



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

of 25 March 2014

ETA-14/0017

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Injection system UNIKA PE for rebar connection

Post-installed rebar connection with Injection System UNIKA PE

UNIKA CO. LTD Iwamotocho 2-10-6 Chiyoda-ku TOKYO 101-0032 JAPAN

JAPAN 1

15 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete", ETAG 001 Part 5: "Bonded anchors", April 2013, used as European Assessment Document (EAD) according to Article 66 Paragraph 3 of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.

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Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this approval is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "Injection system UNIKA PE for rebar connection" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter d_s from 8 to 25 mm according to Annex A 2 and injection mortar UNIKA PE are used for rebar connections. The rebar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between rebar, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration and the description of the product are given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead the assumption of working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

| Essential characteristic | Performance |
|---|---------------|
| Design values of the ultimate bond resistance | See Annex C 1 |

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

| Essential characteristic | Performance |
|--------------------------|---|
| Reaction to fire | Anchorages satisfy requirements for Class A1 |
| Resistance to fire | No performance determined (NPD) |

3.3 Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR 3)

Regarding dangerous substances contained in this European technical assessment, there may be requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Regulation, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.



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3.4 Safety in use (BWR 4)

For Basic Works Requirement Safety in use the same criteria are valid as for Basic Works Requirement Mechanical resistance and stability.

- 3.5 Protection against noise (BWR 5) Not applicable.
- 3.6 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6) Not applicable.

3.7 Sustainable use of natural resources (BWR 7)

For the sustainable use of natural resources no performance was investigated for this product.

3.8 General aspects

The verification of durability is part of testing the essential characteristics. Durability is only ensured if the specifications of intended use according to Annex B are taken into account.

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

According to Decision of the Commission of 24 June 1996 (96/582/EC) (OJ L 254 of 08.10.96 p. 62-65), the system of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V and Article 65 Paragraph 2 to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) given in the following table applies.

| Product | Intended use(s) | Level or class | System |
|---|---|----------------|--------|
| Metal anchors for use in concrete (heavy-duty type) | For fixing and/or supporting concrete structural elements or heavy units such as cladding and suspended ceilings | _ | 1 |

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European assessment Document

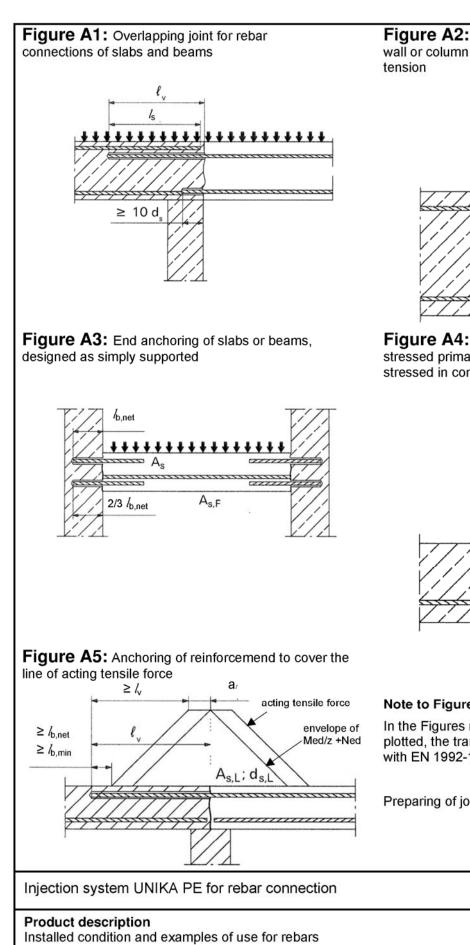
Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

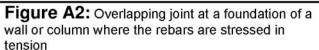
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Gerhard Breitschaft President *Beglaubigt:* Baderschneider

