Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Zulassungsstelle für Bauprodukte und Bauarten

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

Eine vom Bund und den Ländern gemeinsam getragene Anstalt des öffentlichen Rechts

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Mitglied der EOTA

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English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Handelsbezeichnung Trade name

Zulassungsinhaber Holder of approval

Zulassungsgegenstand und Verwendungszweck

Generic type and use of construction product

Geltungsdauer: Validity:

bis to

vom

from

Herstellwerk

Manufacturing plant

Injektionssystem Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD für gerissenen Beton Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete

Hilti Aktiengesellschaft Business Unit Anchors 9494 Schaan

FÜRSTENTUM LIECHTENSTEIN

Verbunddübel in den Größen Ø 8 mm bis Ø 32 mm zur Verankerung im Beton

Bonded anchor in the size of \emptyset 8 mm to \emptyset 32 mm for use in concrete

16 May 2013

16 May 2018

Hilti Werke

Diese Zulassung umfasst This Approval contains 42 Seiten einschließlich 33 Anhänge 42 pages including 33 annexes

Diese Zulassung ersetzt This Approval replaces ETA-07/0260 mit Geltungsdauer vom 09.11.2012 bis 09.11.2017 ETA-07/0260 with validity from 09.11.2012 to 09.11.2017





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I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
 - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC² and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³;
 - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998⁴, as amended by Article 2 of the law of 8 November 2011⁵;
 - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁶;
 - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete Part 5: Bonded anchors", ETAG 001-05.
- Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12

Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1

Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25

Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812

⁵ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2011, p. 2178

Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



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II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

1 Definition of product and intended use

1.1 Definition of the construction product

The "Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD for cracked concrete" is a bonded anchor consisting of a foil pack with injection mortar Hilti HIT-RE 500–SD and a steel element. The elements are made of zinc coated steel (threaded rods HIT-V, internal sleeve HIS-N), reinforcing bar, stainless steel (threaded rods HIT-V-R, internal sleeve HIS-RN, tension anchor HZA-R) or high corrosion resistant steel (threaded rods HIT-V-HCR).

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between steel element, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration of the product and intended use is given in Annex 1 and 2.

1.2 Intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106 EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences. Safety in case of fire (Essential Requirement 2) is not covered in this European technical approval.

The anchor is to be used only for anchorages subject to static or quasi-static loading in reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at most according to EN 206:2000-12.

The anchor may be anchored in cracked and non-cracked concrete.

The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete; it must not be installed in flooded holes.

The anchor may also be used under seismic action for performance category C1 according to Annex 32.

The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete; it must not be installed in flooded holes.

The anchor may be used in the following temperature ranges:

Temperature range I:
-40 °C to +40 °C

(max long term temperature +24 °C and max short term temperature +40 °C)

Temperature range II:
-40 °C to +58 °C

(max long term temperature +35 °C and max short term temperature +58 °C)

Temperature range III:
-40 °C to +70 °C

(max long term temperature +43 °C and

max short term temperature +70 °C)

Elements made of zinc coated steel (threaded rods HIT-V, internal sleeve HIS-N):

The element made of electroplated or hot-dipped galvanised steel may only be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions.

<u>Elements made of stainless steel (threaded rods HIT-V-R, internal sleeve HIS-RN, Tension anchor HZA-R):</u>

The element made of stainless steel 1.4401, 1.4404, 1.4578, 1.4571, 1.4439 or 1.4362, may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure to permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with



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extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Elements made of high corrosion resistant steel (threaded rods HIT-V-HCR):

The element made of high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529 or 1.4565 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Elements made of reinforcing bars:

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 only. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with post-installed reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004 are not covered by this European technical approval.

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

2.1 Characteristics of the product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in the Annexes. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in the Annexes shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation⁷ of this European technical approval.

The characteristic values for the design of anchorages are given in the Annexes.

The two components of the injection mortar are delivered in unmixed condition in foil packs of sizes 330 ml, 500 ml or 1.400 ml according to Annex 1. Each foil pack is marked with the identifying mark "HILTI HIT-RE 500-SD", with the production date and expiry date.

Each threaded rod HIT-V is marked with the marking of steel grade and length in accordance with Annex 3. Each threaded rod made of stainless steel is marked with the additional letter "R". Each threaded rod made of high corrosion resistant steel is marked with the additional letter "HCR".

Each internal sleeve made of zinc coated steel is marked with "HIS-N" according to Annex 4. Each internal sleeve made of stainless steel is marked with "HIS-RN" according to Annex 4.

Explanations of the markings are given in the Annexes.

Elements made of reinforcing bars shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 5.

Elements made of Tension anchor HZA-R shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 6.

The marking of embedment depth may be done on jobsite.

The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.



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2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Anchors for use in concrete", Part 1 "Anchors in general" and Part 5 "Bonded anchors", on the basis of Option 1 and ETAG 001 Annex E "Assessment of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action".

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 96/582/EG of the European Commission⁸ system 2(i) (referred to as System 1) of the attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
 - (1) factory production control;
 - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed control plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
 - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
 - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

3.2 Responsibilities

3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial/raw/constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996



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The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.⁹

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the

- initial type-testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control,

in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the anchor. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the producer (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the number of the guideline for European technical approval,
- use category (ETAG 001-1, Option 1, seismic performance category C1),
- size.

The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



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Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

4.2 Design of anchorages

The fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following conditions:

The anchorages are designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors "10 and EOTA Technical Report TR 045 "Design of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action" under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.

Anchorages shall be positioned outside of critical regions (e.g. plastic hinges) of the concrete structure. Fastenings in stand-off installation or with a grout layer under seismic action are not covered by this European technical approval.

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 only. The basic assumptions for the design according to anchor theory shall be observed. This includes the consideration of tension and shear loads and the corresponding failure modes as well as the assumption that the base material (concrete structural element) remains essentially in the serviceability limit state (either non-cracked or cracked) when the connection is loaded to failure. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004 (e.g. connection of a wall loaded with tension forces in one layer of the reinforcement with the foundation) are not covered by this European technical approval.

For the internal sleeve HIS-(R)N material and required strength class of the fastening screws or threaded rods shall be specified in accordance with Annex 7. The minimum and maximum thread engagement length h_s of the fastening screw or the threaded rod for installation of the fixture shall be met the requirements according to Annex 4, Table 2. The length of the fastening screw or the threaded rod shall be determined depending on thickness of fixture, admissible tolerances, available thread length and minimum and maximum thread engagement length hs.

Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored.

The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).

The Technical Report TR 029 "Design of Bonded Anchors" is published in English on EOTA website www.eota.eu.

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4.3 Installation of anchors

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the anchor is installed as follows:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components of an anchor,
- commercial standard threaded rods, washers and hexagon nuts may also be used if the following requirements are fulfilled:
 - material, dimensions and mechanical properties of the metal parts according to the specifications given in Annex 7, Table 5,
 - confirmation of material and mechanical properties of the metal parts by inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204:2004, the documents should be stored,
 - marking of the threaded rod with the envisage embedment depth. This may be done by the manufacturer of the rod or the person on jobsite.
- embedded reinforcing bars shall comply with specifications given in Annex 5,
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which the anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the concrete to which the characteristic loads apply,
- check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids,
- marking and keeping the effective anchorage depth,
- edge distance and spacing not less than the specified values without minus tolerances,
- positioning of the drill holes without damaging the reinforcement,
- drilling by hammer-drilling or Hilti hollow drilling only,
- in case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,
- the anchor must not be installed in flooded holes,
- cleaning the drill hole in accordance with Annexes 8 to 10,
- for overhead installation piston plugs shall be used, embedded parts shall be fixed during the curing time, e.g. with wedges,
- for injection of the mortar in bore holes ≥ 250 mm piston plugs shall be used,
- the anchor component installation temperature shall be at least +5 °C; during curing of the chemical mortar the temperature of the concrete must not fall below +5 °C; observing the curing time according to Annex 10. Table 7 until the anchor may be loaded.
- fastening screws or threaded rods (including nut and washer) for the internal sleeves HIS-(R)N must be made of appropriate steel grade and property class,
- installation torque moments are not required for functioning of the anchor. However, the torque moments given in Annexes 3, 4 and 6, respectively, must not be exceeded.



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5 Recommendations concerning packaging, transport and storage

5.1 Responsibility of the manufacturer

It is in the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to as well as sections 4.2 and 4.3 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval. In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

The minimum data required are:

- drill bit diameter,
- hole depth,
- diameter of anchor rod,
- minimum effective anchorage depth,
- information on the installation procedure, including cleaning of the hole with the cleaning equipments, preferably by means of an illustration,
- anchor component installation temperature,
- ambient temperature of the concrete during installation of the anchor,
- admissible processing time (open time) of the mortar,
- curing time until the anchor may be loaded as a function of the ambient temperature in the concrete during installation,
- maximum torque moment,
- identification of the manufacturing batch.

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.

