

# **European Technical Approval ETA-12/0083**

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Handelsbezeichnung <i>Trade nam</i> e		Injektionssystem Hilti HIT-HY 200-R für Bewehrungsanschlüsse Injection System Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection
Zulassungsinhaber Holder of approval		Hilti Aktiengesellschaft Business Unit Anchors 9494 Schaan FÜRSTENTUM LIECHTENSTEIN
Zulassungsgegenstar und Verwendungszwo		Nachträglich eingemörtelter Bewehrungsanschluss mit Hilti Injektionsmörtel HIT-HY 200-R
Generic type and use of construction produc		Post-installed rebar connection with Hilti injection mortar HIT-HY 200-R
Geltungsdauer: <i>Validity:</i>	vom from bis to	8 August 2012 6 February 2017
Herstellwerk Manufacturing plant		Hilti Werke

31 Seiten einschließlich 21 Anhänge

31 pages including 21 annexes

Diese Zulassung umfasst
This Approval contains

Diese Zulassung ersetzt This Approval replaces



Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen European Organisation for Technical Approvals

ETA-12/0083 mit Geltungsdauer vom 06.02.2012 bis 06.02.2017

ETA-12/0083 with validity from 06.02.2012 to 06.02.2017



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#### I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
  - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products<sup>1</sup>, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC<sup>2</sup> and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>3</sup>;
  - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998<sup>4</sup>, as amended by Article 2 of the law of 8 November 2011<sup>5</sup>;
  - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC<sup>6</sup>;
  - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete Part 5: Bonded anchors", ETAG 001-05.
- 2 Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- 3 This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- 4 This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- 5 Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- 6 The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.
- <sup>1</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12
- <sup>2</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1
- <sup>3</sup> Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25
- <sup>4</sup> Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2011, p. 2178

Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



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#### II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

#### 1 Definition of the product and intended use

#### **1.1 Definition of the construction product**

The subject of this approval is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the Hilti injection mortar HIT-HY 200-R in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter  $d_s$  from 8 to 32 mm according to Annex 4 or the Hilti tension anchor HZA-R sizes M12, M16 and M20 according to Annex 6 and Hilti injection mortar HIT-HY 200-R are used for rebar connections. The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between embedded element, injection mortar and concrete.

#### 1.2 Intended use

The rebar connection may be used in normal weight concrete of a minimum grade of C12/15 and maximum grade C50/60 according to EN 206-1:2000. It may be used in non-carbonated concrete with the allowable chloride content in concrete of 0.40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206-1.

Rebar connections with reinforcing bars and tension anchor HZA-R may be used for predominantly static loads.

The fire resistance of post-installed rebar connections is not covered by this European technical approval. Fatigue, dynamic or seismic loading of post-installed rebar connections are not covered by this European technical approval.

Rebar connections may only be carried out in a manner, which is also possible with cast-in straight reinforcing bars, e.g. those in the following applications (see Annex 2):

- an overlap joint with existing reinforcement in a building component (Figures 1 and 2),
- anchoring of the reinforcement at a slab or beam support, (e.g. according to Figure 3: end support of a slab, designed simply supported, as well as an appropriate general reinforcement for restraint forces),
- anchoring of reinforcement of building components stressed primarily in compression (Figure 4),
- anchoring of reinforcement to cover the envelope line of tensile force in the bending member (Figure 5).

The post-installed rebar connections may be used in the temperature range of -40 °C to +80 °C (max short term temperature +80 °C and max long term temperature +50 °C).

This European technical approval covers anchoring in bore holes made with hammer drilling, hollow drilling Hilti TE-CD/TE-YD or compressed air drilling. The post-installed rebar connection may be installed in dry or wet concrete. It must not be installed in flooded holes.

Rebar connections with the tension anchor HZA-R may be used for the transmission of tensile forces in the direction of the bar axis only. The transmission of shear forces has to be ensured by appropriate measures. Examples for the application are given in Annex 3, Figure 6 to Figure 8.



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- The tension anchor HZA-R made of stainless steel may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure to permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the post-installed rebar connection of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

#### 2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

#### 2.1 Characteristics of the product

The post-installed rebar connection corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in Annexes 1 to 7. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances not indicated in Annexes 1 to 7 shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation<sup>7</sup> of this European technical approval.

The two components of the injection mortar Hilti HIT-HY 200-R are delivered in unmixed condition in foil packs of sizes 330 ml or 500 ml according to Annex 1. Each foil pack is marked with the identifying mark "HY 200-R", with the batch number and expiry date.

The rebar shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 4. The tension anchor HZA-R shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 6. Each tension anchor with connecting thread made of stainless steel is marked with the letters "HZA-R" according to Annex 6.

#### 2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the post-installed rebar connection for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Anchors for Use in Concrete", Part 1 "Anchors in general" and Part 5 "Bonded anchors" and EOTA Technical Report TR 023 "Assessment of post-installed rebar connections"<sup>6</sup>.

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

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The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.

<sup>8</sup> The Technical Report TR 023 "Assessment of post-installed rebar connections" is published on EOTA website www.EOTA.eu.



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#### 3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

#### 3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission<sup>9</sup> system 2(i) (referred to as System 1) of the attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
  - (1) factory production control;
  - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a control plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
  - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
  - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
  - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

#### 3.2 Responsibilities

#### 3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial/raw/constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.<sup>10</sup>

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

9 Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



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#### 3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the

- initial type-testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control,

in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

#### 3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the injection mortar. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the producer (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the number of the guideline for European technical approval.

# 4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

#### 4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

#### 4.2 Drafting

Rebar connections must be designed in keeping with good engineering practice. Considering the loads to be anchored, design calculations and design drawings must be produced which can be checked. At least the following items must be stated in the design drawings:

- grade of concrete strength,
- diameter, drilling technique, concrete cover, spacing and embedment depth of the rebar,
- length  $\ell_v$  and length for markings  $\ell_m$  on the injection extension according to Annex 16,



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- Use of a drill aid for anchorages close to the edge (see Annex 10),
- kind of preparation of the joint between building component being connected including the diameter and thickness of concrete layer that has to be removed.

#### 4.3 Design

#### 4.3.1 General

The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

The design of post-installed rebar connections according to Annex 2 and determination of the internal section forces to be transferred in the construction joint shall be verified in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004. When ascertaining the tensile force in the rebar, allowance shall be made for the statically effective height of the bonded-in reinforcement.

Tension anchor HZA-R according to Annex 6 shall be designed for the welded-on reinforcement steel B500 B. The length of the bonded-in shaft made of stainless steel may not be accounted as anchorage.

The verification of the immediate local force transfer to the concrete has been provided.

The verification of the transfer of the loads to be anchored to the building component shall be provided.

The spacing between post-installed rebars respectively tension anchor HZA-R shall be greater than the minimum of 5  $d_s$  and 50 mm (see Annex 5and 7).

