

# **European Technical Approval ETA-10/0171**

Injektionssystem Upat UPM 33 Injection system Upat UPM 33
Upat Vertriebs GmbH Otto-Hahn Straße 15 79211 Denzlingen DEUTSCHLAND
Verbunddübel in den Größen M6 bis M30 zur Verankerung im ungerissenen Beton
Bonded anchor in the size of M6 to M30 for use in non-cracked concrete
9 July 2010
29 October 2012
30 October 2012
30 October 2017
Upat

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Diese Zulassung umfasst This Approval contains



Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen European Organisation for Technical Approvals

26 Seiten einschließlich 17 Anhänge

26 pages including 17 annexes

8.06.01-411/12



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## I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
  - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products<sup>1</sup>, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC<sup>2</sup> and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>3</sup>;
  - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998<sup>4</sup>, as amended by Article 2 of the law of 8 November 2011<sup>5</sup>;
  - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC<sup>6</sup>;
  - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete Part 5: Bonded anchors", ETAG 001-05.
- 2 Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- 3 This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- 4 This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- 5 Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- 6 The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.
- <sup>1</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12
  - Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1
- <sup>3</sup> Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25
- <sup>4</sup> Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812
- <sup>5</sup> Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2011, p. 2178

Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



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# II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

#### 1 Definition of the product and intended use

#### **1.1 Definition of the construction product**

The Injection system UPM 33 is a bonded anchor (injection type) consisting of a mortar cartridge with Upat injection mortar UPM 33, UPM 33 Express or UPM 33 Relax and a steel element. The steel elements are either

- Upat anchor rods in the range of M8 to M30 or
- Upat internal threaded anchor IST in the range of M8 to M20 or

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between steel element, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration of the product and intended use is given in Annexes 1 and 2.

#### 1.2 Intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106 EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences. Safety in case of fire (Essential Requirement 2) is not covered in this European technical approval. The anchor is to be used only for anchorages subject to static or quasi-static loading in reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at most according to EN 206:2000-12.

The anchor may be used in non-cracked concrete only.

The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete. The internal threaded anchor IST and the Upat anchor rod in the range of M12 to M30 with coaxial cartridges of sizes 380 ml, 400 ml and 410 ml may be installed in flooded holes excepting sea water.

The drill hole shall be made by hammer drilling or compressed air drilling.

The anchor may be used in the following service temperature ranges:

Temperature range I:	-40 °C to +80 °C	(max long term temperature +50 °C and
		max short term temperature +80 °C)
Temperature range II:	-40 °C to +120 °C	(max long term temperature +72 °C and
		max short term temperature +120 °C)

#### Elements made of zinc coated steel:

The element made of electroplated or hot-dipped galvanised steel may only be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions.

#### Elements made of stainless steel A4:

The element made of stainless steel may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure in permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).



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#### Elements made of high corrosion resistant steel C:

The element made of high corrosion resistant steel may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

#### 2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

#### 2.1 Characteristics of product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in Annexes 1 to 7. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in Annexes 1 to 7 shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation<sup>7</sup> of this European technical approval.

The characteristic anchor values for the design of anchorages are given in Annexes 10 to 29.

The two components of the Upat injection mortar UPM 33, UPM 33 Express or UPM 33 Relax are delivered in unmixed condition in shuttle cartridges or in coaxial cartridges according to Annex 1. Each cartridge is marked with the imprint "UPM 33", "UPM 33 Express" or "UPM 33 Relax" with processing notes, shelf life, curing time, processing time (depending on temperature), hazard code.

Each Upat anchor rod is marked with the property class in accordance with Annex 3.

Each Upat internal threaded anchor IST is marked with the marking of steel grade and length in accordance with Annex 4. Each Upat internal threaded anchor IST made of stainless steel is marked with the additional letter "A4". Each Upat internal threaded anchor IST made of high corrosion resistant steel is marked with the additional letter "C".

The marking of embedment depth may be done on jobsite.

#### 2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Anchors for use in concrete", Part 1 "Anchors in general" and Part 5 "Bonded anchors" on the basis of Option 7.

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

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The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.



#### Extension of validity of the

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### 3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

#### 3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 96/582/EG of the European Commission<sup>8</sup> system 2(i) (referred to as System 1) of the attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
  - (1) factory production control;
  - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed control plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
  - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
  - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
  - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

#### 3.2 Responsibilities

#### 3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial/raw/constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.<sup>9</sup>

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



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#### 3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the

- initial type-testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control,

in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

#### 3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the anchor. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the producer (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the number of the guideline for European technical approval,
- use category (ETAG 001-1, Option 7),
- size.

# 4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

#### 4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.



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#### 4.2 Design of anchorages

The fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following conditions:

The anchorages are designed in accordance with the

- EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors"<sup>10</sup>
- or in accordance with the
- CEN/TS 1992-4-5 "Design of fastenings for use in concrete", Part 4-5: "Post-installed fasteners Chemical systems",

under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.

For the Upat internal threaded anchor IST fastening screws or threaded rods made of appropriate steel and strength class acc. to Annex 5 shall be specified. The minimum and maximum thread engagement length  $I_E$  of the fastening screw or the threaded rod for installation of the fixture shall be met the requirements according to Annex 4, Table 3. The length of the fastening screw or the threaded rod shall be determined depending on thickness of fixture, admissible tolerances, available thread length and minimum and maximum thread engagement length  $I_E$ .

Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored.

The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).

#### 4.3 Installation of anchors

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the anchor is installed as follows:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site,
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components of an anchor,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,
- commercial standard threaded rods, washers and hexagon nuts may also be used if the following requirements are fulfilled:
  - material, dimensions and mechanical properties of the metal parts according to the specifications given in Annex 5, Table 4,
  - confirmation of material and mechanical properties of the metal parts by inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204:2004, the documents should be stored,
  - marking of the threaded rod with the envisage embedment depth. This may be done by the manufacturer of the rod or the person on jobsite.
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which the anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the concrete to which the characteristic loads apply,
- check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids,
- marking and keeping the effective anchorage depth,
- edge distance and spacing not less than the specified values without minus tolerances,
- positioning of the drill holes without damaging the reinforcement,
- drilling by hammer drilling or compressed air drilling,
- in case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,

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- The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete. The internal threaded anchor IST and the Upat anchor rod in the range of M12 to M30 with coaxial cartridges of sizes 380 ml, 400 ml and 410 ml may be installed in flooded holes excepting sea water,
- cleaning the drill hole and installation in accordance with Annexes 6 and 7,
- the anchor component installation temperature shall be at least 0 °C (UPM 33 Express) and +5 °C (UPM 33 and UPM 33 Relax); during curing of the chemical mortar the temperature of the concrete must not fall below -5 °C (UPM 33, UPM 33 Express) and 0 °C (UPM 33 Relax); observing the curing time according to Annex 5, Table 4 until the anchor may be loaded,
- fastening screws or threaded rods (including nut and washer) for the internal threaded anchor must be made of appropriate steel grade and property class,
- installation torque moments are not required for functioning of the anchor. However, the torque moments given in Annex 3 and 4 must not be exceeded.

