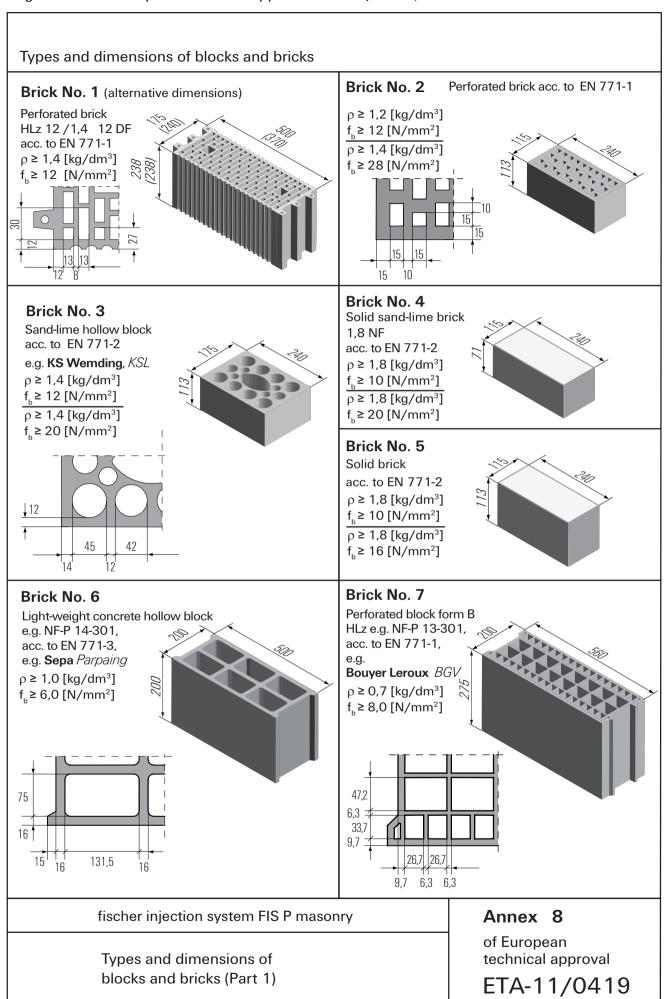
Installation instruction Part 2

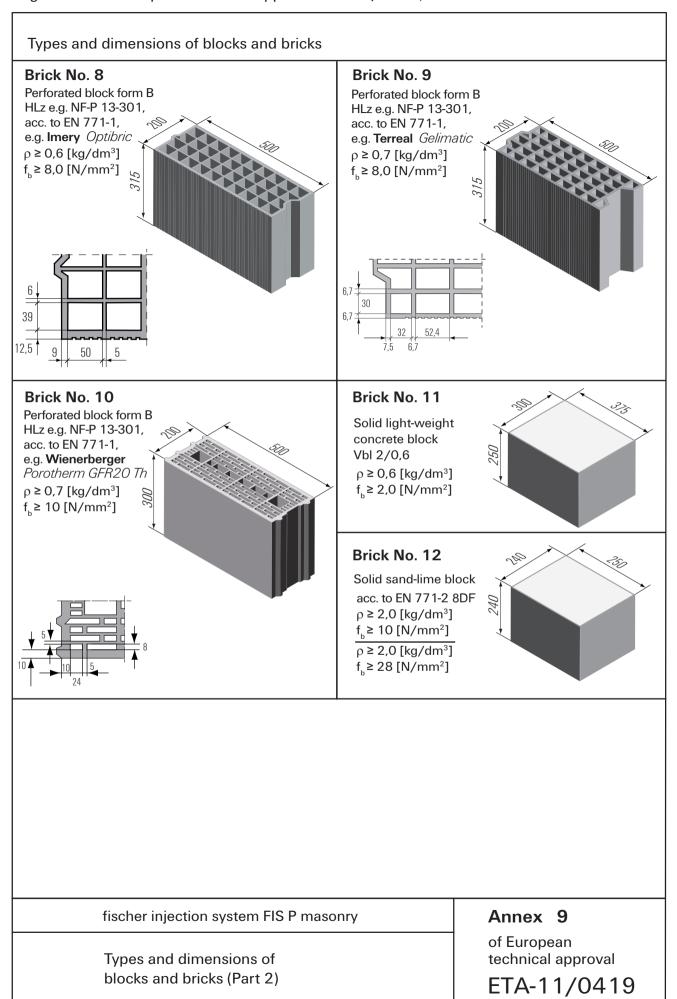
Annex 7

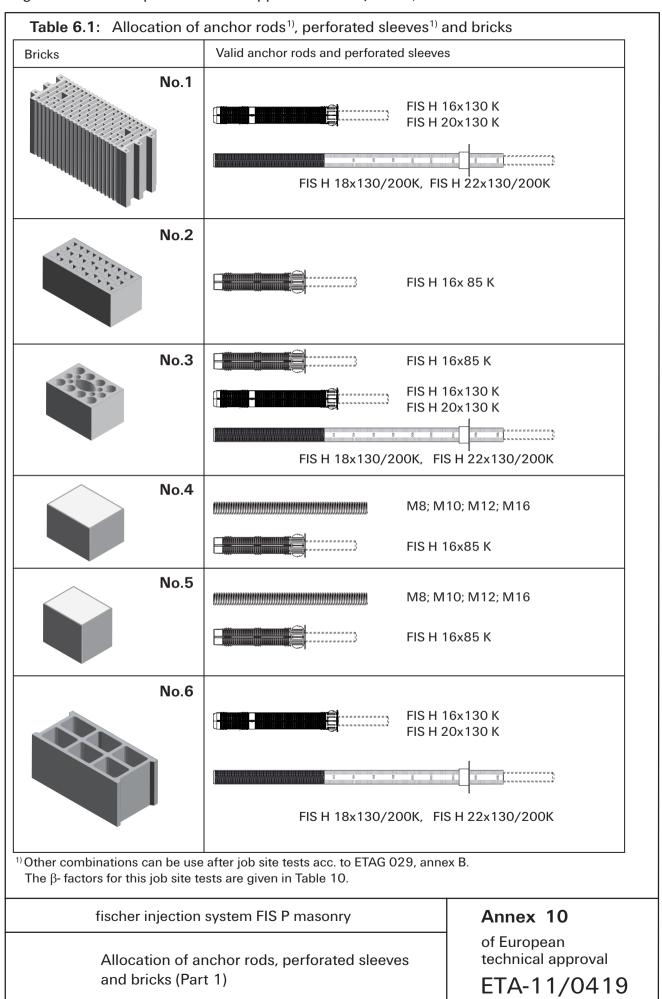
