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Bautechnisches Prüfamt

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European Technical Assessment

ETA-20/0728 of 13 November 2020

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus

Systems for post-installed rebar connections with mortar

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG Otto-Hahn-Straße 15 79211 Denzlingen DEUTSCHLAND

fischerwerke

24 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

EAD 330087-00-0601, Edition 05/2018

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik Kolonnenstraße 30 B | 10829 Berlin | GERMANY | Phone: +49 30 78730-0 | Fax: +49 30 78730-320 | Email: dibt@dibt.de | www.dibt.de



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Page 2 of 24 | 13 November 2020

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Page 3 of 24 | 13 November 2020

Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this European Technical Assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars with a diameter ϕ from 8 to 28 mm or the fischer rebar anchor FRA of sizes M12 to M24 according to Annex A and the fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus or FIS VS Plus Low Speed are used for the post-installed rebar connection. The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between embedded reinforcing bar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the rebar connection of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance under static and quasi-static loading	See Annex C 1

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance	
Reaction to fire	Class A1	
Resistance to fire	See Annex C 2 and C 3	

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330087-00-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system(s) to be applied is (are): 1



European Technical Assessment ETA-20/0728 English translation prepared by DIBt

Page 4 of 24 | 13 November 2020

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 13 November 2020 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Dipl.-Ing. Beatrix Wittstock Head of Section *beglaubigt:* Baderschneider



Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 1

Figure A1.1:

Overlap joint with existing reinforcement for rebar connections of slabs and beams

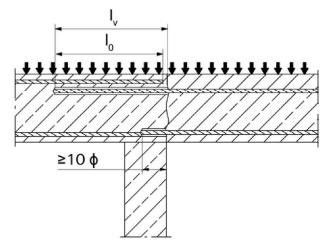


Figure A1.2:

Overlap joint with existing reinforcement at a foundation of a column or wall where the rebars are stressed

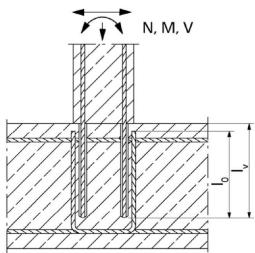
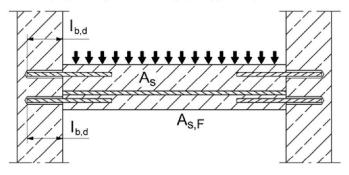


Figure A1.3:

End anchoring of slabs or beams (e.g. designed as simply supported)



Figures not to scale Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus

Product description

Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 1



Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 2

Figure A2.1:

Rebar connection for stressed primarily in compression

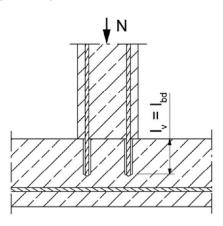
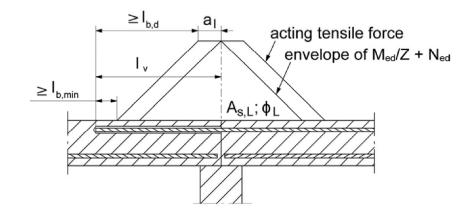


Figure A2.2:

Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the enveloped line of acting tensile force in the bending member



Note to figure A1.1 to A1.3 and figure A2.1 to A2.2

In the figures no traverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1: 2004+AC:2010.

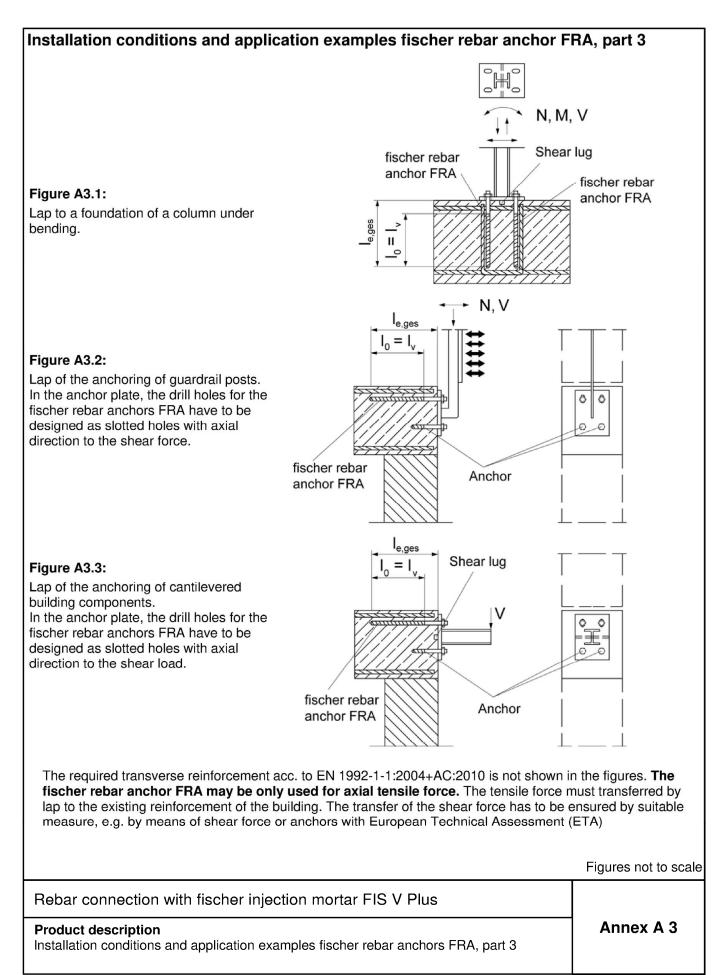
Preparing of joints according to Annex B 2

Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus

Product description Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 2 Annex A 2







Overview system components	
Injection cartridge (shuttle cartridge) FIS V Plus with sealing cap Sizes: 350ml, 360 ml, 390 ml, 585 ml, 950 ml, 1500 ml	
Imprint: fischer FIS V Plus or FIS VS Plus Low Speed, processing i shelf-life, hazard code, curing times and processing times (dependir temperature), piston travel scale (optional), size, volume	
Injection cartridge (coaxial cartridge) FIS V Plus with sealing cap; Sizes: 300 ml ,380 m	l, 400 ml, 410 ml
Imprint: fischer FIS V Plus or FIS VS Plus Low Speed, processing shelf-life, hazard code, curing times and processing times (depend temperature), piston travel scale (optional), size, volume	ding on
Static mixer FIS MR Plus for injection cartridges up to 410 ml	
Static mixer FIS UMR for injection cartridges from 585 ml	
Injection adapter and extension tube Ø 9 for static mixer FIS MR Plus; Injection adapter and extension tube Ø 9 or Ø 15 for static mixer FIS UMR	
Reinforcing bar (rebar) Sizes: \$\$, \$10, \$12, \$14, \$16, \$20, \$25, \$28 marking :	setting depth
fischer rebar anchor FRA Sizes: M12, M16, M20, M24	
Blow out pump ABP	Figures not to scale
Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus	
Product description Overview system components; Injection mortar, static mixer, injection adapter, reinforcing bar, rebar anchor FRA, blow out pump	Annex A 4



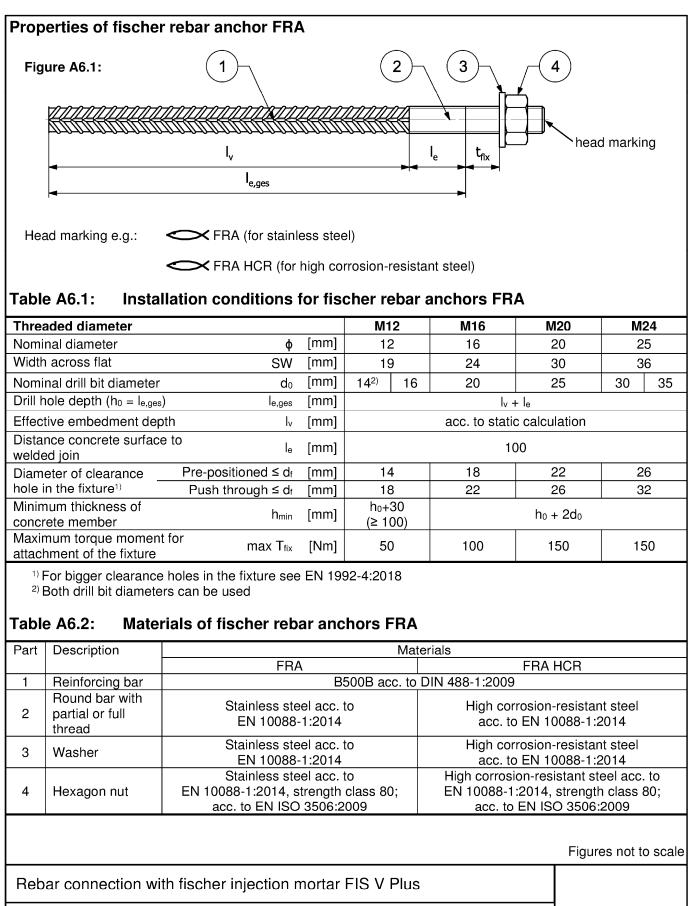
Properties of reinforcing bars (rebar) Figure A5.1: The minimum value of related rip area f_{R,min} according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 ٠ The maximum outer rebar diameter over the rips shall be: ○ The nominal diameter of the rip ϕ + 2 * h (h ≤ 0,07 * ϕ) (φ: Nominal diameter of the bar; h: rip height of the bar) 0 Table A5.1: Installation conditions for rebars Nominal diameter of the bar **8**¹⁾ **10**¹⁾ **12**¹⁾ 14 20 25 28 φ 16 30 35 10 12 12 14 Nominal drill hole diameter 14 16 18 20 25 35 do Drill hole depth h₀ $h_0 = I_v$ [mm] Effective embedment depth lv acc. to static calculation Minimum thickness of concrete l_v + 30 h_{min} $I_v + 2d_0$ member (≥ 100) ¹⁾ Both drill hole diameters can be used Table A5.2: Materials of rebars Designation Reinforcing bar (rebar) Bars and de-coiled rods class B or C with Reinforcing bar fyk and k according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA:2013 EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C $\mathbf{f}_{uk} = \mathbf{f}_{tk} = \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{f}_{yk}$

Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus

Product description Properties and materials of reinforcing bars (rebar) Annex A 5





Product description

Annex A 6



Specifications of intended use (part 1)						
Table B1.1:	Overview use	e and performand	ce categories			
Anchorages subjec	t to	FIS V Plus with				
		Reinforcing bar fis		fischer reba	ar anchor FRA	
Hammer drilling with standard drill •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			all s	izes		
Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit (fischer "FHD", Heller "Duster Expert"; Bosch "Speed Clean"; Hilti "TE-CD, TE- YD")	ammer drilling th hollow drill bit scher "FHD", eller "Duster Nominal drill bit diameter (do) cpert"; Bosch 12 mm to 35 mm ipeed Clean"; Iti "TE-CD, TE-					
Static and quasi	uncracked concrete	all sizes	Tables: C1.1	all sizes	Tables: C1.1	
static load, in	cracked concrete		C1.2 C1.3		C1.2 C1.3	
Installation tempera	ature	$T_{i,min} = 0 \ ^{\circ}C \ to \ T_{i,max} = +40 \ ^{\circ}C$				
Fire exposure		all sizes	Annex C3	all sizes	Annex C2	
Rebar connection Intended use Specifications (par		er injection morta	ar FIS V Plus		Annex B 1	



Specifications of intended use

Anchorages subject to:

- · Static and quasi-static loads: reinforcing bar (rebar) size 8 mm to 28 mm
- Fire exposure

Base materials:

- Compacted reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete without fibres according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40 % (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- Non-carbonated concrete

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of ϕ + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar. The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1 :2004+AC:2010. The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Temperature Range:

- 40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max long term temperature +50°C).

Installation temperature:

• 0 °C to +40 °C

Use conditions (Environmental conditions) for fischer rebar anchors FRA

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions (fischer rebar anchors FRA and FRA HCR)
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (fischer rebar anchors FRA and FRA HCR)
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure and to permanently damp internal condition, if other particular aggressive conditions exist (fischer rebar anchors FRA HCR) Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- · Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 and Annex B 3 and B 4.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

Installation:

- Dry or wet concrete
- Water filled holes
- Hole drilling by hammer drill, hollow drill or compressed air drill mode
- Overhead installation allowed
- The installation of post-installed rebar respectively fischer rebar anchor FRA shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under Supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for Supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

Rebar connection	n with fische	r injection	mortar FIS	V Plus
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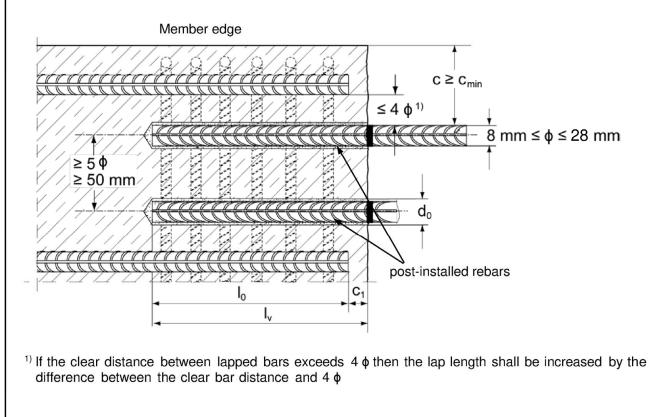
Intended use Specifications (part 2) Annex B 2



General construction rules for post-installed rebars

Figure B3.1:

- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted.
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



- c concrete cover of post-installed rebar
- c₁ concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- c_{min} minimum concrete cover according to table B5.1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
- on nominal diameter of reinforcing bar
- I_0 lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
- I_v effective embedment depth, $\geq I_0 + c_1$
- d₀ nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 6

Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus

Intended use

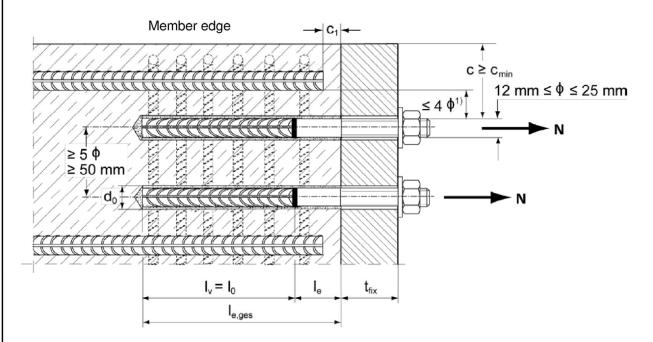
General construction rules for post-installed rebars