#### 5 Indications to the manufacture

#### 5.1 Responsibility of the manufacturer

It is in the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to as well as sections 4.2, 4.3 and 5.2 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval. In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

The minimum data required are:

- drill bit,
- hole depth,
- diameter of anchor rod,
- minimum effective anchorage depth,
- information on the installation procedure, including cleaning of the hole with the cleaning equipments, preferably by means of an illustration,
- anchor component installation temperature,
- material and property class of metal parts acc. to Annex 5, Table 4,
- ambient temperature of the concrete during installation of the anchor,
- admissible processing time (open time) of a cartridge,
- curing time until the anchor may be loaded as a function of the ambient temperature in the concrete during installation,
- maximum torque moment,
- identification of the manufacturing batch.

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.



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### 5.2 Recommendations concerning packaging, transport and storage

The injection cartridges shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacture's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5  $^{\circ}$ C to not more than +25  $^{\circ}$ C.

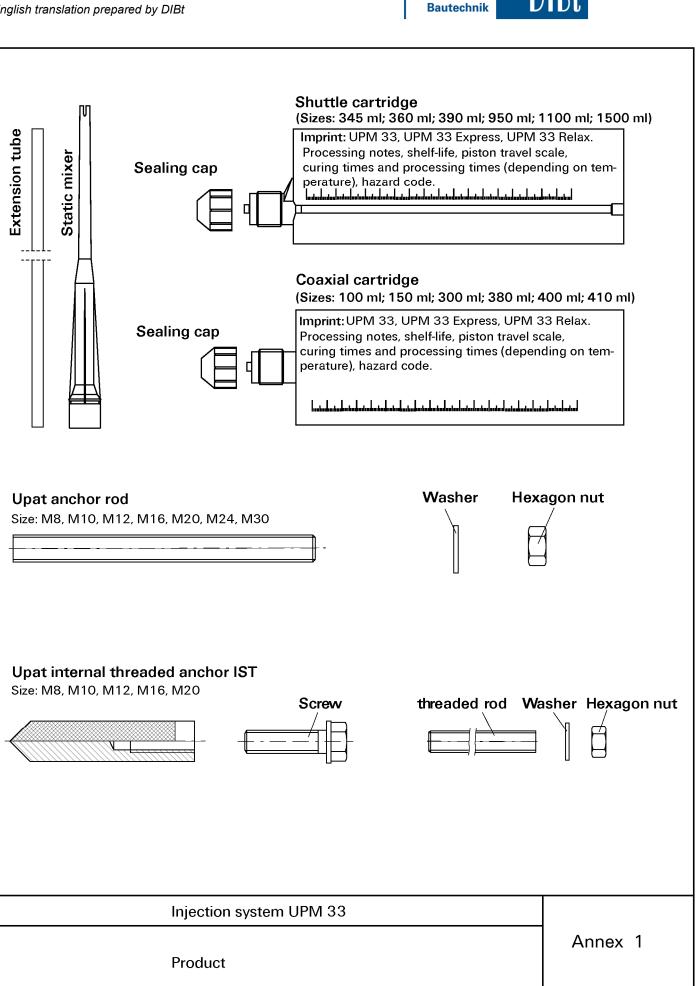
Mortar cartridges with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit. Mortar cartridges may be packed separately from metal parts.

Georg Feistel Head of Department *beglaubigt:* Baderschneider

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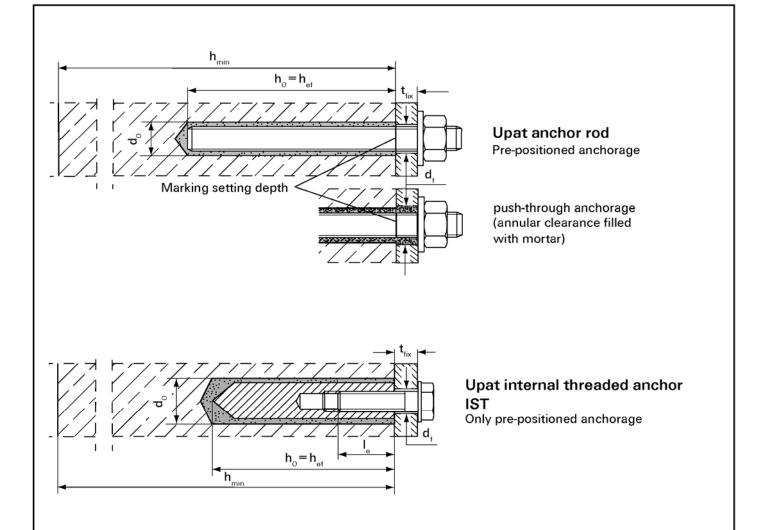
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Institut für

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# Table 1: Application range and intended use

			max.	long term tempe	erature	max. short term temperature
Temperature range I:	I: -40°C to +80°C			+50°C		+80°C
Temperature range II: -4	40°C te	o +120°C	+72°C			+120°C
Intended use		dry concrete	e	wet concrete		flooded hole <sup>1)</sup>
Anchor rods		Ν	M8 – M30			M12 – M30
Internal threaded anchors RC	3 MI			M8 -	- M20	

<sup>1)</sup>Only coaxial cartrigdes 380 ml, 400 ml and 410 ml.

Injection system UPM 33
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Intended use Application range, temperture ranges Annex 2

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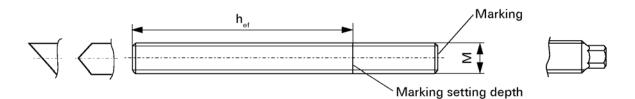


Size of anchor		[-]	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M30
Nominal drill b	it diameter d <sub>o</sub>	[mm]	10	12	14	18	24	28	35
Drill hole dept	n h <sub>o</sub>	[mm]				$h_0 = h_{ef}$	f		
Effective ancho	orage h <sub>ef,min</sub>	[mm]	64	80	96	128	160	192	240
depth	h <sub>ef,max</sub>	[mm]	96	120	144	192	240	288	360
Minimum space and minimum edge distance	s <sub>min</sub> = $c_{min}$	[mm]	40	45	55	65	85	105	140
Diameter of clearance	pre-positioned d <sub>f</sub> anchorage	[mm]	9	12	14	18	22	26	33
hole in the fixture <sup>1)</sup>	push-through anchorage d <sub>f</sub>	[mm]	11	14	16	20	26	30	40
Minimum thicl of concrete me	n	[mm]	h <sub>ef</sub> -	+ 30 (≥1	00)		h <sub>ef</sub> +	- 2d <sub>o</sub>	
Maximum torq moment	ue T <sub>inst,max</sub>	[Nm]	10	20	40	60	120	150	300
	t <sub>fix,min</sub>	[mm]				0			
Thickness of fi	xture t <sub>,fix,max</sub>	r 1				3000			

#### Table 2: Installation parameters Upat anchor rods

<sup>1)</sup>For bigger clearance holes in fixture see chapter 1.1 of the TR 029.

