

European Technical Approval ETA-12/0167

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Handelsbezeichnung <i>Trade nam</i> e	Walsywa Injektionssystem WQI 44 PLUS für Beton Walsywa Injection system WQI 44 PLUS for concrete
Zulassungsinhaber Holder of approval	Walsywa Ind. e Com. De Prod. Met. Ltda Rua Humberto Pela, 198 - Bairro Leitão LOUVEIRA - SÃO PAULO BRASILIEN
Zulassungsgegenstand und Verwendungszweck	Verbunddübel mit Ankerstange in den Größen M8 bis M30 und Bewehrungsstahl Ø8 bis Ø32 zur Verankerung im ungerissenen Beton.
Generic type and use of construction product	Bonded Anchor with Anchor rod of sizes M8 to M30 or rebar 8 to 32 for use in non-cracked concrete.
Geltungsdauer: vom <i>Validity: from</i> bis <i>to</i>	16 March 2012 13 November 2013
Herstellwerk Manufacturing plant	Walsywa ind. e Com. De Prod. Met. Ltda, Plant 2 Germany

23 Seiten einschließlich 14 Anhänge

23 pages including 14 annexes

Diese Zulassung umfasst This Approval contains



Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen European Organisation for Technical Approvals



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I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
 - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC² and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³;
 - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998⁴, as amended by law of 31 October 2006⁵;
 - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁶;
 - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete Part 5: Bonded anchors", ETAG 001-05.
- 2 Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- 3 This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- 4 This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- 5 Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- 6 The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.
- ¹ Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12
- ² Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1
- ³ Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25
- Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812

⁵ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2006, p. 2407, 2416

Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



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II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

1 Definition of product and intended use

1.1 Definition of the construction product

The "Walsywa Injection system WQI 44 PLUS for concrete" is a bonded anchor consisting of a cartridge with injection mortar Walsywa WQI 44 PLUS and a steel element. The steel elements are commercial threaded rods according to Annex 3 in the range of M8 to M30 or reinforcing bar according to Annex 4 in the range of diameter 8 to 32 mm.

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration of the product and intended use is given in Annexes 1 and 2.

1.2 Intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106 EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences. Safety in case of fire (Essential Requirement 2) is not covered in this European technical approval. The anchor is to be used only for anchorages subject to static or quasi-static loading in reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at most according to EN 206:2000-12.

The anchor may be used in non-cracked concrete only.

The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete.

The anchor sizes diameter 8 mm to 16 mm may also be installed in flooded holes.

The anchor may be used in the following temperature ranges:

Temperature range I:	-40 °C to +40 °C	(max long term temperature +24 °C and
		max short term temperature +40 °C)
Temperature range II:	-40 °C to +80 °C	(max long term temperature +50 °C and
		max short term temperature +80 °C)

Elements made of zinc coated steel:

The element made of zinc plated or hot dip galvanised steel may only be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions.

Elements made of stainless steel:

The element made of stainless steel 1.4401, 1.4404 or 1.4571 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure to permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e. g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e. g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).



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Elements made of high corrosion resistant steel:

The element made of high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529 or 1.4565 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions. Such particular aggressive conditions are e. g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with chemical pollution (e. g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Elements made of reinforcing bars:

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 only. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with post-installed reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN1992-1-1: 2004 are not covered by this European technical approval.

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

2.1 Characteristics of the product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in Annexes 3 and 4. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in Annexes 3 and 4 shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation⁷ of this European technical approval.

The characteristic values for the design of anchorages are given in Annexes 9 to 14.

The two components of the injection mortar are delivered in unmixed condition in coaxial cartridges of sizes 150 ml, 280 ml, 300 ml, 330 ml, 380 ml, 410 ml or 420 ml, in side-by side-cartridges of sizes 235 ml, 345 ml or 825 ml or in foil tube cartridges of sizes 165 ml or 300 ml according to Annex 2. Each cartridge is marked with the imprint "Walsywa WQI 44 PLUS", with processing notes, charge code, storage life, hazard code and curing- and processing time depending on temperature.

Elements made of reinforcing bars shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 4.

The marking of embedment depth may be done on jobsite.

2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Anchors for Use in Concrete", Part 1 "Anchors in general" and Part 5 "Bonded anchors", on the basis of Option 7.

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The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.



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In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 96/582/EG of the European Commission⁸ system 2(i) (referred to as System 1) of the attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
 - (1) factory production control;
 - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a control plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
 - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
 - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

3.2 Responsibilities

3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial/raw/constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.⁹

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

⁸ Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

⁹ The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



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3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the

- initial type-testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control, in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the anchor. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the holder of the approval (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the number of the guideline for European technical approval,
- use category (ETAG 001-1, Option 7),
- size.



