



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-13/0426 of 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:	Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik
Trade name of the construction product	BATI-THERM EPS
Product family to which the construction product belongs	Product area code: 4 External Thermal insulation Composite System with rendering on expanded polystyrene for the use as external insulation of building walls
Manufacturer	Bati-C S.A. 30, rue de l'industrie à Bertrange 8069 LUXEMBURG LUXEMBURG
Manufacturing plant	Bati-C S.A. 30, rue de l'industrie à Bertrange 8069 LUXEMBURG LUXEMBURG
This European Technical Assessment contains	19 pages including 4 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment Annex 5 Control Plan contains confidential information and is not included in the European Technical Assessment when that assessment is publicly available
This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of	ETAG 004, edition 2000, amended 2013, used as EAD according to Article 66 Paragraph 3 of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.

Kolonnenstraße 30 B | 10829 Berlin | GERMANY | Phone: +49 30 78730-0 | Fax: +49 30 78730-320 | Email: dibt@dibt.de | www.dibt.de



European Technical Assessment ETA-13/0426 English translation prepared by DIBt

Page 2 of 19 | 19 April 2018

The European Technical Assessment is issued by the Technical Assessment Body in its official language. Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and shall be identified as such.

Communication of this European Technical Assessment, including transmission by electronic means, shall be in full. However, partial reproduction may only be made with the written consent of the issuing Technical Assessment Body. Any partial reproduction shall be identified as such.

This European Technical Assessment may be withdrawn by the issuing Technical Assessment Body, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission in accordance with Article 25(3) of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.



Page 3 of 19 | 19 April 2018

European Technical Assessment ETA-13/0426 English translation prepared by DIBt

Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

1.1 Definition of the kit

This product is an External Thermal Insulation Composite System (ETICS) with rendering - a kit comprising components which are factory-produced by the manufacturer or component suppliers. It's made up on site from these. The ETICS manufacturer is ultimately responsible for all components of the ETICS specified in this ETA.

The ETICS kit comprises a prefabricated insulation product of expanded polystyrene (EPS) to be bonded and if it necessary additional mechanically fixed onto a wall. The methods of fixing and the relevant components are specified in the table below.

The insulation product is faced with a rendering system consisting of one base coat and finishing coat (site applied), in which the base coat contains reinforcement. The rendering is applied directly to the insulating panels, without any air gap or disconnecting layer.

The ETICS may include special fittings (e.g. base profiles, corner profiles ...) for connection to adjacent building elements (apertures, corners, parapets ...). Assessment and performance of these components is not addressed in this ETA, however the ETICS manufacturer is responsible for adequate compatibility and performance within the ETICS when the components are delivered as a part of the kit.

1.2 Composition of the ETICS

	Components National application documents shall be taken into account	Coverage [kg/m²]	Thickness [mm]
Insulation material with associated method of fixing	 Bonded ETICS: Insulation product (see annex 1 for product characteristics) factory-prefabricated expanded polystyrene (EPS) standard EPS elastified EPS Adhesives Kleber- und Armierungsmörtel grau Kleber- und Armierungsmörtel weiß Kleber- und Armierungsmörtel DS (cement based powder requiring addition of about 25 % of water) Kleber- und Armierungspachtel ZF (organic based ready to use paste) 	- - 4.0 to 6.0 4.0 to 6.0 4.0 to 6.0 (prepared) 3.0 to 4.0 (prepared)	≤ 400 ≤ 200
Insulation material with associated method of fixing	 Mechanically fixed ETICS with profiles and supplementary adhesive: Insulation product (see annex 1 for product characteristics) factory-prefabricated expanded polystyrene (EPS) standard EPS 	_	60 to 200
	 Supplementary adhesive (equal to bonded ETICS) 		



Page 4 of 19 | 19 April 2018

European Technical Assessment

ETA-13/0426

English translation prepared by DIBt

	Components National application documents shall be taken into account	Coverage [kg/m²]	Thickness [mm]
Insulation material with associated method of fixing	 Profiles (see annex 3 for product characteristics) "Halteleisten PVC" "Verbindungsleisten PVC" Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) profiles Anchors for profiles (see annex 2 for product characteristics) WS 8 L WS 8 N ejotherm SDK U SDF-K plus ejotherm NK U 		
	 Mechanically fixed ETICS with anchors and supplementary adhesive: Insulation product (see annex 1 for product characteristics) factory-prefabricated expanded polystyrene (EPS) standard-EPS elastified EPS Supplementary adhesive (equal to bonded ETICS) Anchors for insulation product all anchors with ETA according to EAD330196-00-0604¹ with characteristics defined in annex 2 		60 to 400 60 to 200
Base coat	Kleber- und Armierungsmörtel grau Kleber- und Armierungsmörtel weiß Identical with the equally named adhesives given above.	<pre>4.5 to 7.5 (prepared)</pre>	3.0 to 5.0 (dry)
Glass fibre mesh	Standard mesh: WDVS-Gewebe Fein (see annex 4 for product characteristics) Alkali- and slide-resistant glass fibre mesh with mass per unit area of about 160 g/m ² and mesh size of about 4.0 mm x 4.0 mm.	_	-
Key coat	Silikatgrundierung Ready to use pigmented liquid – silicate/acrilic binder Quarzgrundierung Ready to use pigmented liquid – acrilic binder For the compatibility with the finishing coats see below.	about 0.15 l/m² about 0.20 l/m²	-



