



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

of 3 March 2014

ETA-12/0395

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Chemofast injection system C-RE 385 for rebar connection

Post-installed rebar connection with Chemofast injection System C-RE 385

CHEMOFAST Anchoring GmbH Hanns-Martin-Schleyer-Straße 23 47877 Willich DEUTSCHLAND

CHEMOFAST Anchoring GmbH

15 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete", ETAG 001 Part 5: "Bonded anchors", April 2013, used as European Assessment Document (EAD) according to Article 66 Paragraph 3 of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.

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Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this approval is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "Chemofast Injection system C-RE 385 for rebar connection" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter d_s from 8 to 25 mm according to Annex A 2 and Chemofast injection mortar C-RE 385 are used for rebar connections. The rebar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between rebar, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration and the description of the product are given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead the assumption of working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance	
Design values of the ultimate bond resistance	See Annex C 1	

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Anchorages satisfy requirements for Class A1
Resistance to fire	No performance determined (NPD)

3.3 Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR 3)

Regarding dangerous substances contained in this European technical assessment, there may be requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Regulation, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.



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3.4 Safety in use (BWR 4)

For Basic Works Requirement Safety in use the same criteria are valid as for Basic Works Requirement Mechanical resistance and stability.

- 3.5 Protection against noise (BWR 5) Not applicable.
- 3.6 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6) Not applicable.

3.7 Sustainable use of natural resources (BWR 7)

For the sustainable use of natural resources no performance was investigated for this product.

3.8 General aspects

The verification of durability is part of testing the essential characteristics. Durability is only ensured if the specifications of intended use according to Annex B are taken into account.

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

According to Decision of the Commission of 24 June 1996 (96/582/EC) (OJ L 254 of 08.10.96 p. 62-65), the system of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V and Article 65 Paragraph 2 to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) given in the following table applies.

Product	Intended use(s)	Level or class	System
Metal anchors for use in concrete (heavy-duty type)	For fixing and/or supporting concrete structural elements or heavy units such as cladding and suspended ceilings	_	1

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European assessment Document

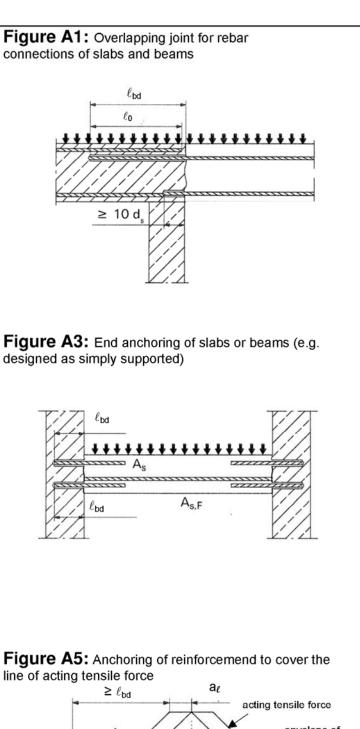
Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 3 March 2014 Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Gerhard Breitschaft President *Beglaubigt:* Baderschneider

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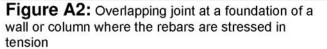
 $\geq \ell_{bd}$ envelope of $M_{ed}/z + N_{ed}$ A_{s,L}; d_{s,L} Note to Figure A1 to A5:

In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

Preparing of joints according to Annex B 2

Chemofast Injection System C-RE 385 for rebar connection

Product description Installed condition and examples of use for rebars Annex A 1



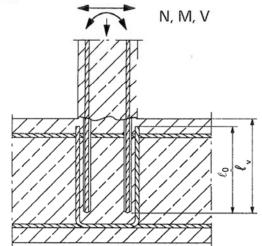
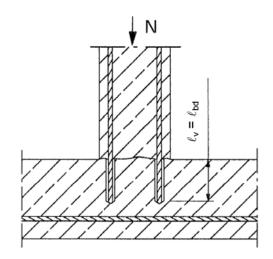


Figure A4: Rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression. The rebars sre stressed in compression



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English translation prepared by DIBt