General construction rules for post-installed rebar anchors FRA

Figure B4.1:

- · Only tension forces in the axis of the FRA may be transmitted.
- · The tension force must be transferred via an overlap joint to the reinforcement in the building part.
- The transmission of the shear load shall be ensured by appropriate additional measures, e.g. by shear lugs or by anchors with a European Technical Assessment (ETA).
- In the anchor plate, the holes for the tension anchor shall be executed as slotted holes with the axis in the direction of the shear force.



- ¹⁾ If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4ϕ then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4ϕ .
 - c concrete cover of post-installed rebar anchor FRA
 - c_1 concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
 - c_{min} minimum concrete cover according to table B5.1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
 - optimized with a second sec
 - I_0 lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
 - $I_{e,ges}$ overall embedment depth, $\ge I_0 + I_e$
 - d₀ nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 6
 - Ie length of the bonded in threaded part
 - t_{fix} thickness of the fixture
 - I_v effective embedment depth

Figures not to	scale
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Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus

Intended use

General construction rules for post-installed rebar anchors FRA



		drilling	toleranc	e		
Drilling meth	nod	of reir	l diameter nforcing þ [mm]	Without drilling aid [mm]	Minimum concrete co With di	ver c _{min} rilling aid [mm]
Hammer drilling		<	: 25	30 mm + 0,06 l _v ≥ 2	φ 30 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ	
with standard bit	∣drill⊢	≥	25	40 mm + 0,06 l _v ≥ 2	φ 40 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ	
Hammer drillir with hollow c bit (fischer "Fl Heller "Dust	drill HD",	<	25	30 mm + 0,06 l _v ≥ 2	φ 30 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ	Drilling aid
Expert"; Bos "Speed Clea Hilti "TE-CD,	an";	2	: 25	40 mm + 0,06 l _v ≥ 2	φ 40 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ	
YD")						
	lair	<	: 25	50 mm + 0,08 l _v	50 mm + 0,02 l _v	-
Compressed drilling ¹⁾ See Ani Note: Ti	nex B he mi	≥ 3, figure nimum c	B3.1 and concrete co	60 mm + 0,08 l _v \ge 2 Annex B4, figure B4. over as specified in E	φ 60 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ 1 N 1992-1-1:2004+AC:201	
Compressed drilling ¹⁾ See Ann Note: Th Table B5.2 reinforcing	nex B he mi	≥ 3, figure nimum c Disper I _{v,max}	= 25 = B3.1 and , concrete co nsers and	60 mm + 0,08 l _v \ge 2 Annex B4, figure B4. over as specified in E	$\oint 60 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \text{ I}_{\vee} \ge 2 \phi$ 1 N 1992-1-1:2004+AC:201 rresponding to maxim Accu and pneumatic	num embedment depth
Compressed drilling ¹⁾ See Ani Note: Th Table B5.2 reinforcing	nex B he mi : re an	≥ 3, figure nimum c Disper Iv,max ebar chor	= 25 = B3.1 and , concrete co nsers and	60 mm + 0,08 l _v ≥ 2 Annex B4, figure B4. over as specified in E cartride sizes co	 60 mm + 0,02 l_v ≥ 2 φ 1 N 1992-1-1:2004+AC:201 rresponding to maxim Accu and pneumatic dispenser (small) 	num embedment depth
Compressed drilling ¹⁾ See Ani Note: Th Table B5.2 reinforcing	nex B he mi : re an	≥ 3, figure nimum c Disper I _{v,max}	= 25 = B3.1 and , concrete co nsers and	60 mm + 0,08 l _v ≥ 2 Annex B4, figure B4. over as specified in E cartride sizes co	 60 mm + 0,02 l_v ≥ 2 φ 1992-1-1:2004+AC:201 rresponding to maxim Accu and pneumatic dispenser (small) Cartridge size 	num embedment depth
Compressed drilling ¹⁾ See And Note: Th Table B5.2 reinforcing bars (rebar) ϕ [mm]	nex B he mi re an F	≥ 3, figure nimum c Disper Iv,max ebar chor	= 25 = B3.1 and , concrete co nsers and	$60 \text{ mm} + 0,08 \text{ I}_{v} \ge 2$ Annex B4, figure B4. over as specified in E I cartride sizes co nal dispenser	 60 mm + 0,02 l_v ≥ 2 φ 1992-1-1:2004+AC:201 rresponding to maxim Accu and pneumatic dispenser (small) Cartridge size 	num embedment depth Pneumatic dispenser (large)