of European technical approval

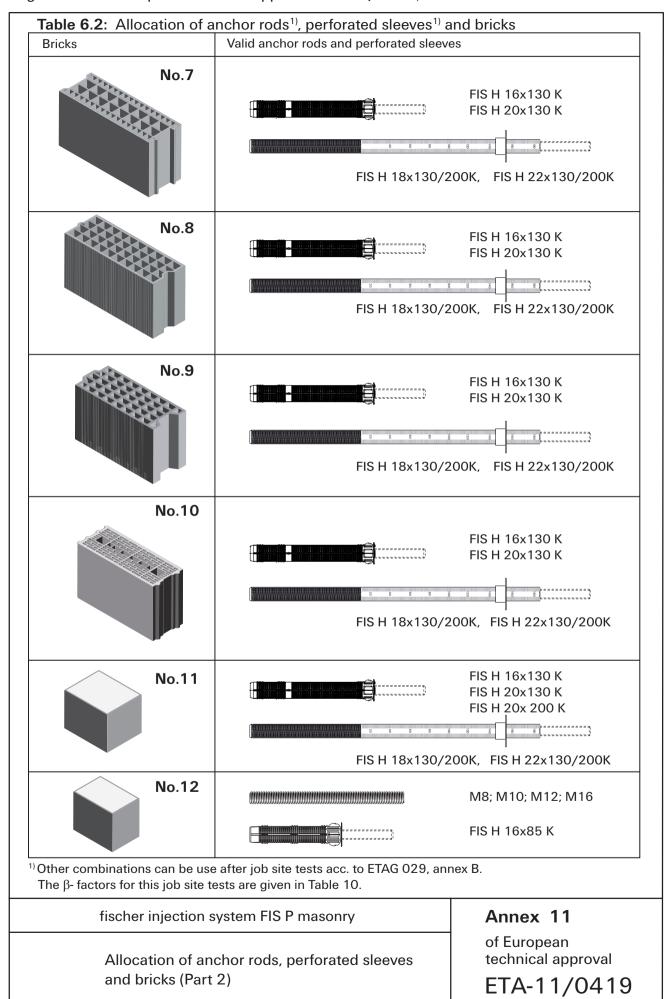
¹⁾ The correct quantity of mortar see manufacturer's specification.

