

European Technical Approval ETA-12/0466

Handelsbezeichnung Trade name	T-7500 B Prismatic Grade mit transparenter Overlayfolie Serie OL-2000
	T-7500 B Prismatic Grade with transparent overlay film series OL-2000
Zulassungsinhaber Holder of approval	Avery Dennison Materials Europe BV Rijndijk 86 2394 ZG HAZERWOUDE NIEDERLANDE
Zulassungsgegenstand und Verwendungszweck	Mikroprismatisches retroreflektierendes Folienmaterial
Generic type and use of construction product	Microprismatic Retro-reflective Sheeting
Geltungsdauer: vom Validity: from	21 December 2012
bis to	21 December 2017
Herstellwerk Manufacturing plant	Avery Dennison Mount Prospect
	902 Feehanville Drive IL 60056 Mount Prospect USA

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Diese Zulassung umfasst This Approval contains



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Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen European Organisation for Technical Approvals



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I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
 - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC² and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³;
 - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998⁴, as amended by Article 2 of the law of 8 November 2011⁵;
 - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁶.
- 2 Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- 3 This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- 4 This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- 5 Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- 6 The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

¹ Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12

Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1

³ Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25

⁴ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812

⁵ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2011, p. 2178

Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

1 Definition of the product and intended use

1.1 Definition of the construction product

The product consists of a retro-reflective sheeting on the basis of microprisms, which consist of optical elements, where the retro-reflection is created by total internal reflection on prisms. The microprisms are moulded in a transparent polymer enclosed in air capsules and provided with an adhesive, which can connect the sheeting with a substrate. The sheeting has a smooth surface and a regular structure visible on the surface forming the air capsules and serving to identify the orientation.

The product is delivered as reflective sheeting, the types of which are stated in Table 1.

Trade name	Component		Colours/Code	Properties
Avery Dennison T-7500 B Prismatic Grade	Self-adhesive retro- reflective sheeting on the basis of microprisms	White Yellow	T-7500 B T-7501 B	Sheeting thickness: 432-457 µm Roll measurements: 1220 mm x 45.7 m, 920 mm x 45.7 m or customized
Transparent overlay film series OL-2000	Transparent self- adhesive overlay film	Yellow Red Blue Green	OL-2001 OL-2008 OL-2005 OL-2007	dimensions Sheeting thickness: 100 µm Roll measurements: 1220 mm x 45.7 m, 920 mm x 45.7 m or customized dimensions

Table 1: Types of the reflective sheeting "Avery Dennison T-7500 B Prismatic Grade with transparent overlay film series OL-2000"

1.2 Intended use

The construction product described here is used to manufacture signal aspects of fixed, vertical traffic signs (see also EN 12899-1). The further intended applications are all other traffic signs and traffic installations, route guidance with retro-reflective elements and variable message signs.

However, the intended application excludes the manufacture of road marking elements according to EN 1436. The intended sign support material is aluminium.

Within the framework of this approval the following product properties were assessed in consultation with the manufacturer:

- Chromaticity coordinates and luminance factor
- Coefficient of retro-reflection (Case A)
- Impact resistance
- Durability: Visibility after artificial weathering



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The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed intended working life of the reflective sheeting of 10 years, provided that the conditions laid down in sections 4.1, 4.2, and 5.1 as well as in the related product data sheets for the manufacture, packaging, transport and storage are met. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

2.1 General

The identification of the product and the judgement of the qualification for the intended use of the reflective sheeting were performed on the basis of the assessment procedures agreed within EOTA.

The European technical approval for the product was evaluated and issued on the basis of the information/data and test results specifying the product in detail are deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. Changes during the production process of the product or its components which could include considerable modifications in the information/data deposited have to be communicated to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in advance. The notification has to be made before changes in the properties are made on the product so that Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik can check to what extent the planned modification has effects on the properties tested in this European technical approval and thus, can decide whether further assessment and/or alterations shall be carried out.

The properties of the product, which are not described in the European technical approval, shall correspond to the relevant values laid down in the documentation to the European technical approval, examined by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

2.2 Properties of the product "T-7500 B Prismatic Grade with transparent overlay film series OL-2000"

2.2.1 Release of dangerous substances

A written confirmation from the manufacturer is available that the product meets the requirements of the Directive 2002/95/EC on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment concerning the dangerous substances lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) or polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE).