5.2 Packaging, transport and storage

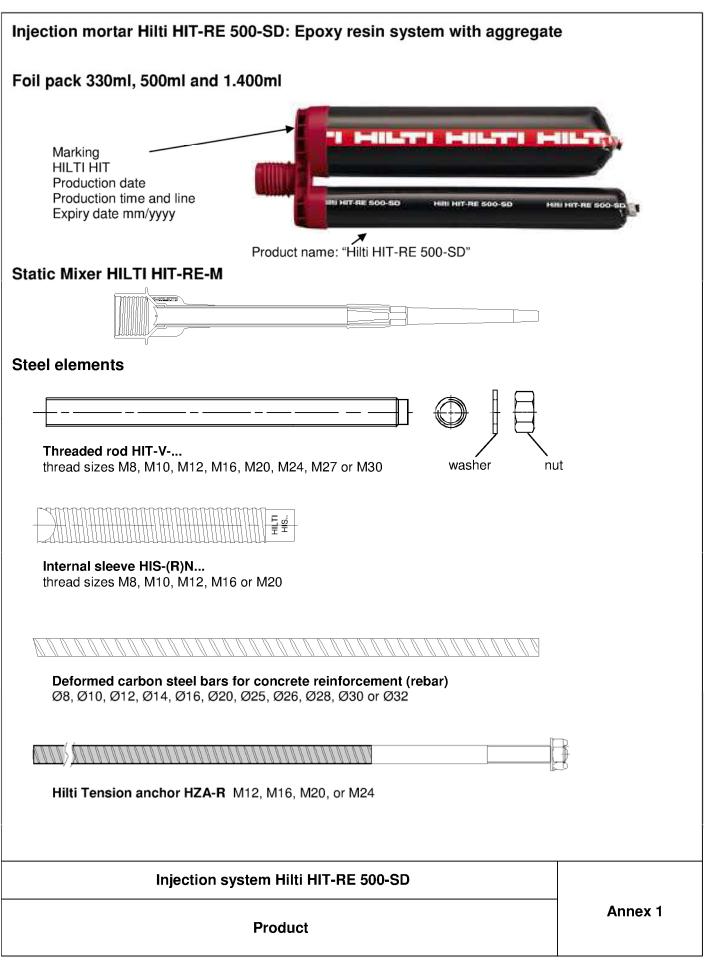
The foil packs shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacturer's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5 °C to not more than +25 °C.

Foil packs with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit. Foil packs may be packed separately from steel elements.

Uwe Benderbeglaubigt:Head of DepartmentLange





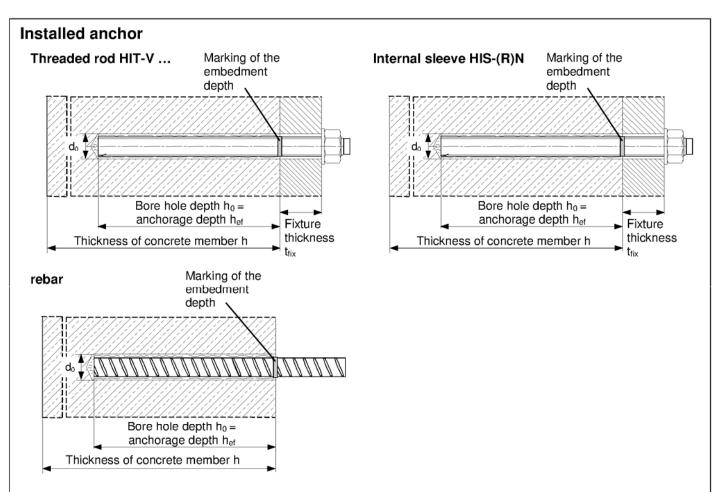


Table 1: Overview use categories and performance categories

		Drilling	method		HIT-RE 500-SD with			
		Hilti hollow drill bit	Hammer drilling	HIT-V	Rebar	HIS-(R)N	HZA-R	
			CXXX		V/V/V/V/V/V/V/V/V/V/V/V/V/V/V/V/V/V/V/	MARKAMANIA	0)))))))	
Static and quasi static loading, in cracked and non-cracked concrete		✓	✓	Annex 12, 13, 14	Annex 15, 16, 17	Annex 18, 19, 20	Annex 21, 22, 23	
Seismic performance category C1		✓	✓	Annex 24, 25	Annex 26, 27	Annex 28, 29	Annex 30, 31	
Use category	r: dry or wet concrete	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	
Installation te	mperature	+5℃ to +40℃						
	Temperature range I:	-40℃ to -		(max long term temperature +24℃ and max short term temperature +40℃)				
In-service temperature	Temperature range II:	-40℃ to +58℃		(max long term temperature $+35^{\circ}$ C and max short term temperature $+58^{\circ}$ C)				
	Temperature range III:	-40℃ to +70℃		(max long term temperature +43℃ and max short term temperature +70℃)				

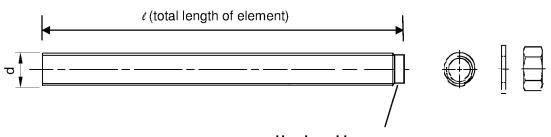
Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	
Installed anchor and intended use	Annex 2



Table 2: Installation parameters of threaded roo	J HIT-V
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HIT-V			М8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Diameter of element	d	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Range of effective	min	[mm]	40	40	48	64	80	96	108	120
anchorage depth h _{ef} and depth of drilled hole h _o	max	[mm]	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Nominal diameter of drill bit	d_0	[mm]	10	12	14	18	24	28	30	35
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture 1)	d _f ≤	[mm]	9	12	14	18	22	26	30	33
Maximum torque moment	T_{max}	[Nm]	10	20	40	80	150	200	270	300
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]	h _{ef} + 30 mm		h _{ef} + 2 x d ₀					
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150

for larger clearance hole in the fixture see TR029 section 1.1



Head marking:

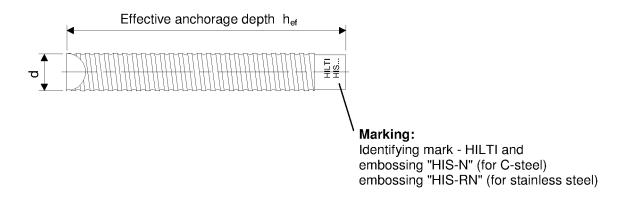
 $5.8 - \ell = HIT-V-5.8 M...x \ell$ $5.8F - \ell = HIT-V-5.8F M...x \ell$ $8.8 - \ell = HIT-V-8.8 M...x \ell$ $8.8F - \ell = HIT-V-8.8F M...x \ell$ $R - \ell = HIT-V-R M...x \ell$ $R - \ell = HIT-V-R M...x \ell$

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD Installation parameters Threaded rod HIT-V-...



Table 3: Installation parameters of internal sleeve HIS-(R)N

HIS-(R)N			М8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Diameter of element	d	[mm]	12,5	16,5	20,5	25,4	27,6
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	90	110	125	170	205
Nominal diameter of drill bit	d _o	[mm]	14	18	22	28	32
Depth of drilled hole	h ₀	[mm]	90	110	125	170	205
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d _f ≤	[mm]	9	12	14	18	22
Maximum torque moment	T_{max}	[Nm]	10	20	40	80	150
Thread engagement length min-max	h _s	[mm]	8-20	10-25	12-30	16-40	20-50
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]	120	150	170	230	270
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	40	45	55	65	90
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	40	45	55	65	90



Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Installation parameters
Internal sleeve HIS-(R)N

Annex 4



Table 4: Installation parameters of anchor element rebar

Rebar			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Diameter of element	d	[mm]	8	10	12	14	16	20	25	26	28	30	32
Range of effective	min	[mm]	60	60	70	80	80	90	100	104	115	120	130
anchorage depth h _{ef} and depth of drilled hole h ₀	max	[mm]	160	200	240	280	320	400	500	520	540	600	660
Nominal diameter of drill bit	d_0	[mm]	10 12 ¹⁾	12 14 ¹⁾	14 16 ¹⁾	18	20	25	32	32	35	37	40
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]	h _{ef} + 30 mm		h _{ef} + 2 x d ₀								
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	130	140	150	160
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	130	140	150	160

¹⁾ Each of the two given values can be used

Rebar

Refer to EN1992-1-1 Annex C Table C.1 and C.2N Properties of reinforcement:

Product form		Bars and de-coiled rods			
Class		В	С		
Characteristic yield strength fyk o	r f _{0,2k} (MPa)	400 to	600		
Minimum value of $k = (f_t/f_y)k$		≥ 1,08	≥ 1,15 < 1,35		
Characteristic strain at maximum	r force, ε _{uk} (%)	≥ 5,0	≥ 7,5		
Bendability		Bend / Rel	Bend / Rebend test		
Maximum deviation from	Nominal bar size (mm)				
nominal mass	≤ 8	± 6	,0		
(individual bar) (%)	> 8	± 4	,5		
Bond:	Nominal bar size (mm)				
Minimum relative rib area, f _{R,min} (determination according to	8 to 12	0,04	40		
EN 15630)	> 12	0,0	56		

Height of the rebar rib h_{rib}:

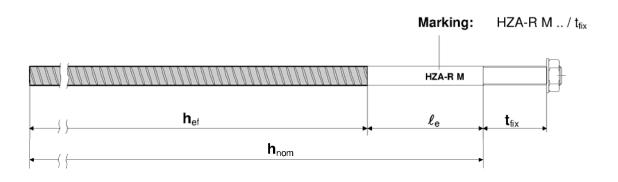
The height of the rebar rib h_{rib} shall fulfill the following requirement: $0.05*d \le h_{rib} \le 0.07*d$ with: $d_1 =$ nominal diameter of the rebar element

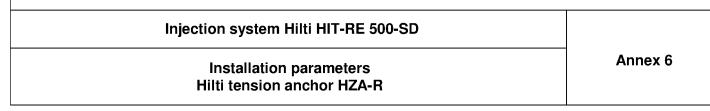
Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	
Installation parameters rebar	Annex 5



Table 5: Installation parameters of Hilti tension anchor HZA-R

HZA-R			M12	M16	M20	M24	
Diameter of the reinforcement bar	d	[mm]	12	16	20	25	
Range of embedment	min	[mm]	170	180	190	200	
depth h _{nom} and depth of drilled hole h ₀	max	[mm]	240	320	400	500	
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	n] h _{nom} – 100 mm				
Length of smooth shaft	ℓ_{e}	[mm]	100				
Nominal diameter of drill bit	d ₀	[mm]	16	20	25	32	
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d _f ≤	[mm]	14	18	22	26	
Maximum torque moment	T _{max}	[Nm]	40	80	150	200	
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]	h _{nom} + 2 x d _o				
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	60	80	100	120	
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	60	80	100	120	







Tab	ıle (6:	Materi	als

Table 6: Materi	ais								
Designation	Material								
Metal parts made of rebar									
Rebar	See Annex 5								
Metal parts made of zinc coated steel									
Threaded rod HIT-V-5.8(F)	Strength class 5.8 , R_m = 500 N/mm²; $R_{p0,2}$ = 400 N/mm², A5 > 8% Ductile Steel galvanized \geq 5 μ m EN ISO 4042 (F) hot dipped galvanized \geq 45 μ m EN ISO 10684								
Threaded rod HIT-V-8.8(F)	Strength class 8.8 , R_m = 800 N/mm²; $R_{p0,2}$ = 640 N/mm², A5 > 8% Ductile Steel galvanized \geq 5 μ m EN ISO 4042 (F) hot dipped galvanized \geq 45 μ m EN ISO 10684								
Washer ISO 7089	Steel galvanized EN ISO 4042; hot dipped galvanized EN ISO 10684								
Nut EN ISO 4032	Strength class 8 ISO 898-2 Steel galvanized ≥ 5µm EN ISO 4042; hot dipped galvanized ≥ 45µm EN ISO 10684								
Internally threaded Sleeves 1) HIS-N	Carbon steel 1.0718, EN 10277-3 Steel galvanized ≥ 5μm EN ISO 4042								
Metal parts made of	Metal parts made of stainless steel								
Threaded rod HIT-V-R	For \leq M24: strength class 70 ,R _m = 700 N/mm ² ; R _{p 0,2} = 450 N/mm ² ; A5 > 8% Ductile For > M24: strength class 50 ,R _m = 500 N/mm ² ; R _{p 0,2} = 210 N/mm ² ; A5 > 8% Ductile Stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088								
Washer ISO 7089	Stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088								
Nut EN ISO 4032	Strength class 70 EN ISO 3506-2 Stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088								
Internally threaded sleeves ²⁾ HIS-RN	Stainless steel 1.4401 and 1.4571 EN 10088								
Hilti tension anchor HZA-R	Round steel smooth with thread: stainless steel 1.4404, 1.4362 and 1.4571 EN 10088 Rebar B500-B acc. DIN 488-1:2009 and DIN 488-2:2009								
Washer ISO 7089	Stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088								
Nut EN ISO 4032	Strength class 70 EN ISO 3506-2 Stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088								
Metal parts made of high corrosion resistant steel									
Threaded rod HIT-V-HCR	For \leq M20: $R_m = 800 \text{ N/mm}^2$; $R_{p0,2} = 640 \text{ N/mm}^2$, A5 > 8% Ductile For > M20: $R_m = 700 \text{ N/mm}^2$; $R_{p0,2} = 400 \text{ N/mm}^2$, A5 > 8% Ductile High corrosion resistant steel 1.4529, 1.4565 EN 10088								
Washer ISO 7089	High corrosion resistant steel 1.4529, 1.4565 EN 10088								
Nut EN ISO 4032	Strength class 70 EN ISO 3506-2 High corrosion resistant steel 1.4529, 1.4565 EN 10088								

related fastening screw: strength class 8.8 EN ISO 898-1, A5 > 8% Ductile, steel galvanized ≥ 5μm EN ISO 4042 related fastening screw: strength class 70 EN ISO 3506-1, A5 > 8% Ductile, stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578;

1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088

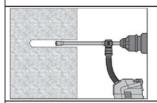
Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	
Materials	Annex 7



Installation instruction

Bore hole drilling

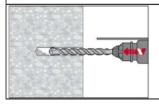
a) Hilti Hollow drill bit



Drill hole to the required embedment depth with an appropriately sized Hilti TE-CD or TE-YD hollow drill bit with Hilti vacuum attachment. This drilling system removes the dust and cleans the bore hole during drilling when used in accordance with the user's manual.

After drilling is complete, proceed to the "injection preparation" step in the instructions for use.

b) Hammer drilling



Drill hole to the required embedment depth with a hammer drill set in rotation-hammer mode using an appropriately sized carbide drill bit.

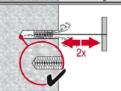
Bore hole cleaning Just before setting an anchor, the bore hole must be free of dust and debris.

Compressed air cleaning (CAC) for all bore hole diameters do and all bore hole depth ho



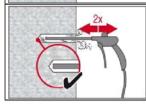
Blow 2 times from the back of the hole (if needed with nozzle extension) over the hole length with oil-free compressed air (min. 6 bar at 6 m³/h) until return air stream is free of noticeable dust.

Bore hole diameter \geq 32 mm the compressor must supply a minimum air flow of 140 m³/hour.



Brush 2 times with the specified brush size (brush $\emptyset \ge$ bore hole \emptyset , see Table 8) by inserting the steel brush Hilti HIT-RB to the back of the hole (if needed with extension) in a twisting motion and removing it.

The brush must produce natural resistance as it enters the bore hole -- if not the brush is too small and must be replaced with the proper brush diameter.



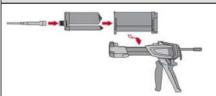
Blow again with compressed air 2 times until return air stream is free of noticeable dust.

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Installation instruction

Annex 8

Injection preparation



Tightly attach new Hilti mixing nozzle HIT-RE-M to foil pack manifold (snug fit). Do not modify the mixing nozzle.

Observe the instruction for use of the dispenser.

Check foil pack holder for proper function. Do not use damaged foil packs / holders.

Insert foil pack into foil pack holder and put holder into HIT-dispenser.



Discard initial adhesive. The foil pack opens automatically as dispensing is initiated. Depending on the size of the foil pack an initial amount of adhesive has to be discarded.

Discard quantities are 3 strokes

3 strokes for 330 ml foil pack, 4 strokes for 500 ml foil pack, 65 ml foil pack

Inject adhesive from the back of the borehole without forming air voids

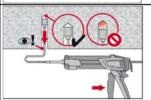


Inject the adhesive starting at the back of the hole, slowly withdrawing the mixer with each trigger pull.

Fill holes approximately 2/3 full, or as required to ensure that the annular gap between the anchor and the concrete is completely filled with adhesive along the embedment length.



After injection is completed, depressurize the dispenser by pressing the release trigger. This will prevent further adhesive discharge from the mixer.



Overhead installation and/or installation with embedment depth h_{ef} > 250mm.

For overhead installation the injection is only possible with the aid of extensions and piston plugs. Assemble HIT-RE-M mixer, extension(s) and appropriately sized piston plug (see Table 8). Insert piston plug to back of the hole and inject adhesive. During injection the piston plug will be naturally extruded out of the bore hole by the adhesive pressure.

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Installation instruction

Annex 9

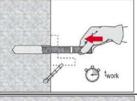
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Setting the element

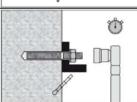


Before use, verify that the element is dry and free of oil and other contaminants.

Mark and set element to the required embedment depth until working time t_{work} has elapsed. The working time t_{work} is given in Table 7.



For overhead installation use piston plugs and fix embedded parts with e.g. wedges



Loading the anchor:

After required curing time t_{cure} (see Table 7) the anchor can be loaded. The applied installation torque shall not exceed the values T_{max} given in Tables 2, 3 and 5.

