



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-19/0514 of 10 December 2019

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection

Systems for post-installed rebar connections with mortar

Sympafix B.V. Fluorietweg 25E 1812RR ALKMAAR NIEDERLANDE

Plant 1, Germany

21 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

EAD 330087-00-0601

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik Kolonnenstraße 30 B | 10829 Berlin | GERMANY | Phone: +49 30 78730-0 | Fax: +49 30 78730-320 | Email: dibt@dibt.de | www.dibt.de



European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0514 English translation prepared by DIBt

Page 2 of 21 | 10 December 2019

The European Technical Assessment is issued by the Technical Assessment Body in its official language. Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and shall be identified as such.

Communication of this European Technical Assessment, including transmission by electronic means, shall be in full. However, partial reproduction may only be made with the written consent of the issuing Technical Assessment Body. Any partial reproduction shall be identified as such.

This European Technical Assessment may be withdrawn by the issuing Technical Assessment Body, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission in accordance with Article 25(3) of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.



Page 3 of 21 | 10 December 2019

Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this European Technical Assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter ϕ from 8 to 40 mm or the tension anchor ZA from sizes M12 to M24 according to Annex A and injection mortar X150+PLUS are used for rebar connections. The rebar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between rebar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the rebar connection of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance under static and quasi-static loading	See Annex C 1

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Class A1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C 2 and C 3

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330087-00-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system(s) to be applied is (are): 1



European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0514 English translation prepared by DIBt

Page 4 of 21 | 10 December 2019

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 10 December 2019 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

BD Dipl.-Ing. Andreas Kummerow Head of Department

beglaubigt: Baderschneider

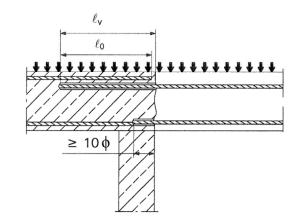
Page 5 of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0514 of 10 December 2019

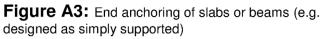
English translation prepared by DIBt



Installation post installed rebar

Figure A1: Overlapping joint for rebar connections of slabs and beams





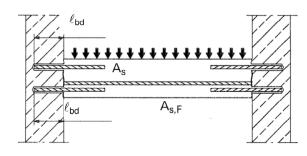


Figure A2: Overlapping joint at a foundation of a wall or column where the rebars are stressed in tension

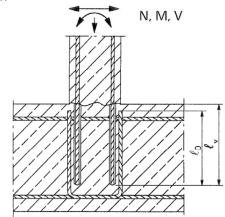
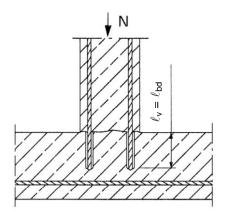


Figure A4: Rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression. The rebars sre stressed in compression



Note to Figure A1 to A5:

In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

Preparing of joints according to Annex B 2

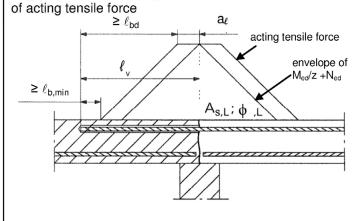


Figure A5: Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the line

Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection

Product description Installed condition and examples of use for rebars

Page 6 of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0514 of 10 December 2019

English translation prepared by DIBt



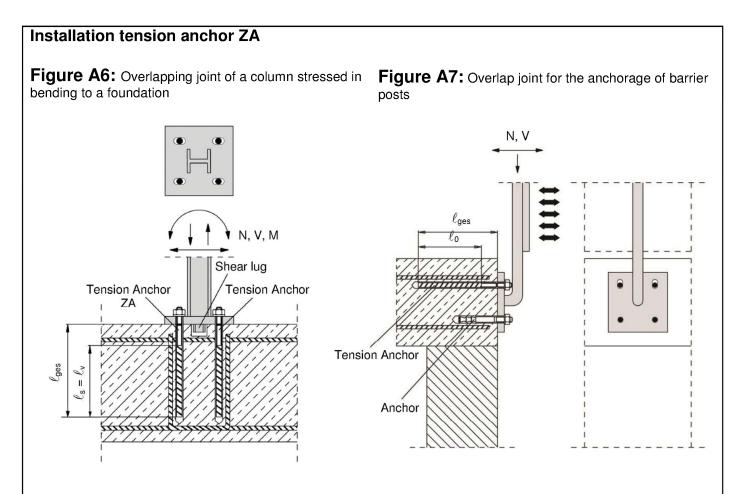
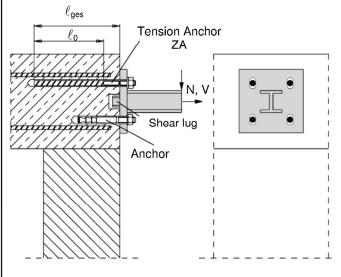