Note: In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

2.2.2 Visibility of "T-7500 B Prismatic Grade with transparent overlay film series OL-2000"

The properties of the product set out in clause 1.2 were tested for the granting of this European technical approval.

Detailed information on the test results are deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

For the preparation of the specimens, the test pieces of the reflective sheeting were applied by the manufacturer on a plane aluminium plate with a thickness of 2.0 mm (\pm 0.05 mm).



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2.2.2.1 Chromaticity coordinates and luminance factors

The determination of the chromaticity coordinates and the luminance factors (see Table 2) was based on the following conditions:

The chromaticity coordinates (x, y) and the luminance factor (β) were measured according to CIE Publication 15.2 "Colorimetry", edition 1986, by using the 45/0 geometry and calculated for the spectral radiance of the illuminant D65 as well as for the colorimetric standard observer according to CIE 1931 (2°).

The orientation of the sample in the measuring system was shown by an orientation mark, with the orientation mark being at 90° to the optical plane of incidence. In doing so, the optical plane of incidence was formed from the right angle between the surface of the sample and the incident ray of light from the source of light on the sample surface.

Colour		Ch	romaticity	coordina	ates	Met / not met	Luminance factor
		1	2	3	4		Class
Yellow	х	0.494	0.470	0.513	0.545	mot	B2
	у	0.505	0.480	0.437	0.454	met	≥ 0.24
Red	х	0.735	0.700	0.610	0.660	mot	B2
	у	0.265	0.250	0.340	0.340	met	≥ 0.03
Green	х	0.110	0.170	0.170	0.110	met	B2
	у	0.415	0.415	0.500	0.500	met	≥ 0.03
Blue	х	0.130	0.160	0.160	0.130	met	B2
	у	0.090	0.090	0.140	0.140	met	≥ 0.01
Red onto Yellow	х	0.735	0.700	0.610	0.660	met	B2
	у	0.265	0.250	0.340	0.340	met	≥ 0.03

 Table 2:
 Chromaticity coordinates and luminance factors

2.2.2.2 Coefficient of retro-reflection (Case A)

The determination of the coefficient of retro-reflection R_A – Case A (see Table 3 et sqq.) was based on the following conditions:

The coefficient of retro-reflection R_A was measured according to the CIE Publication N° 54.2 "Retro-reflection by using the CIE illuminant A". During the measurement any of the recommended apertures could be used. The measurements were carried out at a specific observation angle α , entrance angle β , rotation angle ϵ and orientation angle ω_s . In doing so, the entrance angle β was determined via its component β_1 with $\beta_2 = 0^\circ$. The rotation angle ϵ and the orientation angle ω_s were to be set also equal to zero.



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	netry of rements		Colours			
α	$\beta_1 (\beta_2 = 0)$	Yellow	Red	Green	Blue	Red onto Yellow
12'	+ 5°	170	45	45	20	22.5
	+30°	100	25	25	11	12.5
	+40°	70	15	12	8.0	7.5
20'	+ 5°	120	25	21	14	12.5
	+30°	70	14	12	8.0	7.0
	+40°	60	13	11	7.0	6.5
2°	+ 5°	3	1	0.5	0.2	0.5
	+30°	1.5	0.4	0.3	#	0.2
	+40°	1.0	0.3	0.2	#	0.15
met /	not met	met	met	met	met	met

Table 3: Minimum coefficient of retro-reflection; class R2 Europe

means value exceeding zero, but not clearly measurable and therefore not applicable for evaluation

	netry of rements			Colours		
α	$\beta_1 (\beta_2 = 0)$	Yellow	Red	Green	Blue	Red onto Yellow
0.1°	+ 5°	550	170	85	55	85
	+20°	390	120	60	40	60
	+30°	275	85	40	28	42.5
	+40°	175	55	25	18	27.5
0.2°	+ 5°	400	125	60	40	62,5
	+20°	290	90	45	30	45
	+30°	210	65	30	20	32.5
	+40°	130	40	20	13	20
0.33°	+ 5°	275	85	40	28	42.5
	+20°	195	60	30	20	30
	+30°	145	45	20	15	22.5
	+40°	95	30	15	10	15
met /	not met	not met	not met	not met	not met	not met

Table 4:

Minimum coefficient of retro-reflection; class R3A Germany



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	netry of rements		Colours				
α	$\beta_1 (\beta_2 = 0)$	Yellow	Red	Green	Blue	Red onto Yellow	
0.33°	+ 5°	195	60	30	19	30	
	+20°	155	48	24	16	24	
	+30°	110	33	17	11	16.5	
	+40°	20	6	3	2	3	
1.0°	+ 5°	23	7	3.5	2,5	3.5	
	+20°	20	6	3	2	3	
	+30°	13	4	2	1,5	2	
	+40°	2	1	#	#	0.5	
1.5°	+ 5°	10	3	1.5	1	1.5	
	+20°	8	2.5	1	#	1.25	
	+30°	6	2	#	#	1	
	+40°	1	#	#	#	#	
met /	not met	met	not met	met	met	met	

Table 5:Minimumcoefficientofretro-reflection;classR3BGermany# means value exceeding zero, but not clearly measurable and therefore not
applicable for evaluation

Geometry of measurements		Colour				
α	$\beta_1 (\beta_2 = 0)$	Yellow	Red	Green	Blue	Red onto Yellow
0.1°	+ 5°	720	250	90	45	125
	+30°	405	135	45	22	67.5
	+40°	270	85	27	13	42.5
0.2°	+ 5°	600	195	75	40	97.5
	+30°	310	90	30	18	45
	+40°	155	45	15	7	22.5
0.5°	+ 5°	140	40	18	9	20
	+30°	75	23	9	4	11.5
	+40°	55	16	5	2.5	8
met /	not met	not met	not met	not met	not met	not met

Table 6:

Minimum coefficient of retro-reflection; class R3A Greece



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	netry of irements		Colour				
α	$\beta_1 (\beta_2 = 0)$	Yellow	Red	Green	Blue	Red onto Yellow	
0.2°	+ 5°	300	80	45	20	40	
	+30°	105	30	24	11	15	
	+40°	35	9	7	3	4.5	
0.33°	+ 5°	250	75	33	15	37.5	
	+30°	90	30	18	7	15	
	+40°	25	7	4	1.4	3.5	
1.0°	+ 5°	55	13	8	3.5	6.5	
	+30°	35	10	4.5	2	5	
	+40°	10	4.5	1.8	#	2.25	
met /	not met	not met	not met	not met	not met	met	

Table 7: Minimum coefficient of retro-reflection; class R3B Greece

means value exceeding zero, but not clearly measurable and therefore not applicable for evaluation

	netry of rements	Colours				
α	$\beta_1 (\beta_2 = 0)$	Yellow	Red	Green	Blue	Red onto Yellow
0.2°	+ 5°	350	110	45	25	55
	+15°	270	90	35	20	45
	+30°	190	60	24	11	30
	+40°	40	12	7	3	6
0.33°	+ 5°	250	75	35	17	37.5
	+15°	200	65	25	15	32.5
	+30°	130	35	18	7	17.5
	+40°	25	7	4	2	3.5
1.0°	+ 5°	65	20	10	5	10
	+15°	45	16	7	3,5	8
	+30°	40	13	5	2,5	6.5
	+40°	13	5	2	1	2.5
met /	not met	not met	not met	not met	not met	not met

Table 8: Minimum coefficient of retro-reflection; class R3B Belgium



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	netry of rements			Colours		
α	$\beta_1 (\beta_2 = 0)$	Yellow	Red	Green	Blue	Red onto Yellow
12'	+ 5°	50	14,5	9	4	7.25
	+30°	22	6	3,5	1.7	3
	+40°	7	2	1.5	0.5	1
20'	+ 5°	35	10	7	2	5
	+30°	16	4	3	1	2
	+40°	6	1.8	1.2	#	0.9
2°	+ 5°	3	1	0.5	#	0.5
	+30°	1.5	0.5	0.3	#	0.25
	+40°	1.0	0.5	0.2	#	0.25
met /	not met	met	met	met	met	met

Table 9: Minimum coefficient of retro-reflection; class RA1

means value exceeding zero, but not clearly measurable and therefore not applicable for evaluation

2.2.2.3 Rotational symmetry

The rotational symmetry of the coefficient of retro-reflection was determined under the same conditions as the coefficient of retro-reflection (Case A, see 2.2.2.2). With an observation angle $\alpha = 0.33^{\circ}$ and an entrance angle $\beta_1 = 5^{\circ}$ ($\beta_2 = 0^{\circ}$) the ratio between the minimum and the maximum coefficient of retro-reflection during rotation of ε was determined in 25°steps from -75° to +25°. The ratio shall not be greater than 2.5:1. The product satisfies this requirement.