¹⁾ The correct quantity of mortar see manufacturer's specification.









| Table 7.1: Characteristic tension load and shear load va | ad values | ıear load | shear | and | load | tension | Characteristic | .1: | Table 7.1 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-------|-----|------|---------|----------------|-----|-----------|
|--|-----------|-----------|-------|-----|------|---------|----------------|-----|-----------|

| | Density p [kg/dm³] | | Effe | | Temperatu | ı II | OI. | | |
|-------|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-----|
| | Compressive | | | anchoran | - | Charac- teristic | Charac- teristic | Charac- teristic | |
| Brick | strength f _b | sleeve | Anchor- | h _{ef,min} | h _{ef,max} | resistance | resistance | resistance | |
| No. | [N/mm²] | FIS H K | size | [mm] | [mm] | $N_{Rk}[kN]^{1)}$ | $N_{Rk} [kN]^{1)}$ | V _{Rk} [kN] ²⁾ | |
| 1 | | 16x130 | M8 / M10 | 110 | 130 | 0.00 | 4.50 | | |
| | p ≥ 1,4 | 18x130/200 | M10 / M12 | 130 | | 2,00 | 1,50 | 2.0 | |
| | f _b ≥ 12 | 20x130 ⁴⁾ | M12 / M16 | 110 | 130 | 0.50 | 0.00 | 2,0 | |
| | | 22x130/200 | M16 | 130 | | 3,50 | 3,00 | | |
| 2 | $p \ge 1.2 / f_b \ge 12$ | 16x85 | M8/M10 | 85 | | 2,00 | 1,50 | 3,5 | |
| | $p \ge 1.4 / f_b \ge 28$ | 16x85 | M8/M10 | 85 | | 3,50 | 3,00 | 6,0 | |
| 3 | | 16x85 | M8/M10 | 85 | | 2,50 | 2,00 | | |
| | p ≥ 1,4 | 16x130 | M8/M10 | 110 | 130 | | | | |
| | f _b ≥ 12 | 18x130/200 | M10/M12 | 130 | | 0.00 | 0.50 | 4,5 | |
| | | 20x130 ⁴⁾ | M12/M16 | 110 | 130 | 3,00 | 2,50 | | |
| | | 22x130/200 | M16 | 130 | _ | | | | |
| | | 16x85 | M8/M10 | 85 | | 3,50 | 3,00 | | |
| | p ≥ 1,4 f _b ≥ 20 | 16x130 | M8/M10 | 110 | 130 | | | | |
| | | 18x130/200 | M10/M12 | 130 | _ | 4.50 | 4.00 | 6,0 | |
| | ь — - | 20x130 ⁴⁾ | M12/M16 | 110 | 130 | 4,50 | 4,00 | | |
| | | 22x130/200 | M16 | 130 | | | | | |
| 4 | | | M8 | 50 | 100 | 1.50 | 1.00 | | |
| - | p ≥ 1,8 | without | M10 | 50 | 100 | 1,50 | 1,20 | 0.5 | |
| | f _b ≥ 10 | | Without | M12 | 50 | 100 | 1,50 | 4.50 | 2,5 |
| | ь | | M16 | 64 | 100 | 2,00 | 1,50 | | |
| | | 16x85 | M8/M10 | 85 | | 1,50 | 1,20 | 3,0 | |
| | | | | 50 | 100 | 2,00 | 1,50 | | |
| | n > 1 0 | without | M10 | 50 | 100 | | | 3,5 | |
| | p ≥ 1,8 f _b ≥ 20 | Without | M12 | 50 | 100 | 2,50 | 2,00 | 3,3 | |
| | 1 _b - 20 | | M16 | 64 | 100 | | | | |
| | | 16x85 | M8/M10 | 85 | _ | 2,00 | 1,50 | 4,5 | |
| 5 | | | M8 | 50 | 100 | 1,50 | 1,50 | | |
|) | | verith out | M10 | 50 | 100 | 2,00 | 1,50 | | |
| | p ≥ 1,8 f _b ≥ 10 | without | M12 | 50 | 100 | 2.50 | 2.00 | 2,5 | |
| | 1 _b = 10 | | M16 | 64 | 100 | 2,50 | 2,00 | | |
| | | 16x85 | M8 / M10 | 85 | | 2,00 | 1,50 | 3,0 | |
| | | | M8 | 50 | 100 | 2,00 | 1,50 | 3,0 | |
| | p ≥ 1,8 | | M10 | 50 | 100 | 2,50 | 2,00 | 3,0 | |
| | p ≥ 1,6 f _b ≥ 16 | without | M12 | 50 | 100 | 3,00 | 2,50 | 3,5 | |
| | , _b = 10 | | M16 | 64 | 100 | 3,50 | 3,00 | | |
| | | 16x85 | M8 / M10 | 85 | | 2,50 | 2,00 | 4,0 | |
| | | Partial safety | factor $\gamma_{M} =$ | 2,53) | · | | | | |