#### 4.3.2 Determination of the basic anchorage length

The required basic anchorage length  $\ell_{b,rqd}$  shall be determined in accordance with EN 1992-1-1, Section 8.4.3:

 $\ell_{b,rqd} = (d_s / 4) (\sigma_{sd} / f_{bd})$ 

- with: d<sub>s</sub> = diameter of the rebar
  - $\sigma_{sd}$  = calculated design stress of the rebar
  - $f_{bd}$  = design value of bond strength according to Annex 8, Table 5

in consideration of the coefficient related to the quality of bond conditions and of the coefficient related to the bar diameter and of the drilling technique

#### 4.3.3 Determination of the design anchorage length

The required design anchorage length  $\ell_{bd}$  shall be determined in accordance with EN 1992-1-1, Section 8.4.4:

 $\ell_{bd} = \alpha_1 \cdot \alpha_2 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \alpha_4 \cdot \alpha_5 \ \ell_{b,rqd} \ge \ell_{b,min}$ 

with:  $\ell_{b,rqd}$  = according to section 4.3.2

- $\alpha_1$  = 1.0 for straight bars
- $\alpha_2 = 0.7...1.0$  calculated acc. to EN 1992-1-1, Table 8.2
- $\alpha_3$  = 1.0 because of no transverse reinforcement
- $\alpha_4$  = 1.0 because of no welded transverse reinforcement
- $\alpha_5$  = 0.7...1.0 for influence of transverse pressure acc. to EN 1992-1-1, Table 8.2

 $\ell_{b,min}$  = minimum anchorage length acc. to EN 1992-1-1

= max {0.3  $\ell_{b,rqd}$ ; 10d<sub>s</sub>; 100 mm} under tension

= max {0.6  $\ell_{b,rqd}$ ; 10d<sub>s</sub>; 100 mm} under compression

The maximum permissible anchorage depth is given in Annex 8 in relation to the dispenser to be used.



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#### 4.3.4 Overlap joints

The required design lap length  $\ell_0$  shall be determined in accordance with EN 1992-1-1, Section 8.7.3:

 $\ell_0 = \alpha_1 \cdot \alpha_2 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \alpha_5 \cdot \alpha_6 \ \ell_{b,rqd} \geq \ell_{0,min}$ 

with:  $\ell_{b,rqd}$  = according to Section 4.3.2

- $\alpha_1$  = 1.0 for straight bars
- $\alpha_2 = 0.7...1.0$  calculated acc. to EN 1992-1-1, Table 8.2
- $\alpha_3$  = 1.0 because of no transverse reinforcement
- $\alpha_5$  = 0.7...1.0 for influence of transverse pressure acc. to EN 1992-1-1, Table 8.2
- $\alpha_6$  = 1.0...1.5 for influence of percentage of lapped bars relative to the total cross-section area acc. to EN 1992-1-1, Table 8.3

 $\ell_{0,min}$  = minimum lap length acc. to EN 1992-1-1

= max {0.3·α<sub>6</sub> ℓ<sub>b,rqd</sub>; 15d<sub>s</sub>; 200 mm}

The maximum permissible anchorage depth is given in Annex 8 in relation to the dispenser and the bar diameter to be used.

#### 4.3.5 Embedment depth for overlap joints

#### Overlap joint for rebars:

For calculation of the effective embedment depth of overlap joints the concrete cover at end-face of bonded-in rebar  $c_1$  shall be considered (see Annex 5, Figure 10):

 $\ell_v \geq \ell_0 + c_1$ 

with:  $\ell_0$  = required lap length acc. to Section 4.3.4 and to EN 1992-1-1

 $c_1$  = concrete cover at end-face of bonded-in rebar (see Annex 5)

If the clear distance between the overlapping rebars is greater than 4 d<sub>s</sub> the lap length shall be enlarged by the difference between the clear distance and 4 d<sub>s</sub>.

Overlap joint for tension anchor HZA-R:

The effective embedment depth is the same like the lap length  $\ell_v = \ell_0$  (see Annex 7, Figure 12).

The total embedment depth  $\ell_{e,ges}$  shall be determined as follows (see Annex 7, Figure 12):

 $\ell_{e.ges} \ge \ell_0 + \ell_e$ 

with:  $\ell_0$  = required lap length acc. to Section 4.3.4 and to EN 1992-1-1

 $\ell_e$  = length of the smooth shaft ( $\ell_e > c_1$  see also Annex 7),

If the clear distance between overlapping rods exceeds  $4 d_s$ , the overlap length shall be increased by the difference between the actual clear distance and  $4 d_s$ .

#### 4.3.6 Concrete cover

The concrete cover required for bonded-in rebars and tension anchor HZA-R is shown in Annex 8, Table 3, in relation to the drilling method and the hole tolerance.

Furthermore the minimum concrete cover given in EN 1992-1-1, Section 4.4.1.2 shall be observed.

#### 4.3.7 Transverse reinforcement

The requirements of transverse reinforcement in the area of the post-installed rebar connection or of the tension anchor HZA-R connection shall comply with EN 1992-1-1, Section 8.7.4.



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#### 4.3.8 Connection joint

The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed according to EN 1992-1-1. The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.

In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of  $d_s$  + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar.

The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover for the respective environmental conditions in accordance with EN 1992-1-1.

The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

#### 4.4 Installation

The fitness for use of the post-installed rebar connection can only be assumed if the rebar respectively the tension anchor HZA-R is installed as follows:

- the installation of post-installed rebar respectively tension anchor HZA-R shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done,
- use of the injection system only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components of the Injection system,
- installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,
- checks before rebar installation to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which the post-installed rebar connection is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the concrete to which the characteristic loads apply,
- check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids,
- check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint),
- keeping the anchorage depth as specified in the design drawings,
- keeping of concrete cover and spacing as specified in the design drawings,
- positioning of the drill holes without damaging the reinforcement,
- in case of aborted drill hole the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,
- the post-installed rebar connection must not be installed in flooded holes,
- the drilling and cleaning of the hole and the installation shall be performed only with the equipment specified by the manufacturer according to the manufacturer's installation instructions (see Annexes 9 to 17), it shall be ensured that this equipment is available on site and it is used,
- during curing of the injection mortar the temperature of the building component must not be less than -10 °C and no more than +40 °C; observing the curing time given in Annex 17.



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#### 5 Recommendations concerning packaging, transport and storage

#### 5.1 **Responsibility of the manufacturer**

It is in the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to sections 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to and section 4 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval. In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

The minimum data required are:

- drill bit diameter,
- diameter of rebar,
- admissible service temperature range,
- curing time of the injection mortar,
- Installation instructions including cleaning of the drill hole,
- reference to any special installation equipment needed,
- identification of the manufacturing batch,

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.

#### 5.2 Packaging, transport and storage

The mortar foil pack shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacture's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5 °C to not more than +25 °C.

