



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

**Bautechnisches Prüfamt** 

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



# **European Technical Assessment**

ETA-15/0595 of 26 January 2021

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

#### **General Part**

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

This version replaces

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

JET-Vario-Therm

Self supporting translucent roof kits

JET Tageslicht & RWA GmbH Weidehorst 28 32609 Hüllhorst DEUTSCHLAND

JET Tageslicht & RWA GmbH Weidehorst 28 32609 Hüllhorst DEUTSCHLAND

82 pages including 73 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

EAD 220089-00-0401

ETA-15/0595 issued on 28 March 2019



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#### Specific part

#### Technical description of the product

#### 1.1 Kit description and setup

The 'JET-Vario-Therm' roof kit is made up of components which are factory-made and assembled on site as a self-supporting translucent roof kit.

The static system of the roof system 'JET-Vario-Therm' complies with the category "Curved roof systems with additional bearing profiles" as listed in section 2.2.5.1 a) of the EAD 22089-00-0401<sup>1</sup>.

The roof kit comprises 1.05 m- or 2.1 m-wide arched translucent PC multi-wall sheets which are positioned on bearing profiles and protected from wind loads with covering profiles. The sheets are mounted on the eaves side in an impost profile partially made from PVC. The multi-wall sheets are abutted along their longitudinal edges via a bearing profile. For the 2.10 m-wide sheets, one (for double-span systems) or two (for triple-span systems) additional bearing profiles are arranged as intermediate supports parallel to the end arches.

The following components are used for the manufacture of the 'JET-Vario-Therm' arched self-supporting translucent roof kit:

- translucent polycarbonate (PC) multi-wall sheets of thickness 10 mm (PC 10),
   16 mm (PC 16) and 20 mm (PC20), including combinations of sheets as described in 1.1.9,
- glass fibre-reinforced unsaturated polyester resin (GF-UP) sheet (optionally arranged between the 10mm multi-wall sheets) or
- glass fibre mat (optionally arranged between the 10mm multi-wall sheets),
- 3 mm solid sheets made from polycarbonate (optionally arranged on top of a 16mm multiwall sheet).
- 4 mm double-wall sheet made from polycarbonate (optionally arranged between the 10 mm multi-wall sheets),
- aluminium bearing and covering profiles,
- aluminium covering shells and load converters,
- Base profiles and (where required) roof sheeting connecting profiles made from PVC,
- (where required) tension locks,
- sealing profiles,
- foam tape/ alternatively EPS strip,
- connecting devices.

The components and the system setup of the product are given in Annexes A 1 to A 4.

The material values, dimensions and tolerances of the roof kit not indicated in the annexes shall correspond to the values laid down in the technical documentation<sup>2</sup> of this European technical assessment.

<sup>1</sup> EAD 22089 00-0401 Self supporting translucent roof kits with covering made of plastic sheets; edition march 2019

The technical documentation comprises all information of the holder of this ETA necessary for the production, installation and maintenance of the roof kit; these are in particular the structural analysis, design drawings and the manufacturer's installation instructions. The part to be treated confidentially is deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.



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#### 1.1.1 Multi-wall sheets

The following multi-wall sheets made from polycarbonate (PC) in accordance with the harmonised European standard EN 16153³ may be used.

Table 1: PC-sheets

Manufacturer	Trade name	Sheet height [mm]	Annex
Exolon Group S.p.A. I – Nera Montoro	Makrolon multi UV 2/10-10.5	10	A 4.1
CORPLEX, Kaysersberg F – Kaysersberg	Akyver Sun Type 10/1700	10	A 4.2
Exolon Group S.p.A. I – Nera Montoro	Makrolon multi UV 2/10-10.5 ES	10	A 4.3
CORPLEX, Kaysersberg F – Kaysersberg	Akyver Sun Type 10/2000	10	A 4.4
CORPLEX, Kaysersberg F – Kaysersberg	Akyver Sun Type 10/4W-7	10	A 4.5
Koscon Industrial S.A. CH – Stabio	Macrolux LL 4W10	10	A 4.6
Exolon Group S.p.A. I – Nera Montoro	Makrolon multi UV 4/10-6	10	A 4.7
Exolon Group S.p.A. I – Nera Montoro	Makrolon multi UV 7/16-14	16	A 4.8
CORPLEX, Kaysersberg F – Kaysersberg	Akyver Sun Type 16/7W-12	16	A 4.9
Koscon Industrial S.A. CH – Stabio	Macrolux LL 7W16	16	A 4.10
CORPLEX, Kaysersberg F – Kaysersberg	Akyver Sun Type 20/7W-12	20	A 4.11
Koscon Industrial S.A. CH – Stabio	Macrolux LL 7W20	20	A 4.12

The multi-wall sheets have unfilled hollow chambers and weatherproofing on the outer surfaces which are unmistakably identified.