Page 5 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

	Components National application documents shall be taken into account	Coverage [kg/m²]	Thickness [mm]
Finishing coat	To use with key coat "Quarzgrundierung" if applicable **:		
	 Thick layered cement based powder requiring addition of about 22 % of water: 		
	Edelkratzputz (particle size 3 mm) • Thin layered cement based powder requiring addition of	20.0 to 25.0 (prepared)	12.0 to 15.0
	about 27 % of water: Rillenputz (particle size 2 – 3 mm) Scheibenputz (particle size 4 5 – 2 and 4 mm)	3.5 to 5.0 (prepared) 2.5 to 6.5	Regulated by particle size
	(particle size 1.5 – 2 – 3 and 4 mm) Marmorputz (particle size 1 mm) (particle size 1.5 – 2 and 2,5 mm)	(prepared) 1.6 to 8.0 2.5 to 5.0 (prepared)	1.0 to 5.0
	 Thin layered cement based powder requiring addition of 36 to 40 % of water: Leichtedelputz K* 	2.0 to 4.5	Regulated by particle size
	 (Korngröße 1.5 – 2 bis 3 mm) Ready to use paste – acrylic/vinylic binder: Kunstharz-Fassadenputz K + R* (particle size 1.5 – 2 – 3 and 4 mm) 	(prepared) 2.0 to 4.0 (prepared)) 1.5 to 4.0
	 Ready to use paste – acrylic/vinylic/siloxane binder Silikonharz-Fassadenputz K + R* (particle size 1.5 – 2 and 3 mm) 	2.0 to 4.0 (prepared)	1.5 to 3.0
	Siloxan-Fassadenputz K + R* (particle size 1.5 – 2 and 3 mm) To use with key coat "Silikatgrundierung"	2.0 to 4.0 (prepared)	1.5 to 3.0
	 if applicable: ** Ready to use pastes – silicate/acrylic binder: 		4.5.4.0.0
	Silikat-Fassadenputz K + R* (particle size 1 – 2 and 3 mm)	2.0 to 3.8 (prepared)	1.5 to 3.0
Ancillary material	Remains the responsibility of the manufacturer.		
**	es different structures of the finishing coat. ion to the installer concerning the use of a key coat remains th er.	e responsibility o	f the



ETA-13/0426

Page 6 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

2. Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document (hereinafter called EAD)

2.1 Intended use

This ETICS is intended to be used as external insulation to the walls of buildings made of masonry (bricks, blocks, stones ...) or concrete (cast on site or as prefabricated panels) with and without rendering. The characteristics of the walls shall be verified prior to use of the ETICS, especially regarding conditions for reaction to fire classification and for fixing of the ETICS either by bonding or mechanically. It shall be designed to give the wall to which it is applied satisfactory thermal insulation.

The ETICS is non load-bearing construction element. It does not contribute directly to the stability of the wall on which it is installed, but it can contribute to durability by providing enhanced protection from the effects of weathering.

The ETICS can be used on new or existing (retrofit) vertical walls.

The ETICS is not intended to ensure the air tightness of the building structure.

The choice of the method of fixing depends on the characteristics of the substrate, which could need preparation (see clause 7.2.1 of ETAG 004) and on the national instructions.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment (hereinafter called ETA) is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the ETICS "BATI-THERM EPS" of at least 25 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the manufacturer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the assumed economically reasonable working life of the works.

2.2 Manufacturing

The ETA is issued for the ETICS on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited with the DIBt, which identifies the ETICS that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the ETICS or the components or their production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to the DIBt before the changes are introduced. The DIBt will decide whether such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

2.3 Design and installation

The installation instructions including special installation techniques and provisions for the qualification of the personnel are given in the manufacturer's technical documentation.

Design, installation and execution of ETICS are to be in conformity with national documents. Such documents and the level of their implementation in Member States' legislation are different. Therefore, the assessment and declaration of performance are done taking into account general assumptions introduced in the chapters 7.1 and 7.2 of ETAG 004 used as EAD, which summarize how information introduced in the ETA and related documents is intended to be used in the construction process and gives advice to all parties interested when normative documents are missing.

2.4 Packing, transport and storage

The information on packaging, transport and storage is given in the manufacturer's technical documentation. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that this information is made know to the concerned people.



ETA-13/0426

Page 7 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

2.5 Use, maintenance, repair

The finishing coat shall normally be maintained in order to fully preserve the ETICS performance. Maintenance includes at least:

- visual inspection of the ETICS
- the repairing of localized damaged areas due to accidents
- the aspect maintenance with products adapted and compatible with the ETICS (possibly after washing or ad hoc preparation)

Only products which are compatible with the ETICS shall be used.

Necessary repairs should be performed as soon as the need has been identified.

The information on use, maintenance and repair is given in the manufacturer's technical documentation.