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4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

4.2 Design of anchorages

The fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following conditions:

The anchorages are designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors"¹⁰ under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 only. The basic assumptions for the design according to anchor theory shall be observed. This includes the consideration of tension and shear loads and the corresponding failure modes as well as the assumption that the base material (concrete structural element) remains essentially in the serviceability limit state (either non-cracked or cracked) when the connection is loaded to failure. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN1992-1-1:2004 (e.g. connection of a wall loaded with tension forces in one layer of the reinforcement with the foundation) are not covered by this European technical approval.

Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored.

The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).

4.3 Installation of anchors

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the anchor is installed as follows:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components,



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- commercial standard threaded rods, washers and hexagon nuts may be used if the following requirements are fulfilled:
 - material, dimensions and mechanical properties of the metal parts according to the specifications given in Annex 3,
 - confirmation of material and mechanical properties of the metal parts by inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204:2004, the documents should be stored,
 - marking of the threaded rod with the envisage embedment depth. This may be done by the manufacturer of the rod or the person on jobsite.
- embedded reinforcing bars shall comply with specifications given in Annex 4,
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which the anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the concrete to which the characteristic loads apply,
- check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids,
- marking and keeping the effective anchorage depth,
- edge distance and spacing not less than the specified values without minus tolerances,
- positioning of the drill holes without damaging the reinforcement,
- drilling by hammer-drilling,
- in case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,
- cleaning the drill hole in accordance with Annexes 6 to 8,
- during installation and curing of the chemical mortar the anchor component installation temperature shall be at least -10 °C; the temperature; observing the curing time according to Annex 7, Table 4 until the anchor may be loaded,
- for injection of the mortar in bore holes of diameter $d_0 > 20$ mm piston plugs according to Annex 8 shall be used for overhead or horizontal injection,
- installation torque moments are not required for functioning of the anchor. However, the torque moments given in Annex 5 must not be exceeded.

5 Indications to the manufacturer

5.1 Responsibility of the manufacturer

The manufacturer is responsible to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to as well as sections 4.2, 4.3 and 5.2 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval.

In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

The minimum data required are:

- drill bit diameter,
- hole depth,
- diameter of anchor rod,
- minimum effective anchorage depth,
- information on the installation procedure, including cleaning of the hole with the cleaning equipments, preferably by means of an illustration,
- anchor component installation temperature,
- ambient temperature of the concrete during installation of the anchor,



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- admissible processing time (open time) of the mortar,
- curing time until the anchor may be loaded as a function of the ambient temperature in the concrete during installation,
- maximum torque moment,
- identification of the manufacturing batch,
- All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.