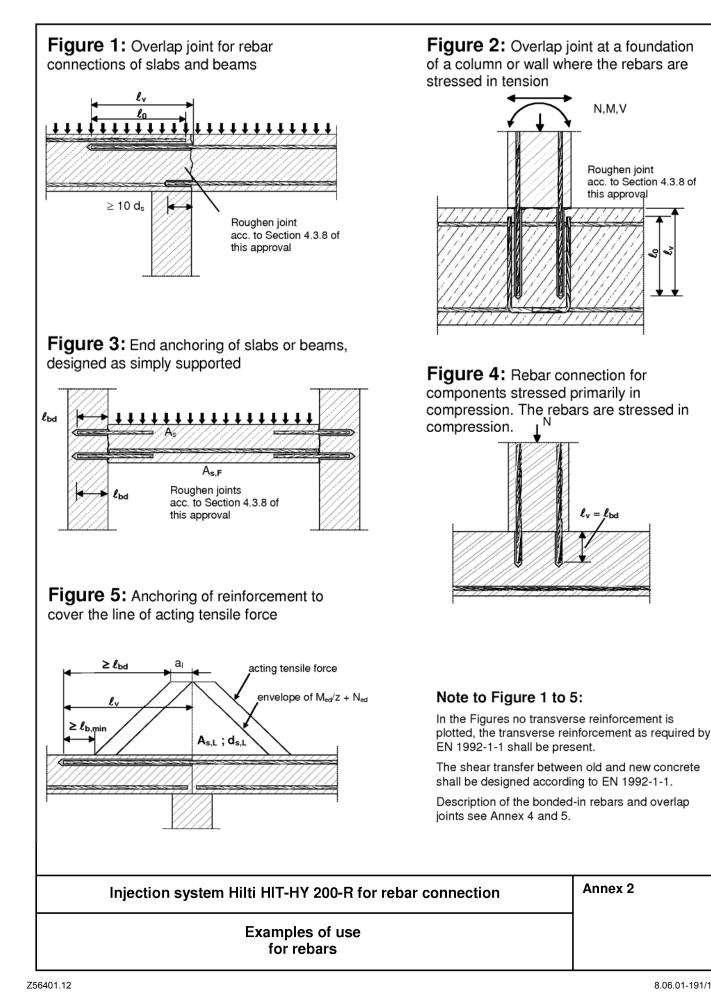
Mortar foil packs with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

Georg Feistel Head of Department *beglaubigt:* Baderschneider



Product description and intended use
The post-installed rebar connection consists of injection mortar Hilti HIT-HY 200-R and an embedded straight deformed reinforcing bar with properties of class B and C according to Annex C of EN 1992-1-1 or the Hilti tension anchor HZA-R.
Foil pack 330ml and 500ml
Marking HY 200-R Batch number Expiry date
Static mixer Hilti HIT-RE-M:
Reinforcing bar (see Annex 4):
Hilti Tension anchor HZA-R (see Annex 6):
Covered are post-installed rebar connections in non-carbonated concrete on the assumption only that the design of post-installed rebar connections is done in accordance to EN 1992-1-1. Installation in dry or wet concrete, it must not installed in flooded holes Temperature range: -40 $^{\circ}$ C to +80 $^{\circ}$ C (maximum long term temperature +50 $^{\circ}$ C and maximum short term temperature +80 $^{\circ}$ C)
Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-B for rebar connection
Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection
Product description and intended use



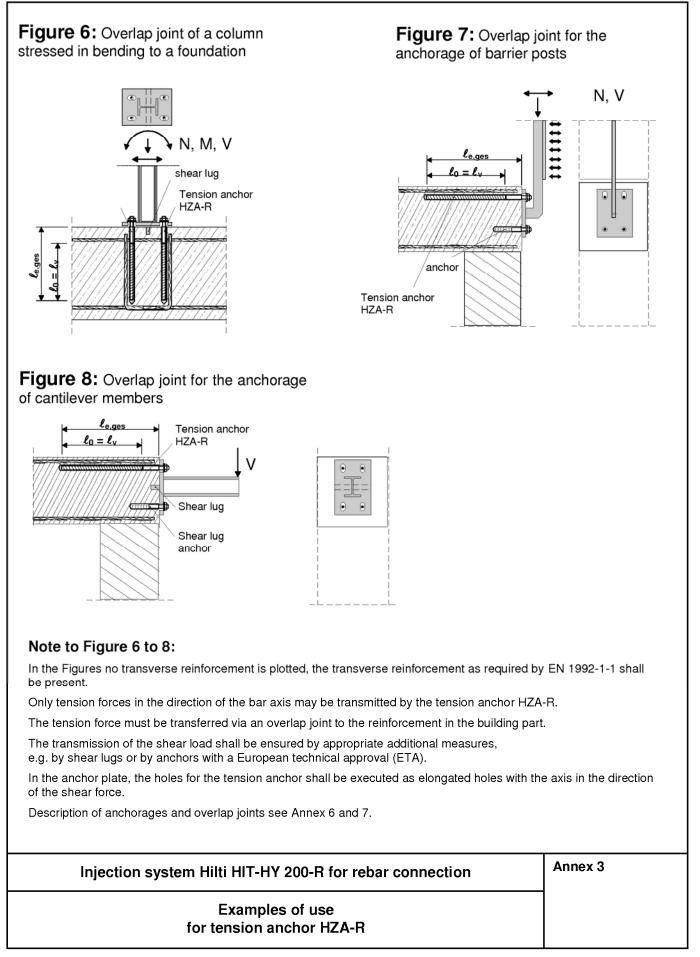


8.06.01-191/12

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English translation prepared by DIBt







# Figure 9: Properties of reinforcing bars "rebars"

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#### Refer to EN 1992-1-1 Annex C Table C.1 and C.2N Properties of reinforcement:

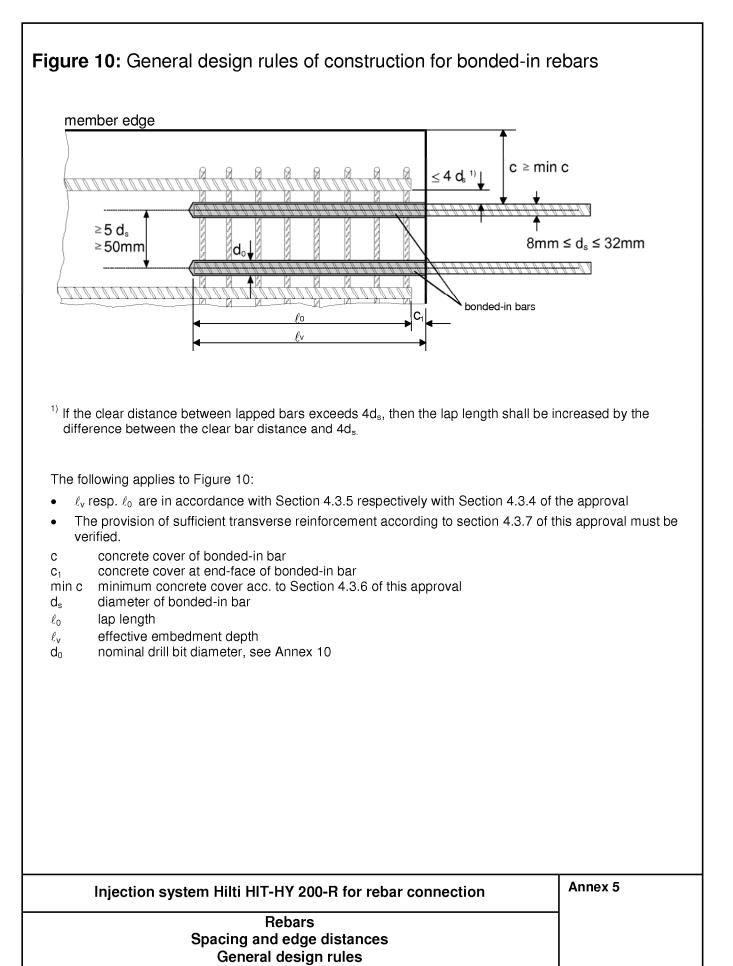
Product form		Bars and de-coiled rods		
Class		В	С	
Characteristic yield streng	th f <sub>yk</sub> or f <sub>0,2k</sub> (MPa)	400 to 600		
Minimum value of $k = (f_t/f_y)_k$		≥ 1,08	≥ 1,15 < 1,35	
Characteristic strain at ma	aximum force, $\mathcal{E}_{uk}$ (%)	≥ 5,0	≥ 7,5	
Bendability		Bend / Rebend test		
Maximum deviation from nominal mass (individual bar) (%)	Nominal bar size (mm) ≤ 8 > 8	± 6 ± 4		
Bond: Minimum relative rib area, f <sub>R,min</sub>	Nominal bar size (mm) 8 to 12 > 12	0,0 0,0		
(determination according to EN 15630)				