Compressed drilling ¹⁾ See And Note: The Table B5.2 reinforcing bars (rebar) ¢ [mm] 8	nex B he mi re an F	≥ 3, figure nimum c Disper I _{v,max} ebar chor RA	= 25 = B3.1 and , concrete co nsers and	60 mm + 0,08 $I_v \ge 2$ Annex B4, figure B4. over as specified in E cartride sizes co al dispenser < 500 r	 60 mm + 0,02 l_v ≥ 2 φ 1992-1-1:2004+AC:201 rresponding to maxim Accu and pneumatic dispenser (small) Cartridge size 	num embedment depth Pneumatic dispenser (large) > 500 ml
Compressed drilling ¹⁾ See And Note: Th Table B5.2 reinforcing bars (rebar) ϕ [mm]	nex B he mi re an F thre	≥ 3, figure nimum c Disper I _{v,max} ebar chor RA	= 25 = B3.1 and , concrete co nsers and	60 mm + 0,08 $I_v \ge 2$ Annex B4, figure B4. over as specified in E cartride sizes co al dispenser < 500 r	$\phi 60 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \text{ I}_{\vee} \ge 2 \phi$ 1 N 1992-1-1:2004+AC:201 rresponding to maxim Accu and pneumatic dispenser (small) Cartridge size nl ax [mm] 1000	num embedment depth Pneumatic dispenser (large) > 500 ml lv,max / le,ges,max [mm]
Compressed drilling ¹⁾ See Ani Note: The Table B5.2 reinforcing bars (rebar) ϕ [mm] 8 10 12 14	nex B he mi re an F threa	≥ 3, figure nimum c Disper Iv,max ebar chor RA ad [M] A 12 	= 25 = B3.1 and , concrete co nsers and	60 mm + 0,08 l _v ≥ 2 Annex B4, figure B4. over as specified in E I cartride sizes co Ial dispenser < 500 l Iv,max / le,ges,m	$\phi = 60 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \text{ I}_{\vee} \ge 2 \phi$ 1 N 1992-1-1:2004+AC:201 rresponding to maxim Accu and pneumatic dispenser (small) Cartridge size nl ax [mm] 1000 1200	num embedment depth Pneumatic dispenser (large) > 500 ml
Compressed drilling ¹⁾ See Ant Note: The Table B5.2 Teinforcing bars (rebar) ϕ [mm] 8 10 12 14 16	nex B he mi re an F threa FR	≥ 3, figure nimum c Disper I _{v,max} ebar chor RA ad [M] A 12 A 16	= 25 = B3.1 and , concrete co nsers and	60 mm + 0,08 l _v ≥ 2 Annex B4, figure B4. over as specified in E I cartride sizes co Ial dispenser < 500 l Iv,max / le,ges,m	 60 mm + 0,02 l_v ≥ 2 φ 1992-1-1:2004+AC:201 rresponding to maxim Accu and pneumatic dispenser (small) Cartridge size nl	num embedment depth Pneumatic dispenser (large) > 500 ml lv,max / le,ges,max [mm]
Compressed drilling ¹⁾ See Ani Note: The Table B5.2 reinforcing bars (rebar) ϕ [mm] 8 10 12 14	nex B he mi re an F thre FR FR FR	≥ 3, figure nimum c Disper Iv,max ebar chor RA ad [M] A 12 	= 25 = B3.1 and , concrete co nsers and	60 mm + 0,08 l _v ≥ 2 Annex B4, figure B4. over as specified in E I cartride sizes co Ial dispenser < 500 l Iv,max / le,ges,m	$\phi = 60 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \text{ I}_{\vee} \ge 2 \phi$ 1 N 1992-1-1:2004+AC:201 rresponding to maxim Accu and pneumatic dispenser (small) Cartridge size nl ax [mm] 1000 1200	num embedment depth Pneumatic dispenser (large) > 500 ml lv,max / le,ges,max [mm]

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus

Annex B 5

Minimum concrete cover;

Intended use

dispenser and cartridge sizes corresponding to maximum embedment depth



Table B6.1: Working times twork and curing times tcure						
Temperature in the	Maximum w tw	orking time ¹⁾ ^{ork}	Minimum c t _{ci}	-		
anchorage base [°C]	FIS V Plus	FIS VS Plus Low Speed	FIS V Plus	FIS VS Plus Low Speed		
>±0 to +5	13 min ³⁾		3 h	6 h		
>+5 to +10	9 min ³⁾	20 min	90 min	3 h		
>+10 to +20	5 min	10 min	60 min	2 h		
>+20 to +30	4 min	6 min	45 min	60 min		
>+30 to +40	2 min ⁴⁾	4 min	35 min	30 min		

¹⁾ Maximum time from the beginning of the injection to rebar / FRA setting and positioning

²⁾ For wet concrete the curing time must be doubled

³⁾ If the temperature in the concrete falls below 10°C the cartridge has to be warmed up to +15°C.