Table 7: Working time and minimum curing time

Temperature in the anchorage base	Maximum working time t _{work}	Minimum curing time t _{cure}
[℃]	[min]	[h]
5 to 9	120	72
10 to 14	90	48
15 to 19	30	24
20 to 29	20	12
30 to 39	12	8
40	12	4

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Annex 10

Table 8: Borehole diameter specific installation tools

	Elements			Drill and clean		Installation
HIT-V	HIS-N	Rebar HZA(-R)	Hilti hollow drill bit TE-CD TE-YD	Hammer drilling TE-C, TE-Y	Brush	Piston plug
	Manananana		E			
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	d ₀ [mm]	d ₀ [mm]	HIT-RB	HIT-SZ
8	-	8	-	10	10	-
10	-	8/10	12	12	12	12
12	8	10 / 12	14	14	14	14
-	-	12	16	16	16	16
16	10	14	18	18	18	18
-	-	16	20	20	20	20
-	12	-	22	22	22	22
20	-	-	24	24	24	24
-	-	20	25	25	25	25
24	16	-	28	28	28	28
27	-	-	-	30	30	30
-	20	25 / 26	32	32	32	32
30	-	28	-	35	35	35
-	-	30	-	37	37	37
-	-	32	-	40	40	40

Cleaning alternatives

Automatic cleaning with Hilti hollow drill bit:

Cleaning is performed during drilling with Hilti TE-CD and TE-YD drilling system including vacuum cleaner.



Compressed air cleaning (CAC):

Air nozzle with an orifice opening of minimum 3,5 mm in diameter.



Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Working time, curing time Borehole diameter specific installation tools

Annex 11

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Table 9: Characteristic values for tension loads for threaded rod HIT-V in case of static and quasi-static loading

		9								
HIT-RE 500-SD with HIT-V			М8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Steel failure										
Char. resistance HIT-V-5.8(F)	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	18	29	42	79	123	177	230	281
Char. resistance HIT-V-8.8(F)		[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282	367	449
Partial safety factor	$N_{\text{Rk,s}}$ $\gamma_{\text{Ms,N}}$ 1)	[-]								
Char. resistance HIT-V-R	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	230	281
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)	[-]			1,	87			2,8	36
Char. resistance HIT-V-HCR	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	247	321	393
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)	[-]			1,5				2,1	
Combined pullout and concr	ete cone	failure 4)								
Diameter of element	d	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Characteristic bond resistance	in non-cra	acked conc	rete C2	0/25						
Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40℃/24℃	$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	16	16	16	15	15	14	14	13
Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 58℃/35℃	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm ²]	13	13	13	12	12	11	11	11
Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 70℃/43℃	$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	8	8	8	7,5	7	7	6,5	6,5
Characteristic bond resistance	in cracke	d concrete	C20/25							
Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40℃/24℃	$ au_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	8	8	7,5	7	7	7	6,5	6
Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 58℃/35℃	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm ²]	6,5	6	6	6	5,5	5,5	5	5
Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 70℃/43℃	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4	3,5	3,5	3,5	3	3	3	3
	_	C30/37				1,	04		•	
Increasing factors for τ_{Rk}	Ψο	C40/50				1,	07			
		C50/60				1,	09			
Splitting failure 4)										
	h /	⁄ h _{ef} ⁶⁾ ≥ 2,0	,	1,0 ⋅ h _{ef}		h/h _{ef} 4				
Edge distance c _{cr.sp} [mm] for	2,0 > h /	′ h _{ef} ⁶⁾ > 1,3			1,3		\ -			
-	h /	⁄ h _{ef} ⁶⁾ ≤ 1,3	1,0 net 2,26 net Cor.sp							
Spacing	$S_{\text{cr,sp}}$	[mm]					C _{cr,sp}			
Partial safety factors for con			rete co		splitting	g failure	•			
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mp} =$	· γ _{Mc} =γ _{Msp}	1) [-]		1,8 ²⁾				2,1 ³⁾		

In absence of other national regulations

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD Annex 12 Characteristic values for tension loads for threaded rod HIT-V in case of static and quasi-static loading

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included.

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2=1.4$ is included. Calculaution of concrete failure and splitting see chapter 4.2.1

Explanation in chapter 1.2

h = base material thickness; hef = anchorage depth

English translation prepared by DIBt



Table 10: Characteristic values for shear loads of threaded rod HIT-V in case of static and quasi-static loading

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIT-V			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Steel failure without lever arr	n ³⁾									
Char. resistance HIT-V-5.8(F)	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88	115	140
Char. resistance HIT-V-8.8(F)	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Char. resistance HIT-V-R	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	115	140
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-HCR	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	124	161	196
Steel failure with lever arm		•								
Char. resistance HIT-V-5.8(F)	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	19	37	66	167	325	561	832	1125
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-8.8(F)	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	898	1332	1799
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-R	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	26	52	92	233	454	786	832	1124
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-HCR	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	520	786	1165	1574
Partial safety factors for stee	l failure	•		•						
HIT-V-5.8(F) or HIT-V-8.8 (F)	γ _{Ms,V} 1)	[-]				1,2	25			
HIT-V-R	γ _{Ms,V} 1)	[-]			1,	56			2,3	38
HIT-V-HCR	γ _{Ms,V} 1)	[-]			1,25				1,75	
Concrete pry-out failure		•								
Factor in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors	k	[-]	1,0 (h _{ef} < 60mm) 2,0 (h _{ef} ≥ 60mm)							
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp,V} 1)	[-]				1,5	5 ²⁾			
Concrete edge failure			_					_		
See chapter 5.2.3.4 of Technic	al Report T	R 029 for	the des	ign of bo	onded a					
Partial safety factor	γ̃Mc	[-]	-] 1,5 ²⁾							

In absence of national regulations

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Characteristic values for shear loads
for threaded rod HIT-V in case of static and quasi-static loading

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.

Acc. to chapter 4.2.2 commercial standard rods that fulfill the ductility requirement $A_5 > 8\%$ (see table 6) can be used only



Table 11: Displacements under tension load 1) of anchor rod HIT-V in case of static and quasi-static loading

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIT-	٧		М8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30		
Non-cracked concrete, ter	nperature	range I ²⁾ : 40℃/2	24℃									
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,02	0,02	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,06	0,06	0,07		
Displacement -	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,04	0,05	0,06	0,08	0,11	0,13	0,15	0,17		
Non-cracked concrete, ter	Non-cracked concrete, temperature range II ² : 58℃/35℃											
Displacement -	δ_{N0}	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,07	0,09	0,11	0,13	0,14		
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$	0,07	0,09	0,10	0,14	0,18	0,22	0,25	0,28		
Non-cracked concrete, temperature range III ²⁾ : 70℃/43℃												
Displacement —	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,07	0,09	0,10	0,14	0,18	0,22	0,25	0,28		
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$	0,09	0,12	0,15	0,20	0,26	0,31	0,35	0,40		
Cracked concrete, temper	ature ran	ge I ²⁾ : 40℃/24℃										
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,05	0,06	0,07	0,08	0,08		
Displacement -	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$				0,2	23					
Cracked concrete, temper	ature ran	ge II ²⁾ : 58℃/35℃	;									
Displacement -	δ_{N0}	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$	0,07	0,08	0,09	0,11	0,13	0,14	0,15	0,17		
Displacement	$\delta_{ m N}$ [mm/(N/mm²)] 0,38											
Cracked concrete, temper	ature ran	ge III ²⁾ : 70℃/43℃										
Displacement -	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,14	0,16	0,18	0,22	0,25	0,28	0,31	0,33		
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,54									

Calculation of displacement under service load: τ_{Sd} design value of bond stress Displacement under short term loading = δ_{N0} x τ_{Sd} / 1,4

Table 12: Displacements under shear load ¹⁾ of anchor rod HIT-V in case of static and quasi-static loading

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIT-V			М8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Displacement	δ_{V0}	[mm/kN]	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
Displacement	$\delta_{V_{\infty}}$	[mm/kN]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,05

Calculation of displacement under service load: V_{sd} design value of shear load Displacement under short term loading = δ_{Vo} x V_{Sd} / 1,4 Displacement under long term loading = δ_{Vo} x V_{Sd} / 1,4

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	
Displacements for threaded rod HIT-V in case of static and quasi-static loading	Annex 14

Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{N_{\infty}}$ x τ_{Sd} / 1,4

²⁾ Explanation see chapter 1.2



Table 13: Characteristic values for tension loads for rebar in case of static and quasistatic loading