¹⁾ For design according to ETAG 029, annex C: $N_{Rk} = N_{Rk,p} = N_{Rk,b} = N_{Rk,pb} = N_{Rk,s}$ 2) For design according to ETAG 029, annex C: $V_{Rk} = V_{Rk,b} = V_{Rk,c} = V_{Rk,s}$

³⁾ In absence of other national regulations
⁴⁾ Alternativ FIS H 20x200 K; (h_{ef,min} = 110 mm)

| fischer injection system FIS P masonry | Annex 12 |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Characteristic tension load and | of European technical approval |
| shear load values | ETA-11/0419 |

Table 7.2: Characteristic tension load and shear load values

| Brick No. 6 | [kg/dm ³] Compressive Strength f_b [N/mm ²] $p \ge 1,0$ $f_b \ge 6$ $p \ge 0,7$ $f_b \ge 8$ $p \ge 0,6$ | Sleeve FIS H K 16x130 18x130/200 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 16x130 18x130/200 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 | Anchor- size M8 / M10 M10 / M12 M12 / M16 M16 M8/M10 M10/M12 M12/M16 | ancho de h _{ef,min} [mm] 110 130 110 130 130 | range pth | Characteristic Resistance N _{Rk} [kN] ¹⁾ | Charac- teristic Resistance N _{Rk} [kN] ¹⁾ | Characteristic Resistance V _{Rk} [kN] ² | |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| Brick No. 6 | Strength f_b [N/mm ²] $p \ge 1.0$ $f_b \ge 6$ $p \ge 0.7$ $f_b \ge 8$ | FIS H K 16x130 18x130/200 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 16x130 18x130/200 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 | size M8 / M10 M10 / M12 M12 / M16 M16 M8/M10 M10/M12 | h _{ef,min} [mm] 110 130 110 130 | h _{ef,max} [mm] 130 — 130 | Resistance N _{Rk} [kN] ¹⁾ | Resistance N _{Rk} [kN] ¹⁾ | Resistance V _{Rk} [kN] ² | |
| No. 6 | $[N/mm^{2}]$ $p \ge 1.0$ $f_{b} \ge 6$ $p \ge 0.7$ $f_{b} \ge 8$ | FIS H K 16x130 18x130/200 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 16x130 18x130/200 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 | size M8 / M10 M10 / M12 M12 / M16 M16 M8/M10 M10/M12 | [mm] 110 130 110 130 110 | [mm] 130 — 130 — | N _{Rk} [kN] ¹⁾ | N _{Rk} [kN] ¹⁾ | V _{Rk} [kN] ² | |
| 7 | $f_b \ge 6$ $p \ge 0.7$ $f_b \ge 8$ | 18x130/200 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 16x130 18x130/200 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 | M10 / M12 M12 / M16 M16 M8/M10 M10/M12 | 130 110 130 110 | _ 130 _ | 1,20 | 0,90 | 2,5 | |
| | $f_b \ge 6$ $p \ge 0.7$ $f_b \ge 8$ | 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 16x130 18x130/200 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 | M12 / M16 M16 M8/M10 M10/M12 | 110 130 110 | | 1,20 | 0,90 | 2,5 | |
