Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Zulassungsstelle für Bauprodukte und Bauarten

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

Eine vom Bund und den Ländern gemeinsam getragene Anstalt des öffentlichen Rechts

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Mitglied der EOTA

Member of EOTA

European Technical Approval ETA-07/0260

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Handelsbezeichnung Trade name

rade name

Zulassungsinhaber Holder of approval

Zulassungsgegenstand und Verwendungszweck

Generic type and use of construction product

Geltungsdauer:

Validity:

to
verlängert vom
extended from

bis to

vom

from bis

Herstellwerk

Manufacturing plant

Injektionssystem Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD für gerissenen Beton Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete

Hilti Aktiengesellschaft Business Unit Anchors 9494 Schaan

9494 Schaan

FÜRSTENTUM LIECHTENSTEIN

Verbunddübel in den Größen Ø 8 mm bis Ø 32 mm

zur Verankerung im Beton

Bonded anchor in the size of \varnothing 8 mm to \varnothing 32 mm

for use in concrete

12 January 2009

8 November 2012

9 November 2012

9 November 2017

Hilti Werke

Diese Zulassung umfasst This Approval contains 31 Seiten einschließlich 22 Anhänge 31 pages including 22 annexes





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I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
 - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC² and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³;
 - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998⁴, as amended by Article 2 of the law of 8 November 2011⁵;
 - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁶;
 - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete Part 5: Bonded anchors", ETAG 001-05.
- Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12

Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1

Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25

⁴ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812

⁵ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2011, p. 2178

Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



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Ш SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

Definition of the the construction product and intended use 1

1.1 **Definition of the product**

The "Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete" is a bonded anchor consisting of a foil pack with injection mortar Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD and a steel element. The elements are made of zinc coated steel (threaded rods HIT-V, internal sleeve HIS-N), reinforcing bar, stainless steel (threaded rods HIT-V-R, internal sleeve HIS-RN, tension anchor HZA-R) or high corrosion resistant steel (threaded rods HIT-V-HCR).

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between steel element, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration of the product and intended use is given in Annex 1 and 2.

1.2 Intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106 EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences. Safety in case of fire (Essential Requirement 2) is not covered in this European technical approval. The anchor is to be used only for anchorages subject to static or quasi-static loading in reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at most according to EN 206:2000-12.

The anchor may be used in cracked or non-cracked concrete.

The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete; it must not be installed in flooded holes.

The anchor may be used in the following temperature ranges:

Temperature range I: -40 °C to +40 °C (max long term temperature +24 °C and max short term temperature +40 °C)

-40 °C to +58 °C (max long term temperature +35 °C and Temperature range II:

max short term temperature +58 °C)

-40 °C to +70 °C Temperature range III: (max long term temperature +43 °C and max short term temperature +70 °C)

Elements made of zinc coated steel (threaded rods HIT-V, internal sleeve HIS-N):

The element made of electroplated or hot-dipped galvanised steel may only be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions.

Elements made of stainless steel (threaded rods HIT-V-R, internal sleeve HIS-RN, Tension anchor HZA-R):

The element made of stainless steel 1.4401, 1.4404, 1.4578, 1.4571, 1.4439 or 1.4362, may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure to permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).



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Elements made of high corrosion resistant steel (threaded rods HIT-V-HCR):

The element made of high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529 or 1.4565 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Elements made of reinforcing bars:

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 only. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with post-installed reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004 are not covered by this European technical approval.

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

2.1 Characteristics of the product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in Annexes 1 to 7. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in Annexes 1 to 7 shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

The characteristic values for the design of anchorages are given in Annexes 11 to 22.

The two components of the injection mortar are delivered in unmixed condition in foil packs of sizes 330 ml, 500 ml or 1400 ml according to Annex 1. Each foil pack is marked with the identifying mark "HILTI HIT-RE 500-SD", with the production date and expiry date.

Each threaded rod HIT-V is marked with the marking of steel grade and length in accordance with Annex 3. Each threaded rod made of stainless steel is marked with the additional letter "R". Each threaded rod made of high corrosion resistant steel is marked with the additional letter "HCR".

Each internal sleeve made of zinc coated steel is marked with "HIS-N" according to Annex 4. Each internal sleeve made of stainless steel is marked with "HIS-RN" according to Annex 4.

Explanations of the markings are given in Annexes 3 and 4.

Elements made of reinforcing bars shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 5

Elements made of Tension anchor HZA-R shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 6.

The marking of embedment depth may be done on jobsite.

The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.



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2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Anchors for use in concrete", Part 1 "Anchors in general" and Part 5 "Bonded anchors". on the basis of Option 1.

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 96/582/EG of the European Commission⁸ system 2(i) (referred to as System 1) of the attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
 - (1) factory production control;
 - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed control plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
 - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
 - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

3.2 Responsibilities

3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial/raw/constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

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The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.⁹

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the

- initial type-testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control,

in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the anchor. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the producer (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the number of the guideline for European technical approval,
- use category (ETAG 001-1, Option 1),
- size.

The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



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4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

4.2 Design of anchorages

The fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following conditions:

The anchorages are designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors" under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 only. The basic assumptions for the design according to anchor theory shall be observed. This includes the consideration of tension and shear loads and the corresponding failure modes as well as the assumption that the base material (concrete structural element) remains essentially in the serviceability limit state (either non-cracked or cracked) when the connection is loaded to failure. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN1992-1-1:2004 (e.g. connection of a wall loaded with tension forces in one layer of the reinforcement with the foundation) are not covered by this European technical approval.

For the internal sleeve HIS-(R)N material and required strength class of the fastening screws or threaded rods shall be specified in accordance with Annex 7. The minimum and maximum thread engagement length $h_{\rm s}$ of the fastening screw or the threaded rod for installation of the fixture shall be met the requirements according to Annex 4, Table 2. The length of the fastening screw or the threaded rod shall be determined depending on thickness of fixture, admissible tolerances, available thread length and minimum and maximum thread engagement length $h_{\rm s}$.

Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored.

The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).

4.3 Installation of anchors

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the anchor is installed as follows:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,

The Technical Report TR 029 "Design of Bonded Anchors" is published in English on EOTA website www.eota.eu.



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- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components of an anchor.
- commercial standard threaded rods, washers and hexagon nuts may also be used if the following requirements are fulfilled:
 - material, dimensions and mechanical properties of the metal parts according to the specifications given in Annex 7, Table 5,
 - confirmation of material and mechanical properties of the metal parts by inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204:2004, the documents should be stored.
 - marking of the threaded rod with the envisage embedment depth. This may be done by the manufacturer of the rod or the person on jobsite.
- embedded reinforcing bars shall comply with specifications given in Annex 5,
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which the anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the concrete to which the characteristic loads apply,
- check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids,
- marking and keeping the effective anchorage depth,
- edge distance and spacing not less than the specified values without minus tolerances,
- positioning of the drill holes without damaging the reinforcement,
- drilling by hammer-drilling,
- in case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,
- the anchor must not be installed in flooded holes.
- cleaning the drill hole in accordance with Annexes 8 to 10,
- for overhead installation piston plugs shall be used, embedded parts shall be fixed during the curing time, e.g. with wedges,
- for injection of the mortar in bore holes ≥ 250 mm piston plugs shall be used,
- the anchor component installation temperature shall be at least +5 °C; during curing of the chemical mortar the temperature of the concrete must not fall below +5 °C; observing the curing time according to Annex 10, Table 7 until the anchor may be loaded,
- fastening screws or threaded rods (including nut and washer) for the internal sleeves HIS-(R)N must be made of appropriate steel grade and property class,
- installation torque moments are not required for functioning of the anchor. However, the torque moments given in Annexes 3, 4 and 6, respectively, must not be exceeded.

5 Recommendations concerning packaging, transport and storage

5.1 Responsibility of the manufacturer

It is in the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to as well as sections 4.2 and 4.3 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval. In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).



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The minimum data required are:

- drill bit diameter,
- hole depth,
- diameter of anchor rod,
- minimum effective anchorage depth,
- information on the installation procedure, including cleaning of the hole with the cleaning equipments, preferably by means of an illustration,
- anchor component installation temperature,
- ambient temperature of the concrete during installation of the anchor,
- admissible processing time (open time) of the mortar,
- curing time until the anchor may be loaded as a function of the ambient temperature in the concrete during installation,
- maximum torque moment,
- identification of the manufacturing batch,

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.