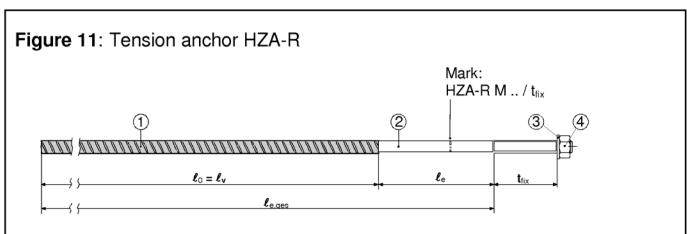
#### Rip height h:

The maximum outer rebar diameter over the rips shall be: nominal diameter of the bar:  $d + 2 * h (h \le 0.07 * d)$ 

Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection	Annex 4
Description of rebars	







# Table 1: Tension anchor HZA-R materials

Bort	Decienction	Material
Part	Designation	HZA-R
1	В500-В	not galvanised reinforcement steel acc. DIN 488
2	Round steel smooth with thread	Stainless steel, 1.4404, 1.4571, 1.4362 EN 10088
3	Washer	
4	Hex nut	Stainless steel 1.4401, 1.4571 EN 10088 Strength class 80, EN ISO 3506

# **Table 2**: Tension anchor HZA-R dimensions

HZA-R		M12 / t <sub>fix</sub>	M16 / t <sub>fix</sub>	M20 / t <sub>fix</sub>
Diameter of element	[mm]	12	16	20
Width across nut flats SW	[mm]	19	24	30
Effective embedment depth $\ell_v \leq {}^{1)}$	[mm]	800	1300	1300
Length of smooth shaft $\ell_e \! \geq \!$	[mm]	100	100	100
Max torque moment T <sub>max</sub>	[Nm]	60	100	150
Minimum thickness of fixture $\ensuremath{t_{\text{fix}}}$	[mm]	5	5	5
Maximum thickness of fixture $t_{fix}$	[mm]	200	200	200

1) may be shortened according to static calculation

Annex 6

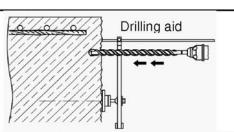
# Hilti tension anchor HZA-R Dimensions and materials



Figure 12: General design rules for the Hilti tension anchor HZ	A-R
Component edge $\leq 4 d_s$ $\geq 5 d_s$ $\geq 50mm$ $\ell_0 = \ell_v$ $\ell_{e, ges}$ $\ell_{e, ges}$ $\ell_{e, ges}$	→ N → N nchor
$^{1)}$ If the clear distance between spliced bars exceeds 4d_s, then the lap length shall be incredifference between the clear bar distance and 4d_s.	eased by the
<ul> <li>The following applies to Figure 12:</li> <li>With the tension anchor HZA-R, only tensile forces in the direction of the bar axis</li> <li>ℓ<sub>v</sub> resp. ℓ<sub>0</sub> are in accordance with Section 4.3.5 respectively Section 4.3.4 of the section 4.3.7 of the verified.</li> <li>c concrete cover of bonded-in bar</li> <li>c concrete cover at end-face of bonded-in bar</li> <li>min c minimum concrete cover acc. to Section 4.3.6 of this approval ds diameter of bonded-in bar</li> <li>ℓ<sub>0</sub> lap length</li> <li>ℓ<sub>v</sub> effective embedment depth</li> <li>ℓ<sub>e</sub> length of the smooth shaft; ℓ<sub>e</sub> ≥ 100 mm</li> <li>ℓ<sub>e.gee</sub> total embedment depth</li> <li>d<sub>0</sub> nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex 10</li> </ul>	approval
Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection	Annex 7
Hilti tension anchor HZA-R Spacing and edge distances General design rules	
3401.12	8.06.01-191/12



# **Table 3**: Minimum concrete cover min c<sup>1)</sup> of the<br/>bonded-in rebar or tension anchor<br/>HZA-R depending on drilling<br/>method and drilling tolerance



Drilling method	Bar diameter d <sub>s</sub>	Without drilling aid	With drilling aid
Hammer drilling	< 25 mm	30mm + 0,06 $\ell_v \! \geq \! 2 \; d_s$	30mm + 0,02 $\ell_v\!\geq$ 2 ds
Hammer drilling <b>(HD)</b>	≥ 25 mm	40mm + 0,06 $\ell_v \ge 2 d_s$	40mm + 0,02 $\ell_v \ge 2 d_s$
Compressed air drilling	< 25 mm	50mm + 0,08 ℓ <sub>v</sub>	50mm + 0,02 ℓ <sub>v</sub>
Compressed air drilling (CA)	≥ 25 mm	60mm + 0,08 $\ell_v \ge 2 d_s$	$60mm + 0,02 \ \ell_v \geq 2 \ d_s$

<sup>1)</sup> see Annexes 5 and 7, Figures 10 and 12

Comments: The minimum concrete cover acc. EN 1992-1-1 must be observed

## Table 4: Minimum anchorage lengths and lap lengths for C20/25

according to EN 1992-1-1: l<sub>b,min</sub> (8.6) and l<sub>0,min</sub> (8.11) for good bond conditions and  $\alpha_6 = 1,0$  with maximum yield stress  $\sigma_{sd} = 435$ N/mm<sup>2</sup> for rebar B500-B and  $\gamma_M = 1,15$  and maximum installation length

Rebar		Drilling method HD, CA		Concrete > -10℃	Concrete > 0 ℃
$Ø d_s$	f <sub>y,k</sub> [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	lb,min [MM]	lo,min [mm]	lmax [MM]	lmax [MM]
8 mm	500	113	200	700	1000
10 mm	500	142	200	700	1000
12 mm	500	170	200	700	1000
14 mm	500	198	210	700	1000
16 mm	500	227	240	700	1000
18 mm	500	255	270	700	1000
20 mm	500	284	300	700	1000
22 mm	500	312	330	700	1000
24 mm	500	340	360	700	1000
25 mm	500	354	375	700	1000
26 mm	500	369	390	700	1000
28 mm	500	397	420	700	1000
30 mm	500	425	450	700	1000
32 mm	500	454	480	700	1000

#### **Table 5:** Design values of the bond resistance fbd in N/mm<sup>2</sup> Hammer drilling, Compressed air drilling according to EN 1992-1-1 for good bond conditions (for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0.7)

