



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

**Bautechnisches Prüfamt** 

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



# **European Technical Assessment**

### ETA-18/0784 of 5 February 2019

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

#### **General Part**

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Josef Kihlberg staples JK783, JK653

Dowel-type fasteners with resin coating

Josef Kihlberg AB Industrigatan 37B 544 50 HJO SCHWEDEN

Josef Kihlberg AB Industriegatan 37 B SE-544450 Hjo Schweden

9 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

EAD 130019-00-0603



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**Z74514.18** 8.06.03-690/18



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#### **Specific Part**

#### 1 Technical description of the product

Josef Kihlberg staples JK783, JK653 are dowel type fasteners made of non-alloy steel rods according to EN ISO 16120<sup>1</sup> for timber constructions. The staples have a special resin coating with a minimum length of 50 % of the legs.

The diameters of the staple legs are  $d = 1,53 \text{ mm} \pm 0,03 \text{ mm}$ . Further dimensions are shown in Annex 1.

#### 2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the Josef Kihlberg staples JK783, JK653 are used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex 2.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of staples of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

#### 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

#### 3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Dimensions	See Annex 1
Characteristic yield moment	See Annex 3
Withdrawal capacity for short-term and medium-term loads	See Annex 3
Withdrawal capacity for long term and permanent loads	See Annex 3
Characteristic head pull-through parameter	See Annex 3
Minimum tensile strength of the wire	See Annex 3
Minimum and maximum thickness of the connected material	See Annex 3
Durability against corrosion	See Annex 2
Durability of the resin coating	See Annex 2

#### 3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Euroclass A1

#### 3.3 Safety and accessibility in use (BWR 4)

The essential characteristics of BWR 4 have been covered by BWR 1.

EN ISO 16120:2011

Non-alloy steel wire rod for conversation to wire (all parts)

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4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with EAD No.130019-00-0603, the applicable European legal act is: [1997/176/EC(EU)].

The system to be applied is: 3

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 5 February 2019 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

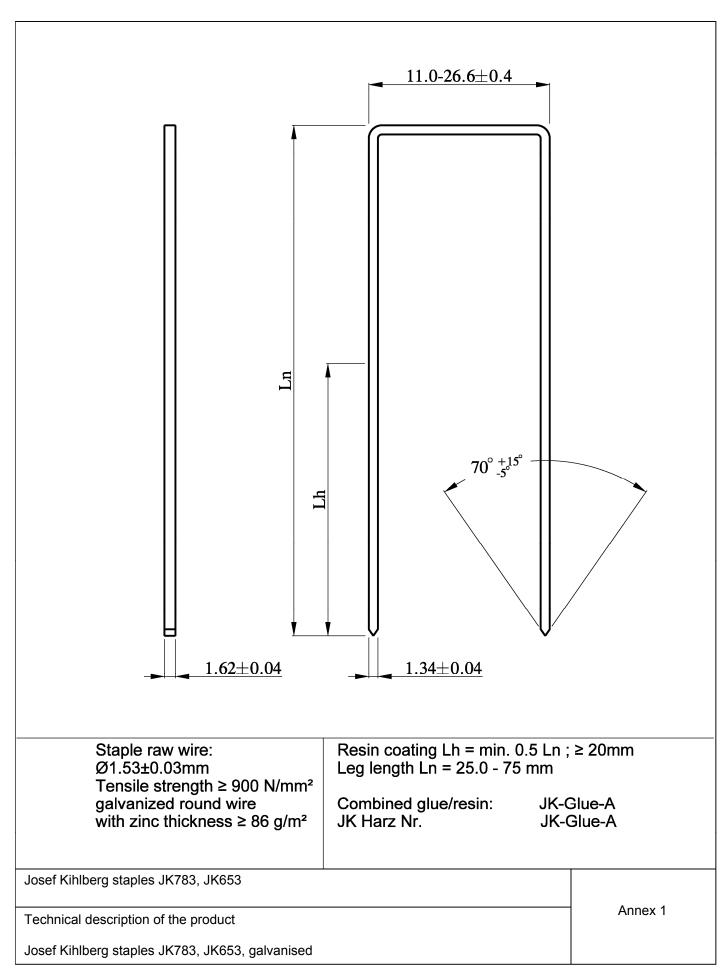
Dr.-Ing. Lars Eckfeldt p. p. Head of Department

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Baumann

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EN 13171:2012



#### Annex 2 Specifications of intended use

#### A.2.1 Loading

- Static and quasi-static loads (not relevant to fatigue)
- Short-, medium-,long term and permanent load duration withdrawal as well as shear

#### A.2.2 Connection material

Josef Kihlberg staples JK783, JK 653 are used for load bearing connections of the following material.