Static loadii	9												
HIT-RE 500-SD with rebar			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Steel failure										•			
Characteristic resistance for rebar BSt 500 S acc. to DIN 488:2009-08 ⁷⁾	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	28	43	62	85	111	173	270	-	339	_	442
Partial safety factor for rebar BSt 500 S acc. to DIN 488:2009-08 8)	γ _{Ms,N} 1)	[-]				1,4				-	1,4	-	1,4
Combined pullout and concrete cone failure 4)													
Diameter of element	d ₁	[mm]	8	10	12	14	16	20	25	26	28	30	32
Characteristic bond resistance	e in non-cr	acked cond	rete (20/25	5								
Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40℃/24℃	$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	15	15	15	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13
Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 58℃/35℃	$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	12	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	10	10	10
Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 70℃/43℃	$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	7	7	7	7	7	6,5	6,5	6,5	6	6	6
Characteristic bond resistance in cracked concrete C20/25													
Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40℃/24℃	$ au_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	8	8	7,5	7	7	7	7	7	6,5	6	6
Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 58℃/35℃	$ au_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	6,5	6,5	6	6	6	5,5	5,5	5,5	5	5	5
Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 70℃/43℃	$ au_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,5	3	3	3	3	3	3
Increasing factors for τ_{Rk}	Ψc _	C30/37 C40/50 C50/60						1,04 1,07 1,09					
Splitting failure 4)								-					
	h /	h _{ef} ⁶⁾ ≥ 2,0		1,0 · h	ef	_	h/h _{ef}						
Edge distance c _{cr,sp} [mm] for	2,0 > h /	$h_{ef}^{6)} > 1,3$	4,6	h _{ef} - 1	,8 h	_	1,3			-			
	h /	$h_{\rm ef}^{6)} \le 1,3$		2,26 h	ef			1,1	0 h _{ef} 2	,26 h _{ef}	C _{cr,sp}		
Spacing	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]						X C _{cr,}	sp				
Partial safety factors for co	mbined pu		crete			plittin	g fail	ure					
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1}$ [-] 1,8 ² 2,1 ³												

- In absence of other national regulations
- The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included.
- The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.
- 4) Calculation of concrete failure and splitting see chapter 4.2.1
- 5) Explanation in section 1.2
- $h = base material thickness; <math>h_{ef} = anchorage depth$
- The characteristic tension resistance N_{Rk,s} for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR 029, Equation (5.1)
- The partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms,N}$ for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR 029, Equation (3.3a)

Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2.1.

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Characteristic values for tension loads
for rebar in case of static and quasi-static loading

Annex 15



Table 14: Characteristic values for shear loads for rebar in case of static and quasi-static loading

HIT-RE 500-SD with rebar			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Steel failure without lever arm													
Characteristic resistance for rebar BSt 500 S acc. to DIN 488:2009-08 3)	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	14	22	31	42	55	86	135	1	169	-	221
Steel failure with lever arm													
Characteristic resistance for rebar BSt 500 S acc. to DIN 488:2009-08 4)	${\sf M}^0_{\sf Rk,s}$	[Nm]	33	65	112	178	265	518	1012	-	1422	-	2123
Partial safety factors for steel t	ailure												
Partial safety factor for rebar BSt 500 S acc. to DIN 488:2009-08 5)	γ _{Ms,V} 1)	[-]				1,5				-	1,5	-	1,5
Concrete pry-out failure													•
Factor in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors	k	[-]						2,0					
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} 1)	[-]						1,5 ²⁾					
Concrete edge failure					_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
See chapter 5.2.3.4 of Technical		R 029 fc	r the	desigr	of bo	nded	ancho						
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} 1)	[-]						1,5 ²⁾					

In absence of national regulations

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD Annex 16 Characteristic values for shear loads for rebar in case of static and quasi-static loading

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.

The characteristic shear resistance V_{Rk.s} for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc.

Technical Report TR 029, Equation (5.5)
The characteristic bending resistance M⁰_{Rk,s} for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR 029, Equation (5.6b)

The partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms,V}$ for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR 029, Equation (3.3b) or (3.3c)



Table 15: Displacements under tension load 1) of rebar in case of static and quasi-static loading

HIT-RE 500-SD w	rith rebar		Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Non-cracked cond	rete, temperatu	re range I ²⁾ : 40℃/	24℃										
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,02	0,02	0,03	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,06	0,07	0,07	0,08	0,08
Displacement -	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,04	0,05	0,06	0,07	0,08	0,11	0,14	0,14	0,15	0,17	0,18
Non-cracked cond	rete, temperatu	re range II ²⁾ : 58℃	/35℃										
Displacement -	δ_{N0}	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,06	0,07	0,09	0,12	0,12	0,13	0,14	0,15
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$	0,07	0,09	0,10	0,12	0,14	0,18	0,23	0,24	0,26	0,28	0,30
Non-cracked concrete, temperature range III ²⁾ : 70℃/43℃													
Displacement -	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,07	0,09	0,10	0,12	0,14	0,18	0,23	0,24	0,26	0,28	0,30
Displacement -	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$	0,09	0,12	0,15	0,17	0,20	0,26	0,33	0,34	0,37	0,40	0,43
Cracked concrete	, temperature ra	nge I ²⁾ : 40℃/24℃											
Displacement -	δ_{N0}	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,06	0,07	0,07	0,08	0,09	0,09
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$						0,23					
Cracked concrete	, temperature ra	.nge II ²⁾ : 58℃/35℃)										
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,07	0,08	0,09	0,10	0,11	0,13	0,15	0,15	0,16	0,17	0,17
Displacement -	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]						0,38					
Cracked concrete	, temperature ra	nge III ²⁾ : 70℃/439	0										
Displacement -	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,14	0,16	0,18	0,20	0,22	0,25	0,29	0,30	0,32	0,34	0,35
Displacement -	δ _{N∞}	[mm/(N/mm²)]						0,54					

Calculation of displacement under service load: τ_{Sd} design value of bond stress Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{N0} \times \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$

Table 16: Displacements under shear load ¹⁾ of rebar in case of static and quasi-static loading

HIT-RE 500-SD v	rith rebar	Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Displacement -	$\delta_{ m V0}$ [mm/kl	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,03
Displacement	$\delta_{V_{\infty}}$ [mm/kl	0,09	0,08	0,07	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,04

Calculation of displacement under service load: V_{sd} design value of shear load Displacement under short term loading = δ_{V0} x V_{Sd} / 1,4 Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{V\infty}$ x V_{Sd} / 1,4

Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2.1.

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	
Displacements for rebar in case of static and quasi-static loading	Annex 17

Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{N_{\infty}} x \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$

²⁾ Explanation see chapter 1.2



Table 17: Characteristic values for tension loads for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of static and quasi-static loading

The state of the s										
HIT-RE 500-SD with HIS-(R)	N		М8	M10	M12	M16	M20			
Steel failure					•		•			
Char. resistance HIS-N with screw grade 8.8	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	25	46	67	118	109			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)	[-]	1,43	-	1,5	1,	47			
Char. resistance HIS-RN with screw grade 70	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	166			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)	[-]	,	1	,87		2,4			
Combined pullout and cond	rete cone	failure ^{4) + 7})							
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	90	110	125	170	205			
Diameter of element	d_1	[mm]	12,5	16,5	20,5	25,4	27,6			
Characteristic bond resistance		acked conci	rete C20/25							
Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40℃/24℃	N _{Rk,ucr} 7)	[kN]	40	60	95	170	200			
Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 58℃/35℃	N _{Rk,ucr} 7)	[kN]	35	50	75	140	170			
Temp. range III $^{5)}$: 70 $^{\circ}$ /43 $^{\circ}$	N _{Rk,ucr} ⁷⁾	[kN]	20	30	40	75	95			
Characteristic bond resistance	e in cracke	d concrete (C20/25							
Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40℃/24℃	N _{Rk,cr} ⁷⁾	[kN]	25	40	60	95	115			
Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 58℃/35℃	N _{Rk,cr} 7)	[kN]	20	35	40	75	95			
Temp. range III $^{5)}$: 70°C/43°C	N _{Rk,cr} ⁷⁾	[kN]	12	20	25	40	50			
	_	C30/37			1,04					
Increasing factors for N _{Rk,p}	Ψc	C40/50			1,07					
		C50/60	1,09							
Splitting failure 4)										
	h / h	l _{ef} ⁶⁾ ≥ 2,0	1,0 · h	ef	h/h _{of}					
Edge distance c _{cr,sp} [mm] for	2,0 > h/h	ef ⁶⁾ > 1,3	4,6 h _{ef} - 1	1,8 h	1,3					
_	h / h	l _{ef} ⁶⁾ ≤ 1,3	2,26 h	ef	1,0 h,	4 2,26 h _{et}	C _{cr.sp}			
Spacing	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]			2 x c _{cr,sp}					
Partial safety factors for co	mbined pu	llout, conc	rete cone a	ınd splitting	•	· ·				
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mn}$	c =γ _{Msp} 1)	[-]	1,8 ²⁾	2,1 ³⁾						

In absence of other national regulations

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Characteristic values for tension loads for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of static and quasi-static loading

Annex 18

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included.

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.

Calculation of concrete failure and splitting see chapter 4.2.1

 $[\]stackrel{5)}{\sim}$ Explanation in section 1.2

 $h = base material thickness; <math>h_{ef} = anchorage depth$

For design according TR029, the characteristic bond resistance may be calculated from the characteristic tension load values for combined pull-out and concrete cone failure according to: $\tau_{Bk} = N_{Bk} / (h_{ef} * d_1 * \pi)$



Table 18: Characteristic values for shear loads for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of static and quasi-static loading

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIS-(R)	N .		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	
			IVIO	IWITO	IVIIZ	IVITO	IVIZU	
Steel failure without lever ar	rm ³⁾							
Char. resistance HIS-N with screw grade 8.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	23	39	59	55	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)	[-]	1,	25		1,5		
Char. resistance HIS-RN with screw grade 70	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	83	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)	[-]	1,56					
Steel failure with lever arm								
Char. resistance HIS-N with screw grade 8.8	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)	[-]	1,25					
Char. resistance HIS-RN with screw grade 70	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	26	52	92	233	454	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)	[-]			1,56			
Concrete pry-out failure								
Factor in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors	k	[-]	2,0					
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} 1)	[-]	1,5 ²⁾					
Concrete edge failure								
See chapter 5.2.3.4 of Technic	cal Report T	R029 for th	ne design of	f bonded ancl				
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} 1)	[-]			1,5 ²⁾			
In abcongo of national regulation	20							

In absence of national regulations

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Characteristic values for shear loads for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of static and quasi-static loading

Annex 19

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.

