



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-13/0472 of 7 June 2016

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Mapei Injection system Mapefix EP for rebar connection

System for post installed rebar connection with mortar

Mapei S.p.A. via Cafiero, 22 20158 MILANO (MI) ITALIEN

Mapei S.p.A., Plant 1

17 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

European Assessment Document (EAD) 330087-00-0601

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Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this approval is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "Mapei Injection system Mapefix EP for rebar connection" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter ϕ from 8 to 40 mm according to Annex A and injection mortar Mapefix EP are used for rebar connections. The rebar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between rebar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the anchor of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Amplification factor $\alpha_{\text{lb}},$ Bond resistance f_{bd}	See Annex C1

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	The product satisfy requirements for Class A1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C2

3.3 Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR 3)

Regarding dangerous substances there may be requirements (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions) applicable to the products falling within the scope of this European Technical Assessment. In order to meet the provisions of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3.4 Safety in use (BWR 4)

The essential characteristics regarding Safety in use are included under the Basic Works Requirement Mechanical resistance and stability.



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4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330087-00-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system to be applied is: 1

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 7 June 2016 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Uwe Bender Head of Department beglaubigt: Baderschneider



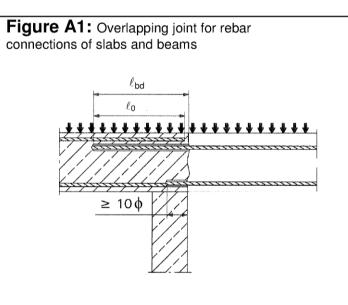


Figure A3: End anchoring of slabs or beams (e.g. designed as simply supported)

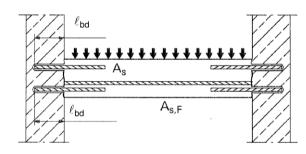


Figure A2: Overlapping joint at a foundation of a wall or column where the rebars are stressed in tension

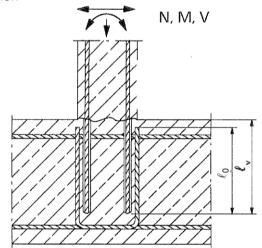
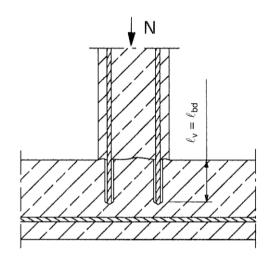
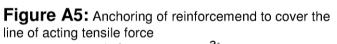
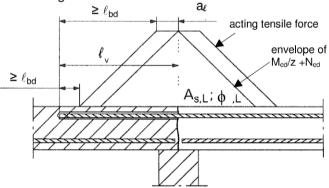


Figure A4: Rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression. The rebars sre stressed in compression







Note to Figure A1 to A5:

In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

Preparing of joints according to Annex B 2

Mapei Injection system Mapefix EP for rebar connection

Product description Installed condition and examples of use for rebars

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Mapei Injection system Mapefix EP:						
Injection mortar: Mapefix EP Type "side-by-side": 385 ml, 444ml, 585 ml, 999 ml and 1400 ml		hazard-code, d	tes, charge-code, shelf life, curing- and processing time the temperature), with as well as			
Static Mixer						
TAH 18W						
Piston plug and mixer extension						
Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8, ø ⁻						
 Minimum value of related rip area f Rib height of the bar shall be in the (\$\phi\$: Nominal diameter of the bar; h: 	range $0,05\phi \le h \le 0,07\phi$	2-1-1:2004+AC:20	10			
Table A1: Materials						
Designation	Material					
Rebar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex CBars and de-coiled rods class B or C f_{yk} and k according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$						
Mapei Injection system Mapefix	EP for rebar connecti	on				
Product description Injection mortar / Static mixer / Rebar Materials			Annex A 2			



Specifications of intended use

Anchorages subject to:

- Static and quasi-static loads.
- Fire exposure

Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Maximum chloride concrete of 0,40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206-1:2000.
- · Non-carbonated concrete.

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of ϕ + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar.

The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Temperature Range:

• - 40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max long term temperature +50°C).

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.
- Anchorages under static or quasi-static actions are designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 and Annex B2.
- Anchorages under fire exposure are designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008.

