

European Technical Approval ETA-08/0290

Handelsbezeichnung Trade name		Powers AC100-PRO Verbundmörtel mit Ankerstange				
nade name		Powers AC100-PRO injection resin with anchor rod				
Zulassungsinhaber		Powers Fasteners Europe				
Holder of approval		Stanley Black&Decker Deutschland GmbH Black-&-Decker Str. 40				
		65510 Idstein				
		DEUTSCHLAND				
Zulassungsgegenstar		Verbunddübel zur Verankerung im Beton unter statischer, quasi-				
und Verwendungszwe	eck	statischer oder seismischer Einwirkung (Leistungskategorie C1)				
Generic type and use of construction produc	ct .	Bonded anchor for use in concrete under static, quasi-static or seismic action (performance category C1)				
Geltungsdauer:	vom	15 March 2013				
Validity:	from					
	bis to	15 March 2018				
Herstellwerk		Powers Fasteners Europe BV				
Manufacturing plant		Factory 2, Germany				

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Diese Zulassung umfasst
This Approval contains45 Seiten einschließlich 36 Anhänge
45 pages including 36 annexesDiese Zulassung ersetzt
This Approval replacesETA-08/0290 mit Geltungsdauer vom 11.06.2010 bis 13.11.2013
ETA-08/0290 with validity from 11.06.2010 to 13.11.2013



Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen European Organisation for Technical Approvals



Page 2 of 45 | 15 March 2013

I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
 - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC² and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³;
 - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998⁴, as amended by Article 2 of the law of 8 November 2011⁵;
 - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁶;
 - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete Part 5: Bonded anchors", ETAG 001-05.
- 2 Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- 3 This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- 4 This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- 5 Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- 6 The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

³ Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25

¹ Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12

Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1

Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812

⁵ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2011, p. 2178

Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



Page 3 of 45 | 15 March 2013

II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

1 Definition of product and intended use

1.1 Definition of the construction product

The Powers AC100-PRO injection resin with anchor rod for non-cracked concrete is a bonded anchor consisting of a cartridge with injection mortar AC100 PRO and a steel element. The steel elements are threaded rods acc. to Annex 4 in the range of M8 to M30, a reinforcing bar acc. to Annex 5 in the range of diameter 8 to 32 mm or an internal threaded sleeve of sizes M8 to M20 acc. to Annex 6.

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration of the product and intended use is given in Annexes 1 and 2.

1.2 Intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106 EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences. Safety in case of fire (Essential Requirement 2) is not covered in this European technical approval.

The anchor is to be used only for anchorages subject to static or quasi-static action in reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at most according to EN 206:2000-12.

The anchor may be used in cracked and non-cracked concrete.

The anchor with threaded rods or rebar may also be used under seismic action (anchor performance category C1).

The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete.

The anchor for applications under static or quasi-static action may also be installed in flooded holes up to drill hole diameter $d_0 \le 18$ mm.

The anchor may be used in the following temperature ranges:

Temperature range I:	-40 °C to +40 °C	(max long term temperature +24 °C and
		max short term temperature +40 °C)
Temperature range II:	-40 °C to +80 °C	(max long term temperature +50 °C and
		max short term temperature +80 °C)
Temperature range III:	-40 °C to +120 °C	(max long term temperature +72 °C and
		max short term temperature +120 °C)

Elements made of zinc coated steel:

The element made of zinc plated or hot-dip galvanised steel may only be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions.



Page 4 of 45 | 15 March 2013

Elements made of stainless steel A4:

The element made of stainless steel 1.4401, 1.4404 or 1.4571 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure to permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Elements made of high corrosion resistant steel:

The element made of high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529 or 1.4565 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Elements made of reinforcing bars:

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 or CEN/TS 1992-4:2009. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with post-installed reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1: 2004 are not covered by this European technical approval.

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

2.1 Characteristics of the product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in the Annexes. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in the Annexes shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation⁷ of this European technical approval.

The characteristic values for the design of anchorages are given in the Annexes.

The two components of the injection mortar are delivered in unmixed condition in coaxial cartridges of sizes 160 ml, 300 ml, 360 ml or 420 ml or in side-by side-cartridges of sizes 235 ml, 360 ml or 825 ml or in foil tubes of size 165 ml or 300 ml according to Annex 2. Each cartridge is marked with the imprint "AC100-PRO", with processing notes, charge code, storage life, hazard code and curing- and processing time depending on temperature and with as well as without travel scale.

The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.



Page 5 of 45 | 15 March 2013

Elements made of reinforcing bars shall comply with the specification given in Annex 5. The marking of embedment depth on the steel element may be done on jobsite.

2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Anchors for Use in Concrete", Part 1 "Anchors in general" and Part 5 "Bonded anchors", on the basis of Option 1 and ETAG 001 Annex E "Assessment of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action".

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 96/582/EG of the European Commission⁸ system 2(i) (referred to as System 1) of the attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
 - (1) factory production control;
 - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a control plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
 - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
 - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

3.2 Responsibilities

3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial/raw/constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.



Page 6 of 45 | 15 March 2013

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.⁹

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the

- initial type-testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control,

in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the anchor. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the producer (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the number of the guideline for European technical approval,
- use category (ETAG 001, Option 1 for all steel elements and seismic anchor category C1 for threaded rods and rebar only),
- size.

The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



Page 7 of 45 | 15 March 2013

4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

4.2 Design of anchorages

The fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following conditions:

The anchorages are designed either in accordance with the

The anchorages are designed in accordance with

- EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors"¹⁰

or in accordance with

CEN/TS 1992-4:2009,

and EOTA Technical Report TR 045 "Design of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action" under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.

The anchorages shall be positioned outside of plastic hinges of the concrete structure. Fastenings in stand-off installation or with a grout layer under seismic action are not covered.

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 or CEN/TS 1992-4:2009. The basic assumptions for the design according to anchor theory shall be observed. This includes the consideration of tension and shear loads and the corresponding failure modes as well as the assumption that the base material (concrete structural element) remains essentially in the serviceability limit state (either non-cracked or cracked) when the connection is loaded to failure. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN1992-1-1:2004 (e.g. connection of a wall loaded with tension forces in one layer of the reinforcement with the foundation) are not covered by this European technical approval.

Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored.

The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).



Page 8 of 45 | 15 March 2013

4.3 Installation of anchors

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the anchor is installed as follows:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components,
- commercial standard threaded rods, washers and hexagon nuts may be used if the following requirements are fulfilled:
 - material, dimensions and mechanical properties of the metal parts according to the specifications given in Annex 4,
 - confirmation of material and mechanical properties of the metal parts by inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204:2004, the documents should be stored,
 - marking of the threaded rod with the envisage embedment depth. This may be done by the manufacturer of the rod or the person on jobsite.
- embedded reinforcing bars shall comply with specifications given in Annex 5,
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which the anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the concrete to which the characteristic loads apply,
- check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids,
- marking and keeping the effective anchorage depth,
- edge distance and spacing not less than the specified values without minus tolerances,
- positioning of the drill holes without damaging the reinforcement,
- drilling by hammer-drilling only,
- in case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,
- cleaning the drill hole in accordance with Annexes 8 and 9,
- before injection the temperature of the cartridges shall be at least +5 °C and not more than +25 °C, the temperature of the cartridge must be at least +15°C if the temperature of the concrete member is below -5°C,
- during installation and curing of the chemical mortar the temperature of the concrete member shall be at least -10 °C;
- for injection of the mortar in bore holes of diameter $d_0 > 20$ mm piston plugs acc. Annex 10 shall be used for overhead or horizontal injection,
- observing the curing time according to Annex 9, Table 5 until the anchor may be loaded,
- installation torque moments are not required for functioning of the anchor. However, the torque moments given in Annex 7 must not be exceeded.



Page 9 of 45 | 15 March 2013

5 Recommendations concerning packaging, transport and storage

5.1 Responsibility of the manufacturer

The manufacturer is responsible to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to and 4.2, 4.3 and 5.2 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval.

In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

The minimum data required are:

- drill bit diameter,
- hole depth,
- nominal diameter of anchor rod,
- minimum effective anchorage depth,
- information on the installation procedure, including cleaning of the hole with the cleaning equipments, preferably by means of an illustration,
- anchor component installation temperature,
- ambient temperature of the concrete during installation of the anchor,
- admissible processing time (open time) of the mortar,
- curing time until the anchor may be loaded as a function of the ambient temperature in the concrete during installation,
- maximum torque moment,
- identification of the manufacturing batch,

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.

5.2 Packaging, transport and storage

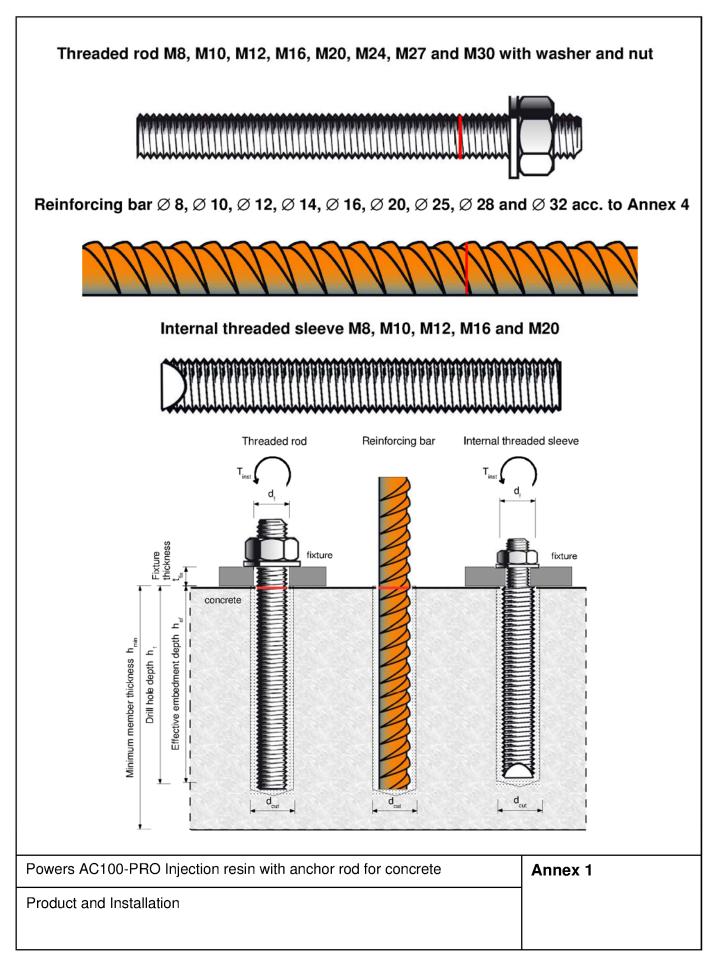
The cartridges shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacturer's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5 °C to not more than +25 °C.