Acc. to chapter 4.2.2 commercial standard screws that fulfill the ductility requirement $A_5 > 8\%$ (see table 6) can be used only



Table 19: Displacements under tension load ¹⁾ for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of static and quasi-static loading

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIS	S-(R)N		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20			
Non-cracked concrete, temperature range I ²⁾ : 40℃/24℃										
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(10kN)]	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,04	0,04			
Displacement	$\phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$	[mm/(10kN)]	0,18	0,15	0,14	0,10	0,09			
Non-cracked concrete, to	emperature	range II ²⁾ : 58℃/3	35℃							
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(10kN)]	0,15	0,13	0,12	0,09	0,07			
Displacement —	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/(10kN)]	0,31	0,26	0,23	0,17	0,15			
Non-cracked concrete, to	emperature	range III ²⁾ : 70℃/	′43℃							
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(10kN)]	0,31	0,26	0,23	0,17	0,14			
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/(10kN)]	0,43	0,36	0,33	0,24	0,20			
Cracked concrete, temperature	erature rang	e I ²⁾ : 40℃/24℃								
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(10kN)]	0,13	0,10	0,08	0,05	0,04			
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/(10kN)]	0,64	0,40	0,28	0,17	0,13			
Cracked concrete, temperature	erature rang	e II ²⁾ : 58℃/35℃								
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(10kN)]	0,26	0,19	0,16	0,11	0,09			
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/(10kN)]	1,08	0,67	0,48	0,28	0,22			
Cracked concrete, temperature		e III ²⁾ : 70℃/43℃	;							
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(10kN)]	0,52	0,39	0,32	0,22	0,18			
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/(10kN)]	1,53	0,95	0,67	0,40	0,30			

Calculation of displacement under service load: N_{Sd} design value of tension load Displacement under short term loading = δ_{N0} * N_{Sd} / (10 * 1,4) Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{N\infty}$ * N_{Sd} / (10 * 1,4)

Table 20: Displacements under shear load ¹⁾ for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of static and quasi-static loading

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIS-(R)N		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	
Displacement	δ_{V0}	[mm/kN]	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,04
Displacement	$\delta_{V^{\infty}}$	[mm/kN]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06

Calculation of displacement under service load: V_{sd} design value of shear load Displacement under short term loading = δ_{Vo} x V_{Sd} / 1,4 Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{V\infty}$ x V_{Sd} / 1,4

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	
Displacements for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of static and quasi-static loading	Annex 20

²⁾ Explanation see chapter 1.2



Table 21: Characteristic values for tension loads for tension anchor HZA-R in case of static and quasi-static loading

		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
HIT-RE 500-SD with HZA-R .			M12	M16	M20	M24	
Steel failure		-	<u>'</u>				
Characteristic resistance	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	62	111	173	248	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]		1	1,4		
Combined pullout and conci	rete cone	failure ⁴⁾					
Diameter of element	d ₁	[mm]	12	16	20	25	
Characteristic bond resistance	in non-cra	icked conc	rete C20/25				
Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40℃/24℃	τ _{Rd,ucr}	[mm]	15	14	14	13	
Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 58℃/35℃	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[mm]	12	11	11	11	
Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 70℃/43℃	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[mm]	7	7	6,5	6,5	
Characteristic bond resistance	in non-cra	cked conc	rete C20/25				
Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40℃/24℃	$ au_{Rd,cr}$	[mm]	7,5	7	7	7	
Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 58℃/35℃	τ _{Rk,cr}	[mm]	6	6	6	5,5	
Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 70℃/43℃	τ _{Rk,cr}	[mm]	3,5	3,5	3,5	3	
C30/37					,04		
Increasing factors for $ au_{Rk}$	ψ_{c}	C40/50		1	,07		
		C50/60		1	,09		
Range of effective anchorage depth for calculation of N ⁰ _{Rk,p} acc. Eq. 5.2a	min h _{ef}	[mm]	70	80	90	100	
(TR 029, 5.2.2.3 Combined pull -out and concrete cone failure)	max h _{ef}	[mm]	140	220	300	400	
Concrete cone failure 4)					•		
Range of effective anchorage depth for calculation of N ⁰ _{Rk,c} acc. Eq. 5.3a	min h _{ef}	[mm]	170	180	190	200	
(TR 029, 5.2.2.4 Concrete cone failure)	max h _{ef}	[mm]	240	320	400	500	
Splitting failure 4)							
Educ distance -	h/h	ef ⁶⁾ ≥ 2,0	1,0 · h _{ef}		h/h _{et} 2,0		
Edge distance c _{cr,sp} ————————————————————————————————————	2,0 > h / h	ef ⁶⁾ > 1,3	4,6 h _{ef} - 1,8 h				
	h / h	ef ⁶⁾ ≤ 1,3	2,26 h _{ef}	_	1,0 het 2,26 het	C _{CFAP}	
Spacing s _{cr,s}	sp	[mm]					
Partial safety factors for con		llout, cond	crete cone and				
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mp}$	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$	[-]	1,8	2)	2,	1 ³⁾	
In absonce of other national re-			,-				

In absence of other national regulations

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Characteristic values for tension loads
for tension anchor HZA-R in case of static and quasi-static loading

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,2$ is included.

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.

Calculation of concrete failure and splitting see chapter 4.2.1

Explanation in section 1.2

 $h = base material thickness; <math>h_{ef} = anchorage depth$

English translation prepared by DIBt



Table 22: Characteristic values for shear loads for tension anchor HZA-R in case of static and quasi-static loading

		M12	M16	M20	M24			
m								
$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	31 55 86						
$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	97	235	457	790			
failure			•					
γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]		1,2	25				
	·							
k	[-]	2,0						
γ _{Mcp} 1)	[-]		1,5	(2)				
al Report T	R 029 for t	he design of b	onded anchors					
γ _{Mc} 1)	[-]	1,5 2)						
	M ⁰ _{Rk,s} failure γ _{Ms} k γ _{Mop} 1) cal Report 1	m $V_{Rk,s} \qquad [kN]$ $M^{0}_{Rk,s} \qquad [Nm]$ failure $\gamma_{Ms}^{1)} \qquad [-]$ $k \qquad [-]$ $\gamma_{Mop}^{1)} \qquad [-]$ cal Report TR 029 for t	m $V_{Rk,s}$ [kN] 31 $M^0_{Rk,s}$ [Nm] 97 failure $\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$ [-] k [-] $\gamma_{Mop}^{1)}$ [-] cal Report TR 029 for the design of by	MORK,s [KN] 31 55 MORK,s [Nm] 97 235 If ailure $\gamma_{Ms}^{(1)}$ [-] 1,2 k [-] 2, $\gamma_{Mcp}^{(1)}$ [-] 1,5 cal Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			

¹⁾ In absence of national regulations

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Characteristic values for shear loads
for tension anchor HZA-R in case of static and quasi-static loading

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.



Table 23: Displacements under tension load 1) for tension anchor HZA-R in case of static and quasi-static loading

HIT-RE 500-SD with HZ	ZA-R		M12	M16	M20	M24
Non-cracked concrete, t	temperature	range I ²⁾ : 40℃	/24℃		•	
Diaplacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,03	0,4	0,05	0,06
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,06	0,08	0,11	0,14
Non-cracked concrete, t	temperature	range II ²⁾ : 58℃	2/35℃			
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,05	0,07	0,09	0,12
Displacement —	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,10	0,14	0,18	0,23
Non-cracked concrete, t	temperature	range III ²⁾ : 70৭	C/43℃			
Displacement ——	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,10	0,14	0,18	0,23
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$	0,15	0,20	0,26	0,33
Cracked concrete, temp	erature ran	ge I ²⁾ : 40℃/24℃				
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,05	0,05	0,06	0,07
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$		0,	23	
Cracked concrete, temp	erature ran	ge II ²⁾ : 58℃/35੧	C			
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,09	0,11	0,13	0,15
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]		0,	38	
Cracked concrete, temp	erature ran	ge III ²⁾ : 70℃/43	℃			
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,18	0,18 0,22		0,29
Displacement	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]		0,	54	

Calculation of displacement under service load: τ_{Sd} design value of bond stress Displacement under short term loading = δ_{No} x τ_{Sd} / 1,4 Displacement under long term loading = δ_{No} x τ_{Sd} / 1,4

Table 24: Displacements under shear load ¹⁾ for tension anchor HZA-R in case of static and quasi-static loading