#### Material for base building components

- Solid timber (softwood) according to EN 338<sup>1</sup>/EN 14081-1<sup>2</sup>,
- Glued laminated timber (softwood) according to EN 14080<sup>3</sup>,
- Glued solid timber according to EN 14080,
- Laminated veneer lumber LVL according to EN 143744,
- Cross-laminated timber according to European technical approvals/assessments or national provisions that apply at the installation site.

#### Material for connected building components

- Oriented Strand Board (OSB) according to EN 300<sup>5</sup> and EN 13986<sup>6</sup>,
- Plywood according to EN 636<sup>7</sup> and EN 13986,
- Cement-bonded particle boards according to EN 634-28 and EN 13986,
- Fibreboards according to EN 622-29, EN 622-310 and EN 13986,
- Laminated veneer lumber LVL according to EN 13986 in connection with EN 1427911,
- Solid-wood panels according to EN 13353<sup>12</sup> and EN 13986,
- Gypsum boards according to EN 520<sup>13</sup>, density  $\rho \ge 680 \text{ kg/m}^3$  but without Type D. Gypsum boards Type D with a density of  $\rho \ge 800 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- Gypsum boards with mat reinforcement according to EN 15283-1<sup>14</sup> and Gypsum fibre boards according to EN 15283-2<sup>15</sup>
- Fibre-cement flat sheets Product specification and test methods according to EN 12467<sup>16</sup>
- Thermal insulation products for buildings Factory made wood fibre (WF) products Specification according to EN 1317117

-	EN 338:2016	Timber structures - Strength classes
2	EN 14081-1:2005+A1:2011	Timber structures – Strength graded structural timber with rectangular cross section – Part 1: General requirements
3	EN 14080:2013	Timber structures - Glued laminated timber and glued solid timber - Requirements
4	EN 14374:2004	Timber structures - Structural laminated veneer lumber - Requirements
5	EN 300:2006	Oriented strand boards (OSB) – Definition, classification and specifications
6	EN 13986:2004+A1:2015	Wood-based panels for use in construction - Characteristics, evaluation of conformity and marking
7	EN 636:2012+A1:2015	Plywood - Specifications
8	EN 634-2:2007	Cement-bonded particleboards – Specifications – Part 2: Requirements for OPC bonded particleboards
_		for use in dry, humid and external conditions
9	EN 622-2:2004	Fibreboards - Specifications - Part 2: Requirements for hardboards
10	EN 622-3:2004	Fibreboards - Specifications - Part 3: Requirements for medium boards
11	EN 14279:2009	Laminated Veneer Lumber (LVL) – Definitions, classification and specifications
12	EN 13353:2008+A1:2011	Solid wood panels (SWP) – Requirements
13	EN 520:2004+A1:2009	Gypsum plasterboards – Definitions, requirements and test methods
14	EN 15283-1:2008+A1:2009	Gypsum boards with fibrous reinforcement - Definitions, requirements and test methods -
		Part 1: Gypsum boards with mat reinforcement
15	EN 15283-2:2008+A1:2009	Gypsum boards with fibrous reinforcement - Definitions, requirements and test methods -
16		Part 2: Gypsum fibre boards
10	FN 12467·2012+A1·2016	Fibre-cement flat sheets – Product specification and test methods

Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made wood fibre (WF) products - Specification



#### A.2.3 Use conditions (environmental conditions)

#### A.2.3.1 Durability against corrosion

Josef Kihlberg staples JK783, JK 653 made of non-alloy steel rods are galvanized. The mean thickness of the zinc coating is 86 g/m<sup>2</sup>.

#### A.2.3.2 Durability of the resin coating

The resin coating  $L_H$  of Josef Kihlberg staples JK783, JK 653 has a minimum length of 50 % of the legs according to Annex 1. The following kind of resin is used:

Combined glue/resin JK Harz Nr. JK-Glue-A

Data sheets of chemical compositions (as well as the process of application and drying for resin coatings) are deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

The resin coating fulfills the requirements of the EAD 130019-00-0603, clause 2.2.9 "durability of the resin coating".

#### A.2.3.3 Installation

EN 1995-1-1<sup>18</sup> in conjunction with the respective national annex applies for the installation of constructions with Josef Kihlberg staples JK783, JK 653.