Installation:

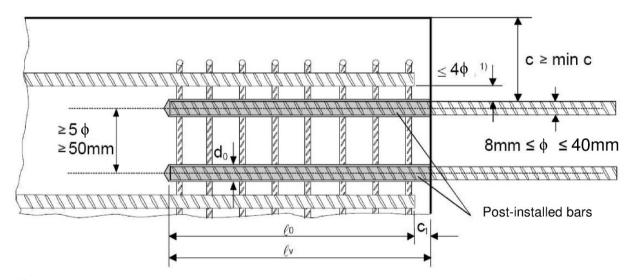
- Dry or wet concrete.
- It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Hole drilling by hammer drill, compressed air drill or diamond drill mode.
- The installation of post-installed rebar shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

Mapei Injection system Mapefix EP for rebar connection	
Intended use Specifications	Annex B 1



Figure B1: General construction rules for post-installed rebars

- · Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



¹⁾ If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4\u00f5, then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4\u00f5.

The following applies to Figure B1:

- c concrete cover of post-installed rebar
- c1 concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- min c minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
 φ diameter of post-installed rebar
- *l*₀ lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- ℓ_v effective embedment depth, $\geq \ell_0 + c_1$
- d₀ nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 3

Mapei Injection system Mapefix EP for rebar connection

Intended use

General construction rules for post-installed rebars



Table B1: Minimum concrete cover min c¹⁾ of Drilling aid post-installed rebar depending of D-200000 drilling method **Drilling method Rebar diameter** Without drilling aid With drilling aid $30 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot \ell_{v} \ge 2 \phi$ < 25 mm $30 \text{ mm} + 0.06 \cdot \ell_{v} \ge 2 \phi$ Hammer drilling (HD) 40 mm + 0,06 · $\ell_{v} \ge 2 \phi$ 40 mm + 0,02 $\cdot \ell_{v} \ge 2 \phi$ ≥ 25 mm < 25 mm 50 mm + 0,08 $\cdot \ell_{v}$ 50 mm + 0,02 $\cdot \ell_v$ Compressed air drilling (CD) ≥ 25 mm 60 mm + 0.08 $\cdot \ell_{v}$ 60 mm + 0.02 $\cdot \ell_{v}$ $30 \text{ mm} + 0.02 \cdot \ell_{v} \ge 2 \phi$ < 25 mm Diamond coring (DD) Drill stand used as drilling aid 40 mm + 0,02 · $\ell_{v} \ge 2 \phi$ ≥ 25 mm 1) see Annexes B2, Figures B1 Comments: The minimum concrete cover acc. EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed Table B2: Bore hole diameter and maximum embedment depth *lv*,max Cartridge: Cartridge: Cartridge: side-by-side side-by-side side-by-side Drill (385, 444, 585, 999, (385, 444, 585 ml) (999, 1400 ml) bit - Ø 1400 ml) Bar size Hand or battery tool Pneumatic tool Pneumatic tool φ HD PD DD I_{v,max} I_{v,max} I_{v,max} (mm) (mm) (mm) (mm) (mm) 12 12 800 800 8 -10 14 14 1000 1000 -16 700 1200 12 1200 14 18 1400 20 1600 16 1500 20 25 26 25 1000 22 28 500 24 32 25 32 700 2000 28 35 32 40 40 34 500 36 45 40 55 52 55

Mapei Injection system Mapefix EP for rebar connection

Intended use Minimum concrete cover

Maximum embedment depth



Concrete temperature	Gelling- / working t	ime ¹⁾	Minimum curing tin dry concrete	ne in	Minimum curing time in wet concrete
	t _{gel}		t _{cure,dry}	t _{cure,wet}	
≥ 5 °C	120 min		50 h		100 h
≥ + 10 °C	90 min		30 h		60 h
≥ + 20 °C	30 min		10 h		20 h
≥ + 30 °C	20 min		6 h		12 h
≥ + 40 °C	12 min	12 min			8 h
Table B4: Dispensin Cartridge type/size	-	nd too	bl		Pneumatic tool
Side-by-side cartridges 385, 444, 585 ml	A.G. SA 296C585	-			
Side-by-side cartridge 999 ml	e.g. SA 296C585		e.g. Type H 244 C		e.g. Type TS 444 KX
Side-by-side cartridge 1400 ml					

All cartridges could also be extruded by a battery tool.