⁴⁾ If the temperature in the concrete exceeds 30 °C the cartridge has to be cooled down to +15°C up to 20°C

Table B6.2:	Installation tools for drilling and cleaning the bore hole and injection of the
	mortar

reinforcing	rebar		Drilling and cleaning				
bars (rebar)	anchor FRA	Nominal drill bit diameter	Diameter of cutting edge	Steel brush diameter	Diameter of cleaning nozzle	Diameter of extension tube	Injection adapter
φ [mm]	thread [M]	d₀ [mm]	d _{cut} [mm]	d₀ [mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[colour]
8 ¹⁾		10	≤ 10,50	11,0			
0"		12	≤ 12,50	12,5			nature
10 ¹⁾		12	≤ 12,50	12,5	11	9	nature
10 /		14	≤ 14,50	15		5	blue
12 ¹⁾	FRA 12 ¹⁾	14	≤ 14,50	15			Dide
		16	≤ 16,50	17	15		red
14		18	≤ 18,50	19			yellow
16	FRA 16	20	≤ 20,55	21,5	19		green
20	FRA 20	25	≤ 25,55	26,5	19	Q or 1E	black
25	FRA 24 ¹⁾	30	≤ 30,55	32		9 or 15 grey	grey
20		35	≤ 35,70	37	28		brown
28		35	≤ 35,70	37			brown

¹⁾ Both drill bit diameters can be used

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus

Intended use

Working times and curing times;

Installation tools for drilling and cleaning the bore hole and injection of the mortar



Safety regulations Review the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use for proper and safe handling! Wear well-fitting protective goggles and protective gloves when working with mortar FIS V Plus / FIS VS Plus Low Speed. Important: Observe the instructions for use provided with each cartridge. Installation instruction part 1; Installation with FIS V Plus / FIS VS Plus Low Speed Hole drilling Note: Before drilling, remove carbonized concrete; clean contact areas (see Annex B 2) In case of aborted drill holes the drill hole shall be filled with mortar. Hammer drilling or compressed air drilling Drill the hole to the required embedment depth using a 1a hammer drill with carbide drill bit set in rotation hammer mode or a pneumatic drill. Drill bit sizes see table B6.2. Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit Drill the hole to the required embedment depth using a hammer drill with hollow drill bit in rotation hammer mode. 1b Dust extraction conditions see drill hole cleaning annex B 8. Drill bit sizes see table B6.2. \mathbf{C}_{drill} Measure and control concrete cover c $(C_{drill} = C + \emptyset / 2)$ Drill parallel to surface edge and to existing rebar. 1Ø Where applicable use fischer drilling aid. $\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{v}}, \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{e},\mathsf{ges}}$ 2 For holes $I_v > 20$ cm use drilling aid. Three different options can be considered: A) fischer drilling aid B) Slat or spirit level

C) Visual check

Minimum concrete cover cmin see table B5.1

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Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus

Intended use

Safety regulations; Installation instruction part 1, hole drilling

Annex B 7



	Hammer or compressed air drilling			
	3x	Blowing three times from the back of the hole with the appropriate nozzle (oil-free compressed air ≥ 6 bar) until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. Personal protective equipment must be used (see regulations Annex B 7).		
3a		Brushing (with power drill) three times with the suitable brush size (brush diameter > dr hole diameter). Switch on the power drill after inserting the steel brush into the drill hole. The brush must produce a noticeable resistance when it is inserted into the drill hole. If this is not the case, use a new or larger brush. If necessary, check with brush inspection template. Suitable brushes see table B6.2.		
	3x	Blowing three times from the back of the hole with nozzle (oil-free compressed air ≥ 6 bar) u is free of noticeable dust. Personal protective equipment must be us Annex B 7).	ntil return air strea	
	Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit			
3b		Use a suitable dust extraction system, e. fischer FVC 35 M or a comparable dust e equivalent performance data. Drill the hole with hollow drill bit. The dust has to extract the drill dust nonstop during and must be adjusted to maximum power No further drill hole cleaning necessary	xtraction system w extraction system the drilling proces	
	1			
leba	ar connection with fischer injection r	nortar FIS V Plus		