5.2 Packaging, transport and storage

The foil packs shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacturer's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5 °C to not more than +25 °C.

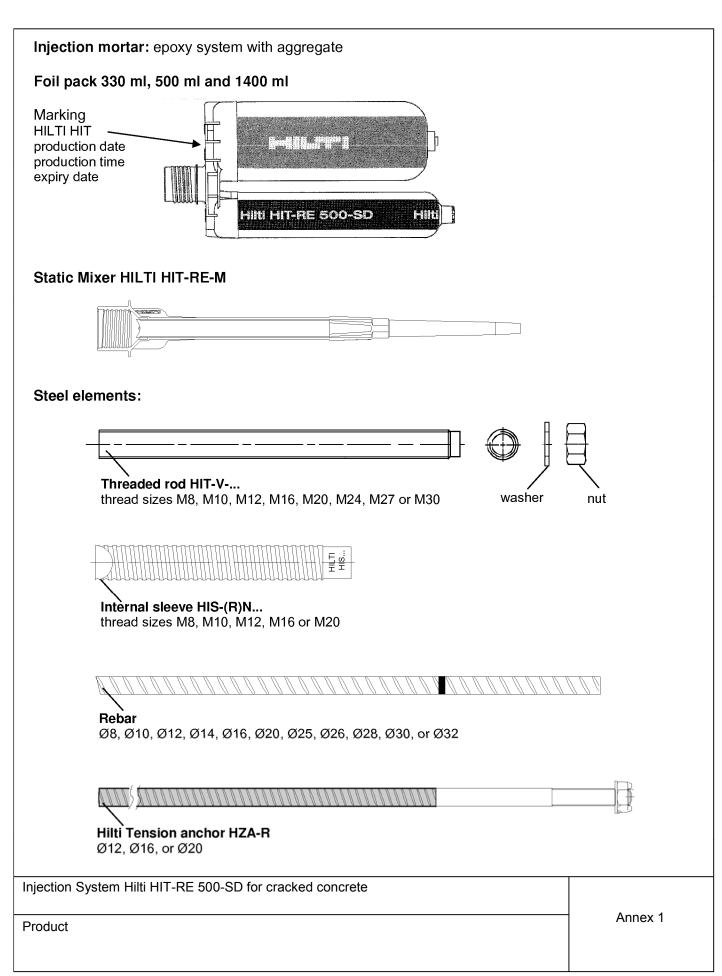
Foil packs with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit. Foil packs may be packed separately from steel elements.

Andreas Kummerow p. p. Head of Department

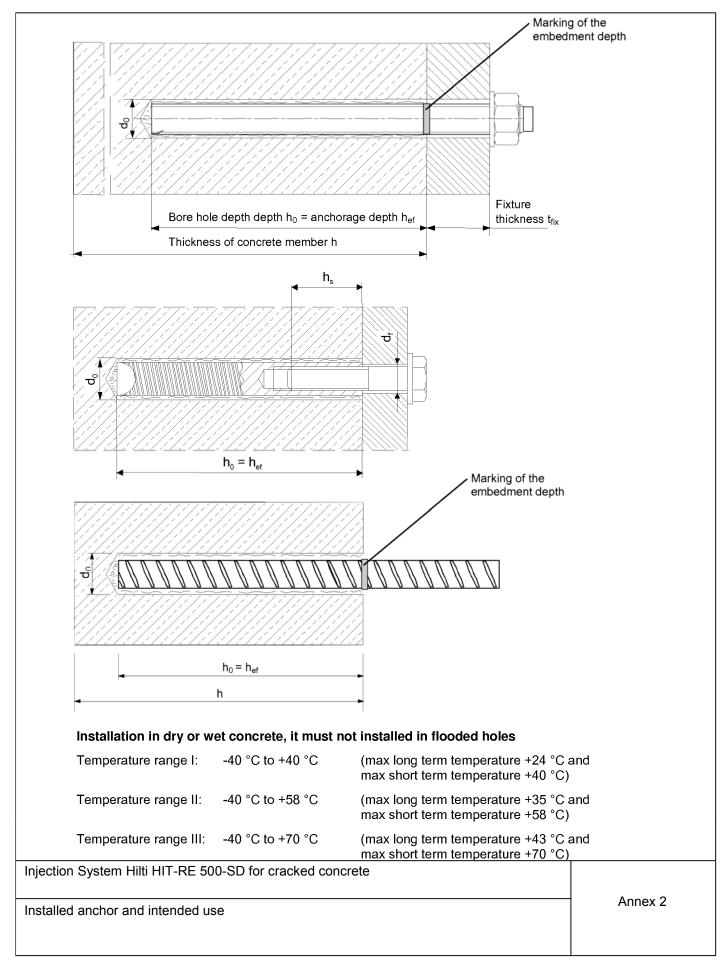
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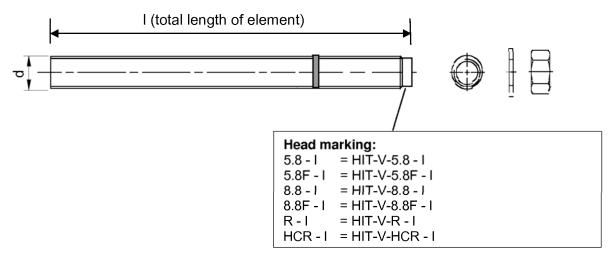
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Table 1: Installation parameters of anchor rod HIT-V-...

| HIT-RE 500-SD with HIT | -V | | M8 | M10 | M12 | M16 | M20 | M24 | M27 | M30 |
|---|------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Diameter of element | d | [mm] | 8 | 10 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| Range of anchorage (h _{ef}) | min | [mm] | 40 | 40 | 48 | 64 | 80 | 96 | 108 | 120 |
| and drill hole depth (h ₀) | max | — [mm] | 160 | 200 | 240 | 320 | 400 | 480 | 540 | 600 |
| Nominal diameter of drill bit | d ₀ | [mm] | 10 | 12 | 14 | 18 | 24 | 28 | 30 | 35 |
| Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture | d _f | [mm] | 9 | 12 | 14 | 18 | 22 | 26 | 30 | 33 |
| Max torque moment | T _{max} | [Nm] | 10 | 20 | 40 | 80 | 150 | 200 | 270 | 300 |
| Minimum thickness of concrete member | h_{min} | [mm] | h _{ef} + 30 mm ≥ 100 mm | | | ŀ | n _{ef} + 2 d | 0 | | |
| Minimum spacing | S _{min} | [mm] | 40 | 50 | 60 | 80 | 100 | 120 | 135 | 150 |
| Minimum edge distance | C _{min} | [mm] | 40 | 50 | 60 | 80 | 100 | 120 | 135 | 150 |

HIT-V...



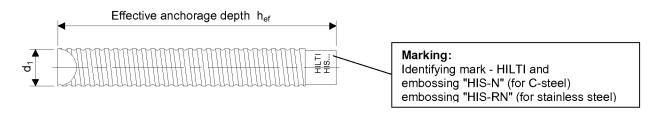
| Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete | |
|---|---------|
| Installation parameter | Annex 3 |
| Threaded rod HIT-V | |



Table 2: Installation parameters of internal sleeve HIS-(R)N

| HIT-RE 500-SD with HIS-(R |)N | | М 8 | M 10 | M 12 | M 16 | M 20 |
|---|------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Diameter of element | d ₁ | [mm] | 12,5 | 16,5 | 20,5 | 25,4 | 27,6 |
| Effective anchorage depth | h _{ef} | [mm] | 90 | 110 | 125 | 170 | 205 |
| Nominal diameter of drill bit | d ₀ | [mm] | 14 | 18 | 22 | 28 | 32 |
| Depth of drilled hole | h_0 | [mm] | 90 | 110 | 125 | 170 | 205 |
| Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture | d _f | [mm] | 9 | 12 | 14 | 18 | 22 |
| Max. torque moment | T_{max} | [Nm] | 10 | 20 | 40 | 80 | 150 |
| Thread engagement length min-max | hs | [mm] | 8-20 | 10-25 | 12-30 | 16-40 | 20-50 |
| Minimum thickness of concrete member | h _{min} | [mm] | 120 | 150 | 170 | 230 | 270 |
| Minimum spacing | S _{min} | [mm] | 40 | 45 | 55 | 65 | 90 |
| Minimum edge distance | C _{min} | [mm] | 40 | 45 | 55 | 65 | 90 |