Mapei Injection system Mapefix EP for rebar connection

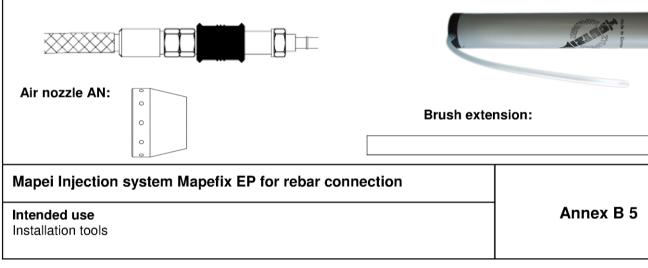
Intended use Working time and curing times Dispensing tools



Hand pump (volume 750 ml)

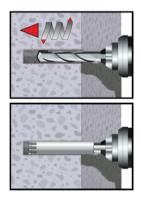
				Drill and c	Installation						
Bar size ф	Drill bit - Ø		5	Brush	min Brush - Ø	Air Nozzle	Piston plug	Mixer extension	Max embedment depth		
	HD	PD	DD		d _{b,min}				I _v or I _{e,ges}		
[mm]		[mm]		RB	[mm]	AN	VS	VL	[mm]		
8	12	-	12	14	12,5	10	-		800		
10	14	-	14	16	14,5	10	14		1000		
12		16		18	16,5	14	16		1200		
14		18		20	18,5	14	18	VL 10/0,75	1400		
16		20		22	20,5		20		1600		
00	25	-	25	27	25,5	17	25		2000		
20	-	26	-	27	26,5		25		2000		
22		28		30	28,5		28		2000		
24		32		34	32,5		27		32	or VL 16/1,8	2000
25		32		34	32,5			32		2000	
28		35		37	35,5			21	35		2000
32		40		42	40,5			40		2000	
34		40		42	40,5		40		2000		
36		45		47	45,5		45		2000		
10	-	-	52	54	52,5	40	52		2000		
40	55	55	-	58	55,5		55		2000		
Brush RB	:		l	-	+	SDS	Plus Adapter:				

Rec. compressed air tool hand slide valve (min 6 bar)





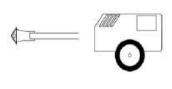
1) Bore hole drilling



1. Drill a hole into the base material to the size and embedment depth required by the selected reinforcing bar with carbide hammer drill (HD), a compressed air drill (CD) or diamond core (DD). In case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar. Drill bit sizes see Table B5.



Hammer drilling (HD)



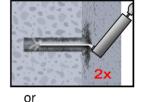


Compressed air drilling (CD)

Diamond coring (DD)

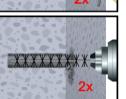
2a) Bore hole cleaning (HD and CD)

Attention! Standing water in the bore hole must be removed before cleaning.



2a. Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow the hole clean with compressed air (min. 6 bar) or a hand pump a minimum of two times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.

For bore holes deeper than 240 mm, compressed air (min. 6 bar <u>must</u> be used. For bore holes larger than 32 mm, compressed air (min. 6 bar) and the appropriate air nozzle (see Table B5) <u>must</u> be used.



- 2b. Check brush diameter (Table B5) and attach the brush to a drilling machine or a battery screwdriver. Brush the hole with an appropriate sized wire brush $> d_{b,min}$ (Table B5) a minimum of two times.

If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush extension shall be used.

2c. Finally blow the hole clean again with compressed air (min. 6 bar) or a hand pump a minimum of two times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.

For bore holes deeper than 240 mm, compressed air (min. 6 bar <u>must</u> be used. For bore holes larger than 32 mm, compressed air (min. 6 bar) and the appropriate air nozzle (see Table B5) <u>must</u> be used.