### Upat anchor rod



#### Marking:

Property class 8.8 or high corrosion-resistant steel C, property class 80: • Stainless steel A4, and high corrosion-resistant steel C, property class 50: • •

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Upat anchor rods Installation parameters and dimensions

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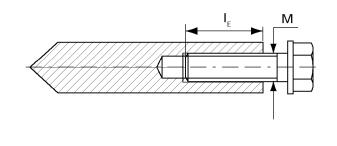
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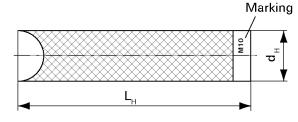
#### Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Size of anchor			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Diameter of anchor	d <sub>H</sub>	[mm]	12	16	18	22	28
Nominal drill bit diameter	d <sub>o</sub>	[mm]	14	18	20	24	32
Length of anchor	L <sub>H</sub>	[mm]	90	90	125	160	200
Effective anchorage depth ${f h}_{ m ef}$ and drill hole depth ${f h}_{ m o}$	$\mathbf{h}_{ef} = \mathbf{h}_{0}$	[mm]	90	90	125	160	200
Minimum spacing and edge distance	$s_{min} = c_{min}$	[mm]	55	65	75	95	125
Diameter of clearence hole in the fixture	d <sub>f</sub>	[mm]	9	12	14	18	22
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h <sub>min</sub>	[mm]	120	125	165	205	260
o · · · ·	l <sub>E,min</sub>	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20
Screw-in depth	l <sub>E,max</sub>	[mm]	18	23	26	35	45
Maximum troque moment	T <sub>inst,max</sub>	[Nm]	10	20	40	80	120

# Table 3: Installation parameters for Upat internal threaded anchors IST

# Upat internal threaded anchor IST





Marking: anchor size e.g.: M10 Stainless steel additional A4 e.g.: M10 A4 High corrosion-resistant steel additional C e.g.: M10 C

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Upat internal threaded anchors IST Installation parameters and dimensions



Designation		Materials	
	Steel, zinc plated	Stainless steel A4	high corrosion-resistant steel C
anchor rod	Property class 5.8 or 8.8; EN ISO 898-1 zinc plated $\ge$ 5µm, EN ISO 4042 A2K or hot-dip galvanised EN ISO 10684 $f_{uk} \le 1000 \text{ N/mm}^2$ $A_5 > 8\%$	Property class 50, 70 or 80 EN ISO 3506 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088 or 1.4062 pr EN 10088:2011 f <sub>uk</sub> ≤ 1000 N/mm <sup>2</sup> A <sub>5</sub> > 8%	Property class 50 or 80 EN ISO 3506 or property class 70 with $f_{yk} = 560 \text{ N/mm}^2$ 1.4565; 1.4529 EN 10088 $f_{uk} \le 1000 \text{ N/mm}^2$ $A_5 > 8\%$
Washer EN ISO 7089	zinc plated ≥ 5µm, EN ISO 4042 A2K or hot-dip galvanised EN ISO 10684	1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088	1.4565;1.4529 EN 10088
Hexagon nut according to EN ISO 4032	Property class 5 or 8; EN ISO 898-2 zinc plated ≥ 5µm, EN ISO 4042 A2K or hot-dip galvanised EN ISO 10684	Property class 50, 70 or 80 EN ISO 3506 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088	Property class 50, 70 or 80 EN ISO 3506 1.4565; 1.4529 EN 10088
Screw or threaded rods for internal- threaded anchors IST	Property class 5.8 or 8.8; EN ISO 898-1 zinc plated ≥ 5µm, EN ISO 4042 A2K or hot-dip galvanised EN ISO 10684	Property class 70 EN ISO 3506 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088	Property class 70 EN ISO 3506-1 1.4565; 1.4529 EN 10088

### Table 5: Maximum processing time of the mortar and minimum curing time

(During the curing time of the mortar the concrete temperature may not fall below the listed minimum temperature).

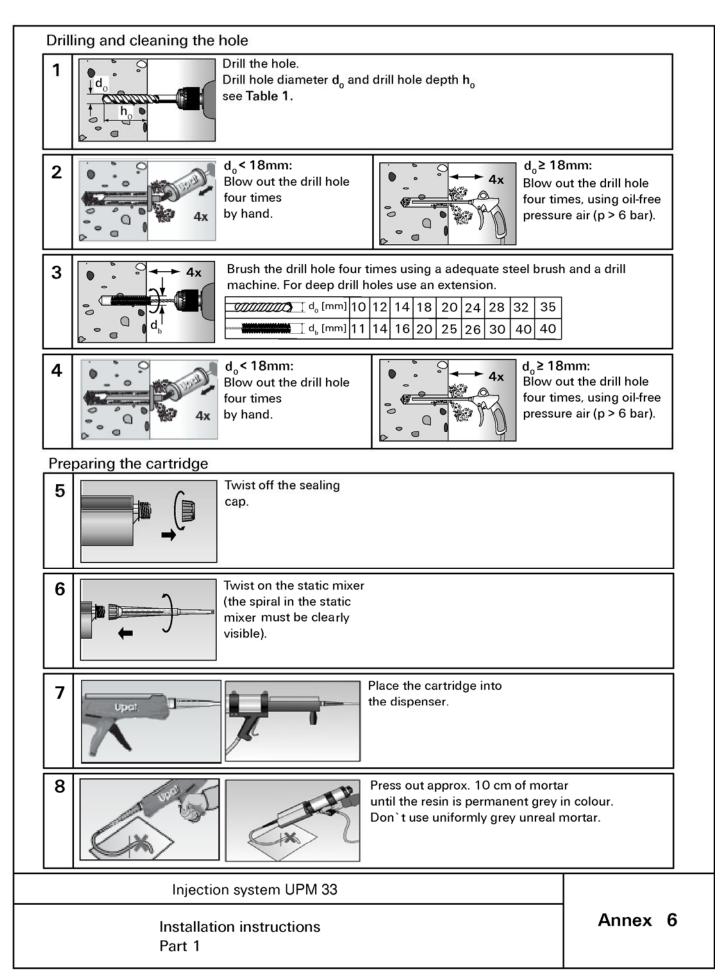
Temperature at anchoring base		curing time [minutes]	1)	System- temperature (mortar)	Maxir	num proces t <sub>work</sub> [minut	-
	UPM 33		UPM 33		UPM 33		UPM 33
[ °C ]	Express	UPM 33	Relax	[°C]	Express	UPM 33	Relax
-5 to ±0	3 hours	24 hours		0	5		
>±0 to +5	3 hours	3 hours	6 hours	+ 5	5	13	
>+5 to +10	50	90	3 hours	+ 10	3	9	20
>+10 to +20	30	60	2 hours	+ 20	1	5	10
>+20 to +30		45	60	+ 30		4	6
>+30 to +40		35	30	+ 40		2	4

<sup>1)</sup> For wet concrete the curing time must be doubled.