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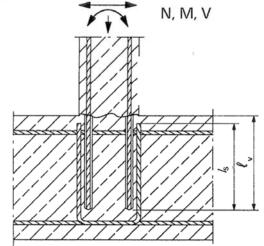
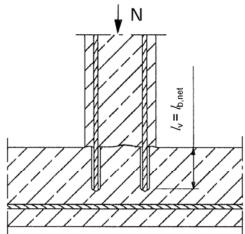


Figure A4: Rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression. The rebars sre stressed in compression



Note to Figure A1 to A5:

In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

Preparing of joints according to Annex B 2

Annex A 1



| 8 3 Def 9949214-selected (24.27-37 | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Injection system UNIKA | PE: | | | | | |
| Injection mortar: UNIKA PE Typ "side-by-side": 385 ml, 585 ml, 1000 ml and 1400 ml | | harge-code, shelf life, hazard-co | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Static Mixer | | | | | | |
| Piston plug and mixer extension | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Reinforcing bar (rebar |): ø8, ø10, ø12, ø | 14, ø16, ø20, ø22, ø24, ø2 | 5 | | | |
| J V V | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Minimum value of related rip area f_{R,min} according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 Rib height of the bar shall be in the range 0,05d ≤ h ≤ 0,07d (d: Nominal diameter of the bar; h: Rip height of the bar) | | | | | | |
| Table A1: Materials | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Designation Material | | | | | | |
| Rebar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex CBars and de-coiled rods class B or C f_{yk} and k according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA:2013 $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$ | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Injection system UNIKA P | E for rebar connecti | on | | | | |
| Product description Injection mortar / Static mixer Materials | Injection mortar / Static mixer / Rebar | | | | | |



Specifications of intended use

Anchorages subject to:

· Static and quasi-static loads.

Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Maximum chloride concrete of 0,40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206-1:2000.
- · Non-carbonated concrete.

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of ds + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar.

The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Temperature Range:

• - 40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max long term temperature +50°C).

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 and Annex B 2 and C 1.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

Installation:

- Dry or wet concrete.
- · It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Hole drilling by hammer drill or compressed air drill mode.
- The installation of post-installed rebar shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

| Injection system UNIKA PE for rebar connection | |
|--|-----------|
| Intended use Specifications | Annex B 1 |

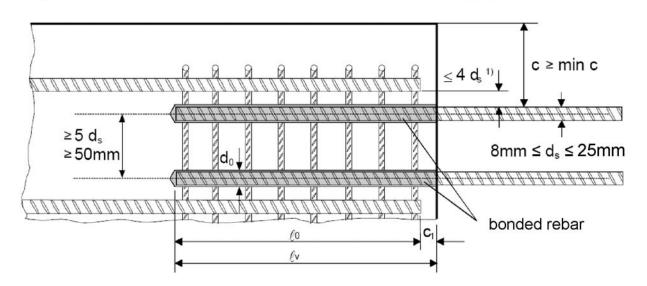
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English translation prepared by DIBt



Figure B1: General design rules of construction for post-installed in rebars

- · Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- · The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



1) If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4d_s, then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4d_s.

The following applies to Figure B1:

- c concrete cover of post-installed rebar
- c₁ concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- min c minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2 d_s diameter of post-installed rebar
- ℓ_0 lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- ℓ_v effective embedment depth, $\geq \ell_0 + c_1$
- d₀ nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 6

| Injection sys | tem UNIKA F | PE for rebar | connection |
|---------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
|---------------|-------------|--------------|------------|