Figure A8: Overlap joint for the anchorage to centilever members



Note to Figure A6 to A8:

In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1:2002+AC:2010

Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection

Product description Installed condition and examples of use for tension anchors ZA



Sympafix X150+Plus:	
hazard-code, c	PLUS, tes, charge-code, shelf life, curing- and processing time the temperature), Optional with
Static Mixer	
Piston plug and mixer extension	
Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8, ø10, ø12, ø14, ø16, ø20, ø22, ø24, ø25	5, ø28, ø32, ø34, ø36, ø40
Tension Anchor ZA: M12 to M24	
000530000000000	
Sympafix Y150, Plus for robor connection	
Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection Product description	Annex A 3
Injection mortar / Static mixer / Rebar / Tension Anchor ZA	

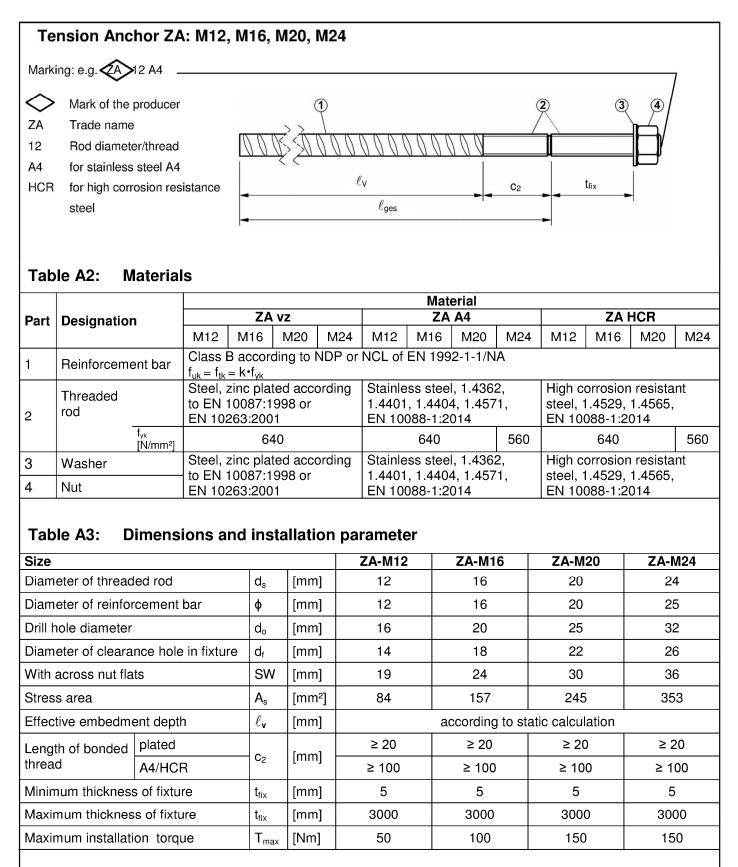


 Minimum value of related rip area f_{R,min} accord Rib height of the bar shall be in the range 0,05 (\$\phi: Nominal diameter of the bar; h_{rib}: Rib heigh Table A1: Materials 	$5\phi \leq h_{rib} \leq 0,07\phi$
esignation	Material
Rebar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C	Bars and de-coiled rods class B or C f_{yk} and k according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$

Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection

Product description Materials Rebar





Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection

Product description

Specifications Tension Anchor ZA



Specifications of intended use

Anchorages subject to:

- Static and quasi-static loads.
- Fire exposure

Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206:2013 + A1:2016.
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206:2013 + A1:2016.
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206:2013 + A1:2016.
- · Non-carbonated concrete.