### Injection system UPM 33

Materials Processing time and curing time

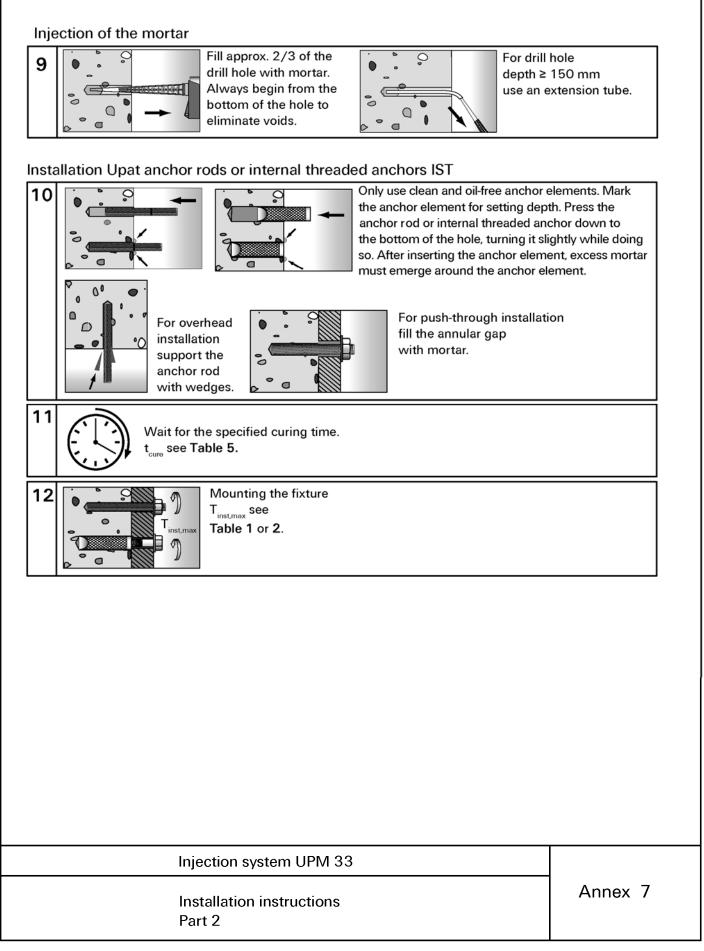




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Size			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M 24	M 30				
Steel failure		•				1							
U sk	Property	5.8[kN]	19	29	43	79	123	177	281				
e N	class	8.8 [kN]	30	47	68	126	196	282	449				
Characteristic resistance Characteristic stainless resistance N R <sup>3</sup> Stainless and stee and stee	3 <u> </u>	50[kN]	19	29	43	79	123	177	281				
steel A4		70[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	393				
ວັ <u>ຍ</u> and stee		80[kN]	30	47	68	126	196	282	449				
>_	Property	5.8 [-]				1,50							
afet <sup>1</sup> <sup>vs.n</sup>	class	8.8 [-]				1,50							
Partial safety factor Y <sub>Ms.N</sub> <sup>-1</sup> sealuists of the part base pue		50 [-]	2,86										
steel A4		70 [-]		<u> </u>									
and stee				1,60									
Combined pullo	ut and concr	80 [-] ete cone f	failure										
Diameter of calc	ulation	d [mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	30				
Characteristic b	ond resistan	ce in con	crete C2	0/25. Int	ended us	se: dry ar	nd wet co	oncrete					
Temperature rang	ge I <sup>4)</sup> τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm²]	11,0	11,0	11,0	10,0	9,5	9,0	8,5				
Temperature rang	gell <sup>4)</sup> τ <sub>Rk,uor</sub>	[N/mm²]	9,5	9,5	9,0	8,5	8,0	7,5	7,0				
Characteristic b	ond resistan	ce in con	crete C2	0/25. Int	ended u	se: floode	ed hole						
Temperature rang	ge I <sup>4)</sup> τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm²]	—	—	9,5	8,5	8,0	7,5	7,0				
Temperature rang	ge II <sup>4)</sup> τ <sub>RK,ucr</sub>	[N/mm²]	_	_	7,5	7,0	6,5	6,0	6,0				
	C2	5/30 [-]				1,05							
		D/37 [-]				1,10							
Increasing	I	5/45 [-]				1,15							
factors for $\tau_{_{Rk,ucr}}$	<u></u>	0/50 [-]				1,19							
		5/55 [-]	1,22										
	650	0/60 [-]				1,26							
Splitting failure													
		h <sub>ef</sub> ≥ 2,0				1,0 h <sub>ef</sub>							
Edge distance	2,0 > h /	h <sub>ef</sub> > 1,3				4,6 h <sub>ef</sub> - 1	,8 h						
	h <sub>ef</sub> ≤ 1,3	2,26 h <sub>ef</sub>											
c [mm]						2c <sub>cr,sp</sub>							
Spacing		<sub>r,sp</sub> [mm]				cr,sp کے							

# Table 6: Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to TR 029

= 700 N/mm² ; f<sub>yk</sub> For steel C: f = 560 N/mm

<sup>4)</sup> See Annex 2.

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Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to TR 029 Upat anchor rods Characteristic values to tension load



# Table 7: Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to TR 029 Characteristic values to shear load Upat anchor rods

Size					M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M30
Steel fail	ure without	lever arm									
Rk,s Ci		Property			9	15	21	39	61	89	141
e <		class	8.8 [k	(N]	15	23	34	63	98	141	225
Characteristic resistance V <sub>Rk</sub>	stainless	Bronorty	50 [k	(N]	9	15	21	39	61	89	141
are	steel A4	Property class	70 [k	(N]	13	20	30	55	86	124	197
မ် ခို	and steel C	Class	80 [k	(N]	15	23	34	63	98	141	225
Steel fail	ure with lev	er arm				_	_				
.≌ .¦		Property	5.8[N	m]	19	37	65	166	324	561	1124
Brist Brist		class	8.8[N	m]	30	60	105	266	519	898	1799
Characteristic bending mo- ment M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rks</sub>	stainless	Property	50[N	-	19	37	65	166	324	561	1124
and and ent	steel A4	alaaa	70[N		26	52	92	233	454	785	1574
ਹੇ ਛੋ ੲ	and steel C	Class	80[N	m]	30	60	105	266	519	898	1799
Partial sa	fety factor s	steel failu	·e								
		Property	5.8	[-]				1,25			
		class	8.8	[-]				1,25			
γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	stainless	Property	50	[-]				2,38			
	steel A4	, . class	70	[-]			1,	25 <sup>3)</sup> / 1,!	56		
	and steel C		80	[-]				1,33			
Concrete	pryout failu	ire									
	Equation (5. Report TR 02 2.3.3		k	[-]				2,0			
Partial sat	fety failure		$\gamma_{Mcp}^{1)}$	[-]				1,5 <sup>2)</sup>			
Concrete	edge failur	e			S	See Tech	nical Rep	ort TR 0	29, Secti	on 5.2.3	.4
Partial sat	fety failure		$\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$	[-]				1,5 <sup>2)</sup>			