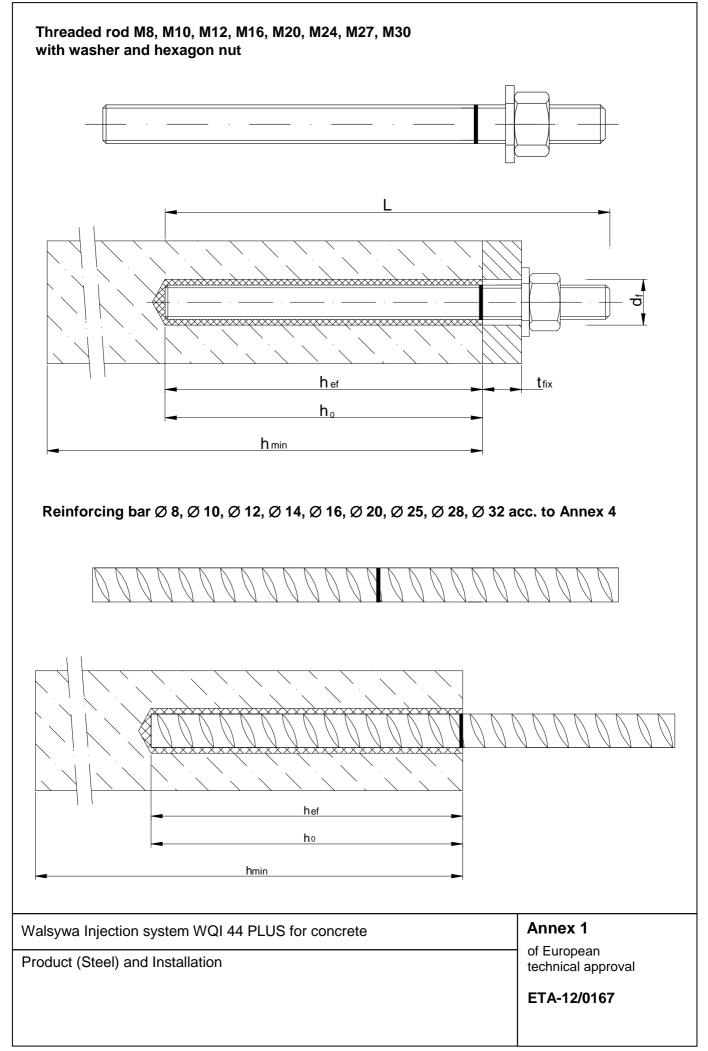
5.2 Packaging, transport and storage

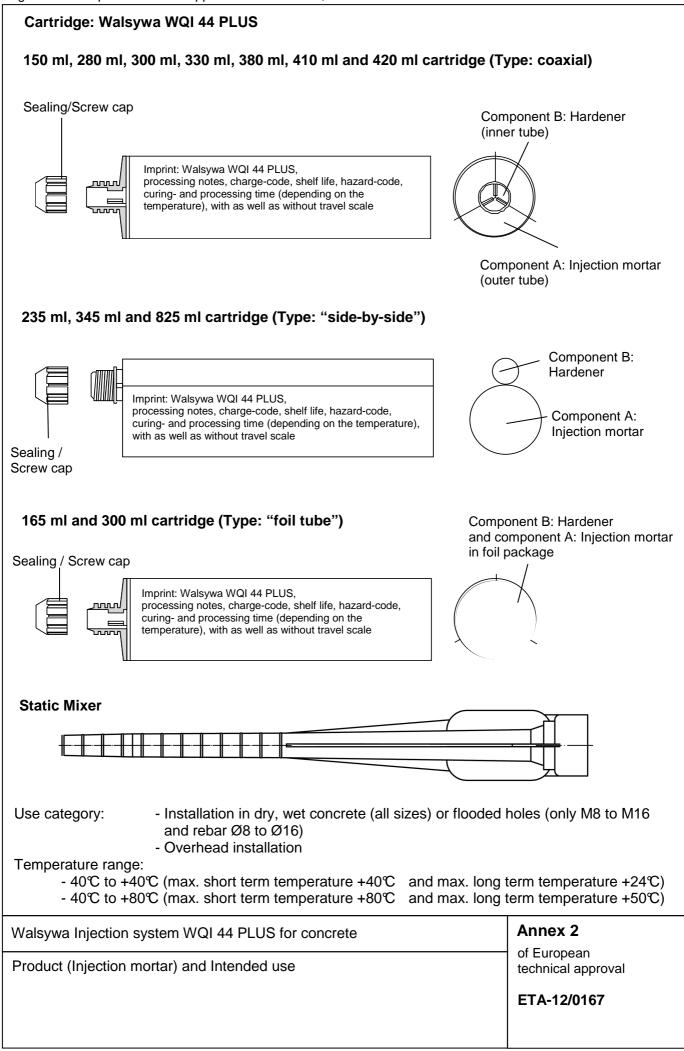
The cartridges shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacturer's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5 °C to not more than +25 °C.

Cartridges with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit. Cartridges may be packed separately from metal parts.

Georg Feistel Head of Department *beglaubigt:* Baderschneider





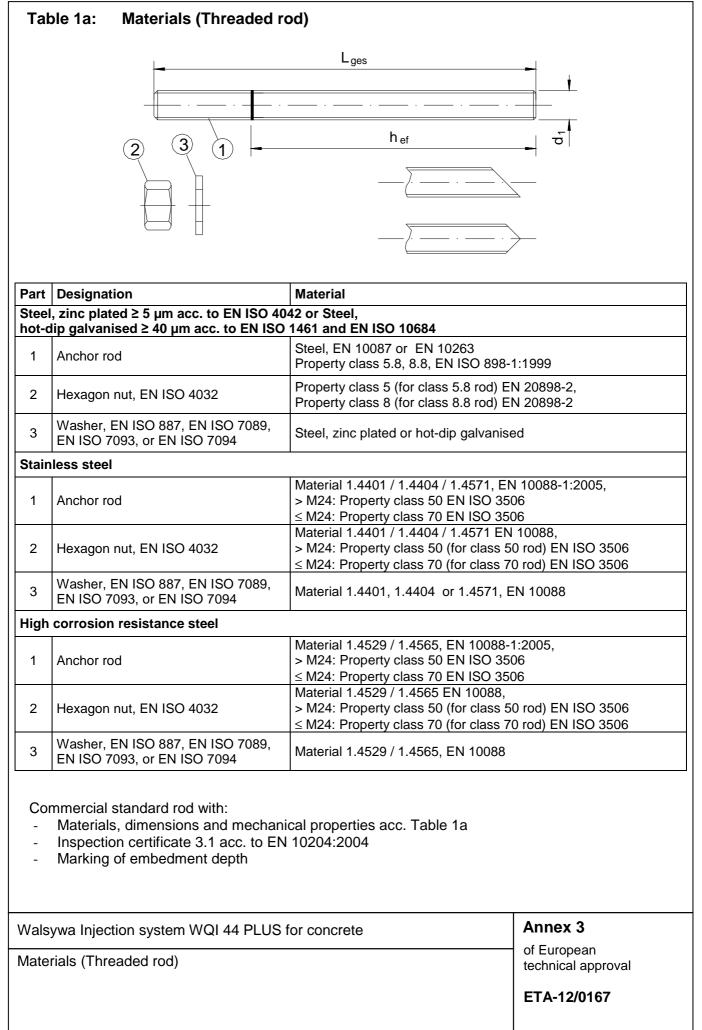


Table 1b:	Materials (Rebar)