Intended use

General construction rules for post-installed rebars

Annex B 2



| bar depending of drilli | ng methoo | k | | | | e-Q] |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---|--------------------|---|----------------------|
| Drilling method | Rebar | diameter | Without drilli | ing aid | With drilli | ng aid |
| amman drilling | < 2 | 5 mm | 30 mm + 0,06 · ℓ_v | ≥ 2 d _s | 30 mm + 0,02 · l | v ≥ 2 d _s |
| ammer drilling | = 2 | 5 mm | 40 mm + 0,06 · ℓ_v | ≥ 2 d _s | 40 mm + 0,02 · ℓ | v≥2d _s |
| ompressed air drilling | < 2 | 5 mm | 50 mm + 0,08 · ℓ _v | | 50 mm + 0,02 · l | v. |
| ompressed all drilling | = 2 | 5 mm | 60 mm + 0,08 · ℓ_v | | 60 mm + 0,02 · <i>l</i> | V |
| able B2: Maximum ins | stallation l | ength I _{max} | 7 | | | |
| $\emptyset d_s$ | I _{max} [r | nm] | | | | |
| 8 mm 10 | | 00 | | | | |
| 10 mm 100 | | 00 | | | | |
| 12 mm 120 | | | | | | |
| 14 mm | | | _ | | | |
| | 16 mm 160 | | - | | | |
| 20 mm 200 22 mm 200 | | | - | | | |
| 24 mm | 200 | | - | | | |
| 25 mm 20 | | | | | | |
| able B3: Base materia Concrete tem | | | ng time and curi / working time ¹⁾ | Minimum | curing time in oncrete ²⁾ | |
| | | | t _{gel} | t _c | ure,dry | |
| +5°C to + | ·9°C | | 120 min | | 50 h | |
| +10°C to + | -19°C | 90 min | | 30 h | | |
| +20°C to + | +20°C to +29°C | | 30 min | | 10 h | |
| +30°C to + | +30°C to +39°C | | 20 min | | 6 h | |
| +40 °C | | | 12 min | | 4 h | |
| +40 °(| | | | | | |

Injection system UNIKA PE for rebar connection

| Intended use | |
|---|--|
| Minimum concrete cover | |
| Maximum embedment depth / working time and curing times | |

Annex B 3



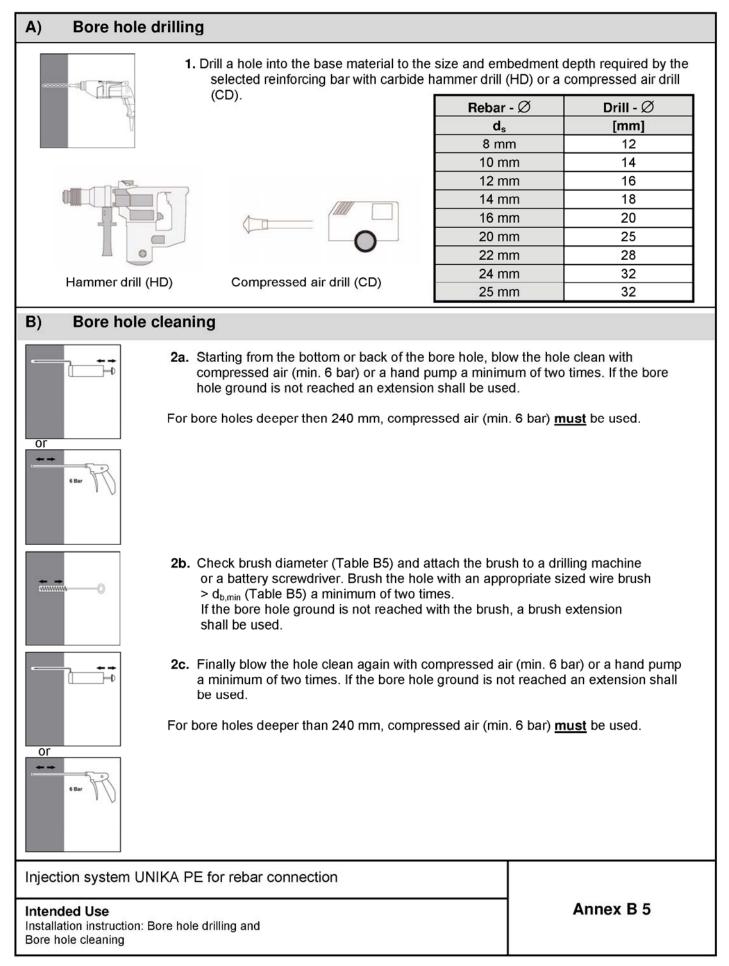
| Table B4: | Dispensing tools | | | |
|-----------|---|-----------------|---------------------|--|
| | | | | |
| | Cartridge type/size | Hand tool | Pneumatic tool | |
| | Side-by-side cartridges 385, 585 ml | | | |
| | | e.g. SA 296C585 | e.g. Type TS 444 KX | |
| | Side-by-side cartridge 1000 ml | - | | |
| | | | e.g. Type TS 4104 | |
| | Side-by-side cartridge 1400 ml | - | | |
| | | | e.g. Type TS 471 | |