HIS-(R)N



Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete

Installation parameter
Internal sleeve HIS-(R)N

Annex 4



Table 3: Installation parameters of anchor element rebar

| HIT-RE 500-SD with re | bar | | Ø8 | Ø10 | Ø12 | Ø14 | Ø16 | Ø20 | Ø25 | Ø26 | Ø28 | Ø30 | Ø32 |
|---|------------------|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----------------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Diameter of element | d | [mm] | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 20 | 25 | 26 | 28 | 30 | 32 |
| Range of anchorage | min | [mm] | 60 | 60 | 70 | 75 | 80 | 90 | 100 | 104 | 112 | 120 | 128 |
| (h_{ef}) and drill hole depth (h_0) | max | [mm] | 160 | 200 | 240 | 280 | 320 | 400 | 500 | 520 | 560 | 600 | 640 |
| Nominal diameter of drill bit | d _o | [mm] | 12 / 10 ¹⁾ | 14 / 12 ¹⁾ | 14 ¹⁾ 16 ¹⁾ | 18 | 20 | 25 | 32 | 32 | 35 | 37 | 40 |
| Minimum thickness of concrete member | h _{min} | [mm] | | + 30 n 100 m | | | | | h _{ef} + 20 | d _o | | | |
| Minimum spacing | S _{min} | [mm] | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 130 | 140 | 150 | 160 |
| Minimum edge distance | C _{min} | [mm] | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 130 | 140 | 150 | 160 |

¹⁾ each of the two given values can be used

Rebar

Refer to EN1992-1-1 Annex C Table C.1 and C.2N Properties of reinforcement:

| Product form | | Bars and de-coiled rods | | |
|--|--|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| Class | | В | С | |
| Characteristic yield strength fyk | or f _{0,2k} (MPa) | 400 |) to 600 | |
| Minimum value of $k = (f_t/f_y)_k$ | | ≥ 1,08 | ≥ 1,15 < 1,35 | |
| Characteristic strain at maximum | n force, ε_{uk} (%) | ≥ 5,0 | ≥ 7,5 | |
| Bendability | | Bend / Rebend test | | |
| Maximum deviation from nominal mass (individual bar) (%) | Nominal bar size (mm) ≤ 8 > 8 | | ± 6,0 ± 4,5 | |
| Bond: Minimum relative rib area, f _{R,min} (determination according to EN 15630) | Nominal bar size (mm) 8 to 12 > 12 | |),040),056 | |

Height of the rebar rib h_{rib}:

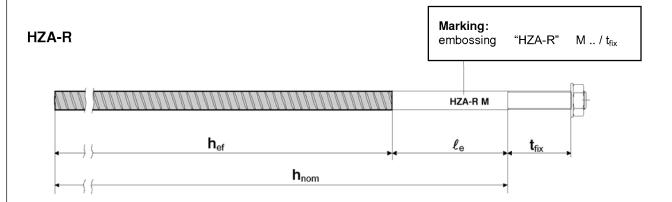
The height of the rebar rib h_{rib} shall fulfil the following requirement: $0.05 * d \le h_{rib} \le 0.07 * d$ with: d = nominal diameter of the rebar element

| Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete | |
|---|---------|
| Installation parameter rebar | Annex 5 |



| Table 4: Installation parameters of Hilti tension anchor HZA | Table 4: | Installation i | parameters of | Hilti tension a | nchor HZA- |
|--|----------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|
|--|----------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|

| HIT-RE 500-SD with HZA- | R | | M12 | M16 | M20 |
|---|---------------------|------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|
| Diameter of element | d | [mm] | 12 | 16 | 20 |
| Range of embedment (h _{nom}) | min | [mm] | 160 | 180 | 190 |
| and drill hole depth (h ₀) | max | [mm] | 240 | 320 | 400 |
| Bond length | h_{ef} | [mm] | h _{nom} -100 mm | | |
| Length of smooth shaft | $\ell_{\mathbf{e}}$ | [mm] | 100 | | |
| Nominal diameter of drill bit | d_0 | [mm] | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture | d_{f} | [mm] | 14 | 18 | 22 |
| Max. torque moment | T _{max} | [Nm] | 40 | 80 | 150 |
| Minimum thickness of concrete member | h _{min} | [mm] | h _{nom} + 2 d _o | | |
| Minimum spacing | S _{min} | [mm] | 60 | 80 | 100 |
| Minimum edge distance | C _{min} | [mm] | 60 | 80 | 100 |



Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete

Installation parameter
Hilti tension anchor HZA-R

Annex 6

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Table 5: Materials

| Designation | Material | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Metal parts made of | rebar | | | | | | | |
| Rebar | see Annex 5 | | | | | | | |
| Metal parts made of | Metal parts made of zinc coated steel | | | | | | | |
| threaded rod HIT-V-5.8(F) | Strength class 5.8 , R_m = 500 N/mm²; $R_{p0,2}$ = 400 N/mm², A5 > 8% Ductile Steel galvanized $\geq 5\mu m$ EN ISO 4042 (F) hot dipped galvanized $\geq 45\mu m$ EN ISO 10684 | | | | | | | |
| threaded rod HIT-V-8.8(F) | Strength class 8.8 , R_m = 800 N/mm²; $R_{p0,2}$ = 640 N/mm², A5 > 8% Ductile Steel galvanized \geq 5 μ m EN ISO 4042 (F) hot dipped galvanized \geq 45 μ m EN ISO 10684 | | | | | | | |
| washer ISO 7089 | steel galvanized EN ISO 4042; hot dipped galvanized EN ISO 10684 | | | | | | | |
| nut EN ISO 4032 | strength class 8 ISO 898-2 steel galvanized ≥ 5 μm EN ISO 4042; hot dipped galvanized ≥ 45 μm EN ISO 10684 | | | | | | | |
| internally threaded sleeves ¹⁾ HIS-N | carbon steel 1.0718, EN 10277-3 steel galvanized ≥ 5 μm EN ISO 4042 | | | | | | | |
| Metal parts made of | | | | | | | | |
| threaded rod HIT-V-R | For \leq M24: strength class 70 ,R _m = 700 N/mm ² ; R _{p 0,2} = 450 N/mm ² ; A5 > 8% Ductile For > M24: strength class 50 ,R _m = 500 N/mm ² ; R _{p 0,2} = 210 N/mm ² ; A5 > 8% Ductile Stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088 | | | | | | | |
| washer ISO 7089 | stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088 | | | | | | | |
| nut EN ISO 4032 | strength class 70 EN ISO 3506-2 stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088 | | | | | | | |
| internally threaded sleeves ²⁾ HIS-RN | stainless steel 1.4401 and 1.4571 EN 10088 | | | | | | | |
| Hilti tension anchor HZA-R | Round steel smooth with thread: stainless steel 1.4404, 1.4362 and 1.4571 EN 10088 Rebar B500-B acc. DIN 488-1:2009 and DIN 488-2:2009 | | | | | | | |
| washer ISO 7089 | stainless steel 1.4404 and 1.4571 EN 10088 | | | | | | | |
| nut EN ISO 4032 | strength class 80 EN ISO 3506-2 stainless steel 1.4404 and 1.4571 EN 10088 | | | | | | | |
| Metal parts made of I | high corrosion resistant steel | | | | | | | |
| threaded rod HIT-V-HCR | for \leq M20: R_m = 800 N/mm²; $R_{p,0,2}$ = 640 N/mm², A5 > 8 % Ductile for > M20: R_m = 700 N/mm²; $R_{p,0,2}$ = 400 N/mm², A5 > 8 % Ductile high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529, 1.4565 EN 10088 | | | | | | | |
| washer ISO 7089 | high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529, 1.4565 EN 10088 | | | | | | | |
| nut EN ISO 4032 | strength class 70 EN ISO 3506-2 high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529, 1.4565 EN 10088 | | | | | | | |