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

<sup>2)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2 = 1.0$  is included. <sup>3)</sup> For steel C:  $f_{uk} = 700 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ;  $f_{yk} = 560 \text{ N/mm}^2$ 

Annex 9

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### **Table 8:** Displacements of Upat anchor rods to tension load

Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M30
Temperature range	-40°C	/ +80°C	Effe	ective and	chorage	depth h	$= 8 d^{1}$	-	
Tension load		N [kN]	7,7	11,0	15,8	25,5	37,9	51,7	76,3
Displacement	$\delta_{_{NO}}$	[mm]	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,3
Displacement	δ <sub>N∞</sub>	[mm]	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,9	0,9	0,9
Temperature range	I -40°C	/+120°C	Effe	ective and	chorage	depth h	$_{\rm of} = 8  \rm d^{1)}$		
Tension load		N [kN]	6,4	9,5	12,9	21,7	31,9	43,1	62,8
Displacement	$\delta_{_{\rm NO}}$	[mm]	0,15	0,15	0,15	0,15	0,25	0,25	0,25
Displacement	$\delta_{N^\infty}$	[mm]	0,45	0,45	0,45	0,45	0,75	0,75	0,75

<sup>1)</sup> Values for 8d  $\leq$  h<sub>ef</sub>  $\leq$  20d can be calculated:

$\delta_{\rm NO} = \delta_{\rm NO1} \frac{h_{\rm ef}}{8d}$	$\boldsymbol{\delta}_{_{NO1}}\text{for }\textbf{h}_{_{ef}}\text{ 8d}$
--	---

$$\delta_{N\infty} = \delta_{N\infty1} \frac{h_{ef}}{8d} \qquad \delta_{N\infty1} \text{ for } h_{ef} 8d$$

### Table 9: Displacements of Upat anchor rods to shear load

Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M30	
	and 10%C ( )								14130	
Temperature range I -40°C / + 80°C and temperature range II -40°C /+120°C										
Property class	5.8 / A4-50 /	C-50								
Shear load	V	[kN]	5,1	8,1	11,8	21,9	34,2	49,1	78,3	
Displacement	$\delta_{vo}$	[mm]	0,9	1,2	1,4	2,0	2,4	2,6	3,7	
Displacement	$\delta_{V^{\infty}}$	[mm]	1,4	1,7	2,1	2,9	3,7	4,1	5,6	
Property class	A4-70									
Shear load	V	[kN]	5,9	9,3	13,5	25,2	39,3	56,4	89,9	
Displacement	$\delta_{vo}$	[mm]	1,0	1,3	1,6	2,2	2,8	3,4	4,3	
Displacement	0	[mm]	1,6	2,0	2,4	3,4	4,2	5,6	6,4	
Property class	C-70 <sup>1)</sup>									
Shear load	V	[kN]	7,3	11,6	16,9	31,4	49,0	70,4	112,2	
Displacement	$\delta_{vo}$	[mm]	1,3	1,7	2,0	2,8	3,5	4,2	5,3	
Displacement	•	[mm]	2,0	2,5	3,0	4,2	5,3	6,3	8,0	
Property class	8.8 / A4-80 /	C-80								
Shear load	V	[kN]	7,0	11,1	15,2	30,1	47,0	67,7	107,7	
Displacement	δ <sub>vo</sub>	[mm]	1,2	1,6	1,9	2,8	3,3	3,6	5,1	
Displacement	0	[mm]	1,9	2,3	2,9	4,0	5,1	5,6	7,7	

<sup>1)</sup>  $f_{uk} = 700 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ;  $f_{yk} = 560 \text{ N/mm}^2$ 

Injection system UPM 33

Upat anchor rods Displacements

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# Table 10: Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to TR 029

Characteristic values to tension load for Upat internal threaded anchors IST

Size				M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20		
Steel failure										
Change at a vistin		Property	- 5.8 [kN]	19	29	43	79	123		
Characteristic resistance	N	clas	s 8.8 [kN]	29	47	68	108	179		
with screw	$N_{_{Rk,s}}$	-	y <u>A4 [kN]</u>	26	41	59	110	172		
		class 70	O C [kN]	26	41	59	110	172		
		Property				1,50				
Partial safety	$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		s 8.8 [-]		1,50					
factor	1113,11	Propert	·			<u>1,87</u> 1.87				
		class 70	O C [-]							
Combined pullout an		allure	d [mama]	10	10	10	00	20		
Diameter for calculati			d <sub>H</sub> [mm]	12	16	18	22	28		
Effective anchorage d			h <sub>ef</sub> [mm]	90	90	125	160	200		
Characteristic values				e: dry and	wet concr	ete	1			
Temperature range I	(-40°C /+80	°C) <sup>3)</sup> N	<sup>O</sup> <sub>Rk,p</sub> [kN]	30	40	50	75	115		
Temperature range II	(-40°C / +12	0°C) <sup>3)</sup> N	<sup>0</sup> [kN]	25	30	40	60	95		
Characteristic values	s in concrete	e C20/25. I	ntended us	e: flooded	hole					
Temperature range I	(-40°C /+80	°C) <sup>3)</sup> N	<sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,p</sub> [kN]	25	35	50	60	95		
Temperature range II	(-40°C / +12	:0°C) <sup>3)</sup> N	<sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,p</sub> [kN]	20	25	35	50	75		
		<u>(</u>	25/30 [-]			1,05				
			C30/37 [-]		1,10					
Increasing factors for	N <sup>O</sup>	т –	35/45 [-]	1,15						
	- Rk,p		240/50 [-]	1,19						
		_	245/55 [-]	1,22						
		0	50/60 [-]			1,26				
Splitting failure										
			h / h <sub>ef</sub> ≥ 2,0			1,0 h <sub>ef</sub>				
Edge distance C <sub>cr.sp</sub>	[mm]	2,0 >	h / h <sub>ef</sub> > 1,3			4,6 h <sub>ef</sub> - 1,	8 h			
	2,26 h <sub>ef</sub>									
Spacing		S	; <sub>cr,sp</sub> [mm]	2c <sub>cr,sp</sub>						
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{N}$	<sup>1)</sup> [-]			<b>1,8</b> <sup>2)</sup>				

 $^{1)}$  In absence of other national regulations.  $^{2)}$  The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2$  = 1,2 is included.