| | p ≥ 0,7 f _b ≥ 8 | 22x130/200 16x130 18x130/200 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 | M16 M8/M10 M10/M12 | 130 110 | | 1,20 | 0,50 | 2,5 | |
| | f _b ≥ 8 | 16x130 18x130/200 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 | M8/M10 M10/M12 | 110 | _ 130 | | | | |
| | f _b ≥ 8 | 18x130/200 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 | M10/M12 | | 130 | 1 | | | |
| | f _b ≥ 8 | 20x130 ⁴⁾ 22x130/200 | | 130 | | 2,00 | | | |
| 8 | f _b ≥ 8 | 22x130/200 | M12/M16 | | | 2,00 | 2.00 | 20 | |
| 8 | - | | | 110 | 130 | 2.50 | 2,00 | 2,0 | |
| 8 | მ.0 ≤ ღ | 16,/120 | M16 | 130 | | 2,50 | | | |
| 8 | p ≥ 0.6 | 16x130 | M8/M10 | 110 | 130 | 1.50 | 1.50 | | |
| - 1 | | 18x130/200 | M10/M12 | 130 | | 1,50 | 1,50 | | |
| | f _b ≥ 8 | 20x130 ⁴⁾ | M12/M16 | 110 | 130 | 0.50 | 2.50 | 2,0 | |
| | ь | 22x130/200 | M16 | 130 | | 2,50 | 2,50 | | |
| 9 | | 16x130 | M8/M10 | 110 | 130 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 0.0 | |
| | p ≥ 0,7 | 18x130/200 | M10/M12 | 130 | | 1,50 | 1,50 | 2,0 | |
| | f _b ≥ 8 | 20x130 ⁴⁾ | M12/M16 | 110 | 130 | 0.00 | 4.50 | | |
| | | 22x130/200 | M16 | 130 | | 2,00 | 1,50 | 3,0 | |
| 10 | | 16x130 | M8/M10 | 110 | 130 | 0.50 | 2.00 | | |
| 10 | p ≥ 0,7 | 18x130/200 | M10/M12 | 130 | _ | 2,50 | 2,00 | 4- | |
| | ρ≥0,7 f _b ≥10 | 20x130 ⁴⁾ | M12/M16 | 110 | 130 | 0.50 | 0.00 | 1,5 | |
| | . _b – 10 | 22x130/200 | M16 | 130 | | 3,50 | 3,00 | | |
| 11 | | 16x130 | M8/M10 | 110 | 130 | 2,00 1,50 | 1.50 | | |
| '' | p ≥ 0,6 | 18x130/200 | M10/M12 | 130 | | | 1,50 | 4 - | |
| | ρ≥ 0,0 f _b ≥ 2 | 20x130 ⁴⁾ | M12/M16 | 110 | 130 | 0.50 | 0.00 | 1,5 | |
| | . _b – – | 22x130/200 | M16 | 130 | _ | 2,50 | 2,00 | | |
| | | 20x200 | M12/M16 | 180 | 200 | 3,50 | 3,00 | 1,5 | |
| 12 | | | M8 | 50 | 100 | 5.00 | 4.00 | | |
| 12 | | _ | M10 | 50 | 100 | 5,00 | 4,00 | 2,5 | |
| | p ≥ 2,0 | ohne | M12 | 50 | 100 | 5,00 | 4,50 | | |
| | f _b ≥ 10 | | M16 | 64 | 100 | 9,00 | 7,50 | | |
| | | 16x85 | M8/M10 | 85 | _ | 5,00 | 4,50 | 3,0 | |
| | | | M8 | 50 | 100 | 7,50 | 6,00 | 4,0 | |
| | | - 1- | M10 | 50 | 100 | 0.00 | 7.50 | 4.5 | |
| | p ≥ 2,0 | ohne | M12 | 50 | 100 | 9,00 | 7,50 | 4,5 | |
| | f _b ≥ 28 | | M16 | 64 | 100 | 9,00 | 9,00 | | |
| | | 16x85 | M8 / M10 | 85 | _ | 9,00 | 7,50 | 5,0 | |