 $^{1)}$ related fastening screw: strength class 8.8 EN ISO 898-1, A5 > 8 % Ductile

steel galvanized \geq 5 μm EN ISO 4042

related fastening screw: strength class 70 EN ISO 3506-1, A5 > 8 % Ductile

stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete

Materials

Annex 7

Installation Instruction I

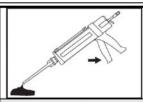


Instruction for use Bore hole drilling Drill Hole to the required embedment depth with a hammer drill set in rotationhammer mode using an appropriately sized carbide drill bit. Bore hole cleaning Just before setting an anchor, the bore hole must be free of dust and debris. Compressed air cleaning (CAC) for all bore hole diameters do and all bore hole depth ho Blow 2 times from the back of the hole (if needed with nozzle extension) over the hole length with oil-free compressed air (min. 6 bar at 6 m³/h) until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. Brush 2 times with the specified brush size (brush $\emptyset \ge$ bore hole \emptyset see table 6) by inserting the steel brush Hilti HIT-RB to the back of the hole (if needed with extension) in a twisting motion and removing it. The brush must produce natural resistance as it enters the bore hole -- if not, the brush is too small and must be replaced with the proper brush diameter. Blow again with compressed air 2 times until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. Injection preparation Insert foil pack in foil pack holder. Never use damaged foil packs and/or damaged or unclean foil pack holders. Attach new mixer prior to dispensing a new foil pack (snug fit). Tightly attach Hilti HIT-RE-M mixer to foil pack manifold. Do not modify the mixer in any way. Make sure the mixing element is in the mixer. Use only the mixer supplied with the adhesive. Insert foil pack holder with foil pack into HIT-dispenser. Push release trigger, retract plunger and insert foil pack holder into the appropriate Hilti dispenser. Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete

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Annex 8



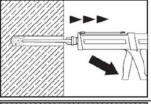


Discard initial adhesive. The foil pack opens automatically as dispensing is initiated. Depending on the size of the foil pack an initial amount of adhesive has to be discarded.

Discard quantities are 3 strokes for 330 ml foil pack,

4 strokes for 500 ml foil pack and 65 ml for 1400 ml foil pack.

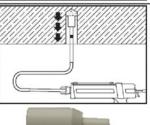
Inject adhesive from the back of the borehole without forming air voids



Inject the adhesive starting at the back of the hole, slowly withdrawing the mixer with each trigger pull.

Fill holes approximately 2/3 full, or as required to ensure that the annular gap between the anchor and the concrete is completely filled with adhesive along the embedment length.

After injection is completed, depressurize the dispenser by pressing the release trigger. This will prevent further adhesive discharge from the mixer.

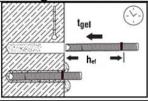


Overhead installation and/or installation with embedment depth $h_{ef} > 250$ mm.

For overhead installation the injection is only possible with the aid of extensions and piston plugs.

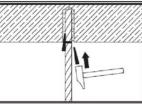
Assemble HIT-RE-M mixer, extension(s) and appropriately sized piston plug Hilti HIT-SZ (see Table 6). Insert piston plug to back of the hole and inject adhesive. During injection the piston plug will be naturally extruded out of the bore hole by the adhesive pressure.

Setting the element

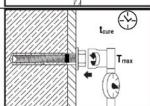


Before use, verify that the element is dry and free of oil and other contaminants.

Mark and set element to the required embedment depth till working time t_{gel} has elapsed. The working time t_{gel} is given in table 7.



For overhead installation use piston plugs and fix embedded parts with e.g. wedges (Hilti HIT-OHW).



Loading the anchor:

After required curing time t_{cure} (see table 7) the anchor can be loaded. The applied installation torque shall not exceed the values T_{max} given in tables 1, 2 and 4.

Recommended air gun with an orifice opening of minimum 3.5 mm in diameter



Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete

Installation Instruction II

Annex 9



Table 6: Borehole diameter specific installation tools:

| Borehole | Installation tools | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | HIT-RB | HIT-SZ | | | | |
| | ************************************** | | | | | |
| d ₀ [mm] | HIT-RB | HIT-SZ | | | | |
| 10 | 10 | - | | | | |
| 12 | 12 | 12 | | | | |
| 14 | 14 | 14 | | | | |
| 16 | 16 | 16 | | | | |
| 18 | 18 | 18 | | | | |
| 20 | 20 | 20 | | | | |
| 22 | 22 | 22 | | | | |
| 24 | 24 | 24 | | | | |
| 25 | 25 | 25 | | | | |
| 28 | 28 | 28 | | | | |
| 30 | 30 | 30 | | | | |
| 32 | 32 | 32 | | | | |
| 35 | 35 | 35 | | | | |
| 37 | 37 | 37 | | | | |
| 40 | 40 | 40 | | | | |

| Reference elements | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| HIT-V | HIS-N | rebar HZA-R(HCR) | | | | |
| annu (minne) | - international control of | MAMAGAGAGA | | | | |
| [mm] | [mm] | [mm] | | | | |
| 8 | - | 8 | | | | |
| 10 | - | 8/10 | | | | |
| 12 | 8 | 10 / 12 | | | | |
| - | - | 12 | | | | |
| 16 | 10 | 14 | | | | |
| - | - | 16 | | | | |
| - | 12 | - | | | | |
| 20 | - | • | | | | |
| - | - | 20 | | | | |
| 24 | 16 | - | | | | |
| 27 | - | - | | | | |
| - | 20 | 25 / 26 | | | | |
| 30 | -, | 28 | | | | |
| - | _ | 30 | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

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Table 7: Working time t_{gel} and minimum curing time t_{cure}

| Temperature in the anchorage base | working time t _{gel} | min. curing time t _{cure} |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 5 °C to 9 °C | 120 min | 72 h |
| 10 °C to 14 °C | 90 min | 48 h |
| 15 °C to 19 °C | 30 min | 24 h |
| 20 °C to 29 °C | 20 min | 12 h |
| 30 °C to 39 °C | 12 min | 8 h |
| 40 °C | 12 min | 4 h |

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete

Bore hole cleaning
Cleaning sets; brush diameter; curing time

Annex 10

English translation prepared by DIBt



| | | M8 | M10 | M12 | M16 | M20 | M24 | M27 | M30 |
|--|---------------------|---------|-------------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Steel failure HIT-V | | | | | | | | | |
| Characteristic resistance HIT-V-5.8(F) N _{Rk,} | [kN] | 18 | 29 | 42 | 79 | 123 | 177 | 230 | 28 |
| Characteristic resistance HIT-V-8.8(F) N _{Rk,} | , [kN] | 29 | 46 | 67 | 126 | 196 | 282 | 367 | 449 |
| Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms,N}$ | ¹⁾ [-] | | | | 1, | ,5 | | • | |
| Characteristic resistance HIT-V-R N _{Rk,} | | 26 | 41 | 59 | 110 | 172 | 247 | 230 | 28 ⁻ |
| Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms,N}$ | ¹⁾ [-] | | • | 1, | 87 | | | 2, | 86 |
| | [kN] | 29 | 46 | 67 | 126 | 196 | 247 | 321 | 393 |
| Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms,N}$ | , ¹⁾ [-] | | • | 1,5 | | | | 2,1 | |
| Combined Pull-out and Concrete cone fail | | | | | | | | | |
| Diameter of threaded rod d [m | nm] | 8 | 10 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| Characteristic bond resistance in non-cracked | d concr | ete C20 | /25 | | | | | • | |
| Temperature range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C τ _{Rk,ucr} [N | l/mm²] | 16 | 16 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 13 |
| Temperature range II ⁵⁾ : 58°C/35°C τ _{Rk,ucr} [N | l/mm²] | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Temperature range III ⁵⁾ : 70°C/43°C τ _{Rk,ucr} [N | l/mm²] | 8 | 8 | 8 | 7,5 | 7 | 7 | 6,5 | 6,5 |
| Characteristic bond resistance in cracked cor | ncrete C | 20/25 | • | | | | | • | |
| Temperature range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C τ _{Rk,cr} [N | l/mm²] | 8 | 8 | 7.5 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6.5 | 6 |
| Temperature range II ⁵⁾ : 58°C/35°C τ _{Rk,cr} [N | l/mm²] | 6,5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5,5 | 5,5 | 5 | 5 |
| Temperature range III ⁵⁾ : 70°C/43°C τ _{Rk,cr} [Ν | l/mm²] | 4 | 3,5 | 3,5 | 3,5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| C | 30/37 | | | | 1, | 04 | | | |
| Increasing factor for $	au_{Rk,p}$ $\qquad \forall c$ | 240/50 | | | | 1,0 | 07 | | | |
| | C50/60 | | | | 1, | 09 | | | |
| Splitting failure 4) | | | | | | | | | |
| h / h _{ef} | ⁶⁾ ≥ 2,0 | | 1,0 h _{ef} | | h/h _{ef} 3 | | | | |
| Edge distance $c_{cr,sp}$ [mm] for $2.0 > h / h_{ef}$ | 6) - 4 2 | 4.0 | | n h | 2,0 - | | | | |
| Edge distance $c_{cr,sp}$ [mm] for $2,0 > h / h_{ef}$ | > 1,3 | 4,6 | 6 h _{ef} – 1,8 | 5 N | 1,3 - | | | 1 | |
| h / h _{ef} | ⁶⁾ ≤ 1,3 | | 2,26 h _{ef} | | 4 | 1 | ,0-h _{ef} 2 | 2,26·h _{ef} | C _{cr,sp} |
| Spacing s _{cr,sp} | [mm] | | | | 2 c | | | | |
| Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1}$ | [-] | | 1,8 ²⁾ | | | | 2,1 ³⁾ | | |