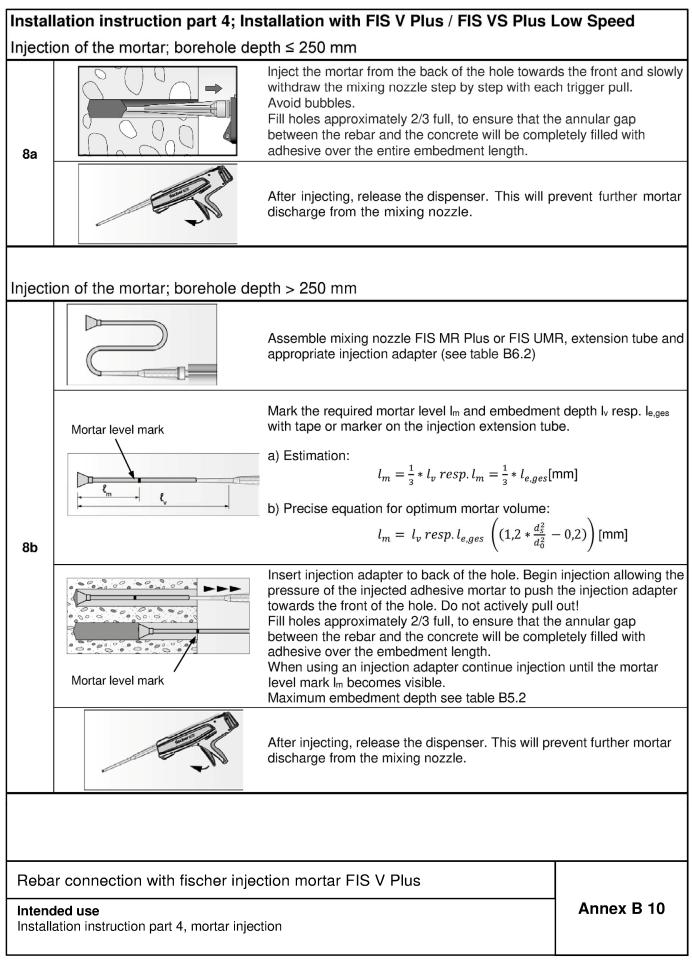


Installation instruction part 3; Installation with FIS V Plus / FIS VS Plus Low Speed					
reinfo	rcing bars (rebar) / fischer rebar and	hor FRA and cartridge preparation			
4		Before use, make asure that the rebar o FRA is dry and free of oil or other residu Mark the embedment depth I _v (e.g. with Insert rebar in borehole, to verify drill ho depth I _v resp. I _{e.ges}	e. tape)		
5		Twist off the sealing cap Twist on the static mixer (the spiral in th clearly visible).	e static mixer must be		
6	fischer EST	Place the cartridge into a suitable dispe	nser.		
7	X	Press out approximately 10 cm of morta permanently grey in colour. Mortar whic will not cure and must be disposed.			
	ar connection with fischer injection m	nortar FIS V Plus			
	ded use lation instruction part 3.	Annex B 9			

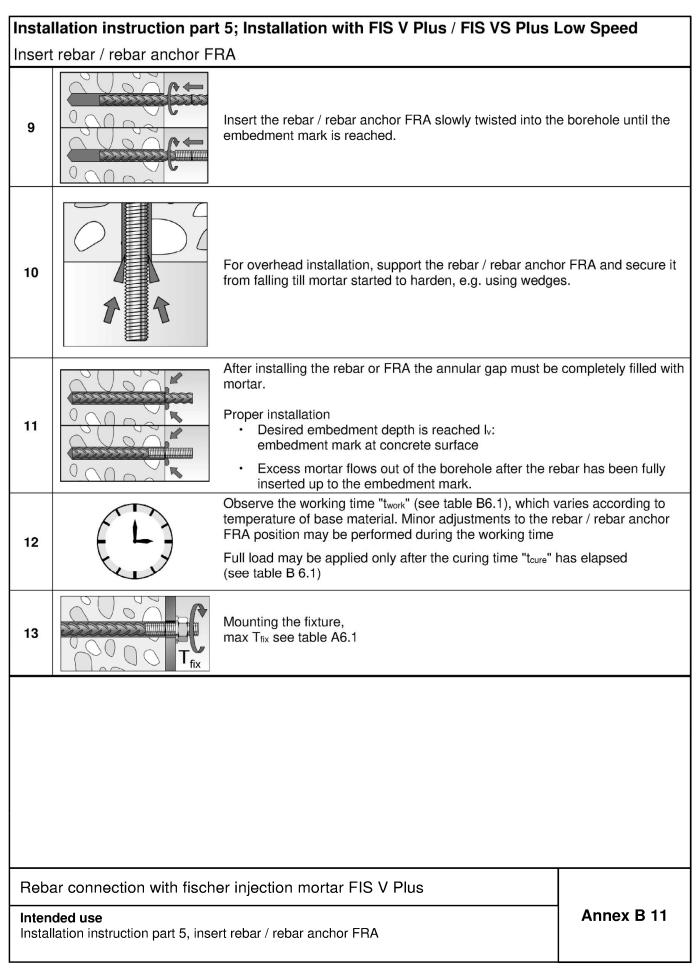
reinforcing bars (rebar) / fischer rebar anchor FRA and cartridge preparation

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Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length

The minimum anchorage length $I_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $I_{0,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1 shall be multiply by the relevant amplification factor α_{lb} according to table C1.1.