Chemofast Injection System C-RE 385:						
Injection mortar: Chemofast C-RE 385 Type "side-by-side": 385 ml, 585 ml 999 ml and 1400 ml cartridge	processing not hazard-code, c	ofast C-RE 385, es, charge-code, shelf life, uring- and processing time the temperature), with as well as cale				
Static Mixer	ŰŊŴŊŇŰŊŇŰŊŇ					
Piston plug and mixer extension	0					
 Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8, ø10, ø12, ø14, ø16, ø20, ø22, ø24, ø25 Minimum value of related rip area f_{R,min} according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 Rib height of the bar shall be in the range 0,05d ≤ h ≤ 0,07d (d: Nominal diameter of the bar; h: Rip height of the bar) 						
Designation	Material					
DesignationMaterialRebar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex CBars and de-coiled rods class B or Cfyk and k according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA:2013fuk = ftk = k•fyk						
Chemofast Injection System C-RE 385 for rebar connection Annex A 2 Product description Annex A 2 Injection mortar / Static mixer / Rebar Materials						



Specifications of intended use

Anchorages subject to:

• Static and quasi-static loads.

Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Maximum chloride concrete of 0,40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206-1:2000-12.
- · Non-carbonated concrete.
 - Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of ds + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar.

The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Temperature Range:

• - 40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max long term temperature +50°C).

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 and Annex B 2.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

Installation:

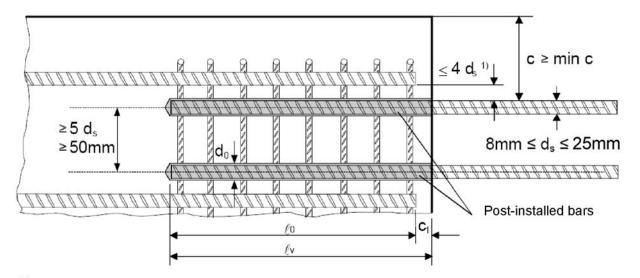
- · Dry or wet concrete.
- · It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Hole drilling by hammer drill or compressed air drill mode.
- The installation of post-installed rebar shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

Chemofast Injection System C-RE 385 for rebar connection	
Intended use Specifications	Annex B 1



Figure B1: General construction rules for post-installed rebars

- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



¹⁾ If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4d_s, then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4d_s.

The following applies to Figure B1:

- c concrete cover of post-installed rebar
- c₁ concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- min c minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2 d_s diameter of post-installed rebar
- ℓ_0 lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- ℓ_v effective embedment depth, $\geq \ell_0 + c_1$
- d₀ nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 6

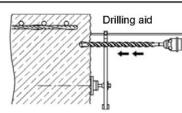
Chemofast Injection System C-RE 385 for rebar connection

Intended use General construction rules for post-installed rebars Annex B 2

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Table B1: Minimum concrete cover min c¹⁾ of post-installed rebar depending of drilling method



Drilling method	Rebar diameter	Without drilling aid	With drilling aid
Hammer drilling (HD)	< 25 mm	30 mm + 0,06 · ℓ _v ≥ 2 d _s	30 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v ≥ 2 d _s
	= 25 mm	40 mm + 0,06 · ℓ _v ≥ 2 d _s	40 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v ≥ 2 d _s
Comprosed air drilling (CD)	< 25 mm	50 mm + 0,08 · $\ell_{ m v}$	50 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v
Compressed air drilling (CD)	= 25 mm	60 mm + 0,08 · $\ell_{ m v}$	60 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v

1) see Annexes B2, Figures B1

Comments: The minimum concrete cover acc. EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed

Table B2: maximum embedment depth ℓ_{max}

Rebar	
\emptyset d _s	$\ell_{\sf max}$ [mm]
8 mm	1000
10 mm	1000
12 mm	1200
14 mm	1400
16 mm	1600
20 mm	2000
22 mm	2000
24 mm	2000
25 mm	2000

Table B3: Base material temperature, gelling time and curing time

Concrete temperature	Gelling- / working time ¹⁾	Minimum curing time in dry concrete ²⁾
	t _{gel}	t _{cure,dry}
≥ 5 °C	120 min	50 h
≥ + 10 °C	90 min	30 h
≥ + 20 °C	30 min	10 h
≥ + 30 °C	20 min	6 h
≥ + 40 °C	12 min	4 h

 t_{gel} : maximum time from starting of mortar injection to completing of rebar setting. 1) 2)

In wet concrete the curing time $t_{\mbox{cure},\mbox{dry}}$ has to be doubled up

Chemofast Injection System C-RE 385 for rebar connection

Intended use	
Minimum concrete cover	
Maximum embedment depth / working time and curing times	



Cartridge type/size	Har	Hand tool		
Side-by-side cartridges 385, 585 ml				
	e.g. SA 296C585	e.g. Type H 244 C	e.g. Type TS 444 KX	
Side-by-side cartridge 999 ml	-	-	e.g. Type TS 4104	
Side-by-side cartridge 1400 ml	-	-		
			e.g. Type TS 471	

All cartridges could also be extruded by a battery tool.