Abstract of EN 1992-1-1 Annex C, Table C.1, Properties of reinforcement:

Product form	Bars and de-	coiled rods
Class	В	C
Charcteristic yield strength f_{yk} or $f_{0,2k}$ (N/mm ²)	400 to	600
Minimum value of $k = (f_t / f_y)_k$	≥ 1,08	≥ 1,15 < 1,35
$\begin{array}{c} Characteristic strain at maximum force \\ \epsilon_{uk} \left(\%\right) \end{array}$	≥ 5,0	≥7,5
Bendability	Bend/Reb	end test
Maximum deviationNominal bar size (mm)from nominal mass ≤ 8 (individual bar) (%)> 8	± 6, ± 4,	

Abstract of EN 1992-1-1 Annex C, Table C.2N, Properties of reinforcement:

Product form	form Bars and de-coiled rods		e-coiled rods
Class		В	С
	nominal diameter of the rebar (mm)		
Min. value of related rip area f _{R,min}	8 to 12 > 12		040 056

Rib height of the bar shall be in the range $0,05d \le h \le 0,07d$ (d: Nominal diameter of the bar; h: Rip height of the bar)

Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2

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Annex 4

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Materials (Reinforcing bar)

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Anchor size		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M 24	M 27	M 30
Nominal drill hole diameter	d ₀ [mm] =	10	12	14	18	24	28	32	35
Embedment depth and bore	h _{ef,min} [mm] =	60	60	70	80	90	96	108	120
hole depth	h _{ef,max} [mm] =	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d _f [mm] ≤	9	12	14	18	22	26	30	33
Diameter of steel brush	d _b [mm] ≥	12	14	16	20	26	30	34	37
Torque moment	T _{inst} [Nm]	10	20	40	80	120	160	180	200
Thickness of fixture	t _{fix,min} [mm] >				()			
Thickness of fixture	t _{fix,max} [mm] <	1500							
Minimum thickness of member	h _{min} [mm]	$\begin{array}{c c} h_{ef} + 30 \text{ mm} \\ \ge 100 \text{ mm} \end{array} \qquad \qquad h_{ef} + 2d_0 \end{array}$							
Minimum spacing	s _{min} [mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150
Minimum edge distance	c _{min} [mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150

Table 2:Installation parameters for threaded rod

Table 3: Installation parameters for rebar

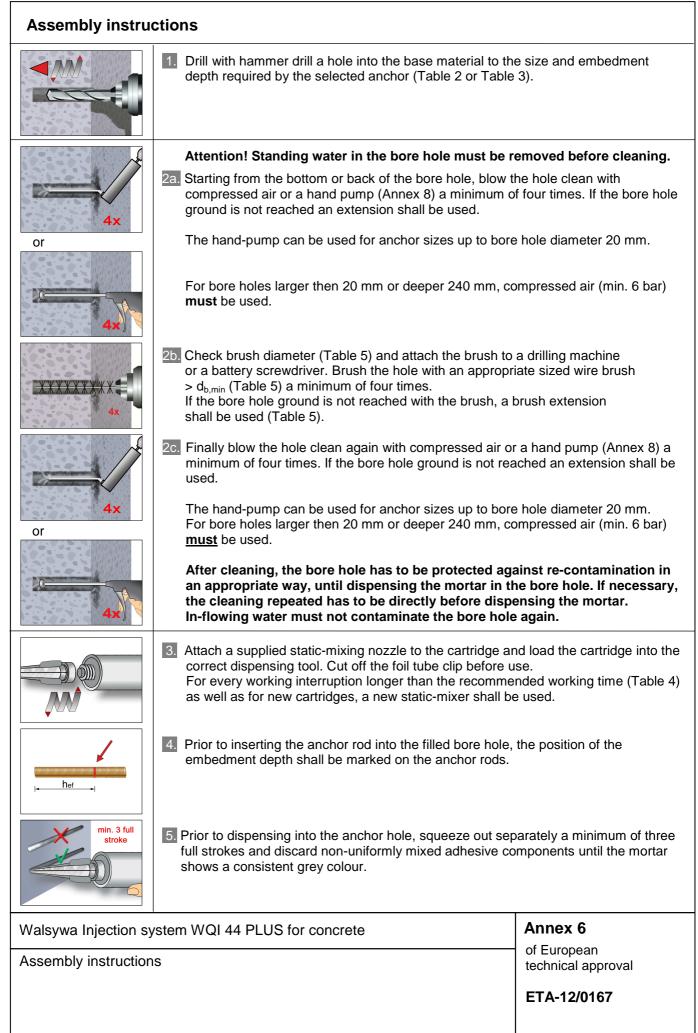
Rebar size		Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Nominal drill hole diameter	d ₀ [mm] =	12	14	16	18	20	24	32	35	40
Embedment depth and	h _{ef,min} [mm] =	60	60	70	75	80	90	100	112	128
bore hole depth	h _{ef,max} [mm] =	160	200	240	280	320	400	480	540	640
Diameter of steel brush	d _b [mm] ≥	14	16	18	20	22	26	34	37	41,5
Minimum thickness of member	h _{min} [mm]	h _{ef} + 30 mm ≥ 100 mm				ł	n _{ef} + 2d	0		
Minimum spacing	s _{min} [mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	140	160
Minimum edge distance	c _{min} [mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	140	160