| n = base material thickness; n _{ef} = anchorage depth | |
|--|----------|
| Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete | |
| Characteristic tension load values Threaded rods HIT-V | Annex 11 |



Table 9: Design method A, Characteristic shear load values

| HIT-RE 500-SD with HIT-V | | | M 8 | M 10 | M 12 | M 16 | M 20 | M 24 | M 27 | M 30 |
|--|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--|-----------------|------|------|------|
| Steel failure without lever arm 3) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Characteristic resistance HIT-V-5.8 | $V_{Rk,s}$ | [kN] | 9 | 15 | 21 | 39 | 61 | 88 | 115 | 140 |
| Characteristic resistance HIT-V-8.8 | $V_{Rk,s}$ | [kN] | 15 | 23 | 34 | 63 | 98 | 141 | 184 | 224 |
| Characteristic resistance HIT-V-R | $V_{Rk,s}$ | [kN] | 13 | 20 | 30 | 55 | 86 | 124 | 115 | 140 |
| Characteristic resistance HIT-V-HCR | $V_{Rk,s}$ | [kN] | 15 | 23 | 34 | 63 | 98 | 124 | 161 | 196 |
| Steel failure with lever arm | | | | | | | | | | |
| Characteristic resistance HIT-V-5.8 | $M^o_{Rk,s}$ | [Nm] | 19 | 37 | 66 | 167 | 325 | 561 | 832 | 1125 |
| Characteristic resistance HIT-V-8.8 | $M^o_{Rk,s}$ | [Nm] | 30 | 60 | 105 | 266 | 519 | 898 | 1332 | 1799 |
| Characteristic resistance HIT-V-R | $M^o_{Rk,s}$ | [Nm] | 26 | 52 | 92 | 233 | 454 | 786 | 832 | 1124 |
| Characteristic resistance HIT-V-HCR | $M^o_{Rk,s}$ | [Nm] | 30 | 60 | 105 | 266 | 520 | 786 | 1165 | 1574 |
| Partial safety factor steel failure | | | | | | | | | | |
| Partial safety factor HIT-V grade 5.8 or 8.8 | γ _{Ms,V} 1) | [-] | | | | 1, | 25 | | | |
| Partial safety factor HIT-V-R | γ _{Ms,V} 1) | [-] | | | 1, | 56 | | | 2, | 38 |
| Partial safety factor HIT-V-HCR | γ _{Ms,V} 1) | [-] | | | 1,25 | | | | 1,75 | |
| Concrete pryout failure | | | | | | | | | | |
| Factor in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors | k | [-] | | | | 0 (h _{ef} < 0 (h _{ef} ≥ | | | | |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Mcp} 1) | [-] | | | | 1,5 | 5 ²⁾ | | | |
| Concrete edge failure | | | | | | | | | | |
| See chapter 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report | TR 029 fc | r the d | esign o | of bond | ed anc | hors | _ | _ | | |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Mc} 1) | [-] | | | | 1, | 5 ²⁾ | | | |

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete Annex 12 Characteristic shear load values Threaded rods HIT-V-...

¹⁾ In absence of national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor γ_2 = 1,0 is included. ³⁾ Acc. to chapter 4.3 commercial standard rods that fulfill the ductility requirement A₅ > 8 % (see Table 5) can be used only.



Table 10: Displacements under tension load 1)

| HIT-RE 500-SD wi | th HIT- | V | M8 | M10 | M12 | M16 | M20 | M24 | M27 | M30 |
|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Non-cracked cond | rete tei | mperature range | l ²⁾ : 40° | C / 24℃ | ; | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{N0} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,02 | 0,02 | 0,03 | 0,04 | 0,05 | 0,06 | 0,06 | 0,07 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,04 | 0,05 | 0,06 | 0,08 | 0,11 | 0,13 | 0,15 | 0,17 |
| Non-cracked cond | | mperature range | II ²⁾ : 58 | °C / 35°C | 2 | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{N0} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,03 | 0,04 | 0,05 | 0,07 | 0,09 | 0,11 | 0,13 | 0,14 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{\text{N}\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,07 | 0,09 | 0,10 | 0,14 | 0,18 | 0,22 | 0,25 | 0,28 |
| Non-cracked cond | rete tei | mperature range | III ²⁾ : 70 | °C / 43° | С | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{N0} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,07 | 0,09 | 0,10 | 0,14 | 0,18 | 0,22 | 0,25 | 0,28 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{\text{N}\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,09 | 0,12 | 0,15 | 0,20 | 0,26 | 0,31 | 0,35 | 0,40 |
| Cracked concrete | | rature range I ²⁾ : 4 | 10°C / 2∙ | 4 ℃ | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{N0} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,03 | 0,04 | 0,05 | 0,05 | 0,06 | 0,07 | 0,08 | 0,08 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{\text{N}\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | | | | 0,2 | 23 | | | |
| Cracked concrete | | rature range II 2): | 58℃/3 | 85℃ | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{N0} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,07 | 0,08 | 0,09 | 0,11 | 0,13 | 0,14 | 0,15 | 0,17 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{\text{N}\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | | | | 0,3 | 38 | | | |
| Cracked concrete | | rature range III 2): | 70℃ / | 43℃ | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{N0} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,14 | 0,16 | 0,18 | 0,22 | 0,25 | 0,28 | 0,31 | 0,33 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{\text{N}\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | | | | 0, | 54 | | | |

Calculation of displacement under service load: τ_{Sd} design value of bond stress Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$ Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$

Table 11: Displacement under shear load 1)

| HIT-RE 500-SD v | vith HIT-V- | | M8 | M10 | M12 | M16 | M20 | M24 | M27 | M30 |
|-----------------|-----------------------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Displacement | δ_{V0} | [mm/kN] | 0,06 | 0,06 | 0,05 | 0,04 | 0,04 | 0,03 | 0,03 | 0,03 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{V^{\infty}}$ | [mm/kN] | 0,09 | 0,08 | 0,08 | 0,06 | 0,06 | 0,05 | 0,05 | 0,05 |

Calculation of displacement under service load: V_{Sd} design value of shear load Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$ Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete

Displacements for Threaded rods HIT-V-...