#### 1.1.2 GF-UP sheet

Sheet made from glass fibre-reinforced unsaturated polyester resin with a thickness of 1.2 mm and with a glass content of at least 25 % by mass. It corresponds to the specifications deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

#### 1.1.3 Optional (full-surface) covering supplements

#### 1.1.3.1 Glass fibre mat

Up to two layers of glass fibre mat with a weight per unit area of 120 g/m² (+18/-11 g/m²) each may alternatively be arranged between the multi-wall sheets. It corresponds to the specifications deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

EN 16153:2015-05

Light transmitting flat multiwall polycarbonate (PC) sheets for internal and external use in roofs, walls and ceilings - Requirements and test methods

Z12601.20



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#### 1.1.3.2 Solid sheet

The 3 mm-thick solid polycarbonate (PC) sheet 'PC UVP 3 mm' produced by Polycasa N. V., BE-2440 Geel, and possessing a weight per unit area of 3.6 kg/m² in accordance with the harmonised European standard EN 162404 can be used.

#### 1.1.3.3 Double-wall sheet

The 4mm double-wall polycarbonate sheet 'Sun Type 4' produced by CORPLEX, Kaysersberg in accordance with the harmonised European standard EN 16153 can be used.

#### 1.1.4 Bearing and covering profiles

The aluminium profiles are made from the aluminium alloy EN AW-6060 T66 in accordance with EN 755-2<sup>5</sup> and exhibit the dimensions given in Annexes A 3.1 to A 3.4 of the ETA.

#### 1.1.5 **Impost**

#### 1.1.5.1 Base profile

The extruded profiles made from polyvinyl chloride PVC U-E-D-L-082-05-28 in accordance with EN ISO 1163-16 are available in the versions 'Base profile 30°' and 'Base profile 18°'. They have the dimensions given in Annex A 3.6.

#### 1.1.5.2 Roof sheeting connecting profile (optional)

The extruded profile made from polyvinyl chloride PVC U-E-D-L-082-05-28 in accordance with EN ISO 1163-1 has the dimensions given in Annex A 3.11.

#### 1.1.5.3 Load converter

The load converter is available in the versions 'Load converter 30°' and 'Load converter 18°'. It is made from the aluminium alloy EN AW-6060 T66 in accordance with EN 755-2.

The dimensions of the load converter profile correspond to the specifications in Annex A 3.7.

#### 1.1.5.4 Covering shell

The covering shells in the versions 'Covering shell 10/30°', 'Covering shell 16/30°', 'Covering shell 16/18°, 'Covering shell 20/30°', 'Covering shell 20/18°', 'Covering shell 22/30°', 'Covering shell 22/18°', 'Covering shell 32/30°' and 'Covering shell 32/18° are made from the aluminium alloy EN AW-6060 T66 in accordance with EN 755-2.

The covering shells have the dimensions given in Annex A 3.8.1 till 3.8.9.

#### 1.1.5.5 Supporting profile

The supporting profiles in the versions 'supporting profile 18°' and 'supporting profile 30°' are made from the aluminium alloy EN AW-6060 T66 in accordance with EN 755-2.

The supporting profiles have the dimensions given in Annex A 3.8.10.

#### 1.1.6 Tension lock

The tension locks made from EN AW-6060 T66 in accordance with EN 755-2 have the dimensions given in Annex A 3.10.

#### 1.1.7 Sealing profile

The sealing profile is made from ethylene-propylene terpolymer (EPDM) and has the dimensions given in Annex A 3.9. The Shore A hardness is 60° +/- 5° in accordance with EN ISO 8687.