Cartridges with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit. Cartridges may be packed separately from metal parts.

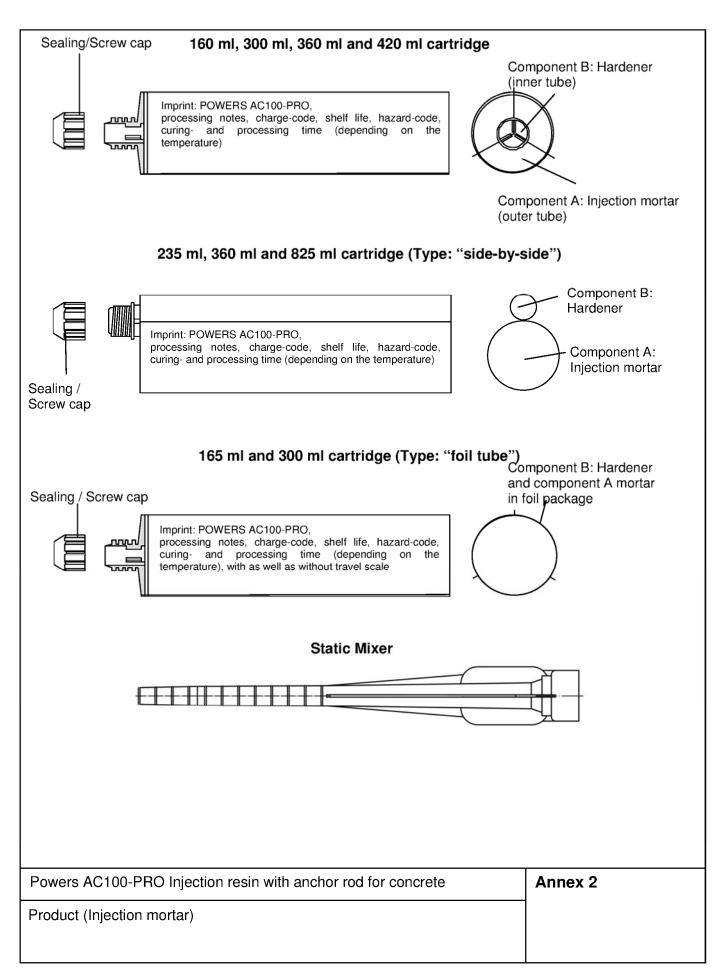
Andreas Kummerow p. p. Head of Department *beglaubigt:* Lange





Page 11 of European technical approval ETA-08/0290 of 15 March 2013







Use category:
- Installation in dry or wet concrete Static and quasi-static actions (all steel elements) Anchor seismic performance category C1 (for threaded rods and rebar only)
- Installations in flooded holes for drill hole diameter $d_0 \le 18$ mm Static and quasi-static actions only (all steel elements)
- Overhead installation
- Application in cracked concrete, option 1
Temperature ranges:
- 40°C to +40°C (max. short term temp. +40°C and max. long term temp. +24°C)
- 40°C to +80°C (max. short term temp. +80°C and max. long term temp. +50°C)
- 40°C to +120°C (max. short term temp. +120°C and max. long term temp. +72°C)
Design options:
 Annexes 11 to 22 Design according to TR029: For static and quasi-static loading only Design for applications in cracked and non cracked concrete
 Annexes 23 to 34 Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4 For static and quasi-static loading Design for applications in cracked and non cracked concrete
 Annexes 35 to 36 Design for seismic action according to Technical Report "Design of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action" Anchor seismic performance category C1 (see Annex 35)
Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete Annex 3
Use categories, temperature ranges and design options



Tab	le 1a: Materials (Threaded roo	d)				
		L _{ges}				
Part		Material				
	l, zinc plated ≥ 5 μm acc. to EN ISO 4042 l, hot-dip galvanised ≥ 40 μm acc. to EN					
1	Anchor rod	Steel, EN 10087 or EN 10263 Property class 5.8, 8.8, EN ISO 898-	1:1999			
2	Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032	Property class 5 (for class 5.8 rod) E Property class 8 (for class 8.8 rod) E				
3	Washer, EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093, or EN ISO 7094	Steel, zinc plated or hot-dip galvanise	əd			
Stain	lless steel A4					
1	1 Anchor rod Material 1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571, EN 10088-1:2005, > M24: Property class 50 EN ISO 3506 ≤ M24: Property class 70 EN ISO 3506					
2	Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032	Material 1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571 EN > M24: Property class 50 (for class 5 ≤ M24: Property class 70 (for class 7	0 rod) EN ISO 3506			
3	Washer, EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093, or EN ISO 7094	Material 1.4401, 1.4404 or 1.4571, E	EN 10088			
High	corrosion resistance steel HCR					
1	Anchor rod	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, EN 10088- > M24: Property class 50 EN ISO 350 ≤ M24: Property class 70 EN ISO 350	06			
2	Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565 EN 10088, > M24: Property class 50 (for class 5 ≤ M24: Property class 70 (for class 7				
3	3 Washer, EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093, or EN ISO 7094 Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, EN 10088					
Con - - -	nmercial standard rod with: Materials, dimensions and mechanic Inspection certificate 3.1 acc. to EN Marking of embedment depth					
Powe	ers AC100-PRO Injection resin with a	anchor rod for concrete	Annex 4			
Mate	rials (Threaded rod)					



Table 1b: Mate	rials (Rebar)		
Abstract of EN 199	92-1-1 Annex C, Table C.	.1, Properties of reinforceme Bars and de-e	
Class		B	C
	trength f_{yk} or $f_{0,2k}$ [N/mm ²]	400 to	
Minimum value of k =	- (f _t / f _y) _k	≥ 1,08	≥ 1,15 < 1,35
Characteristic strain a ϵ_{uk} [%]	at maximum force	≥ 5,0	≥ 7,5
Bendability		Bend/Reb	end test
Maximum deviation from nominal mass (individual bar) [%]	Nominal bar size [mm] ≤ 8 mm > 8 mm	±6, ±4,	
Abstract of EN 199	92-1-1 Annex C, Table C.	.2N, Properties of reinforcer	nent:
Product form		Bars and de-	coiled rods
Class	nominal diameter of the rebar [mm]	В	C
Min. value of related rib area f _{R,min}	0 6		
	hall be in the range 0,05d ≤ of the bar; h: Rib height of th		
Regarding design of p	ost-installed rebar as ancho	r see Section 4.2	
Powers AC100-PRC	Annex 5		
Materials (Reinforcir	ng bar)		



Table 1c: Materials (Internal threaded sleeve)									
Part	Designation	Material							
Stee	I, zinc plated \ge 5 µm acc. to EN ISO	4042							
1	Internal threaded sleeve	Steel, EN 10087 or EN 10263 Property class 5.8, EN ISO 898-1:1999							
2	Corresponding steel screw	Steel screws property class 5.8 or 8.8, EN ISO 898-1 Zinc plated $\ge 5 \ \mu m$ according to EN ISO 4042							
Stain	nless steel A4								
Stain 1	Internal threaded sleeve	Material 1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571, EN 10088-1:2005, > M24: Property class 50 EN ISO 3506 ≤ M24: Property class 70 EN ISO 3506							
Stain 1 2		> M24: Property class 50 EN ISO 3506							
1 2	Internal threaded sleeve	 > M24: Property class 50 EN ISO 3506 ≤ M24: Property class 70 EN ISO 3506 Steel screws property class 50 or 70 EN ISO 3506 							
1 2	Internal threaded sleeve Corresponding steel screw	 > M24: Property class 50 EN ISO 3506 ≤ M24: Property class 70 EN ISO 3506 Steel screws property class 50 or 70 EN ISO 3506 							



Table 2: Installation parameters for threaded rod										
Anchor size		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M 24	M 27	M 30	
Nominal drill hole diameter	d₀ [mm]	10	12	14	18	24	28	32	35	
Effective anchorage depth -	h _{ef,min} [mm]	60	60	70	80	90	96	108	120	
Lifective anchorage depth	h _{ef,max} [mm]	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600	
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d _f [mm]	9	12	14	18	22	26	30	33	
Diameter of steel brush	d _b [mm]	12	14	16	20	26	30	34	37	
Torque moment	T _{inst} [Nm]	10	20	40	80	120	160	180	200	
Thiskness of fixture t _{fix,min} [mr		0								
Thickness of fixture t _{fix,max} [mn		1500								
Minimum thickness of member h _{min} [mm]		-	_f + 30 m 100 mr			ł	n _{ef} + 2∙d	0		
Minimum spacing	s _{min} [mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150	
Minimum edge distance	c _{min} [mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150	

Table 3: Installation parameters for rebar

Rebar size		Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Nominal drill hole diameter	d₀ [mm]	12	14	16	18	20	24	32	35	37
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef,min} [mm]	60	60	70	75	80	90	100	112	128
Enective anchorage depth	h _{ef,max} [mm]	160	200	240	280	320	400	480	540	640
Diameter of steel brush	d _b [mm]	14	16	18	20	22	26	34	37	40
Minimum thickness of member	h _{min} [mm]		30 mm 0 mm			h	l _{ef} + 2∙o	l ₀		
Minimum spacing	s _{min} [mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	140	160
Minimum edge distance	c _{min} [mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	140	160

Table 4: Installation parameters for internal threaded sleeves

Internal thread size		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20
External diameter size	[mm]	12	16	20	24	30
Nominal drill hole diameter	d₀ [mm]	14	18	24	28	35
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef} [mm]	80	90	110	150	200
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d _f [mm]	9	12	14	18	22
Diameter of steel brush	d₀ [mm]	16	20	26	30	37
Torque moment	T _{inst} [Nm]	10	20	40	80	120
Min max. screw in length	l₁ [mm]	8-35	10-45	12-55	16-75	20-85
Minimum thickness of member	h _{min} [mm]	110	130	160	210	270
Minimum spacing	s _{min} [mm]	60	80	100	120	150
Minimum edge distance	c _{min} [mm]	60	80	100	120	150

Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 7
Installation parameters	

Page 17 of European technical approval ETA-08/0290 of 15 March 2013

English translation prepared by DIBt



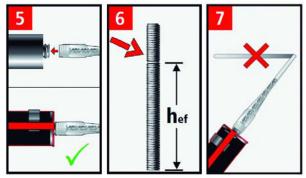


- Drill with hammer drill a hole into the base material to the size and embedment depth required by the selected anchor (Table 2, Table 3 or Table 4).
- Before cleaning remove standing water out of the drill hole. Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow the hole clean with compressed air (min. 6 bar) or a hand pump (Annex 9) a minimum of four times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.

The hand-pump can be used for anchor sizes up to bore hole diameter 20 mm. For bore holes larger than 20 mm or deeper than 240 mm, compressed air (min. 6 bar) **must** be used.