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Installation parameters

Annex 5

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Assembly instru	ctions (continuation)
	6. Starting from the bottom or back of the cleaned anchor hole fill the hole up to approximately two-thirds with adhesive. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets. For embedment larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle shall be used. For overhead and horizontal installation in bore holes larger than \emptyset 20 mm a piston plug and extension nozzle (Annex 8) shall be used. Observe the gel-/ working times given in Table 4.
	7. Push the threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the anchor hole while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached.
	The anchor should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.
	8. Be sure that the anchor is fully seated at the bottom of the hole and that excess mortar is visible at the top of the hole. If these requirements are not maintained, the application has to be renewed.
+20°C	 Allow the adhesive to cure to the specified time prior to applying any load or torque. Do not move or load the anchor until it is fully cured (attend Table 4).
Tinst	 After full curing, the add-on part can be installed with the max. torque (Table 2) by using a calibrated torque wrench.

Table 4:Minimum curing time

Concrete temperature	Gelling- / working time	Minimum curing time in dry concrete ²⁾
≥ -10 ℃ ¹⁾	90 min	24 h
≥ -5 ℃	90 min	14 h
℃ ≤	45 min	7 h
≥ +5℃	25 min	2 h
≥ + 10 ℃	15 min	80 min
≥ +20 ℃	6 min	45 min
≥ + 30 ℃	4 min	25 min
≥ + 35 ℃	2 min	20 min
≥ + 40 ℃	1,5 min	15 min

1) Cartridge temperature <u>must</u> be at min. +15℃

2) In wet concrete the curing time <u>must</u> be doubled

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Assembly instructions (continuation) Curing time Annex 7

of European technical approval

Steel brush



Table 5: Parameter cleaning and setting tools

Threaded rod	Rebar	d₀ Drill bit - Ø	d _⊳ Brush - Ø	d _{b,min} min. Brush - Ø	Piston plug
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(No.)
M8		10	12	10,5	-
M10	8	12	14	12,5	-
M12	10	14	16	14,5	-
	12	16	18	16,5	-
M16	14	18	20	18,5	-
	16	20	22	20,5	-
M20	20	24	26	24,5	# 24
M24		28	30	28,5	# 28
M27	25	32	34	32,5	# 32
M30	28	35	37	35,5	# 35
	32	40	41,5	40,5	# 38



Hand pump (volume 750 ml) Drill bit diameter (d₀): 10 mm to 20 mm



Rec. compressed air tool (min 6 bar) Drill bit diameter (d₀): 10 mm to 40 mm



Piston plug for overhead or horizontal installation Drill bit diameter (d_0): 24 mm to 40 mm