<sup>3)</sup> See Annex 2

Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to TR 029 Upat internal threaded anchors IST Characteristic values to tension load

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# Table 11: Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to TR 029 Characteristic values to show load for Uset into

Characteristic values to shear load for Upat internal threaded anchors IST

Size				M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	
Steel failure without le	ever arm		•						
		Property	roperty 5.8 [kN]		14,5	21,1	39,2	62	
Characteristic resistance	V	class	8.8 [kN]	14,6	23,2	33,7	62,7	90	
	$V_{_{Rk,s}}$	Property	A4 [kN]	12,8	20,3	29,5	54,8	86	
		class 70	C [kN]	12,8	20,3	29,5	54,8	86	
		Property	5.8 [-]	1,25					
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}$	class			1,2	25		1,5	
	• IVIS,V	Property	A4 [-]			1,56			
		class 70	C [-]			1,56			
Steel failure with lever	r arm				-				
	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub> -	Property	5.8[Nm]	20	39	68	173	337	
Characteristic		class	8.8[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	
bending moment		Property	A4[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454	
		class 70	C[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454	
		Property	5.8 [-]	1,25					
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub>	class			1,25				
	• IVIS,V	Property				1,56			
		class 70	C [-]	1,56					
Concrete pryout failur	e								
Factor k in Equation (5. Report TR 029, Sectior	k [-]	2,0							
Partial safety factor			γ <sub>Mcp</sub> <sup>1)</sup> [-]	<b>1</b> , <b>5</b> <sup>2)</sup>					
Concrete edge failure				See Technical Report TR 029, Section 5.2.3.4					
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mc}^{(1)}$ [-]					<b>1,5</b> <sup>2)</sup>				

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

 $^{2)}$  The partial safety factor  $\gamma_{2}$  = 1,0 is included.

Injection system UPM 33	
Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to TR 029 Upat internal threaded anchors IST Characteristic values to shear load	Annex 12



# Table 12: Displacement of Upat internal threaded anchors IST to tension load

Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20				
Temperature range I (-40°C / + 80°C)											
Tension load		N [kN]	11,9	13,8	19,8	29,8	69,4				
Displacement	$\delta_{_{NO}}$	[mm]	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,7				
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm]	0,6	0,6	0,9	0,9	2,1				
Temperature range	II (-40°C	/ + 120°C)		•	•						
Tension load		N [kN]	9,9	11,9	15,8	23,8	37,7				
Displacement	$\delta_{_{\rm NO}}$	[mm]	0,15	0,15	0,25	0,25	0,6				
Displacement	$\delta_{N^\infty}$	[mm]	0,45	0,45	0,75	0,75	1,8				

Size		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20				
Temperature range I -40°C / + 80°C and temperature range II -40°C / +120°C										
Shear load (property class 5.8)	V [kN]	5,1	8,1	11,8	21,9	34,2				
Displacement $\delta_{_{ m VO}}$	[mm]	0,9	1,2	1,4	2,0	2,4				
Displacement $\delta_{_{V\!\infty}}$	[mm]	1,4	1,7	2,1	2,9	3,7				
Shear load (property class 8.8)	V [kN]	7,0	11,1	16,2	30,1	47,0				
Displacement $\delta_{vo}$	[mm]	1,2	1,6	1,9	2,8	3,3				
Displacement $\delta_{_{V\!\infty}}$	[mm]	1,9	2,3	2,9	4,0	5,1				
Shear load (property class A4-70	) V [kN]	5,9	9,3	13,5	25,2	39,3				
Displacement $\delta_{vo}$	[mm]	1,0	1,3	1,6	2,2	2,8				
Displacement $\delta_{_{V\!\infty}}$	[mm]	1,6	2,0	2,4	3,4	4,2				
Shear load (property class C 70 <sup>1</sup>	<sup>))</sup> ) V [kN]	7,3	11,6	16,9	31,4	49,0				
Displacement $\delta_{vo}$	[mm]	1,3	1,7	2,0	2,8	3,5				
Displacement $\delta_{V_{\infty}}$	[mm]	2,0	2,5	3,0	4,2	5,3				

<sup>1)</sup>  $f_{uk} = 700 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ;  $f_{yk} = 560 \text{ N/mm}^2$ 

Injection system UPM 33

Upat internal threaded anchors IST Displacements



Size			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M 24	M 30					
Steel f	ailure													
o ×	Pro	perty 5.8[kN]	19	29	43	79	123	177	281					
Characteristic resistance N <sub>Rks</sub>		class 8.8 [kN]	30	47	68	126	196	282	449					
	stainless	50[kN]	19	29	43	79	123	177	281					
	steel A4 Pro	perty class 70[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	393					
	and steel C	80 [kN]	30	47	68	126	196	282	449					
	Pro	perty 5.8 [-]				1,50								
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{_{Ms,N}}{}^{1)}$	110	class 8.8 [-]				1,50								
	stainless	50 [-]												
artik acto	steel A4 Pro	perty 70 [1			1.	50 <sup>3)</sup> /1,8	37							
∟ ⊉	and steel C	class 70 [-] 80 [-]			- ,	1,60								
Combi	ned pullout and		failure			1,00								
	ter of calculation	d [mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	30					
Charac	teristic bond re	sistance in con	crete C2	0/25. Int	ended us	se: dry ar	nd wet co	ncrete						
	rature range 14)		11,0	11,0	11,0	10,0	9,5	9,0	8,5					
Tempe	rature range II <sup>4)</sup>	τ <sub>Bkucr</sub> [N/mm²]	9,5	9,5	9,0	8,5	8,0	7,5	7,0					
	teristic bond re		crete C2	0/25. Int	ended us	se: floode	d hole							
Tempe	rature range 14)	τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub> [N/mm²]	_	_	9,5	8,5	8,0	7,5	7,0					
Tempe	rature range II <sup>4)</sup>	τ <sub>вк исг</sub> [N/mm²]	_	_	7,5	7,0	6,5	6,0	6,0					
	for uncracked co													
		C25/30 [-]												
		C30/37 [-]												
		C35/45 [-]				1,15								
	ectors for $\tau$ $\Psi_c$ $C35/45$													
	for $\tau_{_{Rk,ucr}}$	C40/50 [-]				1,19	.,							
	for $\tau_{Rk,ucr}$					1,19								
	for $\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	C40/50 [-]												
factors	for $ au_{ m Rk,ucr}$ °c	C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-]				1,22								
factors Splittir	ng failure	C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-] h / h <sub>ef</sub> ≥ 2,0				1,22								
factors Splittir	ng failure	$\frac{C40/50 [-]}{C45/55 [-]}$ $\frac{C45/55 [-]}{C50/60 [-]}$ $\frac{h / h_{ef} \ge 2,0}{D > h / h_{ef} \ge 1,3}$				<u>1,22</u> <u>1,26</u> 1,0 h <sub>ef</sub> 4,6 h <sub>ef</sub> - 1								
factors <mark>Splittir</mark> Edge d c <sub>cr.sp</sub> [n	ng failure istance 2,0	$\frac{C40/50 [-]}{C45/55 [-]}$ $\frac{b / h_{ef} \ge 2.0}{b > h / h_{ef} \ge 1.3}$ $\frac{b / h_{ef} \ge 1.3}{b / h_{ef} \le 1.3}$				1,22 1,26 1,0 h <sub>ef</sub> 4,6 h <sub>ef</sub> - 1 2,26 h <sub>e</sub>								
factors <b>Splittir</b> Edge d	ng failure istance 2,0 nm]	$\frac{C40/50 [-]}{C45/55 [-]}$ $\frac{C45/55 [-]}{C50/60 [-]}$ $\frac{h / h_{ef} \ge 2,0}{D > h / h_{ef} \ge 1,3}$				<u>1,22</u> <u>1,26</u> 1,0 h <sub>ef</sub> 4,6 h <sub>ef</sub> - 1								

In absence of other national regulations

<sup>2)</sup>The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2 = 1,2$  is included. <sup>3)</sup>For steel C:  $f_{uk} = 700 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ;  $f_{yk} = 560 \text{ N/mm}^2$ <sup>4)</sup>See Annex 2.