Intended Use Dispensing tools



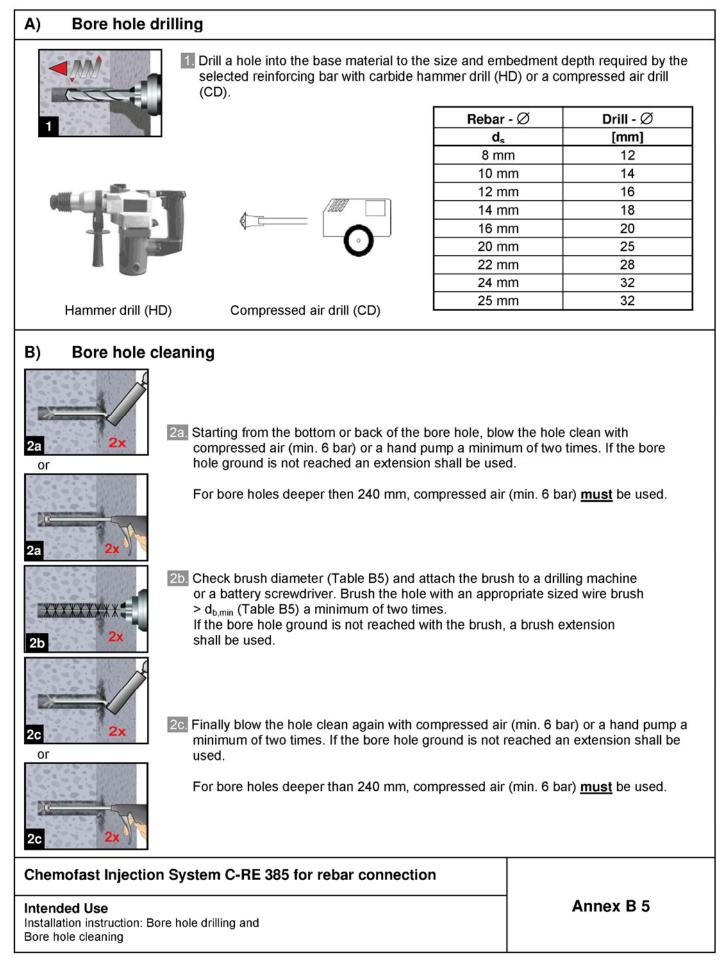
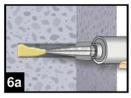
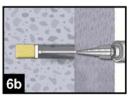


Table B5:	Cleaning t	ools					
Brush:		а					
4					SDS Plus Ac	lapter:	
		****	****	^ ^			
	<u> </u>	₩₩₩₩₩	WWWW		d _b		
Bruch out	nalanı						
Brush exte	ension:						
			d		I		
d _s	d ₀	d _b	d _{b,min} min.	L			
Rebar - \emptyset	Drill bit - Ø	Brush - Ø	Brush - Ø	Total length			
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)			
8	12	14	12,5	170			
10	14	16	14,5	200	Hand	pump (volume 750 ml)	
12	16	18	16,5	200			
14	18	20	18,5	300			
16	20	22	20,5	300	~~~~~~		
20	25	27	25,5	300			
22	28	30	28,5	300	6		
24	32	34	32,5	300	Rec. c	ompressed air tool	
25	32	34	32,5	300		slide valve (min 6 bar)	
C) Prep	 Attach the supplied static-mixing nozzle to the cartridge and load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool. For every working interruption longer than the recommended working time (Table B3) as well as for every new cartridges, a new static-mixer shall be used. 						
4	4. Prior to inserting the reinforcing bar into the filled bore hole, the position of the embedment depth shall be marked (e.g. with tape) on the reinforcing bar and insert bar in empty hole to verify hole and depth ℓ_{v} . The anchor should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.						
5. Prior to dispensing into the anchor hole, squeeze out separately the mortar until it shows a consistent grey colour, but a minimum of three full strokes, and discard non-uniformly mixed adhesive components.							
Chemofast	Injection S	ystem C-R	E 385 for r	ebar connec	tion		
Installation in:	ntended Use Installation instruction: Cleaning tools and Preparation of bar and cartridge						



D) Filling the bore hole





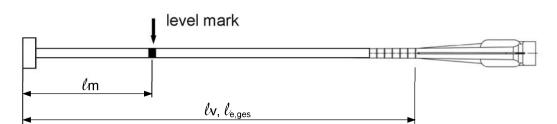
6. Starting from the bottom or back of the cleaned anchor hole fill the hole up to approximately two-thirds with adhesive. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets. For embedment larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle shall be used.