4	EN 16240:2014-03	Light transmitting flat solid polycarbonate (PC) sheets for internal and external use in roofs, walls and ceilings - Requirements and test methods
5	EN 755-2:2016-10	Aluminium and aluminium alloys - Extruded rod/bar, tube and profiles - Part 2: Mechanical properties
6	EN ISO 1163-1:1999-10	Plastics - Unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U) moulding and extrusion materials - Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications (ISO 1163-1:1995); German version EN ISO 1163-1:1999
7	EN ISO 868:2003-10	Plastics and ebonite - Determination of indentation hardness by means of a durometer (Shore hardness) (ISO 868:2003); German version EN ISO 868:2003



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#### 1.1.8 Foam tape/ EPS strip

The foam tape is made from polyethylene foam and has the dimensions given in annex A 2.3.3. The density is 65kg/m³ in accordance with EN ISO 8458. Alternatively, a strip of EPS with a density of (29 + 1) kg/m³ may be used, which meets the levels CS(10)150 of compressive stress at 10 % deformation and BS200 of bending strength according to EN 131639. If this strip is used, it is bonded to the inside of the outer skin.

The products correspond to the specifications deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

#### 1.1.9 Connecting devices

The tension lock top part and the covering profile or the tension lock lower part and the covering shell as well as covering belt and the covering shell are connected with cup blind rivets  $\emptyset$  4.8 x 11.5 Al (sleeve: aluminium AlMg5 (EN AW 5019) – EN 573<sup>10</sup>; mandrel: galvanised steel – EN 10016-2<sup>11</sup> or stainless steel – EN 10088<sup>12</sup> material no. 1.4541).

The blind rivets have the dimensions given in Annex A 3.12.

The tension lock top part and the tension lock lower part are connected using hexagon socket head cap screws in accordance with EN ISO 4762<sup>13</sup> (M6x50 A2-70/ M8x50 A2-70).

#### 1.1.10 'JET-Vario-Therm' roof kit

The roof kit is made up of the components described in Sections 1.1.1, 1.1.2 and 1.1.4 to 1.1.9 if necessary 1.1.5.2 (optional roof sheeting connecting profile). The combinations in accordance with table 2 are possible:

Table 2: Combinations of the roof kit

Covering	Multi-wall sheet(s) as per Annex	Base profile as per Annex	Load converter as per Annex	Covering shell as per Annex
PC 10	A 4.1 - A 4.7	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.1
PC 16	A 4.8 - A 4.10	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.2
PC 16	A 4.0 - A 4.10	A 3.6.2	A 3.7.2	A 3.8.3
DC 20	A 4.11 - A 4.12	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.4
PC 20	A 4.11 - A 4.12	A 3.6.2	A 3.7.2	A 3.8.5
PC 10 + 10	A 4 5 4 7	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.6
(2x same PC-sheet)	A 4.5 - 4.7	A 3.6.2	A 3.7.2	A 3.8.7
PC 10 + 10 DI	A 4 5 4 7	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.8
(2x same PC-sheet with air layer)	A 4.5 - 4.7	A 3.6.2	A 3.7.2	A 3.8.9
PC 16 + GF-UP DI	A 4.8 - 4.10	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.8
(PC-sheet/ GF-UP sheet with air layer)	A 4.0 - 4.1U	A 3.6.2	A 3.7.2	A 3.8.9

U	EN ISO 845:2009-10	Cellular plastics and rubbers - Determination of apparent density
9	EN 13163:2013-03	Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made products of expanded polystyrene (EPS) - Specification
10	EN 573-3:2013-12	Aluminium and aluminium alloys - Chemical composition and form of wrought products - Part 3: Chemical composition and form of products; German version EN 573-3:2013
11	EN 10016-2:1995-04	Non-alloy steel rod for drawing and/or cold rolling - Part 2: Specific requirements for general purpose rod; German version EN 10016-2:1994
12	EN 10088-2:2014-12	Stainless steels - Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for sheet/plate and strip of corrosion resisting steels for general purposes; German version EN 10088-2:2014
13	EN ISO 4762:2004-06	Hexagon socket head cap screws (ISO 4762:2004); German version EN ISO 4762:2004



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The 'PC 10+10' covering may optionally be used with an intermediate GF-UP sheet (Section 1.1.2) or glass fibre mat (Section 1.1.3.1).

The 'PC 10+10 DI' covering may optionally be used with an intermediate GF-UP sheet (Section 1.1.2) or a 4mm double wall sheet (Section 1.1.3.3).