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Cleaning and setting tools

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Partial safety fact Combined pullo Characteristic bo dry and wet concrete $\begin{bmatrix} 40\\ Te 80\\ Pa 1000 Pa 1000$	sion resistance, ass 5.8 sion resistance, ass 8.8 ctor sion resistance, and HCR, (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24) ctor out and concrete con ond resistance in non-content ond resistance in non-content ond resistance in non-content of resistance in non-con			M 8 18 29 26 20/25 10	M 10 29 46 41	M 12 42 67 59	110	M 20 122 196 50 171	M24176282247	M 27 230 368 230 2,8	M 30 280 449 281 36
Characteristic tens Steel, property class Characteristic tens Steel, property class Partial safety fact Characteristic tens Stainless steel A4 a property class 50 (c) Partial safety fact Combined pullo Characteristic bo dry and wet concrete 10^{-1} Te 40 Te 80 Pat flooded bore hole 1^{-1} Te 40 Rate and a safety fact (100 Pat Increasing factors non-cracked con- ψ_c Splitting failure Edge distance Partial safety fact (dry and wet con- Partial safety fact (flooded bore hol 1^{-1} In absence o	ass 5.8 sion resistance, ass 8.8 ctor sion resistance, and HCR, (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24) ctor out and concrete con- ond resistance in non-co- emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C artial safety factor emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C		[kN] [kN] concrete C	29 26 20/25	46	67 59	125 1,4 110	196 50	282	368 230	449 281
Steel, property class Partial safety fact Characteristic tens Stainless steel A4 is property class 50 (i Partial safety fact Combined pullo Characteristic bo dry and wet concrete $\begin{bmatrix} 40\\ Te 80\\ Pa dry and wet concrete \begin{bmatrix} 40\\ Te 80\\ Pa Increasing factors non-cracked content \psi_cSplitting failureEdge distancePartial safety fact(dry and wet contentPartial safety fact(flooded bore hol1^0 In absence o$	ass 8.8 ctor sion resistance, and HCR, (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24) ctor out and concrete con- ond resistance in non-co- emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C artial safety factor emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C	$\frac{\gamma_{MS,N}}{\gamma_{MS,N}}^{1)}$ $\frac{N_{Rk,s}}{\gamma_{MS,N}}^{1)}$ e failure cracked c $T_{Rk,uncr}$ $T_{Rk,uncr}$	[kN] concrete C	26	41	59	1,: 110	50		230	281
Characteristic tens Stainless steel A4 is property class 50 (i Partial safety fact Combined pullo Characteristic bo dry and wet concrete $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 40 \\ Te \\ 80 \\ Pa \\ 1 \\ 60 \\ Pa \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 60 \\ Pa \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ $	sion resistance, and HCR, $(>M24)$ and 70 ($\leq M24$) ctor out and concrete con- ond resistance in non-co- emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C artial safety factor emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C		concrete C	20/25			110		247		
Stainless steel A4 a property class 50 (c) Partial safety fact Combined pullo Characteristic bo dry and wet concrete flooded bore hole flooded bore hole Te 40 Pa 10 Pa 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	and HCR, $(>M24)$ and 70 ($\leq M24$) tor out and concrete con- ond resistance in non-co- emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C artial safety factor emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C emperature range I ⁵ :		concrete C	20/25				171	247		
Combined pullo Characteristic bo Characteristic bo dry and wet concrete flooded bore hole flooded bore hole flooded bore hole Increasing factors non-cracked concrete Vc Splitting failure Edge distance Partial safety fact (dry and wet concrete) Partial safety fact (flooded bore hole) 1) In absence o	out and concrete con- ond resistance in non-co- emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C emperature range II ⁵ : 0°C/50°C artial safety factor emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C emperature range II ⁵ :	e failure cracked c T _{Rk,uncr} T _{Rk,uncr}	concrete C [N/mm²]			1,8	87			2,8	36
Characteristic bo dry and wet concrete $ \begin{array}{c} Te \\ 40 \\ Te \\ 80 \\ Pa \\ flooded bore \\ hole 1e \\ 40 \\ Pa \\ 1creasing factors non-cracked conce \psi_c Splitting failure \\ Edge distance \\ Partial safety factors (dry and wet conce Partial safety factors (flooded bore hold $	ond resistance in non-c emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C emperature range II ⁵ : 0°C/50°C artial safety factor emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C emperature range II ⁵ :	e failure cracked c T _{Rk,uncr} T _{Rk,uncr}	concrete C [N/mm²]								
dry and wet concrete $\begin{bmatrix} 40\\ 7e\\ 80\\ Pa\\ \\ 100 \\ Pa\\ \\$	emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C emperature range II ⁵ : 0°C/50°C artial safety factor emperature range I ⁵ : 0°C/24°C emperature range II ⁵ :	$ au_{\mathrm{Rk,uncr}}$ $ au_{\mathrm{Rk,uncr}}$	[N/mm²]								
dry and wet concrete $\begin{bmatrix} 40\\ Te\\ 80\\ Pa\\ \end{bmatrix}$ flooded bore hole $\begin{bmatrix} 7e\\ 40\\ Te\\ 40\\ Te\\ 80\\ Pa\\ \end{bmatrix}$ flooded bore hole $\begin{bmatrix} 7e\\ 40\\ Te\\ 80\\ Pa\\ \end{bmatrix}$ Increasing factors non-cracked cons ψ_c Splitting failure Edge distance Partial safety fact (dry and wet cons Partial safety fact (flooded bore hol 1) In absence o	0°C/24°C emperature range II ⁵): 0°C/50°C artial safety factor emperature range I ⁵): 0°C/24°C emperature range II ⁵):	τ _{Rk,uncr}		10							
concrete 10 80PaPaflooded boreholeTe 40 Te80PaIncreasing factorsnon-cracked construction Ψ_c Splitting failureEdge distanceAxial distancePartial safety fact(dry and wet constructionPartial safety fact(flooded bore hold1) In absence or	0°C/50°C artial safety factor emperature range I ⁵⁾ : 0°C/24°C emperature range II ⁵⁾ :		[N/mm²]		12	12	12	12	11	10	9
flooded bore hole Te 80 Pa Increasing factors non-cracked content ψ_c Splitting failure Edge distance Partial safety fact (dry and wet content Partial safety fact (flooded bore hol 1) In absence o	emperature range I ⁵⁾ : 0℃/24℃ emperature range II ⁵⁾ :	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{M}$		7,5	9	9	9	9	8,5	7,5	6,5
flooded bore hole 40 Te 80 Pa Increasing factors non-cracked conv ψ_c Splitting failure Edge distance Axial distance Partial safety fact (dry and wet conv Partial safety fact (flooded bore hol 1) In absence o	0°C/24°C emperature range II ⁵⁾ :		1) p	1,5 ²⁾				1,8 ³⁾			
hole 80 Pa Increasing factors non-cracked cone Ψc Splitting failure Edge distance Axial distance Partial safety factors (dry and wet cone Partial safety factors (flooded bore hol ¹⁾ In absence o		$ au_{Rk,uncr}$	[N/mm²]	7,5	8,5	8,5	8,5				
Increasing factors non-cracked con Ψc Splitting failure Edge distance Axial distance Partial safety fact (dry and wet con Partial safety fact (flooded bore hol	0C/50C	τ _{Rk,uncr}	_{cr} [N/mm ²] 5,5 6,5 6,5 6,5 not adm				nissible				
non-cracked con ψ_c Splitting failure Edge distance Axial distance Partial safety fact (dry and wet cond Partial safety fact (flooded bore hol ¹⁾ In absence o	artial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_M$	1) p		2,	1 ⁴⁾					
Ψc Splitting failure Edge distance Axial distance Partial safety fact (dry and wet control Partial safety fact (flooded bore hol ¹⁾ In absence o	Increasing factors for		C30/37 1,04								
Splitting failure Edge distance Axial distance Partial safety fact (dry and wet com Partial safety fact (flooded bore hol	ncrete	C40/50					1,0	1,08			
Edge distance Axial distance Partial safety fact (dry and wet cont Partial safety fact (flooded bore hol		C50/60		1,10							
Axial distance Partial safety fact (dry and wet cont Partial safety fact (flooded bore hol)			[`		
Partial safety fact (dry and wet compartial safety fact (flooded bore hol		C _{cr,sp}	[mm]		1,0 ·	h _{ef} ≤2	$\cdot h_{ef} (2,$	$5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}$) ≤ 2,4	∙h _{ef}	
(dry and wet com Partial safety fact (flooded bore hol ¹⁾ In absence o		S _{cr,sp}	[mm]	2 c _{cr,sp}							
(flooded bore hol	ncrete)	γ _{Msp} ¹⁾		1,5 ²⁾				1,8 ³⁾		1	
¹⁾ In absence o		γ_{Msp} ¹⁾		2,1 ⁴⁾						-	
³⁾ The partial sa ⁴⁾ The partial sa	of other national regulatio safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is inc safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is inc safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is inc s see section 1.2	luded. luded.									
Walsywa Injecti	tion system WQI 44 I	PLUS fo	r concret	е				Anne			
Application with Design method Characteristic v	-							of Euro technic	•	roval	