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of ϕ + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar.

The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Temperature Range:

• - 40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max long term temperature +50°C).

Use conditions (Environmental conditions) with tension anchor ZA:

• Structures subject to dry internal conditions or subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist

(stainless steel or high corrosion resistant steel).

• Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure and to permanently damp internal condition, if other particular aggressive conditions exist (high corrosion resistant steel).

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008 and Annex B 2 and B 3.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

Installation:

- Dry or wet concrete.
- · It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Hole drilling by hammer drill (HD), hollow drill (HDB) or compressed air drill (CD).
- The installation of post-installed rebar resp. tension anchors shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

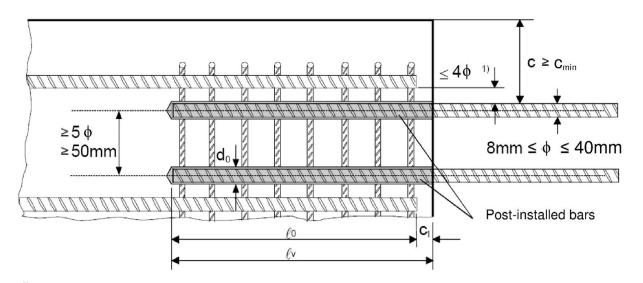
Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection

Intended use Specifications Annex B 1



Figure B1: General construction rules for post-installed rebars

- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



¹⁾ If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4φ, then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4φ.

The following applies to Figure B1:

- c concrete cover of post-installed rebar
- c₁ concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- c_{min} minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
 φ diameter of post-installed rebar
- ℓ_0 lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- $\ell_{\rm v}$ effective embedment depth, $\geq \ell_0 + c_1$
- d₀ nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 4

Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection

Intended use

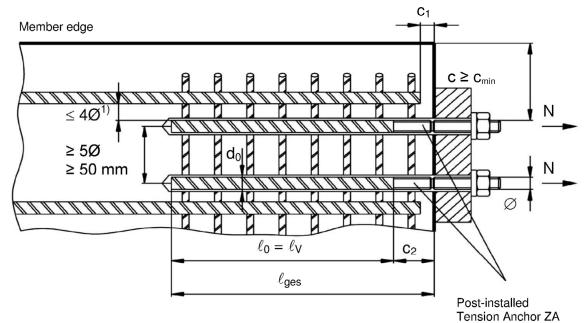
General construction rules for post-installed rebars

Annex B 2



Figure B2: General construction rules for tension anchors ZA

- The length of the bonded-in thread may be not be accounted as anchorage
- Only tension forces in the direction of the bar axis may be transmitted by the tension anchor ZA
- The tension force must be transferred via an overlap joint to the reinforcement in the building part.
- The transfer of shear forces shall be ensured by appropriate additional measures, e.g shear lugs or by anchors with an European technical assessment.
- In the anchor plate, the holes for the tension anchors shall be executed as elongated holes with axis in the direction of the shear force.



¹⁾ If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4φ, then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4φ.

The following applies to Figure B2:

- c concrete cover of tension anchor ZA
- c1 concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- c₂ Length of bonded thread
- c_{min} minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
- φ diameter of tension anchor
- ℓ_0 lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
 - effective embedment depth, $\ge \ell_0 + c_1$
- ℓ_{ges} overall embedment depth, $\geq \ell_0 + c_2$
- d₀ nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 4

Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection

Intended use

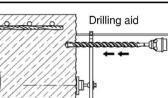
General construction rules for tension anchors

Annex B 3

 $\ell_{\rm v}$



Table B1: Minimum concrete cover min c¹⁾ of post-installed rebar and tension anchor ZA depending of drilling method Image: Constant of the second seco



Drilling method	Rebar diameter	Without drilling aid	With drilling aid
Hammer drilling (HD)	< 25 mm	$30 \text{ mm} + 0,06 \cdot \ell_{v} \geq 2 \phi$	30 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v ≥ 2 φ
Hollow drilling (HDB)	≥ 25 mm	40 mm + 0,06 · ℓ _v ≥ 2 φ	40 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v ≥ 2 φ
Compressed air drilling (CD)	< 25 mm	50 mm + 0,08 · ℓ _v	50 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v
Compressed air drilling (CD)	≥ 25 mm	60 mm + 0,08 · ℓ _v	60 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v