- Check brush diameter (Table 6) and attach the brush to a drilling machine or a battery screwdriver.
 Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, brush the hole with an appropriate sized wire brush > d_{b,min} (Table 6) a minimum of four times.
 If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush extension shall be used (Table 6).
- Finally blow the hole clean again with compressed air (min. 6 bar) or a hand pump (Annex 9) a minimum of four times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.

The hand-pump can be used for anchor sizes up to bore hole diameter 20 mm. For bore holes larger than 20 mm or deeper than 240 mm, compressed air (min. 6 bar) **must** be used.



5. Attach a supplied static-mixing nozzle to the cartridge and load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool. Cut off the foil tube clip before use.

For every working interruption longer than the recommended working time (Table 5) as well as for new cartridges, a new static-mixer shall be used.

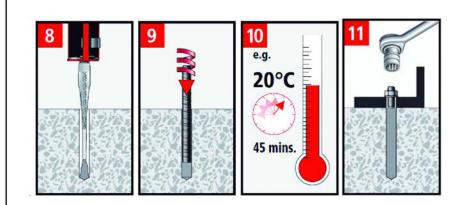
- 6. Prior to inserting the anchor rod into the filled bore hole, the position of the embedment depth shall be marked on the anchor rods.
- Prior to dispensing into the anchor hole, squeeze out separately a minimum of three full strokes and discard non-uniformly mixed adhesive components until the mortar shows a consistent grey colour.

Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 8
Installation instructions	

Page 18 of European technical approval ETA-08/0290 of 15 March 2013

English translation prepared by DIBt





- Starting from the bottom or back of the cleaned anchor hole fill the hole up to approximately two-thirds with adhesive. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets. For embedment larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle shall be used. For overhead and horizontal installation in bore holes larger than Ø 20 mm a piston plug and extension nozzle (Annex 9) shall be used. Observe the gel-/ working times given in Table 5. Injecting the mortar in with water filled drill holes is allowed for drill diameters smaller than 18 mm.
- Push the threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the anchor hole while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached. The anchor should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.

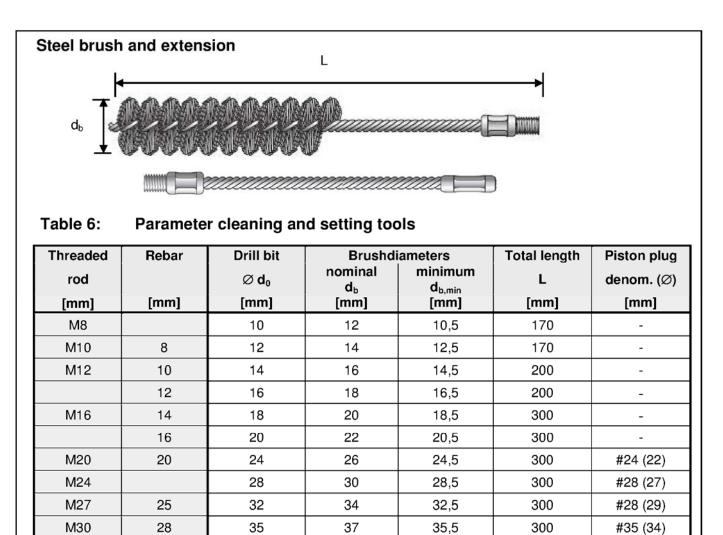
Be sure that the anchor is fully seated at the bottom of the hole that the annular gap is completely filled with mortar and that excess mortar is visible at the top of the hole. If these requirements are not maintained, the application shall not be loaded and has to be renewed.

- 10. Allow the adhesive to cure to the specified time prior to applying any load or torque. Do not move or load the anchor until it is fully cured (attend Table 5).
- 11. After full curing, the add-on part can be installed with the max. torque moment (Table 2 or Table 4) by using a calibrated torque wrench.

Concrete temperature	Gelling- / working time	Minimum curing time in dry concrete ²⁾
≥ -10 °C ¹⁾	90 min	24 h
≥ -5 °C	90 min	14 h
≥ 0 °C	45 min	7 h
≥ + 5 °C	25 min	2 h
≥ + 10 °C	15 min	80 min
≥ + 20 °C	6 min	45 min
≥ + 30 °C	4 min	25 min
≥ + 35 °C	2 min	20 min
≥ + 40 °C	1,5 min	15 min
 ¹⁾ Cartridge temperature <u>must</u> be a ²⁾ In wet concrete the curing time <u>m</u> 	t min. +15°C ust be doubled	
owers AC100-PRO Injection resi	n with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 9
nstallation instructions (continuati	on)	

Table 5: Minimum curing time





40



32

Hand pump (volume 750 ml) Drill bit diameter (d₀): 10 mm to 20 mm





300

#35 (36)

37,5

Recommended compressed air tool (min 6 bar)

Drill bit diameter (d_0) : 10 mm to 37 mm

Piston plug for overhead or horizontal installation Drill bit diameter (d₀): 24 mm to 37 mm

Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 10
Cleaning and setting tools	



Anche	or size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30	
Steel	failure											
	cteristic tension resistance,	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	18	29	42	78	122	176	230	280	
	property class 5.8 cteristic tension resistance,											
Steel,	property class 8.8	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	29 46 67 125 196 282 368 449								
	I safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)		1,50								
Stainle proper	cteristic tension resistance, ess steel A4 and HCR, ty class 50 (>M24) and ty class 70 (\leq M24)	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	26	41	59	110	171	247	230	281	
Partia	I safety factor				1,	87			2,	86		
	bined pullout and concrete co											
Chara	cteristic bond resistance in nor	-cracked	1									
e te	Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,uncr}}$	[N/mm ²]	11	13	13	13	13	12	11	9,5	
d w rete	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,uncr}}$	[N/mm ²]	8,0	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,0	8,0	7,0	
dry and wet concrete	Temp. range III ⁵ : 120°C/72°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,uncr}}$	[N/mm ²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,0	5,5	5,0	
σ	Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$	1)	1,5 ²⁾				1,8 ³⁾				
ore	Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,uncr}}$	[N/mm ²]	8,0	9,5	9,5	9,5	-				
ded bo hole	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,uncr}}$	[N/mm ²]	6,0	7,0	7,0	7,0					
flooded bore hole	Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 120°C/72°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,uncr}}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5 5,5 5,5 5,5 not admissible								
ţ	Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$	1)	2,14)								
ncrea	using factors for	C30/37		1,04								
	racked concrete ψ_c	C40/50		1,08								
		C50/60		1,10								
Splitti	ing failure								<u></u>			
Chara	cteristic edge distance	C _{cr,sp}	[mm]		1 ,0 ·	$h_{ef} \le 2$!∙h _{ef} (2	,5 – <u>h</u> h _{ef})≤ 2,4	∙h _{ef}		
Chara	cteristic spacing	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]				2·c	cr,sp				
	l safety factor nd wet concrete)	γ _{Msp} ¹⁾		1,5 ²⁾				1,8 ³⁾				
	l safety factor ed bore hole)	γ _{Msp} ¹⁾			2,	1 ⁴⁾			not adn	nissible		
2) T ³⁾ T ⁴⁾ T	n absence of other national regulat The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is in The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is in The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is in Explanation see Section 1.2	ncluded. ncluded.										

Design TR029

in uncracked concrete



	or size threaded rod			M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30		
Steel f	tailure teristic tension resistance,	1	r – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –					1			
Steel, p	property class 5.8	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	42	78	122	176	230	280		
	teristic tension resistance, property class 8.8	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	67	125	196	282	368	449		
	safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾		1,50							
Charac Stainle: propert	teristic tension resistance, ss steel A4 and HCR, y class 50 (>M24) and y class 70 (\leq M24)	N _{Rk,s} [kN]		59	110	171	247	230	281		
	safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾			1,	87		2,	86		
	ined pullout and concrete co										
Chara	cteristic bond resistance in cra	cked conc	1					1			
e tet	Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	$\tau_{\rm Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	6,5	6,5		
nd w crete	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	$\tau_{\rm Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,5	4,5		
dry and wet concrete	Temp. range III ⁵ : 120°C/72°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,cr}}$	[N/mm ²]	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,5	3,5		
σ	Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$	1)		1,8 ³⁾						
ore	Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	τ _{Rk,cr} [N/mm ²]		6,0	6,0						
le bo	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	$\tau_{\rm Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5	4,5	nat admissible					
flooded bore hole	Temp. range III ⁵ : 120°C/72°C	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	3,5 3,5 not admiss				IISSIDIE	sible		
fle	Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$	1)	2,14)							
Incroa	sing factors for	C30/37		1,04							
	ed concrete ψ_c	C40/50		1,08							
		C50/60				1,	10				
Splitti	ng failure	<u>г</u>	r								
Chara	cteristic edge distance	C _{cr,sp}	[mm]	1	l,0 · h _{ef} ≤	$2 \cdot h_{ef} (2)$	$\left(5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right)$	≤ 2,4 · h _e	f		
Chara	cteristic spacing	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]			2·c	cr,sp				
	safety factor	γ _{Msp} ¹⁾					8 ³⁾				
	nd wet concrete) safety factor				1)						
	ed bore hole)	γMsp ¹⁾		2,1	4)	not admissi					
²⁾ The ³⁾ The ⁴⁾ The	psence of other national regulation partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is inclu- partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is inclu- partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is inclu- anation see Section 1.2	uded. uded.									

Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for o	oncrete	Annex 12
Application with threaded rod Design method A: Characteristic values for tension loads in cracked concrete	Design TR029	



I

Anchor size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30		
Steel failure without lever arm												
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88	115	140		
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾					1,2	25					
Characteristic shear resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (≤ M24)	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	115	140		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾				1,	56			2,	38		
Steel failure with lever arm												
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 5.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	19	37	65	166	324	560	833	1123		
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 8.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	896	1333	1797		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾											
Characteristic bending moment, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (≤ M24)	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454	784	832	1125		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} 1)			1,56						2,38		
Concrete pryout failure			•									
Factor k in Equation (5.7) of Technical TR 029 for the design of Bonded Ancho			2,0									
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} ¹⁾					1,	50					
Concrete edge failure			•									
See Section 5.2.3.4 of Technical Repo	rt TR 02	9 for the	e desigi	n of Bor	nded An	chors						
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} ¹⁾					1,	50					

Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for o	concrete	Annex 13
Application with threaded rod Design method A: Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and uncracked concrete	Design TR029	



Table 10: [able 10: Displacements for tension loads ¹⁾ in cracked and uncracked concrete											
Anchor size the	readed rod		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30		
Uncracked con	ocrete											
Temperature ra	ange I 40°C	/24°C										
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,021	0,023	0,026	0,031	0,036	0,041	0,045	0,049		
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,034	0,033	0,037	0,045	0,052	0,060	0,065	0,071		
Temperature ra	ange II 80°C	C/50°C										
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,075	0,088	0,100	0,110	0,119		
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,108	0,127	0,145	0,159	0,172		
Temperature ra	ange III 120	°C/72°C										
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,075	0,088	0,100	0,110	0,119		
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,108	0,127	0,145	0,159	0,172		
Cracked concr	ete											
Temperature ra	ange I 40°C	/24°C										
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]				0,	07					
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]				0,1	05					
Temperature ra	ange II 80°C	C/50°C										
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]				0,1	70					
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,245									
Temperature ra	ange III 120	°C/72°C										
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,170									
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]				0,2	245					

¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; (τ_{Sd} : design bond strength)

Table 11: Displacement for shear load ²⁾ in cracked and uncracked concrete

Anchor size threaded rod				M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Uncracked cor										
Displacement	δ _{V0}	[mm/ kN]	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
Displacement	$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/ kN]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04
Cracked concr	ete									
Displacement	δ _{V0}	[mm/ kN]			0,112	0,103	0,093	0,084	0,076	0,069
Displacement	$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/ kN]	0,169 0,1			0,154	0,140	0,125	0,115	0,104
²⁾ Calculation of	the displace	ement for design load								
Displacement	for short ter for long terr	ement for design load im load = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; in load = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$;								
Displacement Displacement (V _d : design sh	for short ter for long terr ear load)	m load = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_d / 1,4;$	rod for	concre	ete		Anı	nex 14	ŀ	
Displacement Displacement (V _d : design sh	for short ter for long terr ear load) PRO Inject	m load = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; n load = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; ion resin with anchor	rod for	concre	ete		Anı	nex 14	ŀ	



i ak	ole 12: Design according Characteristic va			n load	ls in i	uncra	icked	l cond	crete				
Anc	hor size reinforcing bar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32	
	I failure (Properties acc. to Anne	ex 4)											
Char B500	acteristic tension resistance, B according to DIN488-2: 2009 ⁶⁾	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	28	43	62	85	111	173	270	339	442	
	al safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾	1					1,40	1				
Com	bined pullout and concrete con												
Cha	racteristic bond resistance in uncra	acked con	ncrete C20	0/25									
et	Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	$\tau_{\rm Rk,uncr}$	[N/mm ²]	11	13	13	13	13	13	11,5	10,5	9,0	
dry and wet concrete	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	$\tau_{\rm Rk,uncr}$	[N/mm ²]	8,0	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,5	8,5	7,5	6,5	
y ar conc	Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 120°C/72°C	$\tau_{\rm Rk,uncr}$	[N/mm ²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,0	5,0	4,5	
م م	Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$	1) p	1,5 ²⁾				1,8	3 ³⁾				
_ o	Temp. range I ⁵ : 40°C/24°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,uncr}}$	[N/mm ²]	8,0	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,5					
flooded bore hole	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,uncr}}$	[N/mm ²]	6,0	7,0	7,0	7,0	7,0		ot adn	nissible		
floo	Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 120°C/72°C	$\tau_{\rm Rk,uncr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5		or aun	1331010		
	Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$	1) p			2,1 ⁴⁾							
Incre	easing factors for	C30/37						1,04					
	cracked concrete ψ_c	C40/50		1,08									
		C50/60						1,10					
Split	ting failure		1										
Chai	acteristic edge distance	C _{cr,sp}	[mm]		1,	0 ⋅ h _{ef} ≤	≤2 · h _{ef}	(2,5 - - ł	$\left(\frac{h}{n_{ef}}\right) \le 2$	2,4 · h _{ef}			
	acteristic spacing	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]				:	2∙c _{cr,sp}					
	al safety factor	γ _{Msp} ¹⁾		1,5 ²⁾				1,8	3 ³⁾				
	and wet concrete) al safety factor					a (4)							
	ded bore hole)	γ_{Msp} ¹⁾				2,1 ⁴⁾			n	ot adn	nissible)	
	 ¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor γ₂ = 1.0 is included. ³⁾ The partial safety factor γ₂ = 1.2 is included. ⁴⁾ The partial safety factor γ₂ = 1.4 is included. ⁵⁾ Explanations see section 1.2 ⁶⁾ For reinforcing bars which do not comply with DIN 488: The characteristic resistance N_{Rk,s} shall be determined acc. to Technical Report TR 029, Equation (5.1). For more information on the design of post-installed rebar as anchor see Section 4.2 												
Ap De	vers AC100-PRO Injection resin plication with reinforcing bar sign method A: Characteristic v uncracked concrete	An	nex 1	5									
in t	Incracked concrete				Desi	gn TF	1029						

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Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for	concrete	Annex 16
Application with reinforcing bar Design method A: Characteristic values for tension load in cracked concrete	Design TR029	



Table 14: Design accordin Characteristic va			ear lo	ads i	n crao	cked a	and u	ncrac	ked c	oncre	ete
Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure without lever arm (Pro	operties	acc. A	Annex	4)	1	1	1	1		I	
Characteristic shear resistance, B500B according to DIN488-2: 2009 ³⁾	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	14	22	31	42	55	86	135	169	221
Partial safety factor						1,5					
Partial safety factor γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾ 1,5 Steel failure with lever arm (Properties acc. Annex 4)											
Characteristic bending moment, B500B according to DIN488-2: 2009 ⁴⁾	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	33	65	112	178	265	518	1012	1422	2123
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾						1,5				
Concrete pryout failure											
Factor k in Equation (5.7) of Technic TR 029 for the design of bonded and		t					2,0				
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} ¹⁾						1,50 ²⁾				
Concrete edge failure											
See Section 5.2.3.4 of Technical Rep	oort TR 0)29 for	the de	esign of	^r Bonde	ed Ancl	hors				
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} ¹⁾						1,50 ²⁾				
See Section 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of Bonded Anchors Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mc}^{(1)}$ 1,50 ²) ¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included. ³⁾ For reinforcing bars which do not comply with DIN 488: The characteristic resistance V _{Rk,s} shall be determined acc. to Technical Report TR 029, equation (5.5). ⁴⁾ For reinforcing bars which do not comply with DIN 488: The characteristic resistance M ⁰ _{Rk,s} shall be determined acc. to Technical Report TR 029, equation (5.6b). Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2											
Powers AC100-PRO Injection resi	in with a	nchoi	r rod fo	or cond	crete			Anne	x 17		
Application with reinforcing bar Design method A: Characteristic v in cracked and uncracked concrete		r she	ar load		Desiai	n TRO	29				



Table 15:	Displa	cements for t	ensior	n loads	s ¹⁾ in c	racke	d and	uncrac	ked co	oncret	9		
Anchor size	reinforcin	g bar	Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32		
Uncracked c	oncrete												
Temperature	range I 4	0°C/24°C											
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,021	0,023	0,026	0,028	0,031	0,036	0,043	0,047	0,052		
Displacement	δ_{N^∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,034	0,033	0,037	0,041	0,045	0,052	0,061	0,071	0,075		
Temperature	range II 8	80°C/50°C											
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,069	0,075	0,088	0,104	0,113	0,126		
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,072	0,072 0,081 0,090 0,099 0,108 0,127 0,149 0,163 0,18 ⁻									
Temperature range III 120°C/72°C													
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,050 0,056 0,063 0,069 0,075 0,088 0,104 0,113 0,12										
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,099	0,108	0,127	0,149	0,163	0,181		
Cracked con	crete												
Temperature	range I 4	0°C/24°C											
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]					0,07						
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]					0,105						
Temperature	range II 8	80°C/50°C											
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,17										
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	2)] 0,245										
Temperature	range III	120°C/72°C											
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]					0,17						
Displacement	δ_{N^∞}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]					0,245						

¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; (τ_{Sd} : design bond strength)

Table 16: Displacement for shear load ²⁾ in cracked and uncracked concrete

			-								
Anchor size rei	nforcing l	bar	Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Uncracked con	crete										
Displacement	δ _{ν0}	[mm/(kN)]	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
Displacement	δ _{ν∞}	[mm/(kN)]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04
Uncracked con											
Displacement	0,103	0,093	0,081	0,074	0,064						
Displacement	0,154	0,140	0,122	0,111	0,097						
²⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; (V _d : design shear load)											
Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete									1ex 18	6	
Application with Displacements	n reinforci	ng bar						1			
Design TR029											