 $^{^{1)}}$ For design according to ETAG 029, annex C: $N_{Rk} = N_{Rk,p} = N_{Rk,b} = N_{Rk,pb} = N_{Rk,pb}$

 $^{^{4)}}$ Alternativ FIS H 20x200 K; (h_{ef,min} = 110 mm)

| fischer injection system FIS P masonry | Annex 13 |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Characteristic tension load and | of European technical approval |
| shear load values | ETA-11/0419 |

 $^{^{2)}}$ For design according to ETAG 029, annex C: $V_{\rm Rk} = V_{\rm Rk,b} = V_{\rm Rk,c} = V_{\rm Rk,c}$

³⁾ In absence of other national regulations

Table 8: Characteristic bending moments

| | | | | | M8 | M10 | M12 | M16 | |
|---|---|-----------------------|------------------|------|------|------|-----|-----|--|
| Rk,s | | Property | 5.8 [| [Nm] | 19 | 37 | 65 | 166 | |
| ristic moments M _{ek.s} | | class | 8.8 | Nm] | 30 | 60 | 105 | 266 | |
| nen | stainless | Property | 50 [| [Nm] | 19 | 37 | 65 | 166 | |
| istic | steel A4 | class | 70 [| [Nm] | 26 | 52 | 92 | 232 | |
| Ocharacteristic Steel A4 high corrosio- resistant steel C | | _ | 50 [Nm] | | 19 | 37 | 65 | 166 | |
| | Property class | 70 ²⁾ [Nm] | | 26 | 52 | 92 | 232 | | |
| Ch | steel C | |] 08 | [Nm] | 30 | 60 | 105 | 266 | |
| | | Property | 5.8 | [-] | 1,25 | | | | |
| > ~ | | class | 8.8 | [-] | 1,25 | | | | |
| afet | stainless steel A4 | Property | 50 | [-] | 2,38 | | | | |
| al sa rs γ | | class | 70 | [-] | | 1,56 | | | |
| Partial safety factors $\gamma_{\text{Ms,v}}^{\ \ 1)}$ | high corrosio- resistant steel C | Duranta | 50 | [-] | | 2,3 | 38 | | |
| fa fa | | Property class | 70 ²⁾ | [-] | | 1,2 | 25 | | |
| | | Class | 80 | [-] | | 1,33 | | | |

¹⁾ If no other national regulations exist.