It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that this information is made know to the concerned people.

3 Characteristics of products and methods of verification

3.0 General

The performances of the kit as described in this chapter are valid provided that the components of the kit comply with Annexes 1 to 4.

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

not relevant



Page 8 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2) Reaction to fire (ETAG 004 - clause 5.1.2)

Configurations	Organic content	Flame retardant content	Euroclass according to EN 13501-1:2007
Base coat	max. 2.1 %	no flame retardant	
EPS - insulation product	in quantity ensuring Euroclass E according to EN 13501-1	in quantity ensuring Euroclass E according to EN 13501-1	
Profile	-	-	
Anchors	-	-	
rendering system : Base coat with finishing coat and	compatible key coat	indicated hereafter.	
Rillenputz Scheibenputz Leichtedelputz K Marmorputz Edelkratzputz each with Quarzgrundierung	max. 1.2 %	no flame retardent	
Silikat-Fassadenputz K + R + Silikatgrundierung Kunstharz-Fassadenputz K + R Silikonharz-Fassadenputz K + R Siloxan-Fassadenputz K + R each with Quarzgrundierung	max. 9.7 %	min. 3 %	B – s1,do

3.3 Hygiene, health and environment (BWR 3)

3.3.1 Water absorption (capillarity test) (ETAG 004 – clause 5.1.3.1)

Base coat:

Base coat	Water absorption after 1 h < 1.0 kg/m²	Water absorption after 24 h < 0.5 kg/m ²
Kleber- und Armierungsmörtel grau/weiß	х	х



Page 9 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

Rendering system:

		Water absorption after 24 hours	
		< 0.5 kg/m²	≥ 0.5 kg/m²
Rendering systems: Base coat with finishing	Rillenputz + Quarzgrundierung	х	
coat and compatible key coat indicated hereafter:	Scheibenputz + Quarzgrundierung	x	
	Leichtedelputz K + Quarzgrundierung	x	
	Marmorputz + Quarzgrundierung	х	
	Edelkratzputz + Quarzgrundierung	х	
	Silikonharz-Fassadenputz K + R + Quarzgrundierung	х	
	Siloxan-Fassadenputz K + R + Quarzgrundierung	х	
	Kunstharz-Fassadenputz K + R + Quarzgrundierung	х	
	Silikat-Fassadenputz K + R + Silikatgrundierung	х	

3.3.2 Hygrothermal behaviour (ETAG 004 – clause 5.1.3.2)

Pass (without defects)

3.3.3 Impact resistance (ETAG 004 – clause 5.1.3.3)

The verified resistance to hard body impact and to perforation of the ETICS results in the classification into category II.



ETA-13/0426

Page 10 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

3.3.4 Water vapour permeability (ETAG 004 – clause 5.1.3.4)

Rendering system: Base coat with finishing coat and compatible key coat indicated hereafter: (evaluated without decorative)	Equivalent air thickness s _d
Rillenputz + Quarzgrundierung	\leq 1.0 m (Test result obtained with particle size 3 mm: 0.1 m)
Scheibenputz + Quarzgrundierung	\leq 1.0 m (Test result obtained with particle size 3 mm: 0.1 m)
Marmorputz + Quarzgrundierung	\leq 1.0 m (Test result obtained with particle size 2.5 mm: 0.1 m)
Leichtedelputz K + Quarzgrundierung	\leq 1.0 m (Test result obtained with particle size 3 mm: 0.1 m)
Edelkratzputz + Quarzgrundierung	\leq 1.0 m (Test result obtained with particle size 3 mm: 0.1 m)
Silikonharz-Fassadenputz K + R Quarzgrundierung	\leq 1.0 m (Test result obtained with particle size 2 mm: 0.2 m)
Siloxan-Fassadenputz K + R Quarzgrundierung	\leq 1.0 m (Test result obtained with particle size 2 mm: 0.2 m)
Kunstharz-Fassadenputz K + R Quarzgrundierung	\leq 1.0 m (Test result obtained with particle size 2 mm: 0.4 m)
Silikat-Fassadenputz K + R + Silikatgrundierung	\leq 1.0 m (Test result obtained with particle size 2 mm: 0.1 m)

3.3.5 Release of dangerous substances (ETAG 004 – clause 5.1.3.5, EOTA TR 034)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Release of dangerous substances	no performance assessed

3.4 Safety and accessibility in use (BWR 4)

3.4.1 Haftzugfestigkeit zwischen Unterputz und Wärmedämmstoff (EPS)

(ETAG 004 – Abschnitt 5.1.4.1.1)

Conditioning			
Initial state	After hygrothermal cycles	After freeze/thaw test	
≥ 0,08 MPa	≥ 0,08 MPa	Test not required because freeze/thaw cycles not necessary	



ETA-13/0426

Page 11 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

3.4.2 Bond strength between adhesive and substrate resp. insulation product (EPS) + (ETAG 004 – clauses 5.1.4.1.2 and 5.1.4.1.3)