Anchor size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30				
Steel failure without lever arm			L			L								
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88	115	140				
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224				
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} 1)					1,	25		<u> </u>					
Characteristic shear resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)	V _{Rk,s} [kN]		13	20	30	55	86	124	115	140				
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} 1)	•			1,	56			2,5	38				
Steel failure with lever arm									1					
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 5.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	19	37	65	166	324	560	833	1123				
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 8.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	896	1333	1797				
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} 1)													
Characteristic bending moment, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (≤ M24)	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454	784	832	1125				
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} 1)				1,	56			2,3	38				
Concrete pryout failure														
	Factor k in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of Bonded Anchors					2,0								
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} ¹⁾		1,50 ²⁾											
Concrete edge failure														
See section 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report	t TR 029) for the	desigr	of Bon	ded An	chors								
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} ¹⁾					1,5	0 ²⁾							
¹⁾ In absence of other nationa ²⁾ The partial safety factor γ_2 =	l regulati 1.0 is in	ons cluded.												
Walsywa Injection system WQI 44 I	PLUS fo	r conci	rete					opean						
Application with threaded rod Design method A: Characteristic values for shear load					ical app 12/016									

Table 8: Displacements for tension loads ¹⁾

Anchor size thre	aded rod		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30		
Temperature range 40°C/24°C												
Displacement	δ _{ΝΟ}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,021	0,023	0,026	0,031	0,036	0,041	0,045	0,049		
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,030	0,033	0,037	0,045	0,052	0,060	0,065	0,071		
Temperature ran	ige 80℃/50℃	>										
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,075	0,088	0,100	0,110	0,119		
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,108	0,127	0,145	0,159	0,172		

¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1.4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1.4$; (τ_{Sd} : design bond strength)

Table 9: Displacement for shear load ²⁾

Anchor size threaded rod		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30	
Displacement	δνο	[mm/(kN)]	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
Displacement	δ _{V∞}	[mm/(kN)]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,05

²⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; (V_d: design shear load)