$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Ancho	or size internal threaded slee	ve		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	
Steel failure Characteristic tension resistance, N _{RK,8} [KN] 18 29 42 78 1 Characteristic tension resistance, N _{RK,8} [KN] 29 46 67 125 1 Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 8.8 Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ma,N}^{(1)}$ 1,50 Characteristic tension resistance, Stainless steel, A4 and HCR, 1,80 1 59 110 1 Orgety class 50 (SM24) and N _{RK,8} [KN] 26 41 59 110 1 Orgety class 50 (SM24) and N _{RK,8} [KN] 26 41 59 110 1 Orgety class 50 (SM24) Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ma,N}^{(1)}$ 1.3 13 13 12 6 Temp, range 19 ⁽¹⁾ : 80°C/24°C T _{Rk,marr} [N/mm²] 9,5 9,5 9,0 7 Temp, range 119 ⁽¹⁾ : 80°C/50°C T _{Rk,marr} [N/mn²] 7,0 7,0 7,0 7,0 7,0 7,0 1,8 ³ 1 1,0 ⁴ 2,1 ⁴	Extern	al diameter			12	16	20	24	30	
Other Difference in the sistance, Steel, property class 8.8 N _{FK,8} [KN] 29 46 67 125 1 Partial safety factor Y _{M6,N} Image: Steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (-M24) and property class 50 (-	Effectiv	ve anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	80	90	110	150	200	
Steel, property class 5.8. INER.s [KN] 16 29 42 78 1 Steel, property class 8.8 NEK.s [KN] 29 46 67 125 1 Steel, property class 8.8 NEK.s [KN] 29 46 67 125 1 Characteristic tension resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 70 (≤ M24) NEK.s [KN] 26 41 59 110 1 Partial safety factor YMs.N ¹⁾ 1.87 1.87 1.87 1.87 Combined pullout and concrete cone failure IN/mm ² 1.3 13 13 12 9 Or property class 70 (≤ M24) YMs.N ¹⁾ 1.87 1.87 1.87 1.87 Combined pullout and concrete concrete concrete C20/25 Temp. range II ⁵ : 40°C/24°C Tek.uner [N/mm ²] 9.5 9.5 9.0 7 Temp. range II ⁵ : 40°C/24°C Tek.uner [N/mm ²] 9.5 5.5 6.5 6.0 6 Of COC/272°C Temp. range II ⁵ : 40°C/24°C Tek.uner [N/mm ²] 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	18	29	42	78	122	
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Me,N}^{(1)}$ 1,50 Characteristic tension resistance, property class 50 (>M24) and property class	Charac	teristic tension resistance,	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	29	46	67	125	196	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			2Me N 1)				1.50			
Combined pullout and concrete cone failure Characteristic bond resistance in non-cracked concrete C20/25 Temp. range 1 ⁵ : 40°C/24°C Terk.unor [N/mm ²] 13 16 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 <th c<="" td=""><td>Charac Stainles propert</td><td>teristic tension resistance, ss steel A4 and HCR, y class 50 (>M24) and</td><td>N_{Rk,s}</td><td>[kN]</td><td>26</td><td>41</td><td></td><td>110</td><td>171</td></th>	<td>Charac Stainles propert</td> <td>teristic tension resistance, ss steel A4 and HCR, y class 50 (>M24) and</td> <td>N_{Rk,s}</td> <td>[kN]</td> <td>26</td> <td>41</td> <td></td> <td>110</td> <td>171</td>	Charac Stainles propert	teristic tension resistance, ss steel A4 and HCR, y class 50 (>M24) and	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	26	41		110	171
Combined pullout and concrete cone failure Characteristic bond resistance in non-cracked concrete C20/25 Temp. range 1 ⁵ : 40°C/24°C Terk.unor [N/mm ²] 13 16 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 <th c<="" td=""><td>Partial</td><td>safety factor</td><td>γ_{Ms,N}¹⁾</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1,87</td><td></td><td></td></th>	<td>Partial</td> <td>safety factor</td> <td>γ_{Ms,N}¹⁾</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,87</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Partial	safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾				1,87		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		-	ne failur							
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Chara		n-cracked	1				1		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	e /et		$\tau_{\rm Rk,uncr}$	· ·					9,5	
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$ 1,8 ¹ Temp. range I ⁵ : 40°C/24°C $\tau_{Fk,uncr}$ [N/mm ²] 9,5 9,5 Temp. range II ⁵ : 80°C/50°C $\tau_{Fk,uncr}$ [N/mm ²] 7,0 7,0 Temp. range III ⁵ : $\tau_{Fk,uncr}$ [N/mm ²] 5,5 5,5 Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$ ¹ 2,1 ⁴ Increasing factors for non-cracked concrete ψ_c $C30/37$ 1,04 C40/50 1,08 C50/60 1,10 Splitting failure Characteristic edge distance $c_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $10 \cdot h_{ef} \le 2 \cdot h_{ef} (2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}) \le 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$ Characteristic spacing $s_{cr,sp}$ [mm] 2.cc _{cr,sp} Partial safety factor γ_{Msp} ¹ 1,8 ³ Partial safety factor γ_{Msp} ¹ 2,1 ⁴ not admissible ¹ In absence of other national regulations ² The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included. ³ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included.	nd w		$\tau_{\rm Rk,uncr}$	[N/mm ²]	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,0	7,0	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ry ar conc		$\tau_{\text{Rk,uncr}}$	[N/mm ²]	6,5	6,5		6,0	5,0	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	σ	-	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$	1)			1,8 ³⁾			
Indication $\gamma_{Mc} - \gamma_{Mp}$ $2,1$ Increasing factors for non-cracked concrete ψ_c $C30/37$ $1,04$ C40/50 $1,08$ C50/60 $1,10$ Splitting failureCharacteristic edge distance $c_{cr,sp}$ $[mm]$ $1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$ Characteristic spacing $s_{cr,sp}$ $[mm]$ $2 \cdot c_{cr,sp}$ Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete) γ_{Msp}^{-1} $1,8^{3}$ Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole) γ_{Msp}^{-1} $2,1^{4}$ In absence of other national regulations $2,1^{4}$ not admissibleIn basence of other national regulations 2^{2} The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.In partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. 4^{4} The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.	ore		$\tau_{\rm Rk,uncr}$	[N/mm ²]	-	9,5				
Increasing factors for non-cracked concrete ψ_c C30/371,04C30/371,04C30/371,04C40/501,08C50/601,10Splitting failureCor,sp[mm] $1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \le 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \le 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$ Characteristic edge distance $C_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \le 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \le 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$ Characteristic spacing $s_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $2 \cdot c_{cr,sp}$ Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete) γ_{Msp}^{-1} $1,8^{33}$ Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole) γ_{Msp}^{-1} $2,1^{4/3}$ not admissible1) In absence of other national regulations 2) The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included. 3) The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. 4) The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.	d bo	Temp. range II ⁵ : 80°C/50°C Temp. range III ⁵ : 120°C/72°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,uncr}}$	[N/mm ²]	7,0	7,0		t odmiosik		
Increasing factors for non-cracked concrete ψ_c C30/371,04Increasing factors for non-cracked concrete ψ_c C30/371,04Splitting failureC40/501,08Characteristic edge distance $C_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$ Characteristic spacing $s_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $2 \cdot c_{cr,sp}$ Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete) γ_{Msp}^{-1} $1,8^{3}$ Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole) γ_{Msp}^{-1} $2,1^{4}$ In absence of other national regulations 2^2 The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.In absence of other national regulations 2^3 The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included.In partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.	ode($\tau_{\text{Rk,uncr}}$	[N/mm²]			not admissible			
Increasing factors for non-cracked concrete ψ_c $\begin{array}{ c c c c c }\hline\hline C40/50 & 1,08 \\\hline C50/60 & 1,10 \\\hline\hline Splitting failure \\\hline\hline Characteristic edge distance & c_{cr,sp} & [mm] & 1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef} \\\hline\hline Characteristic spacing & s_{cr,sp} & [mm] & 2 \cdot c_{cr,sp} \\\hline\hline Characteristic spacing & s_{cr,sp} & [mm] & 1,8^{3} \\\hline\hline Partial safety factor & & & & & & & & \\ (dry and wet concrete) & & & & & & & & & & & & \\ Partial safety factor & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	flo	Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$	1)	2	,1 ⁴⁾				
Image: C40/50 1,08 Common-cracked concrete ψ_c C40/50 1,08 Splitting failure Common concrete 1,10 Splitting failure Image: Characteristic edge distance $c_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$ Characteristic spacing $s_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $2 \cdot c_{cr,sp}$ Partial safety factor γ_{Msp}^{-1} $1,8^{3}$ Partial safety factor γ_{Msp}^{-1} $2,1^{4}$ not admissible $^{(1)}$ In absence of other national regulations 2 The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included. 3 The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. 4 The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included. γ_{Msp} γ_{Msp} γ_{Msp}	Incroa	sing factors for	C30/37				-			
Splitting failure Characteristic edge distance $c_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$ Characteristic spacing $s_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $2 \cdot c_{cr,sp}$ Partial safety factor γ_{Msp}^{-1} $1,8^{3}$ Partial safety factor γ_{Msp}^{-1} $2,1^{4}$ not admissible 10 In absence of other national regulations 2^{2} The partial safety factor $\gamma_{2} = 1.0$ is included. 3^{3} The partial safety factor $\gamma_{2} = 1.2$ is included. 4 The partial safety factor $\gamma_{2} = 1.4$ is included. 1.4 is included.										
Characteristic edge distance $c_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$ Characteristic spacing $s_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $2 \cdot c_{cr,sp}$ Partial safety factor γ_{Msp}^{-1} $1,8^{3}$ Partial safety factor γ_{Msp}^{-1} $2,1^{4}$ not admissible 1 In absence of other national regulations 2 The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included. 3 The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. 4 The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.	0		C50/60				1,10			
Characteristic spacing $s_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $2 \cdot c_{cr,sp}$ Partial safety factor γ_{Msp}^{-1} $1,8^{3}$ Partial safety factor γ_{Msp}^{-1} $2,1^{4}$ Partial safety factor γ_{Msp}^{-1} $2,1^{4}$ In absence of other national regulations 2^{2} The partial safety factor $\gamma_{2} = 1.0$ is included. 3^{3} The partial safety factor $\gamma_{2} = 1.2$ is included. 4^{3} The partial safety factor $\gamma_{2} = 1.4$ is included.	Splitti	ng failure						<u>\</u>		
Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete) $\gamma_{Msp}^{(1)}$ $1,8^{3}$ Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole) $\gamma_{Msp}^{(1)}$ $2,1^{4}$ not admissible ¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations $\gamma_{Msp}^{(2)}$ $2,1^{4}$ not admissible ¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations $\gamma_{Msp}^{(2)}$ $1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,$	Charao	cteristic edge distance	C _{cr,sp}	[mm]	1	$1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \le 2 \cdot h$	$h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}} \right)$	-)≤ 2,4 · h _e	f	
(dry and wet concrete) γ_{Msp} 1,8 ° Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole) γ_{Msp} 2,1 ⁴ not admissible ¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included. ³⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. ⁴⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.				[mm]			2·c _{cr,sp}			
Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole) $\gamma_{Msp}^{(1)}$ $2,1^{4}$ not admissible ¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations $^{2)}$ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included. $^{3)}$ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. ⁴⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.			γ _{Msp} ¹⁾				1,8 ³⁾			
¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included. ³⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. ⁴⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.	Partial	safety factor			2	,1 ⁴⁾	nc	ot admissib	le	
Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	²⁾ T ³⁾ T ⁴⁾ T	the partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is in the partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is in the partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is in the partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is in the partial safety fa	ncluded. ncluded. ncluded.							



Ancho	or size internal threaded slee	ve		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20		
Extern	al diameter			12	16	20	24	30		
Effectiv	ve anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	80	90	110	150	200		
	failure				1	1	1			
	teristic tension resistance,	N _{Rk.s}	[kN]	18	29	42	78	122		
	property class 5.8 teristic tension resistance,	I NRK,S		10	20		/0	122		
	property class 8.8	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	29	46	67	125	196		
	safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)				1,50				
Stainle: propert	teristic tension resistance, ss steel A4 and HCR, y class 50 (>M24) and y class 70 (≤ M24)	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	26	41	59	110	171		
Partial	safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)				1,87				
Comb	ined pullout and concrete co	one failur	e							
Chara	cteristic bond resistance in cra	cked con	crete C20/25	5						
et	Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,cr}}$	[N/mm ²]	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	6,5		
d we	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,0	4,0 4,0 4,0 3,0 3,0 3,0					
dry and wet concrete	Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 120°C/72°C	$\tau_{Rk,or}$	[N/mm ²]	3,0	3,0 3,0 3,0		3,5			
σ	Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}^{(1)} \qquad \qquad 1,8^{3)}$								
e	Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,cr}}$	[N/mm ²]	6,0	6,0					
e po	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5	4,5]				
flooded bore hole	Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 120°C/72°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,cr}}$	[N/mm ²]	3,5 3,5 not admiss				le		
flo	Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$	1)	2	,1 ⁴⁾					
Increa	sing factors for	C30/37				1,04				
	ed concrete ψ_c	C40/50				1,08				
		C50/60				1,10				
Splitti	ng failure									
Charao	cteristic edge distance	C _{cr,sp}	[mm]	-	1,0 · h _{ef} ≤ 2 · ł	$h_{ef}\left(2,5-\frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right)$	$-$) \leq 2,4 \cdot h _e	f		
	cteristic spacing	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]			2·c _{cr,sp}				
(dry ar	safety factor nd wet concrete)	γ _{Msp} ¹⁾				1,8 ³⁾				
	safety factor	γ _{Msp} ¹⁾		2	,1 ⁴⁾	nc	ot admissib	le		
¹⁾ Ir ²⁾ T ³⁾ T ⁴⁾ T	and bore hole) n absence of other national regula the partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is i the partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is i the partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is i explanations see Section 1.2	tions ncluded. ncluded.		2	, I ⁻					