		Conditioning		
Adhesive	Substrate resp. insulation product	Initial state	2 d immersion in water and 2 h drying	2 d immersion in water and 7 d drying
Kleber- und	Concrete	≥ 0.25 MPa	≥ 0.08 MPa	≥ 0.25 MPa
Armierungsmörtel grau/weiß	EPS	≥ 0.08 MPa	≥ 0.03 MPa	≥ 0.08 MPa
Kleber- und	Concrete	≥ 0.25 MPa	≥ 0.08 MPa	≥ 0.25 MPa
Armierungsmörtel DS	EPS	≥ 0.08 MPa	≥ 0.03 MPa	≥ 0.08 MPa
Kleber- und	Concrete	≥ 0.25 MPa	≥ 0.08 MPa	≥ 0.25 MPa
Armierungsspachtel ZF	EPS	≥ 0.08 MPa	≥ 0.03 MPa	≥ 0.08 MPa

Bonded surface:

For bonded ETICS the calculated minimal bonded surface area, according to ETAG 004, clause 6.1.4.1.3 is 40 %.

3.4.3 Bond strength after ageing (ETAG 004 – clause 5.1.7.1):

	Rillenputz + Quarzgrundierung	
	Scheibenputz + Quarzgrundierung	
	Leichtedelputz K + Quarzgrundierung	
Den denin er er efeme	Marmorputz + Quarzgrundierung	
Rendering system: Base coat with finishing coat indicated hereafter	Edelkratzputz + Quarzgrundierung	≥ 0.08 MPa
coal indicated herealter	Silikonharz-Fassadenputz K + R + Quarzgrundierung	
	Siloxan-Fassadenputz K + R + Quarzgrundierung	
	Kunstharz-Fassadenputz K + R + Quarzgrundierung	
	Silikatz-Fassadenputz K + R + Silikatgrundierung	

3.4.4 Fixing strength (displacement test) (ETAG 004 – clause 5.1.4.2)

Test not required therefore no limitation of ETICS length required.



ETA-13/0426

Page 12 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

3.4.5 Wind load resistance (ETAG 004 – clause 5.1.4.3)

The following failure loads only apply to the listed combination of component characteristics and the characteristics of the insulation product given in annex 1.

3.4.5.1 Safety in use of mechanically fixed ETICS using profiles

	Dimensions	500 mm x 500 mm	
Characteristics	Thickness	≥ 60 mm	
of the EPS (standard EPS)	Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces	≥ 150 kPa	
	Shear modulus	≥ 1.0 N/mm²	
Failure loads [N / panel] (Static Foam Block Test)	Horizontal profiles fixed every 30 cm and 49.4 cm long vertical connection profiles	Minimal: 950 Average: 1010	

3.4.5.2 Safety in use of mechanically fixed ETICS using anchors

Apply to all anchors listed in the clause 1.2 mounted on the insulation panels surface					
Characteristics	Thickness		≥ 60 mm		
of the EPS (standard	Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces		≥ 100 kPa		
EPS)	Shear modulus	≥ 1.0 N/mm ²			
Plate diameter of anchor			Ø 60 mm Ø 90 mm		Ø 90 mm
Failure loads [N]	Anchors not placed at the panel joints (Static Foam Block Test)	R _{panel}	Minimal: 51 Average: 52	•	Minimal: 720 Average: 730
	Anchors placed at the panel joints (Pull-through test)	R _{joint}	Minimal : 40 Average: 43	•	Minimal: 430 Average: 470

Apply to all anchors listed in the clause 1.2 mounted on the insulation panels surface				
Characteristics	Thickness		≥ 60 mm	
of the EPS	Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces		≥ 80 kPa	
(elastified EPS)	Shear modulus		$\geq 0.3 \text{ N/mm}^2$	
Plate diameter of anchor		Ø 60 mm		
Failure loads [N]	Anchors not placed at the panel joints (Static Foam Block Test)	R _{panel}	Minimal: 350 Average: 360	
	Anchors placed at the panel joints (Pull-through test)	R _{joint}	Minimal: 300 Average: 310	



ETA-13/0426

Page 13 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

The failure loads specified above for a plate diameter of anchor of 60 mm apply to the following anchors with deep mounting but only on the following conditions of installation:

Anchor	Thickness of the EPS [d]	Conditions of installation *	
ejotherm STR U,	100 mm > d ≥ 80 mm	- Maximum installation depth of the anchor	
ejotherm STR U 2G	(for standard and elastified EPS)	plate: 15 mm (thickness of insulation cover)	
(ETA-04/0023)		 Maximum depth of die: 5 mm 	
	≥ 100 mm (for standard and elastified EPS)	- Maximum installation depth of the anchor	
		plate: 15 mm (thickness of insulation cover)	
		 Maximum depth of die: 20 mm 	
TERMOZ 8 SV	≥ 80 mm	- Maximum installation depth of the anchor	
(ETA-06/0180)	(for standard EPS only)	plate: 15 mm (thickness of insulation cover)	
* according to the appropriate ETA of anchor			

3.4.6 Render strip tensile test (ETAG 004 – clause 5.5.4.1)

The average value of crack width of the base coat reinforced with the glass fibre mesh "WDVS-Gewebe Fein" measured at a render strain value of 1% is about 0.18 mm.