²⁾ Explanation see chapter 1.2

English translation prepared by DIBt



| HIT-RE 500-SD with rebar | | | Ø8 | Ø10 | Ø12 | Ø14 | Ø16 | Ø20 | Ø25 | Ø26 | Ø28 | Ø30 | Ø32 |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|---------------------|-------------------|-----|-----|----------------------|-----|-------------------|--------|-----------------|------|
| Steel failure rebar | | | | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Characteristic tension resistance for rebar B500 B acc. to DIN 488-1:2009-08 2) | N _R | κ,s [kN] | 28 | 43 | 62 | 85 | 111 | 173 | 270 | - | 339 | - | 442 |
| Partial safety factor for rebar B500 B acc. to DIN 488-1:2009-08 ³⁾ | γмѕ | s,N ¹⁾ [-] | | | | | | 1,4 | | | | | • |
| Combined Pull-out and Concre | te cone | failure ⁶⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Diameter of rebar | d | [mm] | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 20 | 25 | 26 | 28 | 30 | 32 |
| Characteristic bond resistance in | non-crac | ked concr | ete C | 20/25 | | | | | | | | | |
| Temperature range I ⁷⁾ : 40°C/24°0 | τ _{Rk,ucr} | [N/mm²] | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| Temperature range II ⁷⁾ : 58°C/35° | C τ _{Rk,ucr} | [N/mm²] | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Temperature range III ⁷⁾ : 70°C/43°C | τ _{Rk,ucr} | [N/mm²] | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6,5 | 6,5 | 6,5 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Characteristic bond resistance in | cracked | concrete (| 20/2 | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| Temperature range I ⁷⁾ : 40°C/24°C | τ _{Rk,cr} | [N/mm²] | 8 | 8 | 7,5 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6,5 | 6 | 6 |
| Temperature range II ⁷⁾ : 58°C/35° | C τ _{Rk,cr} | [N/mm²] | 6,5 | 6,5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5,5 | 5,5 | 5,5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Temperature range III ⁷⁾ : 70°C/43° | °C τ _{Rk,cr} | [N/mm²] | 4 | 3,5 | 3,5 | 3,5 | 3,5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | | C30/37 | | | | | | 1,04 | | | | | |
| Increasing factor for τ _{Rk,p} Ψο | | C40/50 | | | | | | 1,07 | | | | | |
| | | C50/60 | | | | | | 1,09 | | | | | |
| Splitting failure 6) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | h / | h _{ef} ⁸⁾ ≥ 2,0 | | 1,0 | h _{ef} | | | h _{ef} | | | | | |
| Edge distance c _{cr,sp} [mm] for | 2,0 > h / | h _{ef} ⁸⁾ > 1,3 | 2.5 | 4,6 h _{ef} | – 1,8 | h | 1. | ,3 - | | | 1 | | |
| | h / | h _{ef} ⁸⁾ ≤ 1,3 | | 2,20 | 6 h _{ef} | | | _ | 1,0 |)-h _{ef} | 2,26·h | C _{CI} | r,sp |
| Spacing | S _{cr,} | sp [mm] | | | | | | 2 c _{cr,sp} | | | | | |
| Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mp}$ | _{'Mc} = γ _{Msp} | 1) [-] | | 1.5 | 3 4) | | | | | 2,1 ⁵⁾ | | | |

¹⁾ In absence of national regulations

⁷⁾ Explanation in section 1.2 8) h = base material thickness; h_{ef} = anchorage depth

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|--|----------|
| Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete | |
| Characteristic tension load values rebar | Annex 14 |

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The characteristic tension resistance $N_{Rk,s}$ for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR029, Equation (5.1).

<sup>The partial safety factor γ_{Ms,N} for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR029, Equation (3.3a).
The partial safety factor γ₂ = 1,2 is included.
The partial safety factor γ₂ = 1,4 is included.
Calculation of concrete failure and splitting see chapter 4.2</sup>



|--|

| == Design method | 7 1, 0110 | | | | | | | | ~~- | ~~~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
|--|--------------------------------|------|-------|---------|--------|-------|------|-------|----------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| HIT-RE 500-SD with rebar | | | Ø8 | Ø10 | Ø12 | Ø14 | Ø16 | Ø20 | Ø25 | Ø26 | Ø28 | Ø30 | Ø32 |
| Steel failure without lever arm | ı | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Characteristic shear resistance for rebar B500 B acc. to DIN 488-1:2009-08 3) | $V_{Rk,s}$ | [kN] | 14 | 22 | 31 | 42 | 55 | 86 | 135 | - | 169 | - | 221 |
| Steel failure with lever arm | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Characteristic bending resistance for rebar B500 B acc. to DIN 488-1:2009-08 4) | M ⁰ _{Rk,s} | [Nm] | 33 | 65 | 112 | 178 | 265 | 518 | 1012 | • | 1422 | | 2123 |
| Partial safety factor steel failur | е | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Partial safety factor rebar B500 B acc. to DIN 488-1:2009-08 5) | γ _{Ms,V} 1) | [-] | | | | | | 1, | 5 | | | | |
| Concrete pryout failure | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Factor in equation (5.7) of Techn Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors | ical k | [-] | | | | | | • | 60 mr 60 mr | - | | | |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Mcp} 1) | [-] | | | | | | 1,5 | 2) | | | | |
| Concrete edge failure | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| See chapter 5.2.3.4 of Technica | l Report | TR 0 | 29 fo | r the c | lesign | of bo | nded | ancho | ors | | | | |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Mc} 1) | [-] | | | | | | 1,5 | 2) | | | | |

- In absence of national regulations
- The partial safety factor $\tilde{\gamma_2}$ = 1,0 is included. Characteristic shear resistance $V_{Rk,s}$ for Rebar that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated
- acc. Technical Report TR029, Equation (5.5). The characteristic bending resistance $M_{Rk,s}^0$ for Rebar that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR029, Equation (5.6b).
- Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms,V}$ for Rebar that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR029, Equation (3.3b) or (3.3c).

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete Annex 15 Characteristic shear load values rebar



Table 14: Displacements under tension load 1)

| HIT-RE 500-SD w | ith reba | r | Ø8 | Ø10 | Ø12 | Ø14 | Ø16 | Ø20 | Ø25 | Ø26 | Ø28 | Ø30 | Ø32 |
|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Non-cracked cond | rete ter | nperature range | · I ²⁾ : 40 |)℃ / 24 | 4 ℃ | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,02 | 0,02 | 0,03 | 0,03 | 0,04 | 0,05 | 0,06 | 0,07 | 0,07 | 0,08 | 0,08 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,04 | 0,05 | 0,06 | 0,07 | 0,08 | 0,11 | 0,14 | 0,14 | 0,15 | 0,17 | 0,18 |
| Non-cracked cond | rete ter | nperature range | · II ²⁾ : 5 | 8℃/3 | 5℃ | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{N0} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,03 | 0,04 | 0,05 | 0,06 | 0,07 | 0,09 | 0,12 | 0,12 | 0,13 | 0,14 | 0,15 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | $[mm/(N/mm^2)]$ | 0,07 | 0,09 | 0,10 | 0,12 | 0,14 | 0,18 | 0,23 | 0,24 | 0,26 | 0,28 | 0,30 |
| Non-cracked cond | rete ter | nperature range | III ²⁾ : 7 | ′0℃/4 | 43℃ | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | $[mm/(N/mm^2)]$ | 0,07 | 0,09 | 0,10 | 0,12 | 0,14 | 0,18 | 0,23 | 0,24 | 0,26 | 0,28 | 0,30 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | $[mm/(N/mm^2)]$ | 0,09 | 0,12 | 0,15 | 0,17 | 0,20 | 0,26 | 0,33 | 0,34 | 0,37 | 0,40 | 0,43 |
| Cracked concrete | temper | ature range I ²⁾ : 4 | 40℃/ | 24℃ | | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | $[mm/(N/mm^2)]$ | 0,03 | 0,04 | 0,05 | 0,05 | 0,05 | 0,06 | 0,07 | 0,07 | 0,08 | 0,09 | 0,09 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | | | | | | 0,23 | | | | | |
| Cracked concrete | temper | ature range II ²⁾ : | 58℃ / | 35℃ | | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{N0} | $[mm/(N/mm^2)]$ | 0,07 | 0,08 | 0,09 | 0,10 | 0,11 | 0,13 | 0,15 | 0,15 | 0,16 | 0,17 | 0,17 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | $[mm/(N/mm^2)]$ | | | | | | 0,38 | | | | | |
| Cracked concrete | temper | ature range III ²⁾ : | 70℃ | / 43℃ | | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{N0} | $[mm/(N/mm^2)]$ | 0,14 | 0,16 | 0,18 | 0,20 | 0,22 | 0,25 | 0,29 | 0,30 | 0,32 | 0,34 | 0,35 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{\text{N}\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | | | | | | 0,54 | | | | | |

Calculation of displacement under service load: τ_{Sd} design value of bond stress Displacement under short term loading = δ_{No} • τ_{Sd} / 1,4 Displacement under long term loading = δ_{No} • τ_{Sd} / 1,4