For overhead and horizontal installation and bore holes deeper than 240 mm a piston plug and the appropriate mixer extension must be used.

Observe the gel-/ working times given in Table B3.

Table B6: Piston plugs, max anchorage depth and mixer extension

	Dr bit	ʻill - Ø	Piston - plug	Cartridge: side-by-side (385, 585, 999, 1400 ml)		side-b	ridge: oy-side 400 ml)						
Bar size				Hand or b	Hand or battery tool Pneumatic tool		Pneum	atic tool					
	HD	PD		I _{max}	Mixer extension	I _{max}	Mixer extension	I _{max}	Mixer extension				
(mm)	(m	m)	No.	(cm)		(cm)		(cm)					
8	12	-	-			80		80	VL 10/0,75				
10	14	-	#14	70 VL 10/0,75			4					100	VL 10/0,75
12	1	6	#16					100		120			
14	1	8	#18			100		140					
16	2	0	#20			VL 10/0,75	160						
20	25	26	#25			70			VL 16/1,8				
22	2	8	#28	50		70	70	70		200			
24	3	2	#32	50		50		200					
25	3	2	#32			50							



Injection tool must be marked by mortar level mark ℓ_m and anchorage depth ℓ_v resp. $\ell_{e,ges}$ with tape or marker. Quick estimation: $\ell_m = 1/3 \cdot \ell_v$

Continue injection until the mortar level mark $\ell_{\rm m}$ becomes visible.

Optimum mortar volume:
$$\ell_{\rm m} = \ell_{\rm v}$$
 resp. $\ell_{\rm e,ges} \cdot \left(1,2 \cdot \frac{{\rm d}_{\rm s}^2}{{\rm d}_{\rm 0}^2} - 0,2\right)$ [mm

Chemofast Injection System C-RE 385 for rebar connection

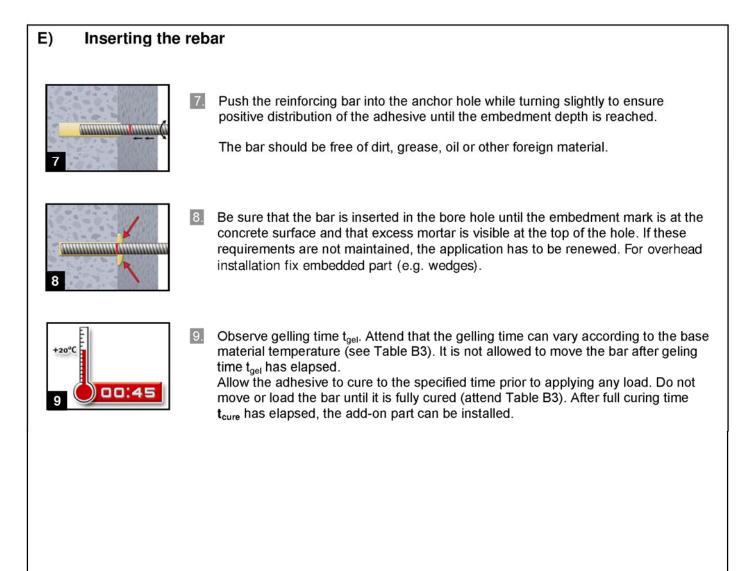
Intended Use

Installation instruction: Filling the bore hole

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Chemofast Injection System C-RE 385 for rebar connection

Intended Use Installation instruction: Inserting rebar



Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length

The minimum anchorage length $\ell_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $\ell_{0,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 $\ell_{b,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.6 and Eq. 8.7 and $\ell_{0,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.11) shall be multiply by a factor according to Table C1.

Table C1: Factor related to concrete class and drilling method

Concrete class	Drilling method	Factor	
C12/15 to C50/60	Hammer drilling and compressed air drilling	1,0	

Table C2: Design values of the ultimate bond resistance f_{bd} in N/mm² for all drilling methods for good conditions

according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 for good bond conditions (for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0.7)

Rebar - Ø	Concrete class									
ds	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
8 to 25 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3	

Chemofast Injection System C-RE 385 for rebar connection

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Performances} \\ \mbox{Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length} \\ \mbox{Design values of ultimate bond resistance } f_{bd} \end{array}$