¹⁾ see Annex B 2, Figure B1 and Annex B 3, Figure B2

Comments: The minimum concrete cover acc. EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed

Table B2: maximum embedment depth $\ell_{v,max}$

Rebar	Tension anchor	HD / CD	HDB	
ф	φ	$\ell_{v,max}$ [mm]	ℓ _{v,max} [mm]	
8 mm		800	800	
10 mm		1000	1000	
12 mm	ZA-M12	1200	1000	
14 mm		1400	1000	
16 mm	ZA-M16	1600	1000	
20 mm	ZA-M20	2000	1000	
22 mm		2000	1000	
24 mm		2000	1000	
25 mm	ZA-M24	2000	1000	
28 mm		2000	1000	
32 mm		2000	1000	
34 mm		2000	-	
36 mm		2000	-	
40 mm		2000	-	

Table B3: Base material temperature, gelling time and curing time

Concrete temperature	Gelling- / working time ¹⁾	Minimum curing time in dry concrete	Minimum curing time in wet concrete						
	t _{gel}	t _{cure,dry}	t _{cure,wet}						
+ 5 °C to + 9°C	80 min	48 h	96 h						
+ 10 °C to + 14°C	60 min	28 h	56 h						
+ 15 °C to + 19°C	40 min	18 h	36 h						
+ 20 °C to + 24°C	30 min	12 h	24 h						
+ 25 °C to + 34°C	12 min	9 h	18 h						
+ 35 °C to + 39°C	8 min	6 h	12 h						
+40 °C	8 min	4 h	8 h						
Cartridge temperature	Cartridge temperature +5°C to +40°C								
¹⁾ t _{ani} : maximum time from start	ing of mortar injection to completi	ng of rebar setting							

 $t_{\mbox{\scriptsize gel}}$: maximum time from starting of mortar injection to completing of rebar setting.

Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection

Intended use

Minimum concrete cover Maximum embedment depth



Table B4: Dispensing tools								
Cartridge type/size	Hai	nd tool	Pneumatic tool					
Side-by-side cartridges 440, 585 ml								
	e.g. SA 296C585	e.g. Typ H 244 C	e.g. Typ TS 444 KX					
Side-by-side cartridges 1400 ml	-	-	e.g. Typ TS 471					
Cleaning and installation tools HDB - Hollow drill bit system The hollow drill bit system contains the Heller Duster Expert hollow drill bit and a class M vacuum with minimum negative pressure of 253 hPa and flow rate of								
Brush RB: I ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ←		SDS Plus Ac	lapter:					
Brush extension:								
Rec. compressed air tool hand slide valve (min 6 bar)								
Sympafix X150+Plus f Intended Use Dispensing, cleaning and			Annex B 5					