3.5 Protection against noise (BWR 5)

For the protection against noise no performance was assessed for this product.

3.6 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6)

3.6.1 Thermal resistance

The nominal value of the additional thermal resistance R provided by the ETICS to the substrate wall is calculated in accordance with EN ISO 6946:2007 from the nominal value of the insulation product's thermal resistance $R_{\rm D}$ given accompanied to the CE marking and from the thermal resistance of the rendering system $R_{\rm render}$ which is about 0.02 (m² ·K)/W.

 $R = R_D + R_{render}$

The thermal bridges caused by anchors profiles increases the thermal transmittance U. This influence had to take into account according to EN ISO 6946:2007

 $U_c = U + \chi_p \cdot n$

	vh	
Where:	U _c :	corrected thermal transmittance [W/(m ² ·K)]
	n:	number of anchors per m ²
	χ _Ρ :	local influence of thermal bridge caused by an anchor. The values listed below can be taken into account if not specified in the anchor's ETA:
	$\chi_p = 0.004 \text{ W/K}$	for anchors with a galvanized steel screw with the head covered by a plastic material
	$\chi_p = 0.002 \text{ W/K}$	for anchors with a stainless steel screw covered by plastic anchors and for anchors with an air gap at the head of the screw
The ther	mal bridges caused	l by profiles are negligible.



ETA-13/0426

Page 14 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

According to the European Commission decision 97/556/EC amended by the European Commission decision 2001/596/EC, the assessment and verification of constancy of performance system (AVCP) applies suitable following table (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011).

Product	Intended use	Levels or classes (Reaction to fire)	Systems
"BATI-THERM EPS"	in external wall subject to fire	A1 ⁽¹⁾ , A2 ⁽¹⁾ , B ⁽¹⁾ , C ⁽¹⁾	1
	regulations	A1 ⁽²⁾ , A2 ⁽²⁾ , B ⁽²⁾ , C ⁽²⁾ , D, E, (A1 to E) ⁽³⁾ , F	2+
(1)	in external wall not subject to fire regulations	any	2+

(1) Products/materials for which a clearly identifiable stage in the production process results in an improvement of the reaction to fire classification (e.g. an addition of fire retardants or a limiting of organic material)

(2) Products/materials not covered by footnote (1)

(3) Products/materials that do not require to be tested for reaction to fire (e.g. products/materials of Classes A1 according to Commission Decision 96/603/EC)

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document (EAD)

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 19 April 2018 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Dirk Brandenburger Head of Department *beglaubigt:* Hartstock



Page 15 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

Annexes:

Annex 1: Thermal insulation product characteristic Annex 2: Anchors Annex 3: Profiles Annex 4: Reinforcement



ETA-13/0426

Page 16 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

Annex 1: Thermal insulation product characteristic

Factory-prefabricated, uncoated panels made of expanded polystyrene (EPS) to EN 13163:2015 shall be used, having the description and characteristics defined in the Table below.