Table 15: Displacement under shear load 1)

| HIT-RE 500-SD w | ith rebar | | Ø8 | Ø10 | Ø12 | Ø14 | Ø16 | Ø20 | Ø25 | Ø26 | Ø28 | Ø30 | Ø32 |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Displacement | δ_{V0} | [mm/kN] | 0,06 | 0,05 | 0,05 | 0,04 | 0,04 | 0,04 | 0,03 | 0,03 | 0,03 | 0,03 | 0,03 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{\text{V}\infty}$ | [mm/kN] | 0,09 | 0,08 | 0,07 | 0,06 | 0,06 | 0,05 | 0,05 | 0,05 | 0,04 | 0,04 | 0,04 |

Calculation of displacement under service load: V_{Sd} design value of shear load Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$ Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete

Displacements for rebar

Annex 16

²⁾ Explanation see chapter 1.2



| HIT-RE 500-SD with HIS-(R)N | | | М8 | M10 | M12 | M16 | M20 |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Steel failure HIS-(R)N | | | | | | | |
| Characteristic resistance HIS-N with screw class 8.8 | $N_{Rk,s}$ | [kN] | 25 | 46 | 67 | 118 | 109 |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Ms,N} 1) | [-] | 1,43 | | 1,50 | 1, | 47 |
| Characteristic resistance HIS-RN with screw class 70 | $N_{Rk,s}$ | [kN] | 26 | 41 | 59 | 110 | 166 |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Ms,N} 1) | [-] | | | 1,87 | | 2,4 |
| Combined Pull-out and Concrete | | lure 4 + 7) | | | | | |
| Effective anchorage depth | h _{ef} | [mm] | 90 | 110 | 125 | 170 | 205 |
| Diameter of element | d ₁ | [mm] | 12,5 | 16,5 | 20,5 | 25,4 | 27,6 |
| Characteristic bond resistance in no | n-cracke | d concrete | C20/25 | | | | |
| Temperature range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C | $N_{\text{Rk,ucr}}$ | [kN] | 40 | 60 | 95 | 170 | 200 |
| Temperature range II ⁵⁾ : 58°C/35°C | N _{Rk,ucr} | [kN] | 35 | 50 | 75 | 140 | 170 |
| Temperature range III ⁵⁾ : 70°C/43°C | N _{Rk,ucr} | [kN] | 20 | 30 | 40 | 75 | 95 |
| Characteristic bond resistance in cr | acked co | ncrete C20 | /25 | | | • | _ |
| Temperature range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C | $N_{Rk,cr}$ | [kN] | 25 | 40 | 60 | 95 | 115 |
| Temperature range II ⁵⁾ : 58°C/35°C | $N_{Rk,cr}$ | [kN] | 20 | 35 | 40 | 75 | 95 |
| Temperature range III ⁵⁾ : 70°C/43°C | N _{Rk,cr} | [kN] | 12 | 20 | 25 | 40 | 50 |
| | _ | C30/37 | | | 1,04 | | |
| Increasing factor for $N_{Rk,p}$ ψ_c | _ | C40/50 | | | 1,07 | | |
| | | C50/60 | | | 1,09 | | |
| Splitting failure 4) | | | | | | | |
| | h / h | n _{ef} ⁶⁾ ≥ 2,0 | 1,0 h | ef | 2,0 | | |
| Edge distance c _{cr,sp} [mm] for 2 | ,0 > h / h | n _{ef} ⁶⁾ > 1,3 | 4,6 h _{ef} – | 1,8 h | 1,3 | | |
| | h / h | n _{ef} ⁶⁾ ≤ 1,3 | 2,26 h | 1 _{ef} | 1 | 1,0·h _{ef} 2,26 | ·h _{ef} c _{cr,s} |
| Spacing | S _{cr,sp} | [mm] | | - | 2 c _{cr,sp} | | paneloja |

In absence of national regulations

 $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{(1)}$

Partial safety factor

1,8 2)

[-]

2,1 3)

| Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete | |
|--|----------|
| Characteristic tension load values Internal sleeves HIS-(R)N | Annex 17 |

8.06.01-252/12 Z82355.12

The partial safety factor γ_2 = 1,2 is included The partial safety factor γ_2 = 1,4 is included Calculation of concrete failure and splitting see chapter 4.2

Explanation in section 1.2

h = base material thickness; h_{ef} = anchorage depth

For design according to TR 029, the characteristic bond resistance may be calculated from the characteristic tension load values for combined pull-out and concrete cone failure according to: $\tau_{Rk} = N_{Rk} / (h_{ef} \cdot d_1 \cdot \pi)$



Table 17: Design method A, Characteristic shear load values

| HIT-RE 500-SD with HIS-(R)N | | | М8 | M10 | M12 | M16 | M20 |
|--|--------------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|-----|-----|
| Steel failure without lever arm 3) | | | | | | • | |
| Characteristic resistance HIS-N screw class 8.8 | $V_{Rk,s}$ | | 13 | 23 | 39 | 59 | 55 |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Ms,V} 1) | [-] | 1 | ,25 | | 1,5 | |
| Characteristic resistance HIS-RN screw class 70 | $V_{Rk,s}$ | [kN] | 13 | 20 | 30 | 55 | 83 |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Ms,V} 1) | [-] | | 1, | 56 | | 2,0 |
| Steel failure with lever arm | | _ | | | | | |
| Characteristic resistance HIS-N screw class 8.8 | M ^o _{Rk,s} | [Nm] | 30 | 60 | 105 | 266 | 519 |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Ms,V} 1) | [-] | | | 1,25 | • | |
| Characteristic resistance HIS-RN screw class 70 | ${ m M^o}_{ m Rk,s}$ | [Nm] | 26 | 52 | 92 | 233 | 454 |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Ms,V} 1) | [-] | | | 1,56 | | |
| Concrete pryout failure | | | | | | | |
| Factor in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors | k | [-] | | | 2,0 | | |
| Partial safety factor | 1) γ _{Mcp} | [-] | | | 1,5 ²⁾ | | |
| Concrete edge failure | | | | | | | |
| See chapter 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report | TR 029 f | or the | design of b | onded and | | | |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Mc} 1) | [-] | | | 1,5 ²⁾ | | |

¹⁾ In absence of national regulations

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete

Characteristic shear load values
Internal sleeves HIS-(R)N

Annex 18

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included

Acc. to chapter 4.3 commercial standard screws that fulfill the ductility requirement $A_5 > 8$ % (see table 5) can be used only.



Table 18: Displacements under tension load 1)

| HIT-RE 500-SD v | vith HIS- | (R)N | М8 | M10 | M12 | M16 | M20 | | | | | |
|------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Non-cracked con | Non-cracked concrete temperature range I ²⁾ : 40 ℃ / 24 ℃ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{N0} | [mm/(10 kN)] | 0,08 | 0,06 | 0,06 | 0,04 | 0,04 | | | | | |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | [mm/(10 kN)] | 0,18 | 0,15 | 0,14 | 0,10 | 0,09 | | | | | |
| Non-cracked con | Non-cracked concrete temperature range II ²⁾ : 58 ℃ / 35 ℃ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | [mm/(10 kN)] | 0,15 | 0,13 | 0,12 | 0,09 | 0,07 | | | | | |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | [mm/(10 kN)] | 0,31 | 0,26 | 0,23 | 0,17 | 0,15 | | | | | |
| Non-cracked con | crete ter | nperature range | III ²⁾ : 70℃ / 4 | 13℃ | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | [mm/(10 kN)] | 0,31 | 0,26 | 0,23 | 0,17 | 0,14 | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{N^∞} | [mm/(10 kN)] | 0,43 | 0,36 | 0,33 | 0,24 | 0,20 | | | | | |
| Cracked concrete | e temper | ature range I 2): 4 | 40℃ / 24℃ | | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{N0} | [mm/(10 kN)] | 0,13 | 0,10 | 0,08 | 0,05 | 0,04 | | | | | |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | [mm/(10 kN)] | 0,64 | 0,40 | 0,28 | 0,17 | 0,13 | | | | | |
| Cracked concrete | e temper | ature range II 2): | 58℃/35℃ | | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | [mm/(10 kN)] | 0,26 | 0,19 | 0,16 | 0,11 | 0,09 | | | | | |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | [mm/(10 kN)] | 1,08 | 0,67 | 0,48 | 0,28 | 0,22 | | | | | |
| Cracked concrete | e temper | ature range III 2): | 70℃ / 43℃ | | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | [mm/(10 kN)] | 0,52 | 0,39 | 0,32 | 0,22 | 0,18 | | | | | |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | [mm/(10 kN)] | 1,53 | 0,95 | 0,67 | 0,40 | 0,30 | | | | | |