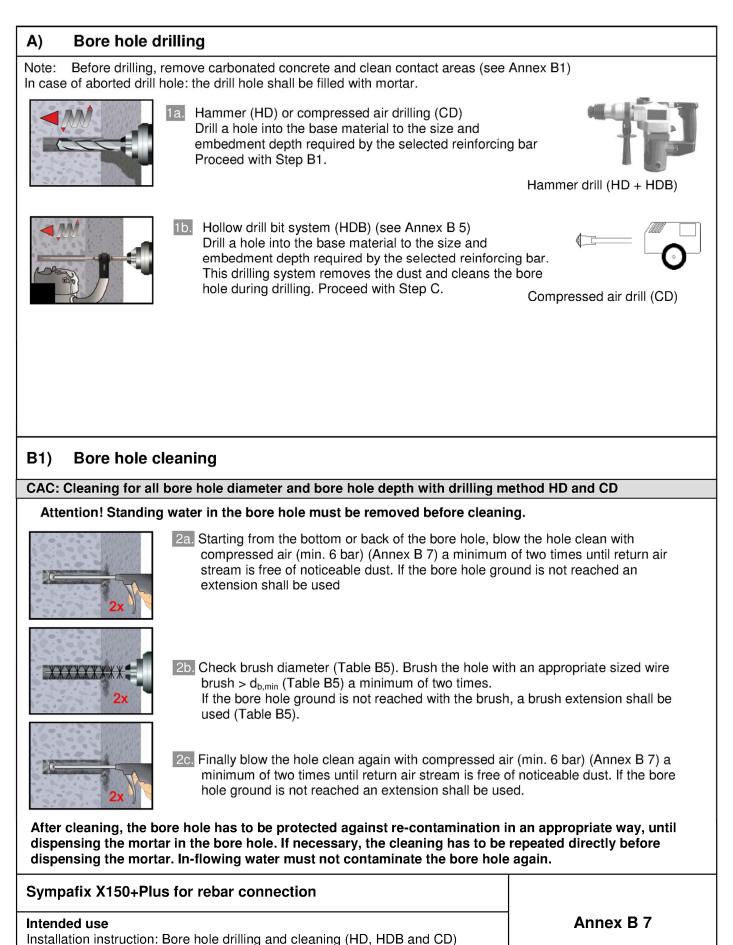


Tab	le B5:	B5: Brushes, piston plugs, max anchorage depth and mixer extension, hammer (HD) and compressed air (CD) drilling														
	Topping Drill				d _{b,min}		Ca	artridge: 440) ml or	585 ml	Cartrid	ge: 1400 ml				
Bar size	Tension anchor		- Ø		d _⊳ Brush - Ø		Piston plug		or battery tool	Pneumatic tool		Pneumatic tool				
φ	φ	HD	CD	Bius	ii - Ø	Ø	pidg	l _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension			
[mm]	[mm]	[m	m]		[mm]	[mm]		[mm]		[mm]		[mm]				
8	-	10	-	RB10	11,5	10,5	-	250		250		250				
	-	12	-	RB12	135	12,5	_	700		800		800	VL10/0,75			
10	-	12	_	1.012	10,0	12,0		250		250		250	or			
	-	14	_	RB14	155	14,5	VS14	700		1000		1000	1000 VL16/1,8 250			
12	ZA-M12		_			14,5		250		250		250				
12		1	6	RB16	17,5	16,5	VS16					1200	1200			
14	-	1	8	RB18	20,0	18,5	VS18	700	VL10/0,75	1300		1400				
16	ZA-M16	2	0	RB20	22,0	20,5	VS20		or					1600		
20	ZA-M20	25	-	RB25	27,0	25,5	VS25		VL16/1,8		VL10/0,75					
20	ZA-10120	-	26	RB26	28,0	26,5	VS25					0r VL16/1,8				
22	-	2	8	RB28	30,0	28,5	VS28		VS28							
24	-	3	2	RB32	34,0	32,5	VS32	500					VL16/1,8			
25	ZA-M24	3	2	RB32	34,0	32,5	VS32			1000		0000				
28	-	3	5	RB35	37,0	35,5	VS35			1000		2000				
32	-	4	0	RB40	43,5	40,5	VS40									
34	-	4	0	RB40	43,5	40,5	VS40									
36	-	4	5	RB45	47,0	45,5	VS45	-	-							
40	-	5	5	RB55		55,5	VS55									

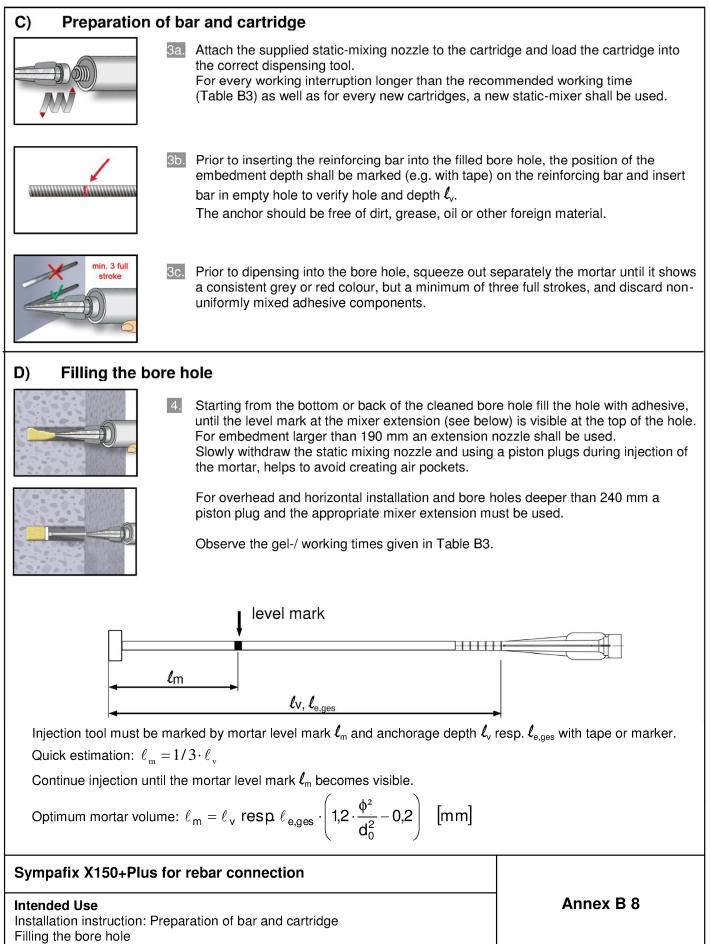
Table B6: Brushes, piston plugs, max anchorage depth and mixer extension, hammer drilling with hollow drill bit system (HDB)