HIT-RE 500-SD with HZA-R		M12	M12 M16		M24	
Displacement	δ_{V0}	[mm/kN]	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03
Displacement	$\delta_{V_{\infty}}$	[mm/kN]	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05

Calculation of displacement under service load: V_{sd} design value of shear load Displacement under short term loading = δ_{Vo} x V_{Sd} / 1,4 Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{V\infty}$ x V_{Sd} / 1,4

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	
Displacements for tension anchor HZA-R in case of static and quasi-static loading	Annex 23

²⁾ Explanation see chapter 1.2

English translation prepared by DIBt



Table 25: Characteristic values for tension loads for threaded rod HIT-V in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIT-V			М8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Steel failure				•				•		
Char. resistanceHIT-V-5.8(F)	N _{Rk,s,seis}	[kN]	18	29	42	79	123	177	230	281
Char. resistanceHIT-V-8.8(F)	$N_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282	367	449
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,seis} 1)	[-]				1	,5			
Char. resistanceHIT-V-R	$N_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	230	281
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,seis} 1)	[-]			1,	87			2,8	36
Char. resistanceHIT-V-HCR	$N_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	247	321	393
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,seis} 1)	[-]	1,5				2,1			
Combined pullout and concrete cone failure 4)										
Diameter of element	d ₁	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Characteristic bond resistance	in cracked	d concrete	C20/25	,						
Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40℃/24℃	$ au_{Rk,seis}$	[N/mm ²]	6,4	6,4	6	5,3	5	4,6	4,1	3,6
Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 58℃/35℃	τ _{Rk,seis}	[N/mm ²]	5,2	4,8	4,8	4,5	3,9	3,6	3,1	3
Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 70℃/43℃	$ au_{Rk,seis}$	[N/mm ²]	3,2	2,8	2,8	2,6	2,1	2	1,9	1,8
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mp,seis} 1)	[-]		1,8 2)				2,1 ³⁾		
Concrete cone failure 4)										
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc,seis} 1)	[-]	_	1,8 ²⁾				2,1 ³⁾		
Splitting failure 4)										
Partial safety factor	γ _{Msp,seis} 1)	[-]		1,8 ²⁾				2,1 ³⁾		

In absence of other national regulations

The definition of seismic performance category C1 is given in Annex 32

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Characteristic values for tension loads for threaded rod HIT-V in case of seismic performance category C1

Annex 24

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included.

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.

for concrete cone failure and splitting failure see Annex 33

⁵⁾ Explanation in chapter 1.2



Table 26: Characteristic values for shear loads for threaded rod HIT-V in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIT-V			М8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Steel failure without lever a	rm ³⁾									
Char. Resistance HIT-V-5.8(F)	$V_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	6	11	15	27	43	62	81	98
Char. Resistance HIT-V-8.8(F)	$V_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	11	16	24	44	69	99	129	157
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,seis} 1)	[-]	1,25							
Char. Resistance HIT-V-R	$V_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	9	14	21	39	60	87	81	98
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,seis} 1)	[-]			1,	56			2,	38
Char. Resistance HIT-V-HCR	$V_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	11	16	24	44	69	87	113	137
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,seis} 1)	[-]			1,25	•			1,75	
Concrete pry-out failure 3)										
Partial safety factor	YMc,seis 1)	[-]	1,5 ²⁾							
Concrete edge failure 3)										
Partial safety factor	γMc,seis 1)	[-]				1,	5 ²⁾			

In absence of national regulations

Table 27: Displacements under tension load for threaded rod HIT-V in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIT-V			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Displacement 1)	$\delta_{\text{N.seis}}$	[mm]	1,5	1,7	1,9	2,3	2,7	3,1	3,4	3,7

Maximum displacement during cycling (seismic event)

Table 28: Displacements under shear load for threaded rod HIT-V in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIT-V			М8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Displacement 1)	$\delta_{V,seis}$	[mm]	3,2	3,5	3,8	4,4	5,0	5,6	6,1	6,5

Maximum displacement during cycling (seismic event)

The definition of seismic performance category C1 is given in Annex 32

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	
Characteristic values for shear loads and displacements for threaded rod HIT-V in case of seismic performance category C1	Annex 25

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.

for concrete pry-out failure and concrete edge failure see Annex 33



Table 29: Characteristic values for tension loads for rebar in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with rebar			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Steel failure													
Characteristic resistance for rebar BSt 500 S acc. to DIN 488:2009-08 6)	$N_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	28	43	62	85	111	173	270	-	339	-	442
Partial safety factor for rebar BSt 500 S acc. to DIN 488:2009-08 ⁷⁾	γ̃Ms,seis ¹⁾	[-]				1,4				-	1,4	-	1,4
Combined pullout and concr	ete cone f	ailure 4)											
Diameter of element	d ₁	[mm]	8	10	12	14	16	20	25	26	28	30	32
Characteristic bond resistance	in cracked	concrete	C20/	25									
Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40℃/24℃	τ _{Rk,seis}	[N/mm ²]	6,4	6,4	6	5,4	5,3	5	4,6	4,5	4	3,6	3,4
Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 58℃/35℃	$ au_{Rk,seis}$	[N/mm ²]	5,2	5,2	4,8	4,7	4,5	3,9	3,6	3,5	3,1	3,0	2,9
Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 70℃/43℃	$ au_{Rk,seis}$	[N/mm ²]	3,2	2,8	2,8	2,7	2,6	2,1	2	1,9	1,8	1,8	1,7
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mp,seis} 1)	[-]		1,8	3 ²⁾	•				2,1 ³⁾			
Concrete cone failure 4)													
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc,seis} 1)	[-]	[-] 1,8 ²⁾ 2,1 ³⁾										
Splitting failure 4)													
Partial safety factor	γ _{Msp,seis} 1)	[-]		1,8	3 ²⁾		2,1 ³⁾						

In absence of other national regulations

The definition of seismic performance category C1 is given in Annex 32

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Characteristic values for tension loads
for rebar in case of seismic performance category C1

Annex 26

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included.

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.

for concrete cone failure and splitting failure see Annex 33

⁵⁾ Explanation in section 1.2

The characteristic tension resistance $N_{Rk,s,seis}$ for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR 029, Equation (5.1), $N_{Rk,s,seis} = N_{Rk,s}$

The partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms,seis}$ for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR 029, Equation (3.3a), $\gamma_{Ms,seis} = \gamma_{Ms}$



Table 30: Characteristic values for shear loads for rebar in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with rebar			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Steel failure without lever a	rm												
Characteristic resistance for rebar BSt 500 S acc. to DIN 488:2009-08 4)	$V_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	10	15	22	29	39	60	95	-	118	-	155
Partial safety factor for rebar BSt 500 S acc. to DIN 488:2009-08 5)	γMs,seis ¹⁾	[-]				1,5				-	1,5	-	1,5
Concrete pry-out failure 3)													
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp,seis} 1)	[-]						1,5 ²⁾					
Concrete edge failure 3)									·	·	·	·	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc,seis} 1)	[-]						1,5 2)					

In absence of national regulations

Table 31: Displacements under tension load for rebar in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with	rebar		Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Displacement 1)	$\delta_{N.seis}$	[mm]	1,5	1,7	1,9	2,1	2,3	2,7	3,2	3,3	3,5	3,7	3,9

Maximum displacement during cycling (seismic event)

Table 32: Displacements under shear load for rebar in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with	ı rebar		Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Displacement 1)	$\delta_{V,seis}$	[mm]	3,2	3,5	3,8	4,1	4,4	5,0	5,8	5,9	6,2	6,5	6,8

Maximum displacement during cycling (seismic event)

The definition of seismic performance category C1 is given in Annex 32

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	
Characteristic values for shear loads and displacements for rebar in case of seismic performance category C1	Annex 27

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.

for concrete pry-out failure and concrete edge failure see Annex 33

The characteristic shear resistance $V_{Rk,s,seis}$ for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR 029, Equation (5.5), $V_{Rk,s,seis} = 0.7 \times V_{Rk,s}$

The partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms,seis}$ for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR 029, Equation (3.3b) or (3.3c), $\gamma_{Ms,seis} = \gamma_{Ms}$



Table 33: Characteristic values for tension loads for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIS-(R)	N		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20		
Steel failure		-							
Char. resistanceHIS-N with screw grade 8.8	$N_{\text{Rk},s,\text{seis}}$	[kN]	25	46	67	118	109		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,seis} 1)	[-]	1,43	1	,5	1,	47		
Char. resistanceHIS-RN with screw grade 70	$N_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	166		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,seis} 1)	[-]		1	,87		2,4		
Combined pullout and cond	rete cone fa	ilure 4) + 6)	١						
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	90	110	125	170	205		
Diameter of element	d ₁	[mm]	12,5	16,5	20,5	25,4	27,6		
Characteristic bond resistance	e in cracked	concrete (C20/25						
Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40℃/24℃	N _{Rk,seis} 6)	[kN]	20	30	42	61	71		
Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 58℃/35℃	N _{Rk,seis} 6)	[kN]	16	26	28	48	59		
Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 70℃/43℃	N _{Rk,seis} 6)	[kN]	9,5	15	17	25	31		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mp,seis} 1)	[-]	1,8 ²⁾		2,	1 ³⁾			
Concrete cone failure 4)									
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc,seis} 1)	[-]	1,8 ²⁾	8 ²⁾ 2,1 ³⁾					
Splitting failure 4)		'							
Partial safety factor	γ _{Msp,seis} 1)	[-]	1,8 ²⁾		2,	1 ³⁾			
In abango of other national re									

In absence of other national regulations

The definition of seismic performance category C1 is given in Annex 32

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	
Characteristic values for tension loads	Annex 28
for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of seismic performance	
category C1	

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,2$ is included.