Description and characteristicsFor bonded ETICSwith anchors and supplementary adhesivewith profiles and supplementary adhesiveReaction to fire; EN 13501-1:2007Class E'Thermal resistance [(m²-K)/W]Defined in the CE marking in reference to EN 13163:2015TolerancesLength; EN 822:2013 $\pm 0.6 \%$ or $\pm 3 mm$ whichever gives the greatest numerical tolerance (class L3)Width [mm]; EN 822:2013 ± 2 (class W2)Thickness [mm]; EN 823:2013 ± 1 (class T1)Squareness [mm/m]; EN 824:2013 ± 2 (class S2)Flatness [mm/m]; EN 825: 2013 5 (class P5)Dimensional stability under- laboratory conditions [%]; EN 1603:2013 ± 0.2 (class DS(N)2)- specified temperature and humidity conditions [%]; EN 1604:2013 ± 0.2 (level DS(70,-)2 or level DS(70,-)1)Water absorption (long term partial immersion) [kg/m²]; $W_{lp} \leq 0.5$		1	For mechanically	fixed ETICS	
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		E e e la e e e e e e			
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Description and characteristics		and		
Reaction to fire; EN 13501-1:2007Class E'Thermal resistance [(m²-K)/W]Defined in the CE marking in reference to EN 13163:2015Tolerances $\pm 0.6 \% \text{ or } \pm 3 \text{ mm}$ whichever gives the greatest numerical tolerance (class L3)Length; EN 822:2013 $\pm 0.6 \% \text{ or } \pm 3 \text{ mm}$ whichever gives the greatest numerical tolerance (class L3)Width [mm]; EN 822:2013 $\pm 1 \text{ (class W2)}$ Thickness [mm]; EN 823:2013 $\pm 1 \text{ (class S2)}$ Flatness [mm/m]; EN 824:2013 $\pm 2 \text{ (class S2)}$ Flatness [mm/m]; EN 825: 2013 5 (class P5) Dimensional stability under $\pm 0.2 \text{ (class DS(N)2)}$ - laboratory conditions [%]; EN 1603:2013 $\pm 0.2 \text{ (class DS(N)2)}$ - specified temperature and humidity conditions [%]; EN 1604:2013 $\psi_{lp} \le 0.5$ Water absorption (long term partial immersion) [kg/m²]; EN 12087:2013 $W_{lp} \le 0.5$ Water vapour diffusion resistance factor; EN 12086:2013 $\mu = 20 - 78$ Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces in dry conditions" [kPa]; elastified EPS''' $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ or elastified EPS''' Bear modulus [KPa]; EN 12089:2013 $\sigma_b \ge 50$ Apparent density [kg/m³]; EN 1602: 2013 $\rho_a \le 30$ Shear strength" [kPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $20 \le f_{nk} \le 170$ Shear strength" [kPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $1.0 \le G_m \le 3.8$		EIICS	supplementary	supplementary	
Thermal resistance [(m²-K)/W]Defined in the CE marking in reference to EN 13163:2015Tolerances $\pm 0.6 \% \text{ or } \pm 3 \text{ mm}$ whichever gives the greatest numerical tolerance (class L3)Width [mm]; EN 822:2013 $\pm 0.6 \% \text{ or } \pm 3 \text{ mm}$ whichever gives the greatest numerical tolerance (class L3)Width [mm]; EN 822:2013 ± 2 (class W2)Thickness [mm/m]; EN 823:2013 ± 2 (class W2)Squareness [mm/m]; EN 824:2013 ± 2 (class S2)Flatness [mm/m]; EN 825: 2013 5 (class P5)Dimensional stability under- laboratory conditions [%]; EN 1603:2013 ± 0.2 (class DS(N)2)- specified temperature and humidity conditions [%]; EN 1604:2013 $\psi = 20 - 78$ Water absorption (long term partial immersion) [kg/m2]; EN 12087:2013 $W_{lp} \leq 0.5$ Water vapour diffusion resistance factor; EN 12086:2013 $\mu = 20 - 78$ Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces in dry conditions "[kPa]; EN 1602:2013 $\sigma_{mt} \geq 80$ $\sigma_{mt} \geq 150$ - elastified EPS''' Bending strength "[kPa]; EN 12089:2013 $\sigma_{mt} \geq 80$ $\sigma_{mt} \geq 100$ $\sigma_{mt} \geq 150$ Bending strength "[kPa]; EN 12089:2013 $\rho_{a} \leq 30$ $\rho_{a} \leq 30$ $\rho_{a} \leq 30$ Shear strength "[kPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $20 \leq f_{ak} \leq 170$ $\rho_{a} \leq 3.8$ Shear strength "[kPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $20 \leq f_{ak} \leq 170$ Shear andrad EPS $1.0 \leq G_m \leq 3.8$ $1.0 \leq G_m \leq 3.8$					
$\begin{array}{c l l l l l l l l l l l l $	Reaction to fire; EN 13501-1:2007				
TolerancesLength; EN 822:2013 $\pm 0.6 \ \% \text{ or } \pm 3 \ \text{mm}$ whichever gives the greatest numerical tolerance (class L3)Width [mm]; EN 822:2013 $\pm 2 \ (class L3)$ Thickness [mm]; EN 823:2013 $\pm 2 \ (class S2)$ Thickness [mm/m]; EN 825: 2013 $\pm 2 \ (class S2)$ Flatness [mm/m]; EN 825: 2013 $5 \ (class P5)$ Dimensional stability under- laboratory conditions [%]; EN 1603:2013 $\pm 0.2 \ (class DS(N)2)$ - specified temperature and humidity conditions [%]; EN 1604:2013 $\pm 0.2 \ (class DS(N)2)$ - specified temperature and humidity conditions [%]; EN 12087:2013 $W_{lp} \le 0.5$ Water absorption (long term partial immersion) [kg/m²]; EN 12086:2013 $W_{lp} \le 0.5$ Water vapour diffusion resistance factor; EN 12086:2013 $\mu = 20 - 78$ Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces in dry conditions "[kPa]; EN 1607:2013 $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ - elastified EPS" $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ not usedBending strength "[kPa]; EN 12089:2013 $\sigma_b \ge 50$ Apparent density [kg/m³]; EN 1602: 2013 $\rho_a \le 30$ Shear strength "[kPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $20 \le f_{rk} \le 170$ Shear strength "[kPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $20 \le f_{rk} \le 170$ Shear strength [kPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $1.0 \le G_m \le 3.8$		Defined in t		reference to	
$\begin{array}{l c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	[(m ² ·K)/W]		EN 13163:2015		
$\label{eq:product} whichever gives the greatest numerical tolerance (class L3) \\ \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Tolerances				
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Length; EN 822:2013				
Width [mm]; EN 822:2013 $\pm 2 \text{ (class W2)}$ Thickness [mm]; EN 823:2013 $\pm 1 \text{ (class T1)}$ Squareness [mm/m]; EN 824:2013 $\pm 2 \text{ (class S2)}$ Flatness [mm/m]; EN 825: 2013 5 (class P5) Dimensional stability under- laboratory conditions [%]; EN 1603:2013- specified temperature and humidity conditions [%]; EN 1604:2013Water absorption (long term partial immersion) [kg/m²]; EN 12087:2013Water vapour diffusion resistance factor; EN 12086:2013EN 1607:2013- standard EPS- standard EPS- elastified EPS***cong tright [kPa]; EN 12089:2013Apparent density [kg/m³]; EN 1602: 2013Charles Strength [kPa]; EN 12090: 2013200 $\leq f_{tk} \leq 170$ Shear modulus [MPa]; EN 12090: 20131.0 $\leq G_m \leq 3.8$		whichever gives		erical tolerance	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Width [mm]; EN 822:2013		\pm 2 (class W2)		