Table 19: Design accordin Characteristic va	•		ar loads	in cracke	ed and und	racked c	oncrete		
Anchor size internal threaded sleeve)		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20		
External diameter			12	16	20	24	30		
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	80	90	110	150	200		
Steel failure without lever arm									
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61		
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾				1,25				
Characteristic shear resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)	V _{Rk,s}	13	20	30	55	86			
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}$ 1)		1,56						
Steel failure with lever arm									
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 5.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	19	37	65	166	324		
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 8.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519		
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}$ 1)				1,25				
Characteristic bending moment, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (≤ M24)	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454		
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}$ 1)				1,56				
Concrete pryout failure									
Factor k in Equation (5.7) of Technical TR 029 for the design of Bonded Anche					2,0				
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} ¹⁾				1,50				
Concrete edge failure									
See Section 5.2.3.4 of Technical Repo	rt TR 02	9 for the	e design of	Bonded An	chors				
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} ¹⁾				1,50				
¹⁾ In absence of other national	l regulati	ons							

Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for c	oncrete	Annex 21
Application with internal threaded sleeve Design method A: Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and uncracked concrete	Design TR029	



Table 20: Di	splaceme	nts for tension lo	oads ¹⁾ in c	racked an	d uncrac	ked cond	crete
Anchor size inte	ernal thread	led sleeve	M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20
External diameter	ər		12	16	20	24	30
Effective anchora	age depth	h _{ef} [mm]	80	90	110	150	200
Uncracked con	crete						
Temperature ra	nge I 40°C/2	24°C					
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,026	0,031	0,036	0,041	0,049
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/ (N/mm²)]	0,034	0,045	0,052	0,060	0,071
Temperature ra	nge II 80°C/	50°C					
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,063	0,075	0,088	0,100	0,119
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,090	0,108	0,127	0,145	0,172
Temperature ra	nge III 120°	C/72°C					
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,063	0,075	0,088	0,100	0,119
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,090	0,108	0,127	0,145	0,172
Cracked concre	ete						
Temperature ra	nge I 40°C/2	24°C					
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm²)]			0,07		
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]			0,105		
Temperature ra	nge II 80°C/	50°C					
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]			0,17		
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]			0,245		
Temperature ra	nge III 120°	C/72°C					
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]			0,17		
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm²)]			0,245		

¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; (τ_{Sd} : design bond strength)

Table 21: Displacement for shear load ²⁾ in cracked and uncracked concrete

Anchor size internal threaded sle	eeve		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20		
External diameter			12	16	20	24	30		
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	80	90	110	150	200		
Uncracked concrete									
Displacement	δ _{V0}	[mm/ kN]	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03		
Displacement	$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/ kN]	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04		
Cracked concrete									
Displacement	δ _{V0}	[mm/ kN]	0,112	0,103	0,093	0,084	0,069		
Displacement	0,154	0,140	0,125	0,104					
²⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; (V _d : design shear load)									
owers AC100-PRO Injection resi		Annex	22						
oplication with internal threaded	Application with internal threaded sleeve Displacements								



Anche	or size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Steel	failure										
	cteristic tension resistance,	N _{Rk.s}	[kN]	18	29	42	78	122	176	230	280
	property class 5.8 cteristic tension resistance,				40	07	105	100	000	000	440
Steel,	property class 8.8	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	29	46	67	125	196	282	368	449
	I safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾	1				1,	50			
Stainle proper	cteristic tension resistance, ass steel A4 and HCR, ty class 50 (>M24) and ty class 70 (\leq M24)	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	26	41	59	110	171	247	230	281
	I safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$				1,	87			2,	86
Comb	pined pullout and concrete co	ne failure	•								
Chara	cteristic bond resistance in nor	-cracked	concrete C	20/25							
e vet	Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,ucr}}$	[N/mm ²]	11	13	13	13	13	12	11	9,5
ry and we concrete	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,ucr}}$	[N/mm ²]	8,0	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,0	8,0	7,0
dry and wet concrete	Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 120°C/72°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,ucr}}$						6,5	6,0	5,5	5,0
- e	Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	[N/mm ²]	8,0	9,5	9,5	9,5	-				
flooded bore hole	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,ucr}}$	[N/mm ²]	6,0	7,0	7,0	7,0	not admissible			
floc	Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 120°C/72°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,ucr}}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5	5,5	5,5	5,5				
Increa	sing factors for	C30/37						04			
	racked concrete ψ_c	C40/50 C50/60					1,	08			
	10					1,	10				
	r ref. bond strength $\tau_{\text{Rk,c}}$		≺ ₈				10),1			
	rete cone failure										
	cteristic edge distance	C _{cr,N}	[mm]					•h _{ef}			
	cteristic spacing	S _{cr,N}	[mm]					cr,N			
	r concrete cone equation	k	ucr				10),1			
Splitti	ing failure		1						<u>,</u>		
Chara	cteristic edge distance	C _{cr,sp}	[mm]		1,0 ·	$h_{ef} \le 2$	2∙h _{ef} (2	,5 – <mark>h</mark> h _{ef}) ≤ 2,4	∙h _{ef}	
Chara	cteristic spacing	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]				2·c	cr,sp			
	l safety factor nd wet concrete)	=γ _{Msp} ¹⁾	1,5 ²⁾ 1,8 ³⁾								
	l safety factor ed bore hole)	=γ _{Msp} ¹⁾		2,	1 ⁴⁾		I	not adn	nissible	1	
2) T ³⁾ T ⁴⁾ T	n absence of other national regula The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is in The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is in The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is in Explanation see Section 1.2 of this	ncluded. ncluded. ncluded.									

Design CEN/TS1992-4

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in uncracked concrete



Table 23: Design according to CEN/TS1992-4 Characteristic values for tension loads in cracked concrete M 12 M24 Anchor size threaded rod M 16 M 20 M 27 M 30 Steel failure Characteristic tension resistance. N_{Rk,s} 122 [kN] 42 78 176 230 280 Steel, property class 5.8 Characteristic tension resistance, N_{Rk,s} [kN] 67 125 196 282 368 449 Steel, property class 8.8 γ_{Ms,N}¹⁾ 1,50 Partial safety factor Characteristic tension resistance. Stainless steel A4 and HCR, N_{Rk,s} [kN] 59 110 171 247 230 281 property class 50 (>M24) and property class 70 (\leq M24) γ_{Ms,N}¹⁾ Partial safety factor 1.87 2.86 Combined pullout and concrete cone failure Characteristic bond resistance in cracked concrete C20/25 Temp. range I⁵⁾: 40°C/24°C [N/mm²] 5,5 5.5 5.5 5.5 6.5 6.5 $\tau_{\mathsf{Rk,cr}}$ dry and wet concretr Temp. range II⁵⁾: 80°C/50°C [N/mm²] 4,0 4,0 4,0 4,0 4,5 4,5 $\tau_{\mathsf{Rk},\mathsf{cr}}$ Temp. range III⁵⁾: [N/mm²] 3,5 3,0 3,0 3.0 3.0 3.5 $\tau_{\mathsf{Rk.cr}}$ 120°C/72°C Temp. range I⁵⁾: 40°C/24°C [N/mm²] 6.0 6,0 $\tau_{\text{Rk.cr}}$ flooded bore hole Temp. range II⁵: 80°C/50°C [N/mm²] 4,5 4,5 $\tau_{\text{Rk,cr}}$ not admissible Temp. range III⁵⁾: 3.5 3.5 [N/mm²] $\tau_{\mathsf{Rk},\mathsf{cr}}$ 120°C/72°C C30/37 1,04 Increasing factors for C40/50 1.08 cracked concrete ψ_c C50/60 1,10 7,2 k₈ Factor ref. bond strength $\tau_{Bk,c}$ Concrete cone failure Characteristic edge distance 1,5·h_{ef} [mm] C_{cr,N} 2·c_{cr,N} Characteristic spacing [mm] S_{cr.N} Factor concrete cone equation 7,2 k_{cr} Splitting failure $1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \le 2 \cdot h_{ef}$ 2,5 – $\leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$ Characteristic edge distance [mm] C_{cr,sp} hef Characteristic spacing S_{cr,sp} [mm] 2·c_{cr,sp} Part. safety factor (dry/ wet concr.) 1.8^{3} $\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Msp}$ Part. safety factor (flooded hole) $2,1^{4}$ not admissible $\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Msp}$ ¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included. ³⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. ⁴⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included. 5) Explanation see Section 1.2 of this ETA For seismic design see Annexes 35 and 36.

 Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete
 Annex 24

 Application with threaded rod
 Design method A: Characteristic values for tension loads

 in cracked concrete
 Design CEN/TS1992-4



• •	Characteristic values for s							cked	concr	ete	
Anchor size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30	
Steel failure without lever arm											
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88	115	140	
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224	
Partial safety factor							25				
Characteristic shear resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	115	140		
Partial safety factor		1,56 2,38							38		
Steel failure with lever arm	Partial safety factor γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾ Steel failure with lever arm										
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 5.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	19	37	65	166	324	560	833	1123	
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 8.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	896	1333	1797	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾		1,25								
Characteristic bending moment, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454	784	832	1125	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾		1,56						2,	38	
Factor bending	Factor bending k ₂				0,80						
Concrete pryout failure											
Factor k ₃				2,0							
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} ¹⁾		1,50								
Concrete edge failure			see CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Section 6.3.4								
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} ¹⁾					1,	50				

1) In absence of other national regulations

For seismic design see Annexes 35 and 36.

Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor	rod for concrete	Annex 25
Application with threaded rod Design method A: Characteristic values for shea	r loads	
in cracked and uncracked concrete	Design CEN/TS1992-4	



able 25: D	isplacen	nents for tension I	oads ¹⁾	in cra	cked a	and u	ncracl	ked co	oncret	е
Anchor size the	readed rod	1	M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Uncracked con	crete									
Temperature ra	ange I 40°C	C/24°C								
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,021	0,023	0,026	0,031	0,036	0,041	0,045	0,049
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,034	0,033	0,037	0,045	0,052	0,060	0,065	0,071
Temperature ra	ange II 80°	C/50°C								
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,075	0,088	0,100	0,110	0,119
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,108	0,127	0,145	0,159	0,172
Temperature ra	ange III 120)°C/72°C								
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,075	0,088	0,100	0,110	0,119
Displacement	δ_{N^∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,108	0,127	0,145	0,159	0,172
Cracked concre	ete									
Temperature ra	ange I 40°C	C/24°C								
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]				0,	07			
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]				0,1	05			
Temperature ra	ange II 80°	C/50°C								
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]				0,	17			
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]				0,2	245			
Temperature ra	ange III 120)°C/72°C								
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]				0,	17			
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]				0,2	245			

¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; (τ_{Sd} : design bond strength)

Table 26: Displacement for shear load²⁾ in cracked and uncracked concrete

Anchor size the	readed rod		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Uncracked concrete										
Displacement	δ _{V0}	[mm/ kN]	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
Displacement	$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/ kN]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04
Cracked concr	ete	·								
Displacement	δ _{vo}	[mm/ kN]			0,112	0,103	0,093	0,084	0,076	0,069
Displacement	δ _{V∞}	[mm/ kN]	1		0,169	0,154	0,140	0,125	0,115	0,104
²⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; (V _d : design shear load)										
	PRO Injecti	on resin with anchor	rod for	concre	ete		Anr	1ex 26	;	
	-		rod for	concre	ete		Anr	1ex 26	;	



Anchor size reinforcing bar				Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure (Properties acc. to	Annex 4)											02
Characteristic tension resistance,	N		[kN]	28	43	62	85	111	173	270	339	442
B500B according to DIN488-2: 2009 Partial safety factor	γMs,N							1,40				
Combined pullout and concret	e cone failu	ire						1,40				
Characteristic bond resistance in			rete C2()/25								
T			[N/mm ²]	11	13	13	13	13	13	11,5	10,5	9,0
Temp. range I ⁵ : 80°C/24°C	Thigae	~	[N/mm ²]	8,0	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,5	8,5	7,5	6,5
5 ⁵ Temp. range III ⁵ : 120°C/72	Thight	<u>,</u>	[N/mm²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,0	5,0	4,5
()	- 1 11,00	<u>,</u>	[N/mm²]	8,0	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,5	,			,
Temp. range II ⁵ : 80°C/24°C	-110,00		[N/mm ²]	6,0	7,0	7,0	7,0	7,0	n	ot adm	nissible)
² S Temp. range III ⁵ : 120°C/72			[N/mm ²]	4,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	1			
	C30/							1,04				
Increasing factors for non-cracked concrete ψ_c	C40/	/50						1,08				
non-cracked concrete ψ_c	C50/	/60						1,10				
Factor ref. bond strength $\tau_{\text{Rk,c}}$												
Concrete cone failure												
Characteristic edge distance	C _{cr,}	c _{cr,N} [mm] 1,5·h _{ef} c [mm] 2:0										
Characteristic spacing	S _{cr,}	s _{cr,N} [mm] 2·c _{or,N}										
Factor concrete cone equation k _{ucr} 10,1												
Splitting failure								/				
Characteristic edge distance	C _{cr,s}	sp	[mm]		1,0	0∙h _{ef} ≤	≦2∙h _{ef}	(2,5 – <mark>–</mark> h	h l _{ef})≤2	g,4 ∙ h _{ef}		
Characteristic spacing	S _{cr,s}	sp	[mm]				2	2 c _{cr,sp}				
Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete)	γ _{Mc} =	°γ _{Mp} =	=γ _{Msp} ¹⁾	1,5 ²⁾				1,8	3)			
Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mc} =$	·γ _{Mp} =	=γ _{Msp} ¹⁾			2,1 ⁴⁾			n	ot adm	nissible)
 ¹⁾ In absence of other nation ²⁾ The partial safety factor γ₂ ³⁾ The partial safety factor γ₂ ⁴⁾ The partial safety factor γ₂ ⁵⁾ Explanations see section 1 For more information on the destruction on the destruction of the	= 1.0 is inclu = 1.2 is inclu = 1.4 is inclu .2	ided. ided. ided.		r as and	chor se	ee Sec	tion 4.	2				
Powers AC100-PRO Injection		ancl	hor rod	for cor	ncrete			Anı	nex 2	7		



Ancl	nor size reinforcing bar			Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
	I failure (Properties acc. to Ann	ex 4)			_					
Chara	acteristic tension resistance, B according to DIN488-2: 2009	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	62	85	111	173	270	339	442
	al safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾	1				1,40			
	bined pullout and concrete con						1,10			
	acteristic bond resistance in crack		ete C20/2	25						
	Tomp, range 1 ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm ²]	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	6,5	6,5
ary and wet concrete	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm ²]	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,5	4,5
5 8	Temp. range III ⁵ : 120°C/72°C	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm ²]	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,5	3,5
_ 0	Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm ²]	6,0	6,0	6,0		-		
flooded bore hole	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm ²]	4,5	4,5	4,5		not adm	nissible	
bor bor	Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 120°C/72°C	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm ²]	3,5	3,5	3,5				
	anian fantaun fau	C30/37					1,04			
	asing factors for $ m ked$ concrete $ m \psi_{c}$	C40/50					1,08			
Clack		C50/60					1,10			
Facto	or ref. bond strength $\tau_{\text{Rk},c}$				7,2					
Con	crete cone failure									
	acteristic edge distance	C _{cr,N}	[mm]				1,5∙h _{ef}			
	acteristic spacing	S _{cr,N}	[mm]				2·c _{cr,N}			
	or concrete cone equation	ŀ	K _{or}				7,2			
Split	ting failure	1		-						
Char	acteristic edge distance	C _{cr,sp}	[mm]		1,0 · h,	_{ef} ≤2 ⋅ h	_{ef} (2,5	$\left(\frac{h}{n_{ef}}\right) \le 2,4$	4 · h _{ef}	
	acteristic spacing	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]				$2c_{\text{cr,sp}}$			
	al safety factor	γ _{Msp} ¹⁾					1,8 ³⁾			
(dry and wet concrete)										
(flooded bore hole) $\gamma_{Msp}^{(1)}$ 2,1 ⁴ not admissible										
2) · 3) · 4) ·	In absence of other national regul The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is Explanations see section 1.2	included								

For more information on the design of post-installed rebar as anchor see Section 4.2 For seismic design see Annexes 35 and 36.

Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with ancho	r rod for concrete	Annex 28
Application with reinforcing bar Design method A: Characteristic values for ter	sion loads	
in cracked concrete	Design CEN/TS1992-4	



Design according to CEN/TS1992-4 Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and uncracked concrete Table 29:

Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure without lever arm (Pr	operties a	acc. A	nnex	4)							
Characteristic shear resistance, B500B according to DIN488-2: 2009		kN]	14	22	31	42	55	86	135	169	221
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾						1,5				
Steel failure with lever arm (Prope			ex 4)								
Characteristic bending moment, B500B according to DIN488-2: 2009	M ⁰ _{Rk,s} [Nm]	33	65	112	178	265	518	1012	1422	2123
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} 1)						1,5				
Factor bending	k ₂						0,80				
Concrete pryout failure											
Factor k ₃							2,0				
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} ¹⁾		1,50 ²⁾								
Concrete edge failure				S	ee CEN	V/TS 19	992-4-5	5, Secti	on 6.3.	4	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} ¹⁾		1,50 ²⁾								

 $^{1)}$ In absence of other national regulations $^{2)}$ The partial safety factor γ_2 = 1.0 is included.

Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see Section 4.2 For seismic design see Annexes 35 and 36.

Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor	rod for concrete	Annex 29
Application with reinforcing bar Design method A: Characteristic values for shea	r loads	
in cracked and uncracked concrete	Design CEN/TS1992-4	



Table 30:	Displa	cements for t	ensior	loads	s ¹⁾ in c	racked	l and u	Incrac	ked co	ncrete)
Anchor size	reinforcin	g bar	Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Uncracked c	oncrete										
Temperature	range I 40	0°C/24°C									
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,021	0,023	0,026	0,028	0,031	0,036	0,043	0,047	0,052
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,034	0,033	0,037	0,041	0,045	0,052	0,061	0,071	0,075
Temperature	range II 8	0°C/50°C									
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,069	0,075	0,088	0,104	0,113	0,126
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,099	0,108	0,127	0,149	0,163	0,181
Temperature range III 120°C/72°C											
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,069	0,075	0,088	0,104	0,113	0,126
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,099	0,108	0,127	0,149	0,163	0,181
Cracked con											
Temperature	range I 40	0°C/24°C									
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]					0,07				
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]					0,105				
Temperature	range II 8	0°C/50°C									
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]					0,17				
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	nm²)] 0,245								
Temperature	range III	120°C/72°C									
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]					0,17				
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]					0,245				

¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; (τ_{Sd} : design bond strength)

Table 31: Displacement for shear load²⁾ in cracked and uncracked concrete

Anchor size re	inforcing ba	ar	Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Uncracked concrete											
Displacement	δ _{vo}	[mm/(kN)]	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
Displacement	δ _{V∞}	[mm/(kN)]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04
Uncracked concrete											
Displacement	δ _{vo}	[mm/(kN)]			0,112	0,108	0,103	0,093	0,081	0,074	0,064
Displacement	δ _{V∞}	[mm/(kN)]			0,169	0,161	0,154	0,140	0,122	0,111	0,097
²⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; (V _d : design shear load)											
Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete Annex 30											
Application wit Displacements		g bar						1			
-	Design CEN/TS1992-4										



Ancho	or size internal threaded slee	ve		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20
Extern	al diameter			12	16	20	24	30
Effecti	ve anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	80	90	110	150	200
Steel f	failure						•	
Steel, p	teristic tension resistance, property class 5.8	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	18	29	42	78	122
Steel, p	teristic tension resistance, property class 8.8	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	29	46	67	125	196
	safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)				1,50		
Stainle: propert	teristic tension resistance, ss steel A4 and HCR, y class 50 (>M24) and y class 70 (≤ M24)	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	26	41	59	110	171
	safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾				1,87		
Comb	ined pullout and concrete co	ne failure))					
Chara	cteristic bond resistance in non	-cracked	concrete Ca	20/25				
te a	Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	13	13	13	12	9,5
dry and wet concrete	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm ²]	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,0	7,0
p 0	Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 120°C/72°C	$\tau_{\rm Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,0	5,0
<u></u>	Temp. range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm ²]	9,5	9,5			
flooded bore hole	Temp. range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm ²]	7,0	7,0	nc	ot admissib	le
bore	Temp. range III ⁵⁾ : 120°C/72°C	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm ²]	5,5	5,5			
		C30/37	1	- 1-	-,-	1,04		
	sing factors for	C40/50				1,04		
non-cr	acked concrete ψ_c	C50/60				1,10		
Factor	ref. bond strength $\tau_{Bk,c}$		۲ ₈			10,1		
	ete cone failure		0			, .		
	cteristic edge distance	C _{cr,N}	[mm]			1,5∙h _{ef}		
	cteristic spacing	S _{cr,N}	[mm]			2·C _{cr,N}		
	concrete cone equation		ucr			10,1		
	ng failure	K	uer			, .		
	cteristic edge distance	C _{cr,sp}	[mm]		1,0 · h _{ef} ≤ 2 · ł	$h_{ef}\left(2,5-\frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right)$	$-$) \leq 2,4 \cdot h _e	f
Chara	cteristic spacing	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]			2 ⁻ c _{cr,sp}		
Partial	safety factor nd wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$				1,8 ³⁾		
	safety factor ed bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Mp}$	=γ _{Msp} ¹⁾	2	,1 ⁴⁾	nc	ot admissib	le
²⁾ T ³⁾ T ⁴⁾ T	h absence of other national regulat he partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is in he partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is in he partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is in xplanations see Section 1.2 of this	ncluded. ncluded. ncluded.						
Powe	rs AC100-PRO Injection res	in with ar	nchor rod f	or concre	te	Anne	ex 31	
	ation with internal threaded an method A: Characteristic v racked concrete		tension lo	ads				