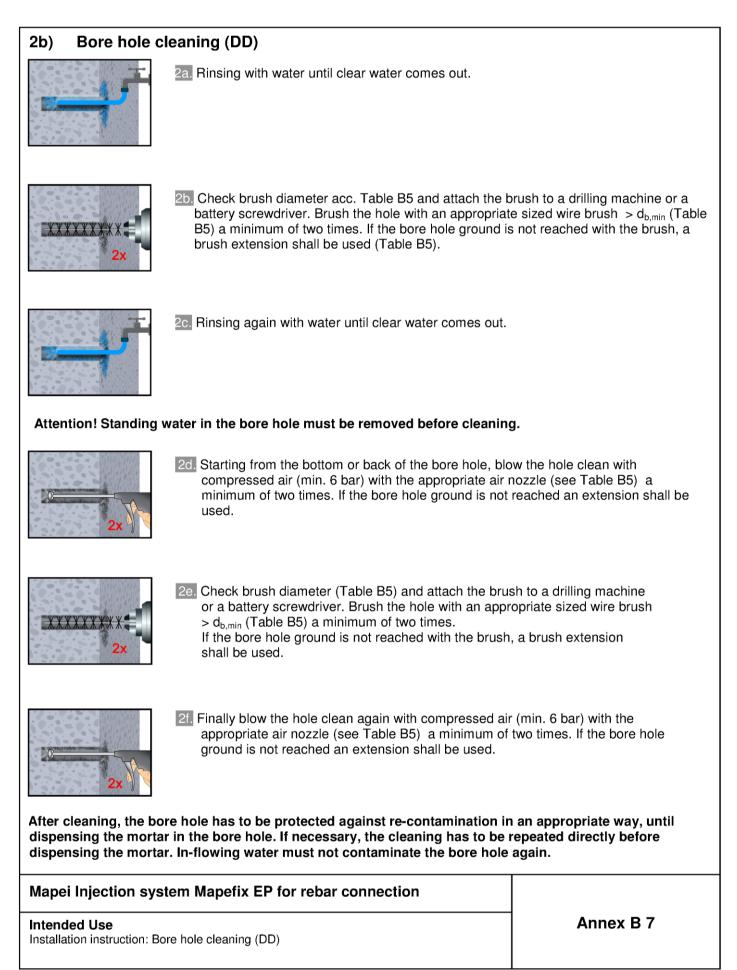
After cleaning, the bore hole has to be protected against re-contamination in an appropriate way, until dispensing the mortar in the bore hole. If necessary, the cleaning has to be repeated directly before dispensing the mortar. In-flowing water must not contaminate the bore hole again.

Mapei Injection system Mapefix EP for rebar connection	
Intended use Installation instruction: Bore hole drilling and cleaning (HD and CD)	Annex B 6

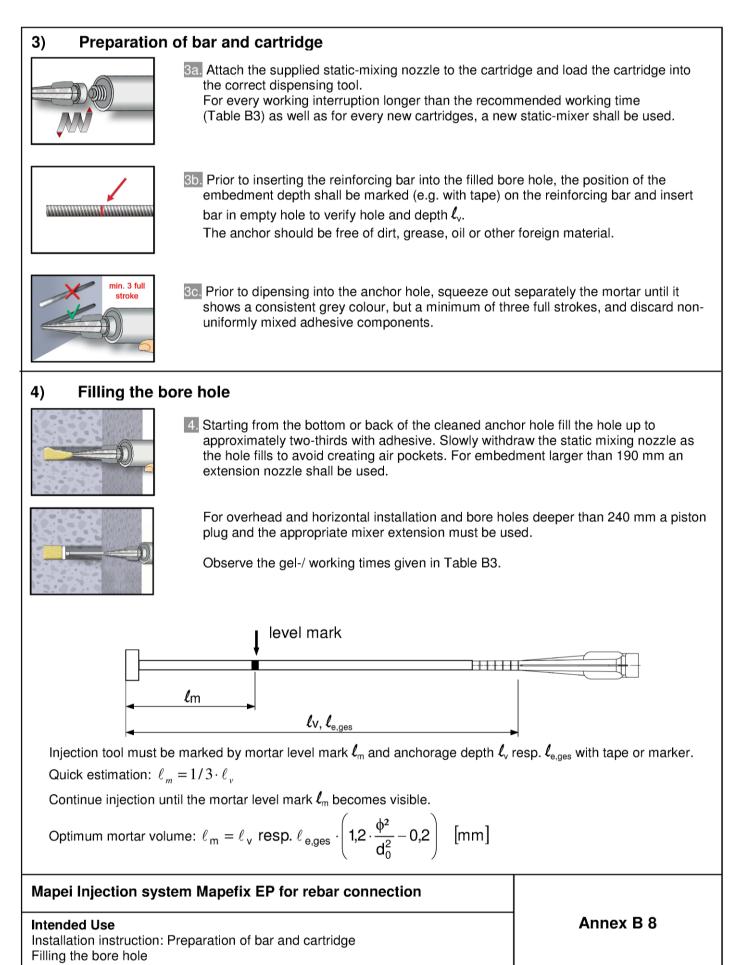
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or



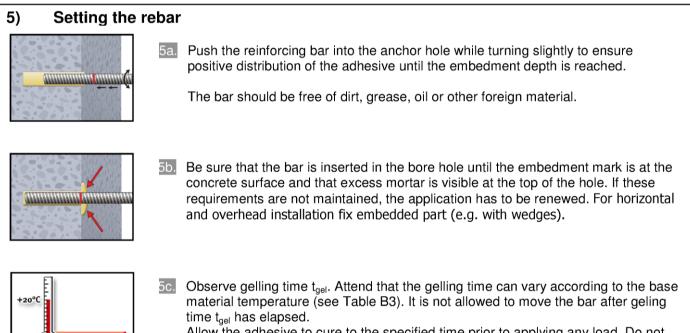






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Allow the adhesive to cure to the specified time prior to applying any load. Do not move or load the bar until it is fully cured (attend Table B3). After full curing time t_{cure} has elapsed, the add-on part can be installed.