Flatness [mm/m]; EN 825: 20135 (class P5)Dimensional stability under- laboratory conditions [%]; EN 1603:2013 ± 0.2 (class DS(N)2)- specified temperature and humidity conditions [%]; EN 1604:20132 (level DS(70,-)2 or level DS(70,-)1)Water absorption (long term partial immersion) [kg/m²]; EN 12087:2013 $W_{lp} \le 0.5$ Water vapour diffusion resistance factor; EN 12086:2013 $\mu = 20 - 78$ Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces in dry conditions" [kPa]; EN 1607:2013 $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ $\sigma_{mt} \ge 100$ - elastified EPS" $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ not usedBending strength" [kPa]; EN 12089:2013 $\rho_a \le 30$ Apparent density [kg/m³]; EN 1602: 2013 $20 \le f_{tk} \le 170$ Shear strength" [kPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $20 \le f_{tk} \le 170$ Shear modulus [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $1.0 \le G_m \le 3.8$	Thickness [mm]; EN 823:2013		\pm 1 (class T1)		
Dimensional stability under- laboratory conditions [%]; EN 1603:2013 $\pm 0.2 \text{ (class DS(N)2)}$ - specified temperature and humidity conditions [%]; EN 1604:20132 (level DS(70,-)2 or level DS(70,-)1)Water absorption (long term partial immersion) [kg/m²]; EN 12087:2013 $W_{lp} \le 0.5$ Water vapour diffusion resistance factor; EN 12086:2013 $\mu = 20 - 78$ Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces in dry conditions" [kPa]; EN 1607:2013 $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ - elastified EPS" $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ $\sigma_{mt} \ge 100$ - elastified EPS" $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ not usedBending strength" [kPa]; EN 12089:2013 $\rho_a \le 30$ Apparent density [kg/m³]; EN 1602: 2013 $20 \le f_{rk} \le 170$ Shear strength" [kPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $1.0 \le G_m \le 3.8$	Squareness [mm/m]; EN 824:2013		\pm 2 (class S2)		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Flatness [mm/m]; EN 825: 2013		5 (class P5)		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
EN 1603.2013- specified temperature and humidity conditions [%]; EN 1604:20132 (level DS(70,-)2 or level DS(70,-)1)Water absorption (long term partial immersion) [kg/m²]; EN 12087:2013 $W_{lp} \le 0.5$ Water vapour diffusion resistance factor; EN 12086:2013 $\mu = 20 - 78$ Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces in dry conditions* [kPa]; EN 1607:2013 $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ - elastified EPS*** $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ $\sigma_{mt} \ge 100$ - elastified EPS*** $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ Apparent density [kg/m³]; EN 12089:2013 $\rho_a \le 30$ Shear strength" [kPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $20 \le f_{tk} \le 170$ Shear modulus [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $1.0 \le G_m \le 3.8$		+	0.2 (class DS(N))	2)	
$\begin{array}{c c} \text{humidity conditions [\%];} \\ EN 1604:2013 \\ \hline \\ \text{Water absorption} \\ (long term partial immersion) [kg/m^2];} \\ EN 12087:2013 \\ \hline \\ \text{Water vapour diffusion resistance factor;} \\ EN 12086:2013 \\ \hline \\ \text{Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces in dry conditions" [kPa];} \\ EN 1607:2013 \\ \hline \\ \text{- standard EPS} \\ \text{- elastified EPS"} \\ \hline \\ \text{Comparent density [kg/m^3]; EN 12089:2013} \\ \hline \\ \text{Apparent density [kg/m^3]; EN 12090: 2013} \\ \hline \\ \text{Shear modulus [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013} \\ \hline \\ \text{- standard EPS} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \text{Comparent density [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013} \\ \hline \\ \text{Comparent density [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013} \\ \hline \\ \text{Comparent density [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013} \\ \hline \\ \text{Comparent density [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013} \\ \hline \\ \text{Comparent density [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013} \\ \hline \\ \ \\ \text{Comparent density [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013} \\ \hline \\ \ \\ \text{Comparent density [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013} \\ \hline \\ \ \\ \ \\ \ \\ \ \\ \ \\ \ \\ \ \\ \ \\ \$			\pm 0.2 (class DS(N)2)		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
Water absorption (long term partial immersion) [kg/m²]; EN 12087:2013 $W_{lp} \le 0.5$ Water vapour diffusion resistance factor; EN 12086:2013 $\mu = 20 - 78$ Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces in dry conditions** [kPa]; EN 1607:2013 $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ $\sigma_{mt} \ge 100$ - standard EPS $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ not usedBending strength**[kPa]; EN 12089:2013 $\sigma_b \ge 50$ Apparent density [kg/m³]; EN 1602: 2013 $\rho_a \le 30$ Shear strength**[kPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $20 \le f_{tk} \le 170$ Shear modulus [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013 $1.0 \le G_m \le 3.8$		2 (level D	S(70,-)2 or level E)S(70,-)1)	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	EN 12087:2013	W _{lp} ≤ 0.5			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			u – 20 – 79		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			$\mu = 20 - 70$	1	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Tensile strength perpendicular to the				
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
$\label{eq:stified EPS} \begin{array}{c c} - \mbox{ elastified EPS}^{***} & \sigma_{mt} \geq 80 & \sigma_{mt} \geq 80 & \mbox{ not used} \\ \hline \mbox{Bending strength}^{**} [kPa]; EN 12089:2013 & \sigma_b \geq 50 \\ \hline \mbox{Apparent density [kg/m^3]; EN 1602: 2013} & \rho_a \leq 30 \\ \hline \mbox{Shear strength}^{**} [kPa]; EN 12090: 2013 & 20 \leq f_{\tau k} \leq 170 \\ \hline \mbox{Shear modulus [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013} & 1.0 \leq G_m \leq 3.8 \\ \hline \mbox{ standard EPS} & 1.0 \leq G_m \leq 3.8 \\ \hline \end{array}$					
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		$\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$		not used	
$\begin{array}{l lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$					
Shear modulus [MPa]; EN 12090: 2013- standard EPS $1.0 \le G_m \le 3.8$					
- standard EPS $1.0 \le G_m \le 3.8$		$20 \le f_{\tau k} \le 170$			
1444					
- elastified EPS $0.3 \le G_m \le 1.0$ $0.3 \le G_m \le 1.0$ not used				r	
Testing of characteristics see EN 13163:2015.	×	015.			
See the conditions of clause 3.2 for the EPS.	**				
Elastified EPS is made from standard EPS by short time high load pressing to reduce the dynamic stiffness.		ort time high load pres	sing to reduce the dvn	amic stiffness	
The protection against noise of the entire wall is improved by the use of elastified EPS related to an ETICS with stopped EPS	The protection against noise of the entire wall is				