20 24 30 110 150 200 42 78 122 67 125 196 1,50 59 110 17 ⁻¹ 1,87 55 5,5 6,5 4,0 4,0 4,5 3,0 3,0 3,5 1,04 1,04 1,04
42 78 122 67 125 196 1,50 1 17 59 110 17 1,87 1 17 3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible 1
67 125 196 1,50 1,50 17 59 110 17 1,87 1,87 1,87 5,5 5,5 6,5 4,0 4,0 4,5 3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible 10 10
67 125 196 1,50 1,50 17 59 110 17 1,87 1,87 1,87 5,5 5,5 6,5 4,0 4,0 4,5 3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible 10 10
67 125 196 1,50 1,50 17 59 110 17 1,87 1,87 1,87 5,5 5,5 6,5 4,0 4,0 4,5 3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible 10 10
1,50 59 110 17 ⁻¹ 1,87 5,5 5,5 6,5 4,0 4,0 4,5 3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible
59 110 17 1,87
1,87 1,87 5,5 5,5 6,5 4,0 4,0 4,5 3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible
1,87 1,87 5,5 5,5 6,5 4,0 4,0 4,5 3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible
5,5 5,5 6,5 4,0 4,0 4,5 3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible 1
5,5 5,5 6,5 4,0 4,0 4,5 3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible 1
4,0 4,0 4,5 3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible
4,0 4,0 4,5 3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible
4,0 4,0 4,5 3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible
3,0 3,0 3,5 not admissible
not admissible
1,04
1,04
1,08
1,10
7,2
1,5·h _{ef}
2·c _{cr,N}
7,2
$2 \cdot h_{ef}\left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \le 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$
2·c _{cr,sp}
1,8 ³⁾
not admissible



Table 34: Design according to CEN/TS1992-4 Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and uncracked concrete

Anchor size internal threaded sleeve	9		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	
External diameter			12	16	20	24	30	
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	80	90	110	150	200	
Steel failure without lever arm								
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾				1,25			
Characteristic shear resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (≤ M24)	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾				1,56			
Steel failure with lever arm								
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 5.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	19	37	65	166	324	
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 8.8	${\sf M}^0_{{\sf Rk},{\sf s}}$	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾				1,25			
Characteristic bending moment, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾				1,56			
Factor bending	k ₂				0,8			
Concrete pryout failure								
Factor k ₃					2,0			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} ¹⁾				1,50			
Concrete edge failure			see CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Section 6.3.4					
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} ¹⁾				1,50			

¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations

Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor	rod for concrete	Annex 33
Application with internal threaded sleeve Design method A: Characteristic values for shea in cracked and uncracked concrete	ar loads Design CEN/TS1992-4	



Table 35: D	isplaceme	nts for tension I	oads ¹⁾ in c	cracked a	nd uncra	cked con	crete
Anchor size int	ernal thread	ed sleeve	M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20
External diameter	er		12	16	20	24	30
Effective anchor	age depth	h _{ef} [mm]	80	90	110	150	200
Uncracked concrete							
Temperature ra	inge I 40°C/2	4°C					
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm²)]	0,026	0,031	0,036	0,041	0,049
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,034	0,045	0,052	0,060	0,071
Temperature ra	inge II 80°C/5	50°C					
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,063	0,075	0,088	0,100	0,119
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]	0,090	0,108	0,127	0,145	0,172
Temperature ra							
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm²)]	0,063	0,075	0,088	0,100	0,119
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm²)]	0,090	0,108	0,127	0,145	0,172
Cracked concre	ete						
Temperature ra	inge I 40°C/2	4°C					
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]			0,07		
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]			0,105		
Temperature ra	inge II 80°C/5	50°C					
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]			0,17		
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]			0,245		
Temperature ra	inge III 120°C	C/72°C					
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]			0,17		
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm ²)]			0,245		

¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; (τ_{Sd} : design bond strength)

Table 36: Displacement for shear load ²⁾ in cracked and uncracked concrete

Anchor size internal threaded sl	M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20		
External diameter	12	16	20	24	30		
Effective anchorage depth h _{ef} [mm]				90	110	150	200
Uncracked concrete							
Displacement	δ _{vo}	[mm/ kN]	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03
Displacement	$\delta_{V^{\infty}}$	[mm/ kN]	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04
Cracked concrete							
Displacement	δ _{vo}	[mm/ kN]	0,112	0,103	0,093	0,084	0,069
Displacement	$\delta_{V^{\infty}}$	[mm/ kN]	0,169	0,154	0,140	0,125	0,104
²⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; (V _d : design shear load)							
Displacement for long term load =							
Displacement for long term load =	= δ _{V∞} · V _d / 1,4;		rete		Annex	34	



Seismic design according to Technical Report "Design of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action":

The decision of selection of a higher seismic performance category than given in Table 37 is in the responsibility of each individual Member State.

Furthermore, the values a_q·S assigned to the seismicity level may be different in the National Annexes to EN 1998-1: 2004 (EC8) compared to the values given in Table 37. The recommended category C1 and C2 given in Table 37 are given in the case that no National Requirements are defined.

Table 37: Recommended seismic performance categories for Anchors

Seismicity	Importance class according to EN 1998-1: 2004, 4.2.5					
	$a_g \cdot S^{2)}$		II	Ш	IV	
Very low 1)	a _g ·S ≤0,05·g	no additional requirement				
Low 1)	0,05·g < a _g ·S≤ 0,1·g	C1 C1 ³⁾ or C2 ⁴⁾		C2		
	a _g ·S> 0,1⋅g	C1 C2				

¹⁾ Definition according to EN 1998-1: 2004, 3.2.1

²⁾ $a_{g} = \gamma_1 \cdot a_{gR}$ Design ground acceleration on type A ground (Ground types as defined in EN1998-1:2004, Table 3.1 γ_1 = Importance factor (see EN1998-1: 2004, 4.2.5)

- a_{gR} = Reference peak ground acceleration on type A ground (see EN1998-1: 2004, 3.2.1) S= Soil factor (e.g. according to EN1998-1: 2004, 4.2.5)
- ³⁾ C1 for fixing of non-structural elements to structures
- ⁴⁾ C2 for fixing of structural elements to structures

Seismic design equations to calculate characteristic seismic resistance for the relevant failure mode:

Basic characteristic seismic resistance R⁰_{k seis}

 $R^{0}_{k,seis} = \alpha_{N,seis} \cdot R^{0}_{k}$ Tension: with $R^0_k = N_{Rk,s}$, $\tau_{Rk,cr}$, $N_{Rk,c}$, $N_{Rk,sp}$ $\alpha_{N,seis}$ = see Table 39 or Table 40 for N_{Rk,s} and $\tau_{Rk,cr}$ $\alpha_{N,seis}$ = 1,0 for N_{Rk,c} and N_{Rk,sp} $R^{0}_{k,seis} = \alpha_{v,seis} \cdot R^{0}_{k}$ Shear: with $R^0_k = V_{Rk,s}, V_{Rk,c}, V_{Rk,cp}$ $\alpha_{V,seis}$ = see Table 39 or Table 40 for V_{Bk.s} $\alpha_{V,seis}$ = 1,0 for V_{Rk,c} and V_{Rk,cp} Characteristic seismic resistance R_{k.seis} $R_{k,seis} = \alpha_{qap} \cdot \alpha_{seis} \cdot R^{0}_{k,seis}$ Tension: $R_{k,seis} = \alpha_{gap} \cdot \alpha_{seis} \cdot R^{0}_{k,seis}$ Shear: with α_{seis} = see Table 38 α_{gap} = see Table 38 Seismic design resistance R_{d.seis} Rd,seis= Rk,seis/ yM,seis with $\gamma_{M,seis} = \gamma_M$

Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete Annex 35 Design for seismic actions



Та	ble 38:	8: Reduction factors α_{gap} und α_{seis} for resistance under seismic action					
	Loading	Failure modes	$\alpha_{\sf gap}$	α _{seis} single fastener	α _{seis} fastener group		
		Steel failure	1,0	1,0	1,0		
	Tension	Combined pullout and concrete failure	1,0	1,0	0,85		
		Concrete cone failure	1,0	0,85	0,75		
		Splitting failure	1,0	1,0	0,85		
		Steel failure without lever arm	0,5 ¹⁾	1,0	0,85		
	Shear	Steel failure with lever arm	_2)	-2)	_2)		
		Concrete edge failure	0,5 ¹⁾	1,0	0,85		
		Concrete pryout failure	0,5 ¹⁾	0,85	0,75		

¹⁾ The limitation for the size of the clearance hole is given in TR 029 Table 4.1

 $\alpha_{gap}\text{=}$ 1,0 in case of no clearance between fastener and fixture $^{2)}$ No performance determined

Table 39: Reduction factors for seismic performance category C1 for threaded rods

Anchor size threaded rod		M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30	
Tension load								
Steel failure								
Seismic reduction factor					1	,0		
Combined pullout and concrete cone failure								
Seismic reduction factor	$\alpha_{\rm N,seis}$	[-]	0,68	0,68	0,68	0,69	0,69	0,69
Shear load								
Steel failure without lever arm								
Seismic reduction factor	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	[-]			0,	70		

Table 40: Reduction factors for seismic performance category C1 for reinforcing bars

Anchor size reinforcing bar		Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32	
Tension load									
Steel failure									
Seismic reduction factor	$\alpha_{\rm N,seis}$	[-]				1,0			
Combined pullout and concrete cone failure									
Seismic reduction factor	$\alpha_{\rm N,seis}$	[-]	0,68	0,68	0,68	0,68	0,69	0,69	0,69
Shear load									
Steel failure without lever arm									
Seismic reduction factor	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	[-]				0,70			

Powers AC100-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 36
Reduction factors for threaded rods and rebar for design under seismic actions	