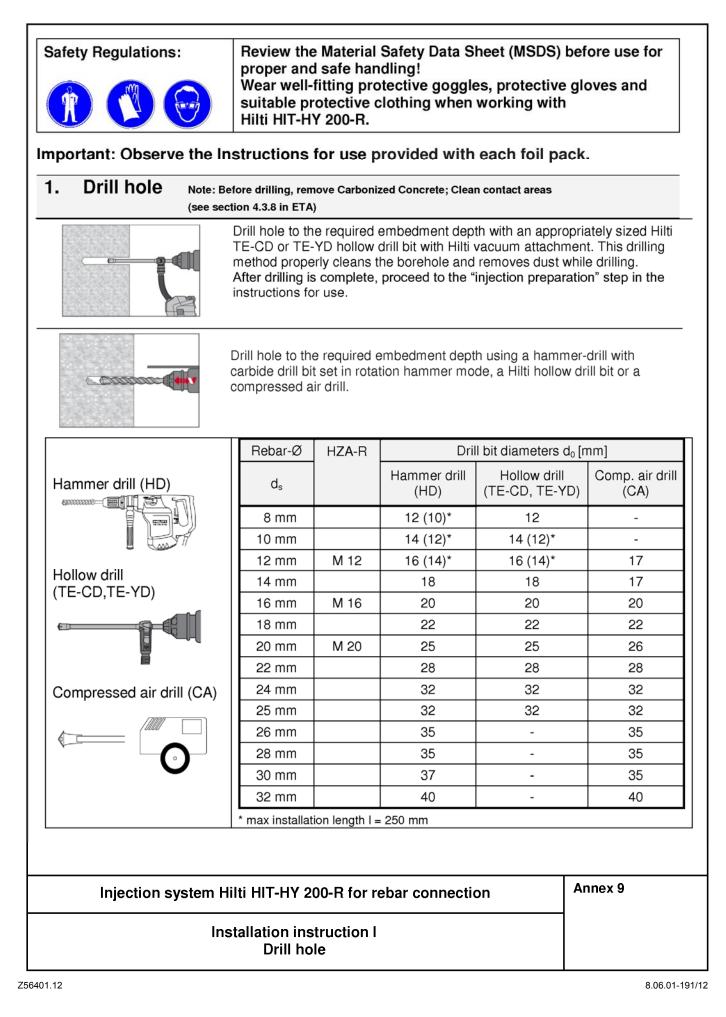
d <sub>s</sub> C12/15 C16/20 C20/25 C25/30 C30/37 C35/45			
d <sub>s</sub> C12/15 C16/20 C20/25 C25/30 C30/37 C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
8 to 32 mm 1,6 2,0 2,3 2,7 3,0 3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3

Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection

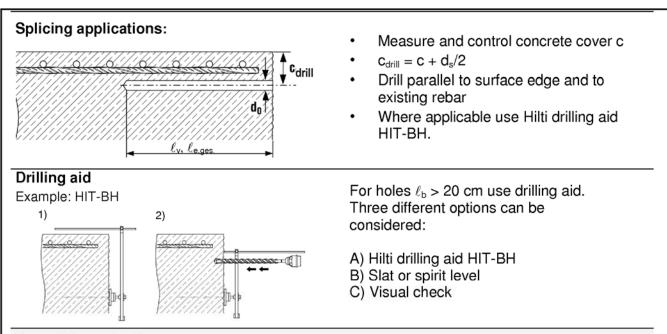
Annex 8

Minimum concrete cover min Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length Design values of ultimate bond resistance f<sub>bd</sub>





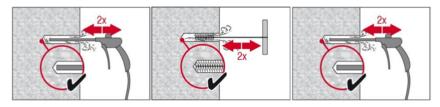




# 2. Clean hole (not needed with Hilti TE-CD and Hilti TE-YD drill bit) The borehole must be free of dust, debris, water, ice, oil, grease and other contaminants prior to mortar injection.

Just before setting an rebar the hole must be cleaned of dust and debris by one of the two cleaning methods described below:

#### 2.1 Compressed air cleaning:



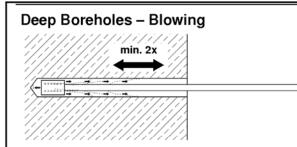
- Blowing 2 times from the back of the hole with oil-free compressed air (min. 6 bar at 100 litres per minute (LPM)) until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. Bore hole diameter ≥ 32 mm the compressor must supply a minimum air flow of 140 m<sup>3</sup>/hour.
- Brushing 2 times with the specified brush size HIT-RB (brush Ø ≥ borehole Ø) by
  inserting the round steel brush to the back of the hole in a twisting motion. The brush shall
  produce natural resistance as it enters the anchor hole. If this is not the case, please use
  a new brush or a brush with a larger diameter.
- Blowing 2 times again with compressed air until return air stream is free of noticeable dust.

If required use additional accessories and extensions for air nozzle and brush to reach back of hole.

Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection	Annex 10
Installation instruction II	

Clean bore hole





For boreholes deeper than 250mm (for  $d_s=8mm-12mm$ ) resp. deeper than  $20xd_s$  (for  $d_s>12mm$ ) use the appropriate air nozzle Hilti HIT-DL (see table below).

**Safety tip:** Do not inhale concrete dust. The application of the Hilti HIT-DRS dust collector is recommended.

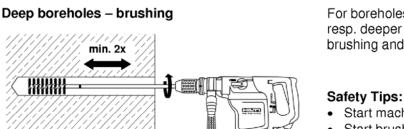
Rebar-Ø	HZA-R	Drill bit and Core bit diameters d <sub>0</sub> [mm]				
ds		Hammer-drill HD	Comp. air drill CA	Air Nozzle Hilti HIT-DL	Extension	
8 mm		12 (10)*	-	HIT-DL 12 (10)*		
10 mm		14 (12)*	_	HIT-DL 14 (12)*	HIT-DL 10/0,8	
12 mm	M 12	16 (14)*	17	HIT-DL 16 (14)*	or HIT-DL V10/1	
14 mm		18	17	HIT-DL 18		
16 mm	M 16	20	20	HIT-DL 20		
18 mm		22	22	HIT-DL 20		
20 mm	M 20	25	26	HIT-DL 25	HIT-DL 16/0,8	
22 mm		28	28	HIT-DL 25	or	
24 mm		32	32	HIT-DL 32	HIT-DL B	
25 mm		32	32	HIT-DL 32	and/or HIT-VL 16/0,7	
26 mm		35	35	HIT-DL 32	and/or	
28 mm		35	35	HIT-DL 32	HIT-VL 16	
30 mm		37	35	HIT-DL 32		
32 mm		40	40	HIT-DL 32		

Assemble extension HIT-VL 16/0.7 with coupler HIT-DL K for deeper anchor holes.

\* max installation length I = 250 mm

Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection	Annex 11
Installation instruction III Blow out bore hole	





For boreholes deeper than 250mm (for d<sub>s</sub>=8mm-12mm) resp. deeper than 20xd<sub>s</sub> (for d<sub>s</sub>>12mm) use machine brushing and brush extensions HIT-RBS.

- Start machine brushing operation slowly.
- Start brushing operation once brush is inserted in borehole.

Rebar-Ø	HZA-R	Drill bit and Core bit diameters $d_0 \text{ [mm]}$ / steel brush				
d		Hammer drill HD		Comp. air	drill CA	
d <sub>s</sub>		d <sub>o</sub>	HIT-RB	d <sub>o</sub>	HIT-RB	
8 mm		12 (10)*	HIT-RB 12 (10)*	-	-	
10 mm		14 (12)*	HIT-RB 14 (12)*	-	-	
12 mm	M 12	16 (14)*	HIT-RB 16 (14)*	17	HIT-RB 18	
14 mm		18	HIT-RB 18	17	HIT-RB 18	
16 mm	M 16	20	HIT-RB 20	20	HIT-RB 22	
18 mm		22	HIT-RB 22	22	HIT-RB 22	
20 mm	M 20	25	HIT-RB 25	26	HIT-RB 28	
22 mm		28	HIT-RB 28	28	HIT-RB 28	
24 mm		32	HIT-RB 32	32	HIT-RB 32	
25 mm		32	HIT-RB 32	32	HIT-RB 32	
26 mm		35	HIT-RB 35	35	HIT-RB 35	
28 mm		35	HIT-RB 35	35	HIT-RB 35	
30 mm		37	HIT-RB 37	35	HIT-RB 35	
32 mm		40	HIT-RB 40	40	HIT-RB 40	

\* max installation length I = 250 mm

Machine brushing: Screw the round steel brush HIT-RB in one end of the brush extension(s) HIT-RBS, so that the overall length of the brush is sufficient to reach the base of the borehole. Attach the other end of the extension to the TE-C/TE-Y chuck.