The roof kit may be designed with additional use of the solid sheet in accordance with Section 1.1.3.2 and in accordance with table 3:

Table 3: Combinations of the roof kit with solid sheet

Covering	Multi-wall sheet as per Annex	Base profile as per Annex	Load converter as per Annex	Covering shell as per Annex
PC 3+16	A 4.9 Details in Annex	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.6
(inner multi-wall sheet)	A 1.4 and A 2.1.8	A 3.6.2	A 3.7.2	A 3.8.7

Table 4: Reaction to fire of the components

component	Reaction to fire
Multi-wall sheets/ coverings	
GF-UP sheet	
Glass fibre mat	
Solid sheet	Class E as per EN 13501-1 <sup>14</sup>
Base profile	
Roof sheeting connecting profile	
Foam tape/ EPS strip	
Sealing profile	No contribution to fire spread in accordance with EOTA TR 021 (Version June 2005)
Bearing and covering profiles	Class A1 as per EN 12501 1
Load converter	Class A1 as per EN 13501-1 (without further testing as per Commission
Covering shell	Decision 96/603/EC, as amended by
Tension lock	Commission Decisions 2000/605/EC and 2003/424/EC)
Connecting devices	2000/424/20)

### 2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document

The self-supporting translucent roof kit may be used in the roof area for open or closed structures. The coverings may be combined to form continuous rooflights of any length with rectangular bases.

The roof kit is not a walk-on system; it may not be used for bracing of the roof support structure.

The performance data given in Section 3 are only valid if the roof kit is used in compliance with the specifications and the conditions given in Annexes A, B, C and D.

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DIN EN 13501-1:2010-01

Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests



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The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment (hereinafter referred to as 'ETA') is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the roof kit of at least ten years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the manufacturer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the structure.

#### 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

#### 3.1 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Fire performance in case of external fire exposure of 'JET-Vario-Therm' roof kit	No performance assessed
Reaction to fire of 'JET-Vario-Therm' roof kit	Class E
Resistance to fire of 'JET-Vario-Therm' roof kit	No performance assessed

#### 3.2 Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR 3)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Release of dangerous substances or radiation	The chemical composition of the product has to be in compliance with the composition deposited at the Technical Assessment Body (DIBt).  The kit does not contain dangerous substances in accordance with EOTA TR 034 (Version October 2015) or based on an individual assessment on current knowledge there is no risk for the environment due to a release of dangerous substances. *
Watertightness and	Category 1 (no leaks with no differential air pressure) up to inclination of the substructure from the horizontal: 5°
condensation	Design details as per information deposited with DIBt

Note: In addition to the specific provisions relating to dangerous substances contained in this ETA, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). For the purposes of meeting the provisions of the Construction Products Regulation, these requirements shall also be complied with insofar as they are applicable.

#### 3.3 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 4)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic structural resistance of the multi-wall sheets to forces (actions) resulting from gravity loads and uplift loads [kN/m²] provided that the bearing conditions as described in Annexes A 2.1 to A 2.3 are respected	See Annex B 3.1
Characteristic structural resistance of the impost to forces (actions) resulting from uplift loads [kN]	See Annex B 3.2
Consideration of the effect of load duration	See Annex B 1
Consideration of ageing and environmental effects	See Annex B 1/ B 2
Consideration of thermal effects	See Annex B 1/ B 2
Values for characteristic structural resistance of aluminium bearing and covering profiles	In accordance with structural calculation.



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Essential characteristic	Performance
Resistance to damage by impact loads with a soft object (50 kg)	SB 0 (no requirement)
Resistance to impact loads from a hard object (250 g)	Passed (declaration of performance in accordance with EN 16153)

#### 3.4 Protection against noise (BWR 5)

No performance assessed.

#### 3.5 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Thermal resistance	See Annex C
Air permeability	No performance assessed
Radiation Properties  - Light transmittance  - Solar direct transmittance  - Total solar energy transmittance	See declaration of performance according to EN 16153

### 4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied with reference to its legal basis

According to the European Assessment Document (EAD) 220089-00-0401, the legal basis is as follows: 98/600/EC