Displacements see Annex 10.

Injection system UPM 33	
Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to CEN/TS 1992-4-5: 2009 Upat anchor rods	Annex 14
Characteristic values to tension load	

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Table 15:	Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to CEN/TS 1992-4-5: 2009
	Characteristic values to shear load for Upat anchor rods

Size				M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M30
Steel fail	ure without	lever arm								
ية يلاقع		Property	5.8 [kN]	9	15	21	39	61	89	141
Characteristic resistance V <sub>Rk</sub>	class		8.8 [kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	225
anc	stainless	Duomontu	50 [kN]	9	15	21	39	61	89	141
iara sista	steel A4	Property class	70 [kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	197
Ч С С	and steel C	Class	80 [kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	225
Steel fail	ure with lev	er arm			_					
승 달.		Property	5.8[Nm]	19	37	65	166	324	561	1124
Characteristic bending mo- ment M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rks</sub>		class	8.8[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	898	1799
Characteris bending m ment M <sup>o</sup> <sub>Rks</sub>	stainless steel A4 Propert	Property	50[Nm]	19	37	65	166	324	561	1124
and		class	70[Nm]	26	52	92	233	454	785	1574
ਹਿਙੱੲ	and steel C	01000	80[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	898	1799
Ductility	factor		k <sub>2</sub> [-]	0,8						
Partial sa	afety factor s	steel failur	е							
		Property	5.8 [-]				1,25			
		class	8.8 [-]				1,25			
$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{(1)}$	stainless	Property	50 [-]	2,38						
	steel A4	class	70 [-]			1,	25 <sup>3)</sup> / 1,	56		
	and steel C	01000	80 [-]				1,33			
Concrete	e pryout failu	re								
Factor in Equation (5.7) of CEN/TS 1992-4-5 k <sub>3</sub> [-] Section 6.3.3			2,0							
Partial sa	fety failure		γ <sub>Mcp</sub> <sup>1)</sup> [-]	1,5 <sup>2)</sup>						
Concrete	edge failure	Э		See CEN/TS 1992-4-5: Section 6.3.4						
Partial sa	fety failure		γ <sub>Mc</sub> <sup>1)</sup> [-]	1,5 <sup>2)</sup>						

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

<sup>2)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2 = 1.0$  is included. <sup>3)</sup> For steel C:  $f_{uk} = 700 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ;  $f_{yk} = 560 \text{ N/mm}^2$ 

Displacements see Annex 10.

Injection system UPM 33		
Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to CEN/TS Upat anchor rods	1992-4-5: 2009	Annex
Characteristic values to shear load		

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Size					M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20				
Steel failure													
		Property-			19	29	43	79	123				
Characteristic	N	class	8.8	[kN]	29	47	68	108	179				
resistance N <sub>Rk,s</sub> with screw		Property	A4	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172				
		class 70	С	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172				
		Property-		[-]	1,50								
Partial safety	γ <sub>Ms,N</sub> <sup>1)</sup> Pro		8.8	[-]	1,50								
factor		Property		[-]	1,87								
-	class 70	s 70 C [-] 1.87											
Combined pullout and		ailure	<u> </u>					i					
Diameter for calculation			d <sub>H</sub> [r		12	16	18	22	28				
Effective anchorage dep			h <sub>ef</sub> [r		90	90	125	160	200				
Characteristic values in	n concrete	e C20/25. Ir	ntende	ed use	e: dry and	wet concr	ete						
Temperature range I (-4	-0°C /+80	°C) <sup>3)</sup> N <sup>C</sup> <sub>R</sub>	<b>)</b> ik,p	[kN]	30	40	50	75	115				
Temperature range II (-4	-0°C / +12	0°C) <sup>3)</sup> N <sup>C</sup> <sub>R</sub>	<b>)</b> ik,p	[kN]	25	30	40	60	95				
Characteristic values in	n concrete	e C20/25. lr	ntende	ed use	e: flooded	hole							
Temperature range I (-4	0°C /+80			[kN]	25	35	50	60	95				
Temperature range II (-4	0°C / +12	20°C) <sup>3)</sup> N <sup>C</sup> <sub>F</sub>	<b>)</b> Ik,p	[kN]	20	25	35	50	75				
Factor for uncracked co	ncrete		k <sub>ucr</sub>	[-]			10,1						
		<u>C:</u>	25/30	) [-]	1,05								
		<u>C:</u>	30/37										
Increasing factors for N <sub>F</sub>	$N_{\rm Rk,p}^{0}$ $\Psi_{\rm c}$	т —	C35/45 [-]		1,15								
	Rk,p		40/50										
- r					1,22								
-			45/55						1,26				
			45/58 50/60				1,26						
Splitting failure													
		C!		) [-]									
	nm]	C!	50/60 / h <sub>ef</sub> ≧	) [-] ≥ 2,0			1,26	8 h					
Splitting failure	nm]	h 2,0 > h	50/60 / h <sub>ef</sub> ≧	⊃ [-] ≥ 2,0 > 1,3			1,26 1,0 h <sub>ef</sub> 4,6 h <sub>ef</sub> - 1, 2,26 h <sub>e</sub>	ŧf					
Splitting failure	nm]	h h h	50/60 / h <sub>ef</sub>	⊃ [-] ≥ 2,0 > 1,3			1,26 1,0 h <sub>ef</sub> 4,6 h <sub>ef</sub> - 1,	ŧf					

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

<sup>2)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2 = 1,2$  is included.

<sup>3)</sup> See Annex 2

Displacements see Annex 13.

Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to CEN/TS 1992-4-5: 2009 Upat internal threaded anchors IST Characteristic values to tension load

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English translation prepared by DIBt



# Table 17: Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to CEN/TS 1992-4-5: 2009 Characteristic values to shear load for Upat internal threaded anchors IST

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Size				M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20
	Steel failure without le	ever arm		I		1			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			Property	5.8 [kN]	9,2	14,5	21,1	39,2	62
$\frac{ c ass 70 \ C [kN] \ 12,8 \ 20,3 \ 29,5 \ 54,8}{C [kN] \ 12,8 \ 20,3 \ 29,5 \ 54,8}$ Property 5.8 [-] 1,25 Property Class 8.8 [-] 1,25 Property A4 [-] 1,56 Steel failure with lever arm Characteristic bending moment $M_{Rk,s}^{0}$ $\frac{Property \ 5.8[Nm] \ 20 \ 39 \ 68 \ 173 \ C [-] \ 1,56$ Characteristic bending moment $M_{Rk,s}^{0}$ $\frac{Property \ 5.8[Nm] \ 20 \ 39 \ 68 \ 173 \ C [-] \ 1,56$ Ductility factor $\frac{k_2 \ [-] \ 0,8}{C [Nm] \ 26 \ 52 \ 92 \ 232 \ C [Nm] \ 26 \ 53 \ 92 \ 92 \ 232 \ C [Nm] \ 1,56 \ C \ C \ C \ C \ C \ C \ C \ C \ C \ $		V	class	8.8 [kN]	14,6	23,2	33,7	62,7	90
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		V <sub>Rk,s</sub> –	Property	A4 [kN]	12,8	20,3	29,5	54,8	86
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			class 70	C [kN]	12,8	20,3		54,8	86
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			• •						
$\frac{ Property }{c ass 70} = \frac{ A+ E }{c e } = \frac{1,50}{1,56}$ Steel failure with lever arm Characteristic bending moment $M_{Rk,s}^{0} = \frac{Property }{c ass 70} = \frac{5.8[Nm]}{20} = \frac{20}{39} = \frac{68}{68} = \frac{173}{66}$ Property A4[Nm] 26 52 92 232 Class 70 C[Nm] 26 52 92 232 Ductility factor $k_{2} = [-] = 0,8$ Property 5.8 [-] = 1,25 Class 8.8 [-] = 1,25 Class 70 C[-] = 1,56 Concrete pryout failure Factor in Equation (27) CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Section 6.3.3 K_{3} = [-] Concrete edge failure See CEN/TS 1992-4-5; Section 6.3.4	Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> –			1,25				1,5
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	r artial salety factor		• •						
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			class 70	C [-]			1,56		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Steel failure with leve	r arm							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					20	39	68	173	337
$\frac{110 \text{porty}}{\text{class 70}} = \frac{110 \text{porty}}{\text{class 70}} = \frac{120 \text{ loc}}{100 \text{ loc}} = \frac{100 \text{ loc}}{100 \text{ loc}} = $		NA <sup>O</sup>	class	8.8[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519
Ductility factor         k <sub>2</sub> [-]         0.8           Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms,V}$ Property         5.8         [-]         1,25           Property         5.8         [-]         1,25         1,25           Property         A4         [-]         1,56           Concrete pryout failure         E         1,56           Factor in Equation (27)         K <sub>3</sub> [-]         2,0           CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Section 6.3.3 $\gamma_{Mcp}^{(1)}$ [-]         1,5 <sup>2</sup> )           Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mcp}^{(1)}$ [-]         1,5 <sup>2</sup> )           Concrete edge failure         See CEN/TS 1992-4-5; Section 6.3.4	bending moment	IVI <sub>Rk,s</sub>	• •		26				454
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{MS,V}$ Property class $5.8$ [-]       1,25         Property class $8.8$ [-]       1,25         Property class $A4$ [-]       1,56         Concrete pryout failure $C$ [-]       1,56         Factor in Equation (27) CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Section 6.3.3 $k_3$ [-] $2,0$ Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mcp}^{(1)}$ [-] $1,5^{2)}$ Concrete edge failure       See CEN/TS 1992-4-5; Section 6.3.4			class 70		26	52	92	232	454
Class       8.8       [-]       1,25         Property       A4       [-]       1,56         Concrete pryout failure       C       [-]       1,56         Factor in Equation (27) $k_3$ [-]       2,0         CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Section 6.3.3 $k_3$ [-]       1,5²)         Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mcp}^{-1}$ [-]       1,5²)         Concrete edge failure       See CEN/TS 1992-4-5; Section 6.3.4	Ductility factor			-			0,8		
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms,V}$ Property class 70A4[-]1,56Concrete pryout failureFactor in Equation (27) CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Section 6.3.3k3[-]2,0Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mcp}^{(1)}$ [-]1,52)Concrete edge failureSee CEN/TS 1992-4-5; Section 6.3.4		γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> –	• •						
Property class 70A4[-]1,56Concrete pryout failureImage: Concrete pryout failureImage: Concrete pryout failureFactor in Equation (27) CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Section 6.3.3K3[-]Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mcp}^{-1}$ [-]Concrete edge failureSee CEN/TS 1992-4-5; Section 6.3.4	Partial safety factor				1,25				
Concrete pryout failure         Factor in Equation (27)         CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Section 6.3.3         k <sub>3</sub> Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mcp}^{-1}$ [-]         1,5 <sup>2</sup> )         Concrete edge failure    See CEN/TS 1992-4-5; Section 6.3.4	Tartial Safety factor		• •						
Factor in Equation (27)       k <sub>3</sub> [-]       2,0         CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Section 6.3.3 $\gamma_{Mcp}^{-1}$ [-]       1,5 <sup>2</sup> )         Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mcp}^{-1}$ [-]       1,5 <sup>2</sup> )         Concrete edge failure       See CEN/TS 1992-4-5; Section 6.3.4			class 70	C [-]			1,56		
CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Section 6.3.3         k <sub>3</sub> [-]         2,0           Partial safety factor         γ <sub>Mcp</sub> <sup>-1)</sup> [-]         1,5 <sup>2)</sup> Concrete edge failure         See CEN/TS 1992-4-5; Section 6.3.4	Concrete pryout failur	е							
CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Section 6.3.3 $\gamma_3$ $\gamma_3$ $\gamma_3$ Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mcp}^{(1)}$ [-] $1,5^{2)}$ Concrete edge failureSee CEN/TS 1992-4-5; Section 6.3.4				L []			2.0		
Partial safety factor     Image [-]     Image [-]       Concrete edge failure     See CEN/TS 1992-4-5; Section 6.3.4	CEN/TS 1992-4-5, Sec	tion 6.3.3		3			2,0		
-	Partial safety factor		2	<sup>мср</sup> [-]			1,5 <sup>2)</sup>		
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{\rm Me}^{(1)}$ [-] 1.5 <sup>2)</sup>	Concrete edge failure				Se	e CEN/TS	1992-4-5;	Section 6.3	3.4
IVIC LUI	Partial safety factor			γ <sub>Mc</sub> <sup>1)</sup> [-]			1,5 <sup>2)</sup>		

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

 $^{2)}$  The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2$  = 1,0 is included.

Displacements see annex 13.

Injection system l	JPM 33
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Design of Bonded Anchors acc. to CEN/TS 1992-4-5: 2009 Upat internal threaded anchors IST Characteristic values to shear load