Coefficient of retro-reflection (cd·lx ⁻¹ ·m ⁻²) - rotational symmetry							
Colour	our Ratio Met / not met						
Yellow	1.1	met					
Red	1.0	met					
Green	1.1	met					
blue	1.2	met					
Red onto Yellow	1.0	met					





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2.2.3 Impact resistance

The determination of the impact resistance was based on the following conditions:

The test was performed according to EN 12899-1:2001. For this purpose a weight of 450 g with a contact radius of 50 mm falls from a height of 220 mm onto the specimen. The specimen shall be reinforced such that the open surface is 100 mm x 100 mm.

Product		met / not met	
Microprismatic reflective sheeting	Yellow	T-7500 B & OL-2001	
T-7500 B Prismatic Grade	Red	T-7500 B & OL-2008	met:
with transparent overlay film series OL-2000	Green	T-7500 B & OL-2007	There were
Series OL-2000	Blue	T-7500 B & OL-2005	no damages.
	Red onto Yellow	T-7501 B & OL-2008	

Table 11: Impact resistance

2.2.4 Durability of "T-7500 B Prismatic Grade with transparent overlay film series OL-2000"

For the assessment of the durability an artificial weathering was carried out.

The artificial weathering was performed according to ISO 4892-2:1994. For that purpose the specimens were weathered for a period of 2000 hours using the following parameters:

Weathering parameters	Air-cooled lamp	Water-cooled lamp		
Irradiation cycle/dark phase cycle/spray cycle	Continuous light with spray on the test specimens for 18 min every 2h	Continuous light with spray on the test specimens for 18 min every 2h		
Black standard temperature only during irradiation	(65 ± 3)°C with blackpanel thermometer	(65 ± 3)°C with blackpanel thermometer		
relative humidity	(50 ± 5) %	(50 ± 5) %		
irradiance (W/m ²) controlled in the				
- range over 300 nm to 400 nm				
- range over 300 nm to 800 nm	60	60		
	550	630		

NOTE: 1 - The water used for spraying the test pieces should not contain more than 1ppm silica. Higher proportions of silica can leave residues on the test specimens and cause different results. Water with the required purity can be obtained by distillation or by a combination of deionization and osmosis.

NOTE 2 - During irradiation, the aforementioned values should be reached, changes in the age of the filter and the transmissivity, and changes in the calibration generally mean that the irradiation defect is of the order of 10 %.

Table 12



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After the artificial weathering the following tests were carried out:

- Determination of the chromaticity coordinates
- determination of the luminance factors
- determination of the coefficient of retro-reflection

After the artificial weathering the coefficient of retro-reflection with an observation angle of $\alpha = 0.33^{\circ}$ (or $\alpha = 0.2^{\circ}$) and of $\alpha = 1.0^{\circ}$ (if specified for new material) and the illumination angles $\beta_1 = 5^{\circ}$ and 30° ($\beta_2 = 0^{\circ}$) must not be less than 80% of the required coefficient of retro-reflection in new condition.

2.2.4.1 Chromaticity coordinates and luminance factors after artificial weathering

Colour		Chromaticity coordinates				Met / not met	Luminance factor
		1	2	3	4		Class
Yellow	х	0.545	0.487	0.427	0.465	met	B2
	у	0.454	0.423	0.483	0.534	met	≥ 0.24
Red	х	0.735	0.674	0.569	0.655	met	B2
	у	0.265	0.236	0.341	0.345		≥ 0.03
Green	х	0.007	0.248	0.177	0.026	met	B2
	у	0.703	0.409	0.362	0.399		≥ 0.03
Blue	х	0.078	0.150	0.210	0.137	met	B2
	у	0.171	0.220	0.160	0.038		≥ 0.01
Red onto Yellow	х	0.735	0.674	0.569	0.655	met	B2
	у	0.265	0.236	0.341	0.345		≥ 0.03

Table 13: Chromaticity coordinates and luminance factors after artificial weathering