Table C1.1: Amplification factor *a*_{lb} related to concrete strength class and drilling method

Concrete strength class	Drilling method	Amplification factor α _{lb}
C12/15 to C50/60	Hammer drilling with standard drill bit	1,0
	Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit (fischer "FHD", Heller "Duster Expert"; Bosch "Speed Clean"; Hilti "TE-CD, TE-YD")	1,0
	Compressed air drilling	1,0

Table C1.2:Bond efficiency factor kb for hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed
air drilling

Hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling

Rebar / rebar				Bond et	ficiency fa	actor k₀			
anchor FRA	A Concrete strength class								
φ [mm]	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
8 to 28					1,00				

Table C1.3:Design values of the bond strength fbd,PIR in N/mm² for hammer drilling,
hollow drilling, compressed air drilling and for good bond conditions

 $f_{bd,PIR} = k_b \cdot f_{bd}$

- fbd: Design value of the bond strength in N/mm² considering the concrete strength classes and the rebar diameter according to EN 1992-1-1: 2004+AC:2010 (for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0,7)
- k_b: Bond efficiency factor according to table C1.2

Hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling									
				bond stre	ength f _{bd,Pll}	R [N/mm²]			
Rebar / rebar	Concre	Concrete strength class							
anchor FRA	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
φ [mm]									
8 to 28	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus

Performance

Amplification factor $\alpha_{\text{lb}},$ bond efficiency factor $k_b,$ design values of the bond strength $f_{\text{bd},\text{PIR}}$

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Annex C 1



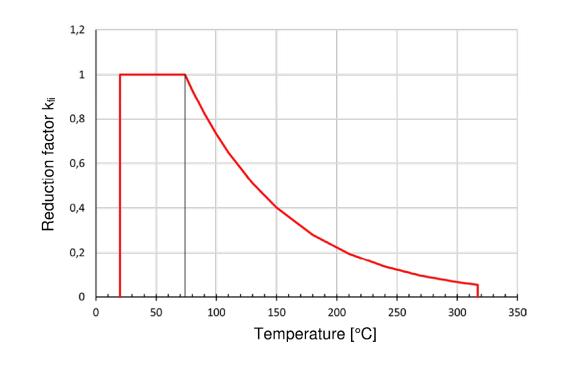
Table C2.1:	1: Essential characteristics of tensile resistance for fischer rebar anche FRA under fire exposure						oar anchors		
	concrete strength classes C12/C15 to C50/60, according to EN 1992-4:2018								
fischer rebar anc	hor FRA			M12	M16	M20	M24		
Stainless steel (FF	A or FRA	HCR)							
	R30		[N/mm ²]	30					
Characteristic	R60	σ _{Rk,s,fi}		25					
tensile resistance	R90	• 1 IX,3,11		20					
	R120				1	6			
anchor FRA	ie of the ste			,	fi under fire ex re exposure has t		for fischer rebar		
with:	<i>y</i> yw,n								
Ο Rk,s,fi γM,fi	fi / γΜ,fi Characteristic tensile resistance according to table C2.1 Partial factor according to EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008								
Rebar connec	tion with	fischer	r injection n	nortar FIS V	Plus				
Performance Design value of t anchor FRA	he steel be	aring ca	apacity O Rd,s,	_{fi} under fire exp	oosure for fischer	rebar	Annex C 2		



Design values of the bond strength f _{bk,fi} under fire exposure for concrete strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 (all drilling methods)						
The design value of the bond strength f _{bk,fi} under fire exposure has to be calculated by the following equation:						
$f_{bk,fi} = k_{fi}(\boldsymbol{\Theta}) \cdot f_{bd,PIR} \cdot \frac{\boldsymbol{\gamma}_c}{\boldsymbol{\gamma}_{M,fi}}$						
If: $\theta > 74 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $k_{\text{fi}}(\theta) = \frac{24,308 \cdot e^{-0,012 \cdot \theta}}{f_{bd,PIR} \cdot 4,3} \leq 1.0$						
If: $\theta > \theta_{max} (317 \ ^{\circ}C) \qquad k_{fi} (\theta) = 0$						
f bk,fi	=	Design value of the bond strength in case of fire (in N/mm ²)				
(θ)	=	Temperature in °C in the mortar layer				
k _{fi} (θ)	=	Reduction factor under fire exposure				
f _{bd,PIR}	=	Design value of the bond strength in N/mm ² in cold condition according to table C1.3 considering the concrete classes, the rebar diameter, the drilling method and the bond conditions according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010				
γο	=	Partial factor according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010				
γ _{M,fi}	=	Partial factor according to EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008				

For evidence under fire exposure the anchorage length shall be calculated according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 Equation 8.3 using the temperature-dependent ultimate bond strength $f_{bk,fi}$.

Figure C3.1: Example graph of reduction factor k_{fi} (θ) for concrete class C20/25 for good bond conditions



Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS V Plus

Performance

Design values of bond strength $f_{\text{bk},\text{fi}}$ under fire exposure

Annex C 3