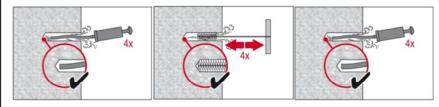
The diameter of the round steel brush shall be checked before use. The minimum brush diameter has to be at least equal to the borehole diameter d<sub>0</sub>. The round steel brush shall produce natural resistance as it enters the drill hole. If this is not the case, please use a new brush or a brush with a larger diameter.

Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection	Annex 12
Installation instruction IV Brush bore hole	

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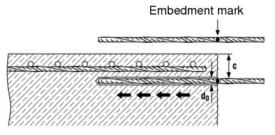
**2.2 Manual cleaning:** The borehole must be free of dust, debris, water, ice, oil, grease and other contaminants prior to mortar injection.



As an alternative to compressed air cleaning, a manual cleaning is permitted for hammer drilled boreholes up to hole diameters  $d_0 \le 20$  mm and depths  $\ell_v$  resp.  $\ell_{e,ges.} \le 160$  mm or 10 \* d.

- Blowing 4 strokes with Hilti blow-out pump from the back of the hole until return air stream is free of noticeable dust.
- Brushing 4 times with the specified brush size HIT-RB (brush diameter ≥ borehole diameter do) by inserting the round steel wire brush to the back of the hole with a twisting motion.
- Blowing 4 strokes with Hilti blow-out pump from the back of the hole until return air stream is free of noticeable dust.

## 3. Rebar preparation and injection system preparation

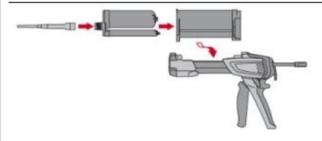


Before use, make sure the rebar is dry and free of oil or other residue.

Mark the embedment depth on the rebar

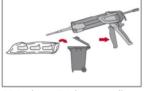
(e.g. with tape )  $\rightarrow \ell_v$ Insert Rebar in borehole, to verify hole and setting depth

 $\ell_{v}$  resp.  $\ell_{e,ges}$ 



#### Injection system preparation.

- Observe the Instruction for Use of the dispenser.
- Observe the Instruction for Use of the mortar.
- Tightly attach Hilti HIT-RE-M mixing nozzle to foil pack manifold.
- Insert foil pack into foil pack holder and swing holder into the dispenser.



330ml 2 trigger pulls 500ml 3 trigger pulls <5℃ 4 trigger pulls

**Discard initial mortar.** The foil pack opens automatically as dispensing is initiated. Depending on the size of the foil pack an initial amount of mortar has to be discarded.

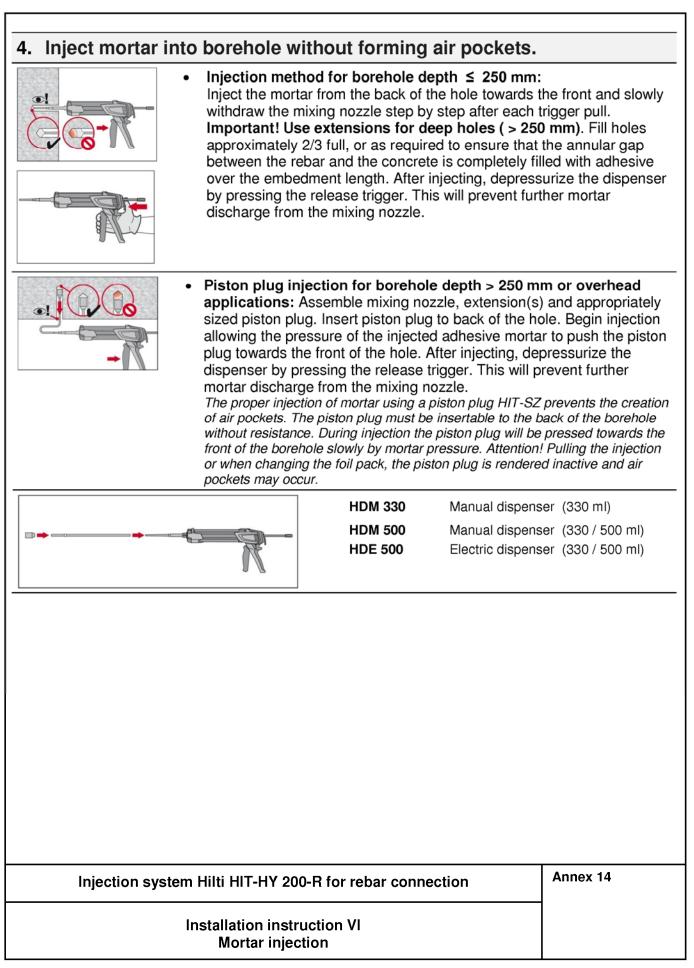
After changing a mixing nozzle, the first few trigger pulls must be discarded as described above. For each new foil pack a new mixing nozzle must be used.

Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection
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Annex 13

Installation instruction V Manual cleaning Rebar preparation and injection system preparation





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English translation prepared by DIBt



 Piston plug
 Injection extension
 Connect the selected piston plug with the appropriate injection extension.

 →
 HIT-SZ 12 – HIT-SZ 18 with HIT-VL 11/1.0

 ≥ HIT-SZ 20 with HIT-VL 16 or HIT-VL 16/0,7

Please use injection extensions HIT-VL and piston plug HIT-SZ as required. The combination of HIT-SZ piston plug with HIT-VL 16 pipe and then HIT-VL 16 tube support proper injection. Deeper embedment depths: For combinations of several injection extensions use coupler HIT-VL K.

A substitution of the injection extension for a plastic hose or a combination of both is permitted.