		Drill		d _{b,min}		Cá	artridge: 440) ml or	585 ml	Cartrid	ge: 1400 ml
Bar size	Tension anchor	bit - Ø	d _⊳ Brush - Ø		Piston plug		or battery tool	Pneu	matic tool	Pneu	matic tool
φ	φ	HDB		Ø	P1-9	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]				[mm]		[mm]		[mm]	
8	-	10				250		250		250	
0	-	12			_	700		800		800	
10	-	16				250		250	-	250	
	-	14			VS14	700		1000		1000	
12	ZA-M12			No cleaning		250	VL10/0,75 or	250		250	
12		16	No olooni								
14	-	18	require			700			VL10/0,75 or		VL10/0,75 or
16	ZA-M16	20	required	u	VS20		VL16/1,8		VL16/1,8		VL16/1,8
20	ZA-M20	25			VS25		VE10/1,0			1000	VETO/1,0
22	-	28			VS28	VS28 VS32 VS32 VS35		1000			
24	-	32			VS32						
25	ZA-M24	32			VS32						
28	-	35			VS35						
32	-	40									
	Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection Intended use Annex B 6										
	llation too	ls									-





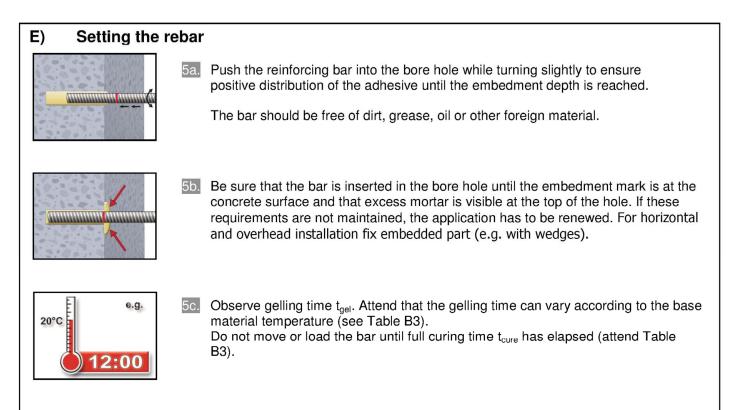




Z82960.19

Electronic copy of the ETA by DIBt: ETA-19/0514





Sympafix X150+Plus for rebar connection

Intended Use Installation instruction: Inserting rebar

Annex B 9



Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length

The minimum anchorage length $\ell_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $\ell_{0,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 ($\ell_{b,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.6 and Eq. 8.7 and $\ell_{0,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.11) shall be multiply by the amplification factor α_{lb} according to Table C1.