All cartridges could also be extruded by a battery tool.

Injection system UNIKA PE for rebar connection

Intended Use Dispensing tools Annex B 4

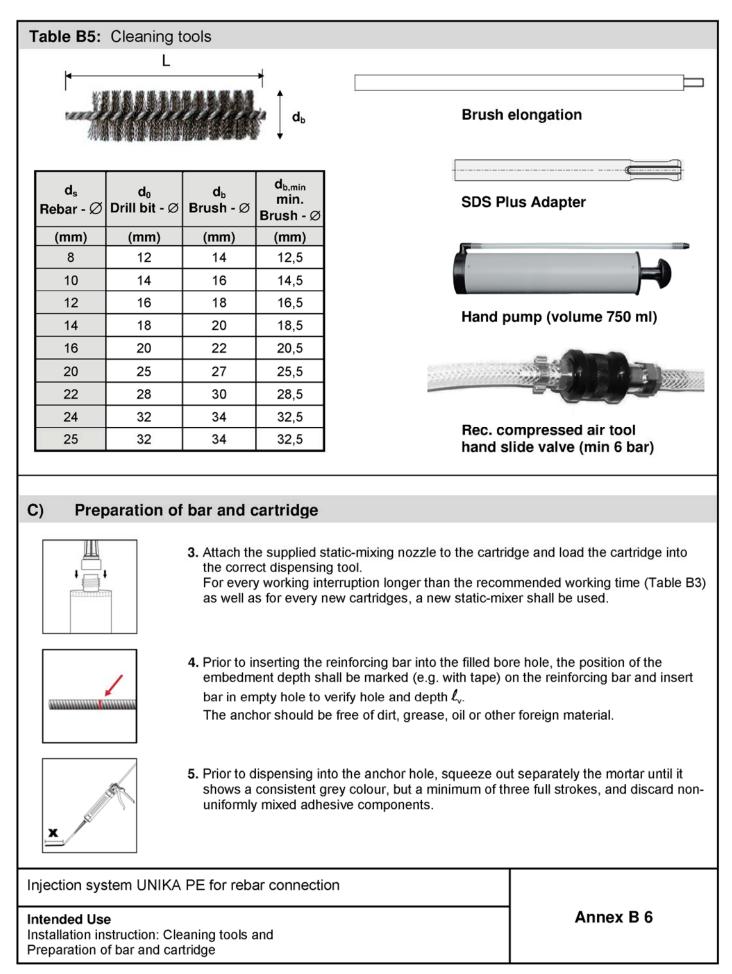




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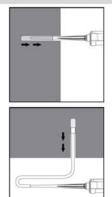
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D) Filling the bore hole



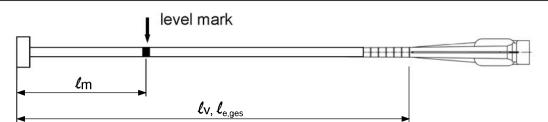
6. Starting from the bottom or back of the cleaned anchor hole fill the hole up to approximately two-thirds with adhesive. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets. For embedment larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle shall be used.

For overhead and horizontal installation and bore holes deeper than 240 mm a piston plug and the appropriate mixer extension must be used.

Observe the gel-/ working times given in Table B3.