standard EPS. ****

Thermal insulation materials for mechanically fixed ETICS with profiles must circumferentially at the edges, 24 mm from the inner surface, get an approx. 3 mm wide and 13 to 18 mm deep groove cut-in at the factory.



ETA-13/0426

Page 17 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

Annex 2: Anchors

All anchors with ETA according to EAD330196-00-0604¹ with characteristics having the description below shall be used in the mechanically fixed ETICS:

- plate diameter of anchor ≥ 60 mm resp. ≥ 90 mm
- plate stiffness ≥ 0.3 kN/mm
- load resistance of the anchor plate ≥ 1.0 kN

These characteristics and the characteristic tension resistance of the anchors shall be taken from the corresponding ETA.

The anchors listed in the Table in clause 1.2 with reference to the respective ETA shall be used in the mechanically fixed ETICS with profiles for fixing the horizontal profiles.

Trade name	ETA-number
WS 8 L	ETA-02/0019
WS 8 N	ETA-03/0019
IsoFux ND-8Z	ETA-04/0032
SDF-K plus	ETA-04/0064
ejotherm NK U	ETA-05/0009



Page 18 of 19 | 19 April 2018

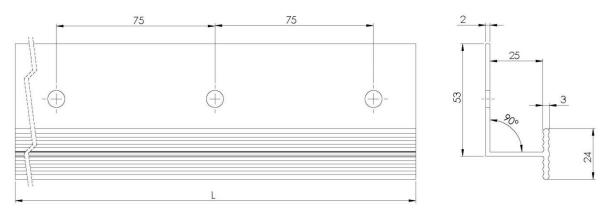
European Technical Assessment ETA-13/0426 English translation prepared by DIBt

Annex 3: Profiles

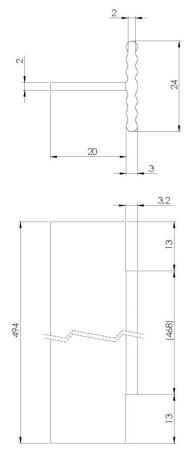
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) profiles, PVC-U, EGL, 082-05-T33 to EN ISO 1163-1:1999 are to be used in the mechanically fixed ETICS with profiles.

The Pull-through resistance of fixings from profiles is \geq 500 N.

Horizontal profile - "Halteleisten PVC" (dimensions in millimetres)



Vertical connection profile - "Verbindungsleisten PVC" (dimensions in millimetres)







Page 19 of 19 | 19 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

Annex 4: Reinforcement (glass fibre mesh)

Characteristics (alkali resistance): Pass

	Description	Residual strength after ageing [N/mm]	Relative residual strength after ageing, of the strength in the as-delivered state [%]
"WDVS- Gewebe Fein"	Alkali- and slide-resistant glass fibre mesh with mass per unit area of about 160 g/m ² and mesh size of about 4.0 mm x 4.0 mm	≥ 20	≥ 50