Calculation of displacement under service load: N_{Sd} design value of tension load Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{N0} \cdot N_{Sd} / (10 \cdot 1,4)$ Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot N_{Sd} / (10 \cdot 1,4)$

Table 19: Displacement under shear load 1)

| HIT-RE 500-SD with HIS-N | | | М8 | M10 | M12 | M16 | M20 |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Displacement | δ_{V0} | [mm/kN] | 0,06 | 0,06 | 0,05 | 0,04 | 0,04 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{\text{V}\infty}$ | [mm/kN] | 0,09 | 0,08 | 0,08 | 0,06 | 0,06 |

Calculation of displacement under service load: V_{Sd} design value of shear load Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$ Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$

| Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete | |
|---|----------|
| Displacements for Internal sleeves HIS-(R)N | Annex 19 |

²⁾ Explanation see chapter 1.2

English translation prepared by DIBt



| HIT-RE 500-SD with HZA-R | | | M12 | M16 | M20 | |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Steel failure | | | | | | |
| Characteristic resistance | N _{Rk,s} | [kN] | 62 | 111 | 173 | |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Ms} 1) | [-] | | 1,4 | | |
| Combined pull-out and concrete of | one failure | 4) | | | | |
| Diameter of HZA-R | d | [mm] | 12 | 16 | 20 | |
| Characteristic bond resistance in no | n-cracked c | oncrete C | 20/25 | • | • | |
| Temperature range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C | τ _{Rk,ucr} | [N/mm²] | 15 | 14 | 14 | |
| Temperature range II ⁵⁾ : 58°C/35°C | $	au_{ m Rk,ucr}$ | [N/mm²] | 12 | 11 | 11 | |
| Temperature range III ⁵⁾ : 70°C/43°C | τ _{Rk,ucr} | [N/mm²] | 7 | 7 | 6,5 | |
| Characteristic bond resistance in cra | acked concre | ete C20/2 | 5 | | | |
| Temperature range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C | $	au_{ m Rk,cr}$ | [N/mm²] | 7,5 | 7 | 7 | |
| Temperature range II ⁵⁾ : 58°C/35°C | $	au_{ m Rk,cr}$ | [N/mm²] | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| Temperature range III ⁵⁾ : 70°C/43°C | $	au_{Rk,cr}$ | [N/mm²] | 3,5 | 3,5 | 3,5 | |
| | | C30/37 | C30/37 1,04 | | | |
| ncreasing factor for $\tau_{Rk,p}$ n non cracked concrete | | C40/50 | | | | |
| III HOH Clacked Colletete | - | C50/60 | 1,09 | | | |
| Range of effective anchorage depth for calculation of $N_{Rk,p}^0$ acc. Eq. 5.2a | min h _{ef} | [mm] | 60 | 80 | 90 | |
| (TR 029, 5.2.2.3 Combined pull -out and concrete cone failure) | max h _{ef} | [mm] | 140 | 220 | 300 | |
| Concrete cone failure 4) | | | | | | |
| Range of effective anchorage depth | min h _{ef} | [mm] | 160 | 180 | 190 | |
| for calculation of $N_{Rk,c}^0$ acc. Eq. 5.3a (TR 029, 5.2.2.4 Concrete cone failure | max h _{ef} | [mm] | 240 | 320 | 400 | |
| Splitting failure 4) | | | | • | ' | |
| _ | h / h | ef ⁶⁾ ≥ 2,0 | 1,0 h _{ef} | 1,0 + 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 | | |
| Edge distance c _{cr,sp} [mm] for | 2,0 > h / h | ef ⁶⁾ > 1,3 | 4,6 h _{ef} – 1,8 h | 1,3 | | |
| | h / h | _{ef} ⁶⁾ ≤ 1,3 | 2,26 h _{ef} | 1,0-h _{ef} | 2,26·h _{ef} c _{cr,t} | |
| Spacing | S _{cr,sp} | [mm] | | 2 c _{cr,sp} | | |
| Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mp}$ | $\gamma_{\rm Mc} = \gamma_{\rm Msp}^{1)}$ | [-] | 1. | 8 ²⁾ | 2,1 ³⁾ | |

| Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete | |
|--|----------|
| Characteristic tension load values Hilti tension anchor HZA-R | Annex 20 |

 $^{^{1)}}$ In absence of national regulations $^{2)}$ The partial safety factor γ_2 = 1,2 is included $^{3)}$ The partial safety factor γ_2 = 1,4 is included $^{4)}$ Calculation of concrete failure and splitting see chapter 4.2 $^{5)}$ Explanation see chapter 1.2 $^{6)}$ h = base material thickness; h_{ef} = anchorage depth



Design method A, Characteristic shear load values Table 21:

| HIT-RE 500-SD with HZA-R | | | M12 | M16 | M20 |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------|-----|-------------------|-----|
| Steel failure without lever arm | | | | | |
| Characteristic resistance | $V_{Rk,s}$ | [kN] | 31 | 55 | 86 |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Ms} 1) | [-] | | 1,25 | |
| Steel failure with lever arm | | | | | |
| Characteristic resistance | M ⁰ _{Rk,s} | [Nm] | 97 | 235 | 457 |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Ms} 1) | [-] | | 1,25 | |
| Concrete pryout failure | | | | | |
| Factor in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors | k | [-] | | 2,0 | |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Mcp} 1 |) [-] | | 1,5 ²⁾ | |
| Concrete edge failure | | | | | |
| Effective length of anchor in shear loading |] | | | | |
| Partial safety factor | γ _{Mc} 1) | [-] | | 1,5 ²⁾ | |

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete Annex 21 Characteristic shear load values Hilti tension anchor HZA-R

 $^{^{1)}}$ In absence of national regulations $^{2)}$ The partial safety factor γ_2 = 1,0 is included.



Table 22: Displacements under tension load 1)

| HIT-RE 500-SD wit | h HZA-R | | M12 | M16 | M20 | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|----------|------|------|--|--|--|--|
| Non-cracked concr | ete temperatu | re range I ²⁾ : 40 ℃ / 24° | c | • | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,03 | 0,04 | 0,05 | | | | |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,06 | 0,08 | 0,11 | | | | |
| Non-cracked concr | ete temperatu | re range II ²⁾ : 58 ℃ / 35 | ℃ | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,05 | 0,07 | 0,09 | | | | |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N^{\infty}}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,10 | 0,14 | 0,18 | | | | |
| Non-cracked concr | Non-cracked concrete temperature range III ²⁾ : 70 °C / 43 °C | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,10 | 0,14 | 0,18 | | | | |
| Displacement | $\delta_{\text{N}\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,15 | 0,20 | 0,26 | | | | |
| Cracked concrete t | emperature ra | nge I ²⁾ : 40 ℃ / 24 ℃ | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,05 | 0,05 | 0,06 | | | | |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N^{\infty}}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | | 0,23 | | | | | |
| Cracked concrete t | emperature ra | nge II ²⁾ : 58℃ / 35℃ | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,09 | 0,11 | 0,13 | | | | |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | | 0,38 | | | | | |
| Cracked concrete temperature range III ²⁾ : 70 °C / 43 °C | | | | | | | | | |
| Displacement | δ_{NO} | [mm/(N/mm²)] | 0,18 | 0,22 | 0,25 | | | | |
| Displacement | $\delta_{N\infty}$ | [mm/(N/mm²)] | | 0,54 | | | | | |

Calculation of displacement under service load: τ_{Sd} design value of bond stress Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd}$ / 1,4 Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd}$ /1,4

Table 23: Displacement under shear load 1)

| HIT-RE 500-SD with HZA-R | | M12 | M16 | M20 |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|------|------|------|
| Displacement | δ_{V0} [mm/kN] | 0,05 | 0,04 | 0,04 |
| Displacement | $\delta_{V\infty}$ [mm/kN] | 0,08 | 0,06 | 0,06 |

Calculation of displacement under service load: V_{Sd} design value of shear load Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$ Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{Vo} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete

Displacement for Hilti tension anchor HZA-R

Annex 22

²⁾ Explanation see chapter 1.2