Table B6: Piston plugs, max anchorage depth and mixer extension

| | | ʻill - Ø | Piston | Cartridge: side-by-side (385, 585, 1000, 1400 ml) | | | side-by-side side-by-side | | |
|----------|----|-------------|--------|---|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Bar size | | | plug | Hand or b | attery tool | Pneum | atic tool | Pneum | atic tool |
| | HD | PD | | I _{max} | Mixer extension | I _{max} | Mixer extension | I _{max} | Mixer extension |
| (mm) | (m | m) | No. | (cm) | | (cm) | | (cm) | |
| 8 | 12 | - | - | | | 80 | | 80 | VL 10/0,75 |
| 10 | 14 | - | #14 | | | | | 100 | VL 10/0,75 |
| 12 | 1 | 6 | #16 | 70 | | 100 | | 120 | |
| 14 | 1 | 8 | #18 | | | 100 | | 140 | |
| 16 | 2 | 0 | #20 | | VL 10/0,75 | | VL 10/0,75 | 160 | |
| 20 | 25 | 26 | #25 | | | 70 | | | VL 16/1,8 |
| 22 | 2 | 8 | #28 | 50 | | 70 | 70 | 200 | |
| 24 | 3 | 2 | #32 | 50 | | 50 | | 200 | |
| 25 | 3 | 2 | #32 | | | 50 | | | |



Injection tool must be marked by mortar level mark ℓ_m and anchorage depth ℓ_v resp. $\ell_{e,aes}$ with tape or marker. Quick estimation: $\ell_m = 1/3 \cdot \ell_v$

Continue injection until the mortar level mark ℓ_m becomes visible.

Optimum mortar volume:
$$\ell_{m} = \ell_{v} \operatorname{resp.} \ell_{e,ges} \cdot \left(1,2 \cdot \frac{d_{s}^{2}}{d_{0}^{2}} - 0,2\right)$$
 [mm]

Injection system UNIKA PE for rebar connection

Intended Use

Installation instruction: Filling the bore hole

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E) Inserting the rebar Push the reinforcing bar into the anchor hole while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached. h_{ef} The bar should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material. 8. Be sure that the bar is inserted in the bore hole until the embedment mark is at the concrete surface and that excess mortar is visible at the top of the hole. If these requirements are not maintained, the application has to be renewed. For overhead installation fix embedded part (e.g. wedges). 9. Observe gelling time t_{gel}. Attend that the gelling time can vary according to the base material temperature (see Table B3). It is not allowed to move the bar after geling time t_{gel} has elapsed. Allow the adhesive to cure to the specified time prior to applying any load. Do not move or load the bar until it is fully cured (attend Table B3). After full curing time t_{cure} has elapsed, the add-on part can be installed.

| Injection system UNIKA PE for rebar connectio | Inject | tion | system | UNIKA | ΡE | for | rebar | conne | ectio |
|---|--------|------|--------|-------|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|
|---|--------|------|--------|-------|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|

Intended Use Installation instruction: Inserting rebar Annex B 8

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Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length

The minimum anchorage length $\ell_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $\ell_{0,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 $\ell_{b,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.6 and Eq. 8.7 and $\ell_{0,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.11) shall be multiply by a factor according to Table C1.

| Concrete class | Drilling method | Factor |
|------------------|--|--------|
| C12/15 to C50/60 | Hammer drilling and compressed air drilling | 1,0 |

Table C2: Design values of the ultimate bond resistance f_{bd} in N/mm² for all drilling methods for good conditions

according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 for good bond conditions (for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0.7)

| Rebar - ∅ | Concrete class | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| ds | C12/15 | C16/20 | C20/25 | C25/30 | C30/37 | C35/45 | C40/50 | C45/55 | C50/60 |
| 8 to 25 mm | 1,6 | 2,0 | 2,3 | 2,7 | 3,0 | 3,4 | 3,7 | 4,0 | 4,3 |

Injection system UNIKA PE for rebar connection

Performances

Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length Design values of ultimate bond resistance $\rm f_{\rm bd}$

Annex C 1