The point side penetration length  $t_2$  of the staples has to be at least 14·d.

For connections of wood fibre insulation material the maximum length of the leg is  $Ln = 85 \cdot d$ , the minimum width is b = 20 mm and the maximum thickness of the insulation is  $70 \cdot d$ .



#### Annex 3 Specifications of essential characteristics

#### A.3.1 Characteristic yield moment according to EN 14592

The characteristic yield moment  $M_{y,k}$  of one leg of Josef Kihlberg staples JK783, JK 653 with a nominal diameter d = 1,53 mm made of galvanized steel rods is  $M_{y,k} = 0,66$  Nm.

#### A.3.2 Withdrawal capacity for short-term and medium-term loads

The characteristic withdrawal parameter  $f_{ax,k}$  of one leg (at an angle of at least 30° between the width of staple crown and the direction of the grain) for short-term and medium-term withdrawal loads is:

 $f_{ax k} = 5.94 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ; for material with a characteristic density  $\rho_k \ge 350 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

The withdrawal parameter has been determined for a maximum length of staples in the base building components of  $t_2 \le 20 \cdot d$ .

#### A.3.3 Withdrawal capacity for long-term and permanent loads

The design value of withdrawal capacity for long-term and permanent loads for service class 1 and 2 for one staple may be taken to:

$$R_{ax,d} = 70 \text{ N}$$
, with  $\gamma_{M} = 1,3$ .

The design value of withdrawal capacity applies for a characteristic density of  $\rho_k \ge 350 \text{ kg/m}^3$ .

#### A.3.4 Maximum thickness of base building components

The maximum thickness  $t_1$  according to Table A.3.1 applies for base building components (made of material according to chapter A.2.2) depending on the density of base building components.

Table A.3.1 Maximum thickness of connected material

Maximum thickness t <sub>1</sub> [mm]	Range of density ρ <sub>k</sub> [kg/m³]	Material of connected components Examples
80	ρ <sub>k</sub> ≤ 400	Solid timber of softwood
60	$400 < \rho_k \le 650$	Wood-based panels and solid timber of soft- and hardwood
40	$650 < \rho_k \le 900$	Wood-based panels and gypsum boards
25	900 < ρ <sub>k</sub> ≤ 1200	Hardboards, gypsum fibreboards, cement-bonded particlebords
20	1200 < ρ <sub>k</sub> ≤ 1600	Highly compressed gypsum fibreboards

The maximum thickness of wood fibre insulation material has to be within  $t_1 \le 70 \cdot d$ .

#### A.3.5 Head pull-through capacity of wood and wood-based panels

The characteristic head pull-through parameters  $f_{head,k}$  for one staple of Josef Kihlberg staples JK783, JK 653 for a minimum thickness of material according to Table A.3.3 (for material with a characteristic density of  $\rho_k \ge 350 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ) shall be taken from Table A.3.2:

Table A.3.2 Characteristic head pull-through parameter  $f_{head,k}$  for material  $\rho_k \ge 350$  kg/m³,  $b \le 27$  mm

Туре	Nominal diameter d in mm	Width of staple crown b in mm	Head pull-through parameter fhead,k in N/mm²
locat Kihlborg stanles, IK 652	Cibilborn stoples IV CE2 4.52		38
Josef Kihlberg staples JK 653	1,53	26,6	17

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Table A.3.3 Minimum thickness of wood and wood-based panels

Wood or wood-based panels	Minimum thickness in t <sub>1</sub> [mm]
Solid timber (softwood)	24
Solid wood panels	7d*
Plywood	6*
Oriented Strand Boards OSB	8*
Resin-bonded particleboards	8*
Cement-bonded particleboards	8*

<sup>\*</sup> if staple crown is countersunk it has to be increased by 2 mm

The characteristic head pull-through capacity may be calculated according to equation (1)

$$R_{ax,2,k} = f_{head,k} \cdot b \cdot d \qquad N \tag{1}$$

with: f<sub>head,k</sub>: characteristic head pull-through parameter in N/mm<sup>2</sup>

b: width of staple crown in mm, in calculations the maximum width

may be b = 27 mm

d: nominal diameter of raw staple wire in mm

#### A.3.6 Minimum tensile strength of the wire

The minimum tensile strength of the raw wire of Josef Kihlberg staples JK783, JK 653 is f<sub>u</sub> = 900 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.