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,4$ is included.

for concrete cone failure and splitting failure see Annex 33

⁵⁾ Explanation in section 1.2

For design the characteristic bond resistance may be calculated from the characteristic tension load values for combined pull-out and concrete cone failure according to: $\tau_{Rk,seis} = N_{Rk,seis} / (h_{ef} * d_1 * \pi)$



Table 34: Characteristic values for shear loads for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIS-(R)N		М8	M10	M12	M16	M20		
Steel failure without lever a	arm	•		•			•		
Char. resistance HIS-N with screw grade 8.8	$V_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	9	16	27	41	39		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,seis} 1)	[-]	1,	25		1,5			
Char. resistance HIS-RN with screw grade 70	$V_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	9	14	21	39	58		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,seis} 1)	[-]		1,	56		2,0		
Concrete pry-out failure 3)									
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp,seis} 1)	[-]	1,5 ²⁾						
Concrete edge failure 3)		,							
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc,seis} 1)	[-]	1,5 2)						

In absence of national regulations

Table 35: Displacements under tension load for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with H	IS-(R)N		М8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Displacement 1)	$\delta_{N,seis}$	[mm]	1,5	1,7	1,9	2,3	2,7

Maximum displacement during cycling (seismic event)

Table 36: Displacements under shear load for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with HIS-(R)N		М8	M10	M12	M16	M20	
Displacement 1)	$\delta_{V,seis}$	[mm]	3,2	3,5	3,8	4,4	5,0

Maximum displacement during cycling (seismic event)

The definition of seismic performance category C1 is given in Annex 32

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	
Characteristic values for shear loads and displacements for internal threaded sleeve HIS-(R)N in case of seismic performance category C1	Annex 29

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.

for concrete pry-out failure and concrete edge failure see Annex 33

English translation prepared by DIBt



Table 37: Characteristic values for tension loads for tension anchor HZA-R in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with HZA-R			M12	M16	M20	M24
Steel failure						
Characteristic resistance	$N_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	62	111	173	248
Partial safety factor	γMs,seis 1)	[-]		1,	4	
Combined pullout and conc	rete cone fa	ilure 4)				
Diameter of element	d	[mm]	12	16	20	25
Characteristic bond resistance	e in cracked	concrete C	20/25	•		
Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40℃/24℃	$ au_{Rk,seis}$	[mm]	6	5,3	5	4,6
Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 58℃/35℃	$ au_{Rk,seis}$	[mm]	4,8	4,5	3,9	3,6
Temp. range III 5): 70℃/43℃	$ au_{Rk,seis}$	[mm]	2,8	2,6	2,1	2
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mp,seis} 1)	[-]	1	,8 ²⁾	2,	1 ³⁾
Concrete cone failure 4)						
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mc,seis}^{1}$ [-]		[-]	1	,8 ²⁾	2,	1 ³⁾
Splitting failure 4)						
Partial safety factor	γ _{Msp,seis} 1)	[-]	1	,8 ²⁾	2,	1 ³⁾

In absence of other national regulations

The definition of seismic performance category C1 is given in Annex 32

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Characteristic values for tension loads
for tension anchor HZA-R in case of seismic performance category C1

Annex 30

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included.

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.

for concrete cone failure and splitting failure see Annex 33

⁵⁾ Explanation in section 1.2



Table 38: Characteristic values for shear loads for tension anchor HZA-R in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with HZA-R			M12	M16	M20	M24
Steel failure without lever	arm					
Characteristic resistance	$V_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	22	39	60	87
Partial safety factor	γ̃Ms,seis 1)	[-]		1,5	25	
Concrete pry-out failure 3)						
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp,seis} 1)	[-]		1,	5 ²⁾	
Concrete edge failure 3)	·					
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc,seis} 1)	[-]		1,	5 ²⁾	

In absence of national regulations

Table 39: Displacements under tension load for tension anchor HZA-R in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with HZA	-R		M12	M16	M20	M24
Displacement 1)	$\delta_{N,seis}$	[mm]	1,9	2,3	2,7	3,2

Maximum displacement during cycling (seismic event)

Table 40: Displacements under shear load for tension anchor HZA-R in case of seismic performance category C1

HIT-RE 500-SD with HZA-R			M12	M16	M20	M24
Displacement 1)	$\delta_{\text{V,seis}}$	[mm]	3,8	4,4	5,0	5,8

Maximum displacement during cycling (seismic event)

The definition of seismic performance category C1 is given in Annex 32

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

Characteristic values for shear loads and displacements
for tension anchor HZA-R in case of seismic performance category C1

Annex 31

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.

for concrete pry-out failure and concrete edge failure see Annex 33

English translation prepared by DIBt



Table 41: Recommended seismic performance categories 1) for anchors

Seismicity level ^a		Importance Class acc. to EN 1998-1:2004, 4.2.5					
Class	a _g ⋅ S ^c	I II III IV					
Very low b	a _g ·S ≤ 0,05 g	No additional requirement					
Low ^b	$0.05 \ g < a_{\rm g} \cdot S \le 0.1 \ g$	C1	C1 ^d or C2 ^e C2		C2		
> low	$a_g \cdot S > 0,1 g$	C1	C2				

^a The values defining the seismicity levels may be found in the National Annex of EN 1998-1.

Table 41 relates the seismic performance categories C1 and C2 to the seismicity level and building importance class. The level of seismicity is defined as a function of the product $a_q \cdot S$, where a_q is the design ground acceleration on Type A ground and S the soil factor, both in accordance with EN 1998-1: 2004.

The value of a_q or that of the product $a_q \cdot S$ used in a Member State to define thresholds for the seismicity classes may be found in its National Annex of EN 1998-1 and may be different to the values given in Table 41. Furthermore, the assignment of the seismic performance categories C1 and C2 to the seismicity level and building importance classes is in the responsibility of each individual Member State.

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD Annex 32 Seismic performance categories

^b Definition according to EN 1998-1: 2004, 3.2.1.

 a_g = Design ground acceleration on Type A ground (EN 1998-1: 2004, 3.2.1), S = Soil factor (see e.g. EN 1998-1: 2004, 3.2.2).

C1 for attachments of non-structural elements

C2 for connections between structural elements of primary and/or secondary seismic members

The seismic performance of anchors subjected to seismic loading is categorized by performance categories C1 and C2.





Table 42: Reduction factor αseis

Loading	Failure mode	Single anchor 1)	Anchor group
	Steel failure	1,0	1,0
tension	Combined pull-out and concrete cone failure	1,0	0,85
	Concrete cone failure	0,85	0,75
	Splitting failure	1,0	0,85
	Steel failure	1,0	0,85
shear	Concrete edge failure	1,0	0,85
	Concrete pry-out failure	0,85	0,75

In case of tension loading single anchor also addresses situations where only 1 anchor in a group of anchors is subjected to tension.

Information regarding seismic design

The seismic design shall be carried out according to the TR 045 "Design of Metal Anchors Under Seismic Action". For every failure mode the characteristic seismic resistance $R_{k,seis}$ of a fastening shall be determined as follows:

$$R_{k,seis} = \alpha_{gap} \cdot \alpha_{seis} \cdot R_{k,seis}^{0}$$

where

 α_{gap}

reduction factor to take into account inertia effects due to an annular gap between anchor and fixture in case of shear loading;

- = 1,0 in case of no hole clearance between anchor and fixture;
- = 0,5 in case of connections with standard hole clearance according TR 029, Table 4.1

 $a_{\it seis}$

reduction factor to take into account the influence of large cracks and scatter of load displacement curves, see Table 42;

 R^{0} , ...

basic characteristic seismic resistance for a given failure mode:

For steel failure under tension load and steel failure under shear load $R^0_{k,seis}$ (i.e. $N_{Rk,s,seis}$, $V_{Rk,s,seis}$) shall be taken from Annex 24 to Annex 31

For combined pull-out and concrete cone failure $R^0_{k,seis}$ (i.e. $N_{Rk,p}$) shall be determined as given in TR 029, however, based on the characteristic bond resistance under seismic loading $\tau_{Rk,seis}$ given in Annex 24, Annex 26, Annex 28 and Annex 30.

For all other failure modes $R^0_{k,seis}$ shall be determined as for the design situation for static and quasi-static loading according to TR 029 (i.e. $N_{Rk,c}$, $N_{Rk,cp}$, $V_{Rk,cp}$).

Injection system Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	
Reduction factors and characteristic seismic resistances	Annex 33