2.2.4.2 Coefficient of retro-reflection after artificial weathering

Colours	met/not met [*] (met: ≥ 80% of the values required in new condition)
Yellow	met
Red	met
Green	met
Blue	met
Red onto Yellow	met

 Table 14:
 coefficient of retro-reflection (Case A) after artificial weathering^{*} assessment was made for the classes which were met in new condition



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3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 96/579/EC of 24.06.1996⁷, amended by the Decision 1999/453/EC⁸, system 1 of the attestation of conformity shall apply. This system of attestation of conformity is described in the following:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
 - (1) factory production control;
 - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed test plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
 - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
 - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

3.2 Responsibilities

3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production (production of the retro-reflective sheeting on the basis of microprisms, transparent colour laminate, screen printing ink). All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use components stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval. A quality control on the incoming materials bought and the material components respectively will be conducted before these can be used. The manufacturer shall only use materials and/or material components which are entered in the relevant documents of the receiving control according to the test plan

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the Control plan of 17.02.2012 relating to the European technical approval ETA – 12/0466 issued on 21.12.2012, which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.⁹

- ⁷ Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996
- ⁸ Official Journal of the European Communities L 178 of 14.07.1999
- ⁹ The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved bodies involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See chapter 3.2.2.



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The results of the production control are recorded and evaluated. The records include, inter alia, the following information:

- Designation of the product, basic material and components,
- type of surveillance and check,
- information on the production time frame of the products and time for testing the products and the materials and material components,
- results of the surveillance and of the control and, if necessary, details for comparison with the requirements demanded,
- signatures of the persons responsible for the factory production control.

The records shall be made available to the responsible inspection bodies during the continuous examination. On demand these shall be made available to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Details concerning extension, type and frequency of the controls and surveillance which are necessary in the context of factory production control shall be in conformity with the test plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve bodies which are approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of the micro-prismatic retro-reflective foils for traffic signs in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2. For this purpose the test and "control" plan according to sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over to the approved bodies by the manufacturer.

3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved bodies shall perform the following tasks in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan:

- initial type-testing of the product.
- initial inspection of factory and factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

The approved bodies shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.



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3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on the packaging or on the papers enclosed when delivering the product. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the producer (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- designation of the product "T-7500 B Prismatic Grade with transparent overlay film series OL-2000"
- Information on the product characteristics stated in section 1.2.

4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, shall be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

4.2 Installation

It is the task of the manufacturer to see to it that all persons involved will be informed about the Specific Conditions of this European technical approval.

The sign bases foreseen consist of aluminium.

The use of the products is subject to national provisions.

The choice and the preparation of the sign support material, as well as the generally applicable rules on the bonding of the product "T-7500 B Prismatic Grade with transparent overlay film series OL-2000" which are fully described in the current versions of the publications and the technical documentation by the holder of the European technical approval, shall be observed taking account of the national provisions on the use of the product.

"T-7500 B Prismatic Grade with transparent overlay film series OL-2000" is equipped with a selfadhesive coating, so that the sheeting can be glued on the sign support material which, at a room temperature of > 18 °C, can be done with one of the following methods: Mechanically driven roller applicator, manually operated roller applicator, application with a hand roller. If a heater assembly is used, the sign support surface should be adjusted to a minimum temperature of > 18 °C.

The users are instructed to carefully check the qualification of the sign support material used as to its bonding property as well as to the durability qualification. "T-7500 B Prismatic Grade with transparent overlay film series OL-2000" has been developed especially for adhesion on flat surfaces. Processing defects which were caused by the choice of an unsuitable substrate or by an improper preparation, are not the responsibility of the holder of the European technical approval.



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5 Indications to the manufacturer

5.1 Packaging, transport and storage

The sheeting should be stored in a cool, dry room at a temperature between 18 °C and 24 °C and a relative air humidity of 45 %-55 % and should be processed within one year after delivery. The rolls should be stored horizontally in the packaging board. Precutted sheeting sheets should be stored flat only. Prepared signs should be stored standing on the edge in dry surroundings. Finished signs should always be kept dry during storage and transport. Should these get wet, it shall be made sure that these will be dried as soon as possible. The protective packaging should remain on the roll until further processing.

Dr.-Ing. Karsten Kathage Vice President *beglaubigt:* Sterling