Rebar-Ø	HZA-R	Drill bit and Core bit diameters $d_0 \text{ [mm]}$ / piston plug				
ds		Hammer drill HD Hollow drill (TE-CD, TE-YD)		D) Comp. air drill CA		
		d <sub>o</sub>	HIT-SZ	d <sub>o</sub>	HIT-SZ	
8 mm		12 (10)*	HIT-SZ 12 (-)*	-	-	
10 mm		14 (12)*	HIT-SZ 14 (12)*	-	-	
12 mm	M 12	16 (14)*	HIT-SZ 16 (14)*	17 HIT-SZ 18		
14 mm		18	HIT-SZ 18	17 HIT-SZ 18		
16 mm	M 16	20	HIT-SZ 20	20 HIT-SZ 22		
18 mm		22	HIT-SZ 22	22 HIT-SZ 22		
20 mm	M 20	25	HIT-SZ 25	26 HIT-SZ 28		
22 mm		28	HIT-SZ 28	28	HIT-SZ 28	
24 mm		32	HIT-SZ 32	32 HIT-SZ 32		
25 mm		32	HIT-SZ 32	32 HIT-SZ 32		
26 mm		35	HIT-SZ 35	35 HIT-SZ 35		
28 mm		35	HIT-SZ 35	35 HIT-SZ 35		
30 mm		37	HIT-SZ 37	35 HIT-SZ 35		
32 mm		40	HIT-SZ 40	40	HIT-SZ 40	

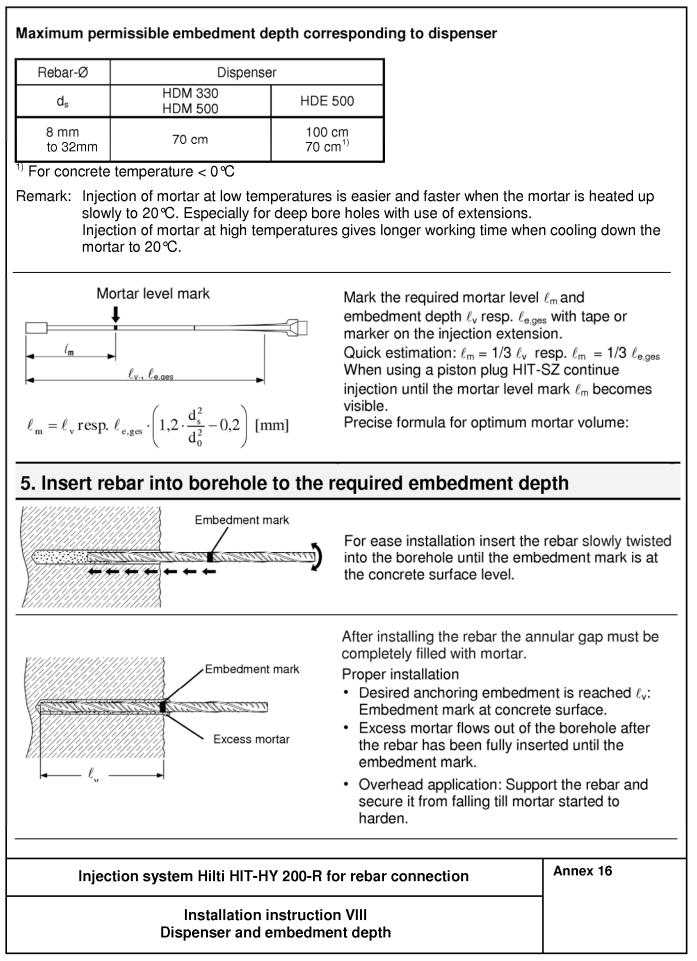
\* max installation length I = 250 mm

Injection system	n Hilti HIT-HY	200-R for rebar	connection
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Annex 15

#### Installation instruction VII Piston plug injection

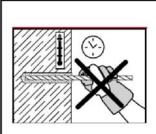




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English translation prepared by DIBt

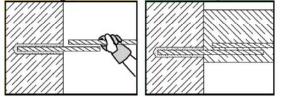




**Observe the working time** " $t_{work}$ ", which varies according to temperature of base material. Minor adjustments to the rebar position may be performed during the working time. See table below.

Page material temperature		Hilti HIT-HY 200-R			
Dase mate	Base material temperature		working time "t <sub>work</sub> ",		Maximum gel time "t <sub>work</sub> "
-10 ℃	to	-5 ℃	3 hour	Maximum time from the	
-4 °C	to	<b>℃</b> 0	2 hour	beginning of injection to rebar	
1 °C	to	5 ℃	1 hour	setting and positioning.	
0° 6	to	10 °C	40 min		
11 ℃	to	20 °C	15 min		
21 ℃	to	30 ℃	9 min		
31 ℃	to	40 ℃	6 min		

#### After t<sub>cure</sub> preparation work may continue.



Full load may be applied only after the curing time "t<sub>cure</sub>" has elapsed. See table below.

	Hilti HIT-HY 200-R	
Base material temperatu	curing time "t <sub>cure</sub> "	
-10 ℃ to -5 ℃	20 hour	Curing time "t <sub>cure</sub> "
-4 ℃ to 0 ℃	7 hour	-
1 ℃ to 5 ℃	3 hour	Before the minimum curing time has elapsed, the rebar may not
6 ℃ to 10 ℃	2 hour	be loaded.
11 °C to 20 °C	1 hour	
21 ℃ to 30 ℃	1 hour	
31 ℃ to 40 ℃	1 hour	

Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection	Annex 17
Installation instruction IX Working time, curing time	



# Values for pre-calculation of anchoring with Hilti HIT-HY 200-R

Example for C20/25, good bond conditions, Rebar yield strength 500 N/mm<sup>2</sup>, for all drilling procedures.

Rebar Ø	$\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3 = \alpha_4 = \alpha_5 = 1,0$			$\alpha_2 \text{ or } \alpha_5 = 0,7$ $\alpha_1 = \alpha_3 = \alpha_4 = 1,0$		
ebŝ	Anchorage	Design value	Mortar	Anchorage	Design value	Mortar
۳ ۳	length Ibd	N <sub>Rd</sub>	volume	length Ibd	N <sub>Rd</sub>	volume
[mm]	[mm]	[kN]	[ml]	[mm]	[kN]	[ml]
	113*	6,5	9 (4)**	113*	9,3	9 (4)**
	200	11,6	15 (7)**	160	13,2	12 (5)**
8	290	16,8	22	210	17,3	16 (7)
	379	21,9	29	265	21,9	20
	142*	10,3	13 (6)**	142*	14,7	13 (6)**
10	250	18,1	23 (10)**	200	20,6	18 (8)**
10	360	26,0	36	270	27,9	24
	472	34,1	43	330	34,1	30
	170*	14,7	18 (8)**	170*	21,1	18 (8)**
12	300	26,0	32	250	31,0	26 (12)**
12	430	37,3	45	320	39,6	34
	567	49,2	60	397	49,2	42
	199*	20,1	24	199*	28,8	24
	350	35,4	42	290	41,9	35
14	510	51,6	62	380	54,9	46
	661	66,9	80	463	66,9	56
	227*	26,2	31	227*	37,5	31
10	400	46,2	54	330	54,5	45
16	580	67,1	79	430	71,0	58
	756	87,4	103	529	87,4	72
	255*	33,2	38	255*	47,4	38
10	450	58,5	68	370	68,7	56
18	650	84,5	98	480	89,2	72
	850	110,6	128	595	110,6	90
	284*	41,0	60	284*	58,6	60
	500	72,3	106	410	84,6	87
20	720	104,0	153	510	111,5	115
	945	136,6	200	662	136,7	140
	312*	49,6	88	312*	70,9	88
	540	85,8	153	450	102,2	127
22	770	122,4	218	590	134,0	167
	1000	159,0	283	728	165,3	206

\* Values corresponding to the minimum anchorage length.

\*\* Values corresponding to the minimum drill bit size.

The design value is valid for "good bond conditions" as described in EN 1992-1-1. For all other conditions multiply by the value by 0.7.