Mapei Injection system Mapefix EP for rebar connection

Intended Use Installation instruction: Inserting rebar



Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length

The minimum anchorage length $\ell_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $\ell_{0,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 $\ell_{b,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.6 and Eq. 8.7 and $\ell_{0,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.11) shall be multiply by the amplification factor α_{lb} according to Table C1.

Table C1: Amplification factor related to concrete class and drilling method

Concrete class	Drilling method	Bar size	Amplification factor α_{lb}
C12/15 to C50/60	Hammer drilling (HD) and compressed air drilling (CD)	8 mm to 32 mm	1,0
C12/15 to C50/60	Hammer drilling (HD) and compressed air drilling (CD)	> 32 mm	1,5
C12/15 to C50/60	Diamond coring (DD)	8 mm to 40 mm	1,5

Table C2:Design values of the ultimate bond resistance f_{bd} in N/mm² for hammer
(HD) and compressed air drilling (CD) methods for good conditions
according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 for good bond conditions

(for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0.7)

Rebar - Ø	Concrete class								
φ	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
8 to 32 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3
34 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,9	4,2
36 mm	1,5	1,9	2,2	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,8	4,1
40 mm	1,5	1,8	2,1	2,5	2,8	3,1	3,4	3,7	4,0

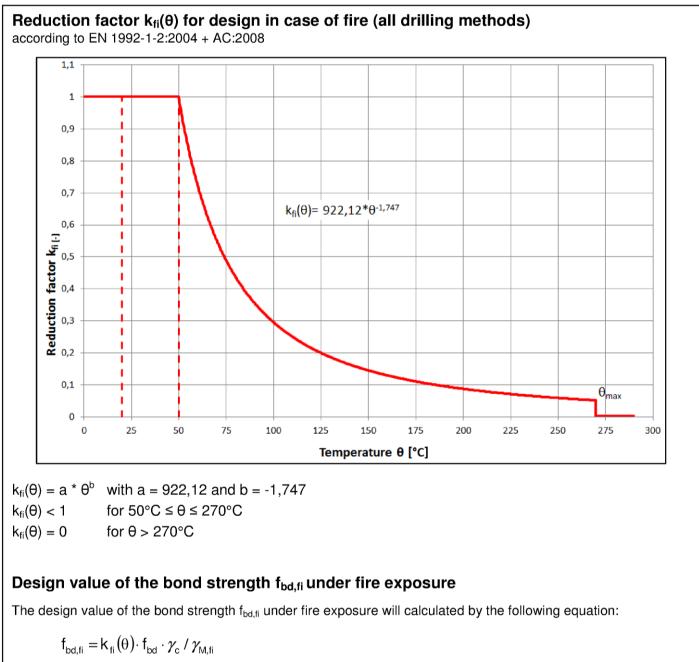
Table C3:Design values of the ultimate bond resistance fbd in N/mm² for
Diamond coring (DD) method for good conditions

according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 for good bond conditions (for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0.7)

Rebar - Ø	Concrete class									
φ	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
8 to 28 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3	
32 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7						
34 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,6						
36 mm	1,5	1,9	2,2	2,6						
40 mm	1,5	1,8	2,1	2,5						

Mapei Injection system Mapefix EP for rebar connection	
Performances	Annex C 1
Amplification factor	
Design values of ultimate bond resistance fbd	





with: $k_{fi}(\Theta)$ f_{db} $\gamma_c = 1,5$ $\gamma_{M,fi}$	 Reduction factor under fire exposure, see Figure C4 Design value of the bond strength according to Table C2 or C3 recommended safety factor according to EN 1992-1-1 safety factor according to EN 1992-1-2 under fire exposure 	
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Mapei Injection system Mapefix EP for rebar connection

Performances Reduction factor $k_{fi}(\theta)$ for design in case of fire Annex C 2