Table 9: Displacements under tension- and shearload

| | N [kN] | δ _{N0} [mm] | δ _№ [mm] | V [kN] | δ _{vo} [mm] | δ _{ν∞} [mm] |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Solid bricks ¹⁾ | N | 0,03 | 0,06 | V _{Rk} 1,4 • γ _M | 0,59 | 0,88 |
| Perforated bricks ²⁾ | $\frac{N_{Rk}}{1.4 \cdot \gamma_{M}}$ | | | | 1,71 | 2,56 |
| Brick No. 6 | | | | | 6,44 | 9,66 |

¹⁾Brick No.: 4, 5, 11, 12

Table 10: β- Factors for job site tests according to ETAG 029, Annex B.

| Stein No. | Temperature range I | Temperature range II | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| 4, 5, 12 | 0,60 | 0,50 | | | |
| 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 | 0,86 | 0,72 | | | |
| 6 | 0,75 | 0,63 | | | |

| fischer injection system FIS P masonry | Annex 14 |
|--|--|
| Characteristic bending moments Displacements β- factors for job site tests | of European technical approval ETA-11/0419 |

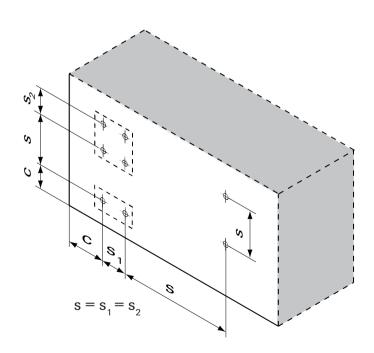
 $^{^{2)}} f_{uk} = 700 \text{ N/mm}^2; f_{vk} = 560 \text{ N/mm}^2$

²⁾Brick No.: 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10.

Table 11: Edge distances and spacing (Installation with and without sleeve)

| | Anchor size | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | M8 | | | M10 | | | M12 | | | M16 | | |
| Brick | C _{min} | S _{min} | S _{cr} | C _{min} | S _{min} | S _{cr} | C _{min} | S _{min} | S _{cr} | C _{min} | S _{min} | S _{cr} |
| No. | [mm] | [mm] | [mm] |
| 1 | 80 | 100 | 500 | 80 | 100 | 500 | 80 | 120 | 500 | 80 | 120 | 500 |
| 1 (alternative dimensions) | 80 | 100 | 370 | 80 | 100 | 370 | 80 | 120 | 370 | 80 | 120 | 370 |
| 2 | 80 | 100 | 240 | 80 | 100 | 240 | 80 | 120 | 240 | 80 | 120 | 240 |
| 3 | 80 | 100 | 240 | 80 | 100 | 240 | 80 | 120 | 240 | 80 | 120 | 240 |
| 4 | 80 | 50 | 160 | 80 | 50 | 200 | 80 | 50 | 240 | 80 | 55 | 320 |
| 5 | 80 | 50 | 160 | 80 | 50 | 200 | 80 | 50 | 240 | 80 | 55 | 320 |
| 6 | 80 | 100 | 490 | 80 | 100 | 490 | 80 | 120 | 490 | 80 | 120 | 490 |
| 7 | 80 | 100 | 560 | 80 | 100 | 560 | 80 | 120 | 560 | 80 | 120 | 560 |
| 8 | 80 | 100 | 500 | 80 | 100 | 500 | 80 | 120 | 500 | 80 | 120 | 500 |
| 9 | 80 | 100 | 500 | 80 | 100 | 500 | 80 | 120 | 500 | 80 | 120 | 500 |
| 10 | 80 | 100 | 500 | 80 | 100 | 500 | 80 | 120 | 500 | 80 | 120 | 500 |
| 11 | 80 | 50 | 160 | 80 | 50 | 200 | 80 | 60 | 240 | 80 | 60 | 320 |
| 12 | 80 | 50 | 160 | 80 | 50 | 200 | 80 | 50 | 240 | 80 | 55 | 320 |

 $\mathbf{c}_{\min} = \mathbf{c}_{\mathrm{cr}}$



fischer injection system FIS P masonry

Edge distances and spacing

Annex 15

of European technical approval