Walsywa Injection system WQI 44 PLUS for concrete

Application with threaded rod Displacements

Annex 11

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Table 10: Design method A: Characteristic values for tension load

	Characteristic valu	les for	tension	load	ls							
Anchor size r	einforcing bar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure (Properties acc. to Anne	ex 4)										
Characteristic te B500 (A or B) DIN 488-2:200		N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	28	43	62	85	111	173	270	339	442
Partial safety	factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)						1,40				
Combined pu	Illout and concrete cone	e failure										
Characteristic	bond resistance in uncra	cked con	crete C20)/25								
	Temperature range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	$ au_{Rk,uncr}$	[N/mm²]	8,5	10	10	10	10	10	9,0	8,0	7,0
dry and wet concrete	Temperature range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	τ _{Rk,uncr}	[N/mm²]	6,0	7,5	7,5	7,5	7,5				5,0
	Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$	1)	1,5 ²⁾		-		1,8 ³⁾				
	Temperature range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	$ au_{Rk,uncr}$	[N/mm²]	6,0	7,5	7,5	7,5	7,5	7,5 5,5 not admissible			
flooded bore hole	Temperature range II ⁵ : 80°C/50°C	$ au_{Rk,uncr}$	[N/mm²]	4,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5				
	Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}^{1}$			2,1 ⁴⁾							
Increasing fac		C30/37						1,04				
non-cracked concrete Ψ_{c}		C40/50						1,08				
		C50/60						1,10				
Splitting failu	ire											
Edge distance)	C _{cr,sp}	[mm]	$1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \le 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \le 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$								
Axial distance		S _{cr,sp}	[mm]	2 C _{cr,sp}								
Partial safety f (dry and wet c		γ _{Msp} 1)		1,5 ²⁾ 1,8 ³⁾								
Partial safety f	factor	γ _{Msp} ¹⁾				2,1 ⁴⁾			-	-	-	-
 ²⁾ The part ³⁾ The part ⁴⁾ The part ⁵⁾ Explanat ⁶⁾ For reinf determin 	ace of other national regul ial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is ial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is ial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is tions see section 1.2 forcing bars which do not ned acc. to Technical Rep sign of post-installed reba	included included included comply w ort TR 02	l. I. vith DIN 4 29, equati	ion (5.	1).	racteris	stic res	sistanc	e N _{Rk,s}	s shall	be	
Walsywa Injection system WQI 44 PLUS for concrete Application with reinforcing bar Design method A: Characteristic values for tension loads					te Annex 12 of European technical approval ETA-12/0167					val		

Table 11:Design method A:Characteristic values for shear loads

Characteristic values for shear loads												
Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32	
Steel failure without lever arm (Pro	operties	s acc. /	Annex	4)			ı					
Characteristic shear resistance, B500 (A or B) according to DIN 488-2:2009-08 ³⁾	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	14	22	31	42	55	86	135	169	221	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{\text{Ms,V}}{}^{1)}$						1,5					
Steel failure with lever arm (Prope	rties ac	c. Ann	ex 4)									
Characteristic bending moment, B500 (A or B) according to DIN 488-2:2009-08 ⁴⁾	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}		33	65	112	178	265	518	1012	1422	2123	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{\text{Ms,V}} {}^{1)}$						1,5					
Concrete pryout failure												
Factor k in equation (5.7) of Technica TR 029 for the design of bonded and		rt					2,0					
Partial safety factor	γ_{Mcp} ¹⁾						1,50 ²⁾					
Concrete edge failure												
See section 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of Bonded Anchors												
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} ¹⁾						1,50 ²⁾					
⁴⁾ For reinforcing bars which determined acc. to Techn Regarding design of post-installed re	ical Rep	oort TR	029, e	quatior	າ (5.6b)							
Walsywa Injection system WQI 44 Application with reinforcing bar	4 PLUS	for co	oncrete)				Annex 13 of European technical approval				
Design method A: Characteristic values for shear loa	ads								1 2/016			

Table 12: Displacements for tension loads ¹⁾

Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32		
Temperature range 40°C/24°C													
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,021	0,023	0,026	0,028	0,031	0,036	0,043	0,047	0,052		
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,030	0,033	0,037	0,041	0,045	0,052	0,061	0,071	0,075		
Temperature	range 80	°C/50°C											
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,069	0,075	0,088	0,104	0,113	0,126		
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,099	0,108	0,127	0,149	0,163	0,181		

¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1.4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1.4$; (τ_{Sd} : design bond strength)

Table 13: Displacement for shear load ²⁾

Reinforcing bar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Displacement	δ _{vo}	[mm/(kN)]	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
Displacement	δ _{V∞}	[mm/(kN)]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04

 $^{2)}$ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_d / 1,4;$ Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4;$ (V_d: design shear load)

Walsywa Injection system WQI 44 PLUS for concrete

Application with reinforcing bar Displacements

Annex 14

of European technical approval