The volume of mortar correspond to the formula " $1,2*(d_0^2-d_S^2)*\pi*lb/4$ "

#### Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection

Annex 18

Pre-calculated values for the anchorage length Example for rebar ( $f_{y,k}$  = 500 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) in C20/25 ( $f_{bd}$  = 2,3 N/mm<sup>2</sup>)



#### Values for pre-calculation of anchoring with Hilti HIT-HY 200-R Example for C20/25, good bond conditions, Rebar yield strength 500 N/mm<sup>2</sup>,

for all drilling procedures

Rebar Ø	$\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3 = \alpha_4 = \alpha_5 = 1,0$			$\alpha_2 \text{ or } \alpha_5 = 0,7$ $\alpha_1 = \alpha_3 = \alpha_4 = 1,0$		
	Anchorage	Design value	Mortar volume	Anchorage	Design value	Mortar volume
[mm]	length l <sub>bd</sub> [mm]	N <sub>Rd</sub> [kN]	[ml]	length I <sub>bd</sub> [mm]	N <sub>Rd</sub> [kN]	[ml]
24	340*	59,0	144	340*	84,2	144
	560	97,1	236	490	121,4	207
	780	135,3	329	640	158,6	270
	1000	173,4	422	794	196,7	335
25	355*	64,1	133	355*	91,6	133
	570	103,0	214	510	131,6	192
	790	142,7	297	670	172,9	252
	1000	180,6	376	827	213,4	311
	369*	69,3	191	369*	99,0	191
	580	109,0	300	530	142,2	274
26	790	148,4	409	700	187,9	362
	1000	187,9	517	860	230,8	445
	397*	80,3	165	397*	114,7	165
28	600	121,4	249	570	164,7	237
	800	161,9	333	750	216,8	312
	1000	202,3	416	926	267,6	385
30	426*	92,3	188	426*	131,9	188
	620	134,4	274	610	188,9	270
	810	175,6	358	800	247,7	354
	1000	216,8	442	992	307,2	438
32	454*	105,0	246	454	150,0	246
	640	148,0	347	640	211,4	347
	820	189,6	445	820	270,9	445
	1000	231,2	543	1000	330,3	543

\* Values corresponding to the minimum anchorage length.

The design value is valid for "good bond conditions" as described in EN 1992-1-1. For all other conditions multiply by the value by 0.7.

The volume of mortar correspond to the formula " $1,2*(d_0^2-d_S^2)*\pi*lb/4$ "

Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection	Annex 19
Pre-calculated values for the anchorage length Example for rebar (f <sub>y,k</sub> = 500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ) in C20/25 (f <sub>bd</sub> = 2,3 N/mm <sup>2</sup> )	



# Values for pre-calculation of lap splice lengths with Hilti HIT-HY 200-R

Example for C20/25, good bond conditions, Rebar yield strength 500 N/mm<sup>2</sup>, for all drilling procedures.

Rebar Ø	$\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3 = \alpha_4 = \alpha_5 = 1,0$			$\alpha_2 \text{ or } \alpha_5 = 0,7$ $\alpha_1 = \alpha_3 = \alpha_6 = 1,0$		
	Lap splice	Design value	Mortar	Lap splice	Design value	Mortar
	length Io	N <sub>Rd</sub>	volume	length lo	N <sub>Rd</sub>	volume
[mm]	[mm]	[kN]	[ml]	[mm]	[kN]	[m]]
8	200*	11,6	15 (7)**	200	16,5	15 (7)**
	260	15,0	20	220	18,2	17 (7)**
	320	18,5	24	240	19,8	18 (8)**
	379	21,9	29	265	21,9	20
10	200*	14,5	18 (8)**	200*	20,6	18 (8)**
	290	21,0	26	240	24,8	22 (10)**
10	380	27,5	34	290	29,9	26
	472	34,1	43	330	34,1	30
	200*	17,3	21 (10)**	200*	24,8	21 (10)**
10	320	27,7	34	270	33,4	29
12	440	38,2	46	330	40,9	35
	567	49,2	60	397	49,2	42
	210*	21,2	25	210*	30,3	25
14	360	36,4	43	340	41,9	35
	510	51,6	62	430	54,9	46
	661	66,9	80	529	66,9	56
	240*	27,7	33	240*	39,6	33
16	410	47,4	56	340	56,2	46
10	580	67,1	79	430	71,0	58
	756	87,4	103	529	87,4	72
	270*	35,1	41	270*	50,2	41
18	460	59,8	69	380	70,6	57
10	660	85,8	100	490	91,0	74
	850	110,6	128	595	110,6	90
20	300*	43,4	64	300*	61,9	64
	520	75,1	110	420	86,7	89
	730	105,5	155	540	111,5	115
	945	136,6	200	662	136,7	140
22	330*	52,5	124	330*	74,9	93
	550	87,4	156	460	104,5	130
	780	124,0	221	600	136,3	170
	1000	159,0	283	728	165,3	206

\* Values corresponding to the minimum anchorage length.

\*\* Values corresponding to the minimum drill bit size.

The design value is valid for "good bond conditions" as described in EN 1992-1-1. For all other conditions multiply by the value by 0.7.

The volume of mortar correspond to the formula " $1,2*(d_0^2-d_S^2)*\pi*lb/4$ "

#### Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection

Annex 20

Pre-calculated values for lap splice length Example for rebar ( $f_{y,k} = 500 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ) in C20/25 ( $f_{bd} = 2,3 \text{ N/mm}^2$ )



# Values for pre-calculation of lap splice lengths with Hilti HIT-HY 200-R

Example for C20/25, good bond conditions, Rebar yield strength 500 N/mm<sup>2</sup>, for all drilling procedures.

Rebar Ø	$\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3 = \alpha_4 = \alpha_5 = 1,0$			$\alpha_2 \text{ or } \alpha_5 = 0,7$ $\alpha_1 = \alpha_3 = \alpha_6 = 1,0$		
	Lap splice	Design value	Mortar	Lap splice	Design value	Mortar
	length Io	N <sub>Rd</sub>	volume	length lo	N <sub>Rd</sub>	volume
[mm]	[mm]	[kN]	[ml]	[mm]	[kN]	[ml]
	360*	62,4	152	360*	89,2	152
	570	98,8	241	500	123,9	211
24	790	137,0	334	650	161,0	274
	1000	173,4	422	794	196,7	335
0.5	375*	67,7	124	375*	96,8	141
	580	104,8	218	530	136,8	199
25	790	142,7	297	680	175,5	256
	1000	180,6	376	827	213,4	311
	390*	73,3	124	390*	104,7	202
00	590	110,8	305	550	147,6	285
26	800	150,3	414	700	187,9	362
	1000	187,9	517	860	230,8	445
	420*	85,0	124	420*	121,4	175
28	610	123,4	278	590	170,5	245
	810	163,9	362	760	219,7	316
	1000	202,3	442	926	267,6	385
30	450*	97,5	124	450*	139,4	199
	630	136,6	278	630	195,1	278
	820	177,8	362	810	250,8	358
	1000	216,8	442	992	307,2	438
32	480*	111,0	124	480*	158,6	261
	650	150,3	353	650	214,7	353
	830	191,9	450	830	274,2	451
	1000	231,2	543	1000	330,3	543

\* Values corresponding to the minimum anchorage length.

The design value is valid for "good bond conditions" as described in EN 1992-1-1. For all other conditions multiply by the value by 0.7.

The volume of mortar correspond to the formula "1,2\*(d\_0^2-d\_S^2)\*\pi\*lb/4"

Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-R for rebar connection	Annex 21
Pre-calculated values for lap splice length	
Example for rebar ( $f_{y,k}$ = 500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ) in C20/25 ( $f_{bd}$ = 2,3 N/mm <sup>2</sup> )	