Table C1: Amplification factor α_{lb} related to concrete class and drilling method

Concrete class	Drilling method	Bar size	Amplification factor α_{lb}	
C12/15 to C50/60	all drilling methods	8 mm to 40 mm ZA-M12 to ZA-M24	1,0	

Table C2: Reduction factor kb for all drilling methods

Rebar	Concrete class									
φ	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
8 to 40 mm ZA-M12 to ZA-M24		1,0								

Table C3: Design values of the ultimate bond stress f_{bd,PIR} in N/mm² for all drilling methods and for good conditions

 $\mathbf{f}_{bd,PIR} = \mathbf{k}_b \cdot \mathbf{f}_{bd}$

with

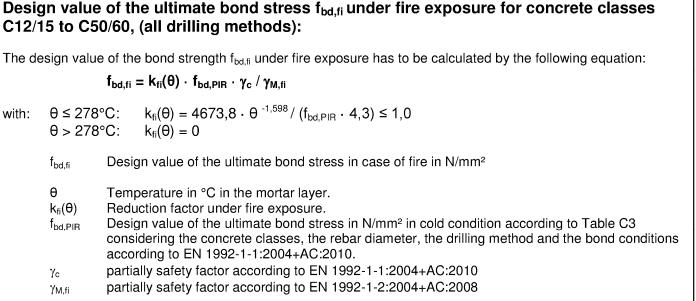
 f_{bd} : Design value of the ultimate bond stress in N/mm² considering the concrete classes, the rebar diameter, the drilling method according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010. (for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0.7) k_b : Reduction factor according to Table C2

Rebar	Concrete class										
ф	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60		
8 to 32 mm ZA-M12 to ZA-M24	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3		
34 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,9	4,2		
36 mm	1,5	1,9	2,2	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,8	4,1		
40 mm	1,5	1,8	2,1	2,5	2,8	3,1	3,4	3,7	4,0		

Performances Amplification factor α_{lb} , Reduction factor k_b Design values of ultimate bond resistance $f_{bd,PIR}$

Annex C 1





For evidence under fire exposure the anchorage length shall be calculated according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 Equation 8.3 using the temperature-dependent ultimate bond stress $f_{bd,fi}$.

Example graph of Reduction factor $k_{\rm fi}(\theta)$ for concrete classes C20/25 for good bond conditions:

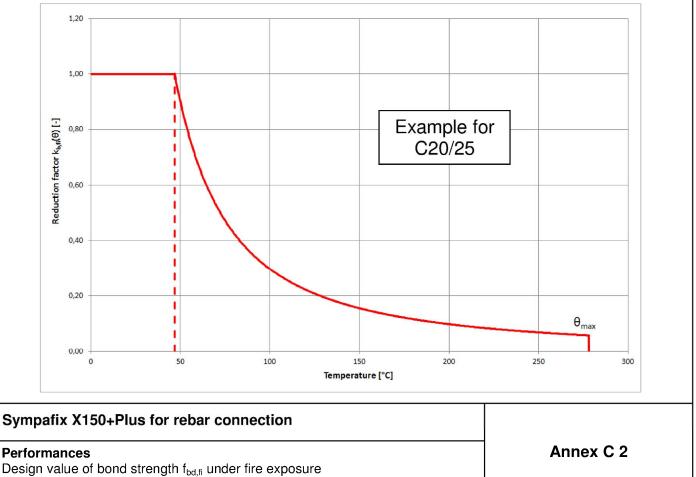




Table C6: Characteristic tension strength for tension anchor ZA under fire exposure,												
concrete classes C12/15 to C50/60, according to Technical Report TR 020												
Tension Anchor				M12	M16	M20	M24					
Steel, zinc plated	(ZA vz)			10112		MZO	10124					
Characteristic steel strength	R30)) σ _{Rk,s,fi}	[N/mm²]	20								
	R60			15								
	R90			13								
	R120			10								
Stainless Steel (Z	A A4 or Z	A HCR)										
Characteristic steel strength	R30		[N/mm²]	30								
	R60	æ		25								
	R90	$\sigma_{Rk,s,fi}$		20								
	R120			16								
Design value	of the s	teel stren	igth $\sigma_{\text{Rd,s,fi}}$	under fire e	exposure							
The design value of the steel strength $\sigma_{_{Rd,s,fi}}$ under fire exposure has to be calculated by the following equation:												
$\sigma_{ m Rd,s,fi} = c$	R _{k,s,fi} / γ _{M,}	fi										
with:												
σ _{Rk,s,fi} characteristic steel strength according to Table C4												
$\gamma_{M,fi}$ partially safety factor according to EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008												
Sympafix X150	+Plus fo	or rebar co	nnection									
Performances			Anne	« C 3								
Design value of th exposure	e steel st											