The system to be applied is: 3

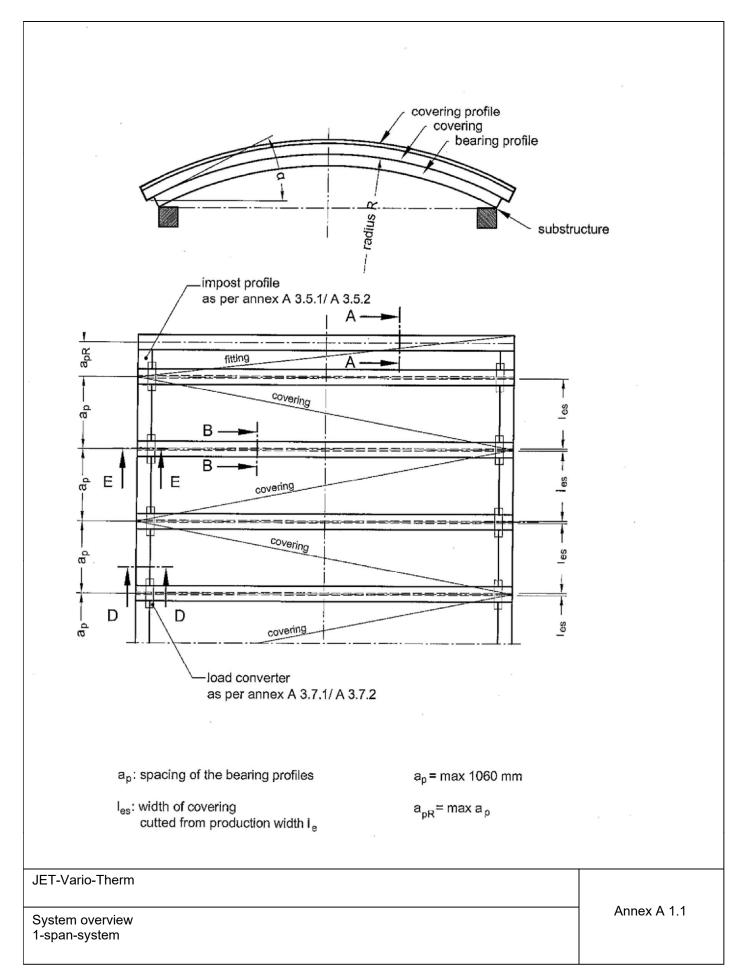
### 5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

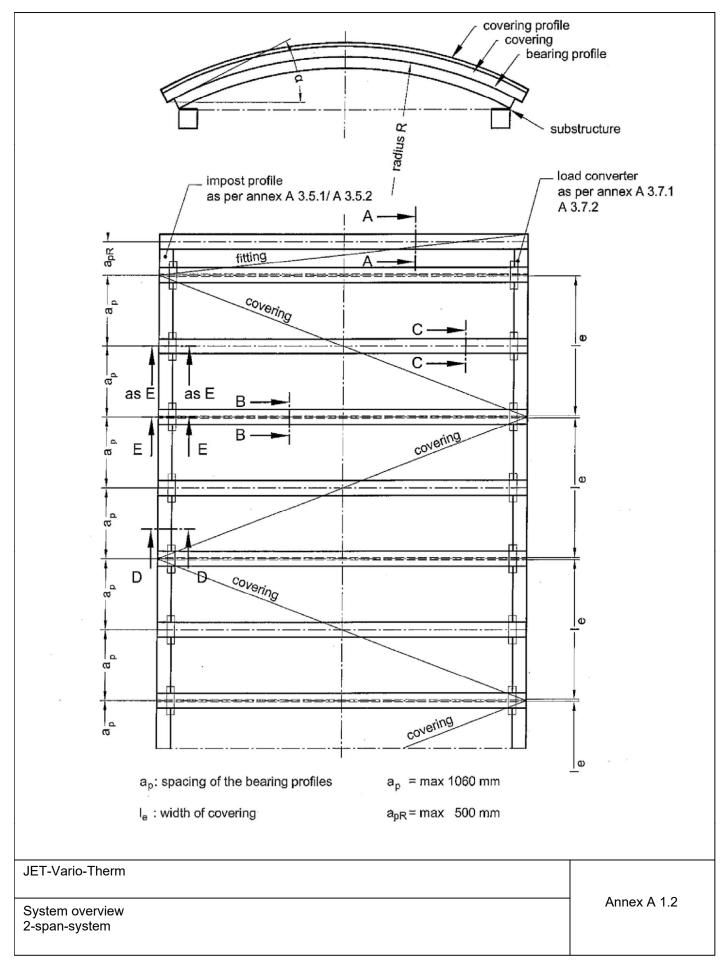
Issued in Berlin on 26 January 2021 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Renée Kamanzi-Fechner beglaubigt:
Head of Section Wachner

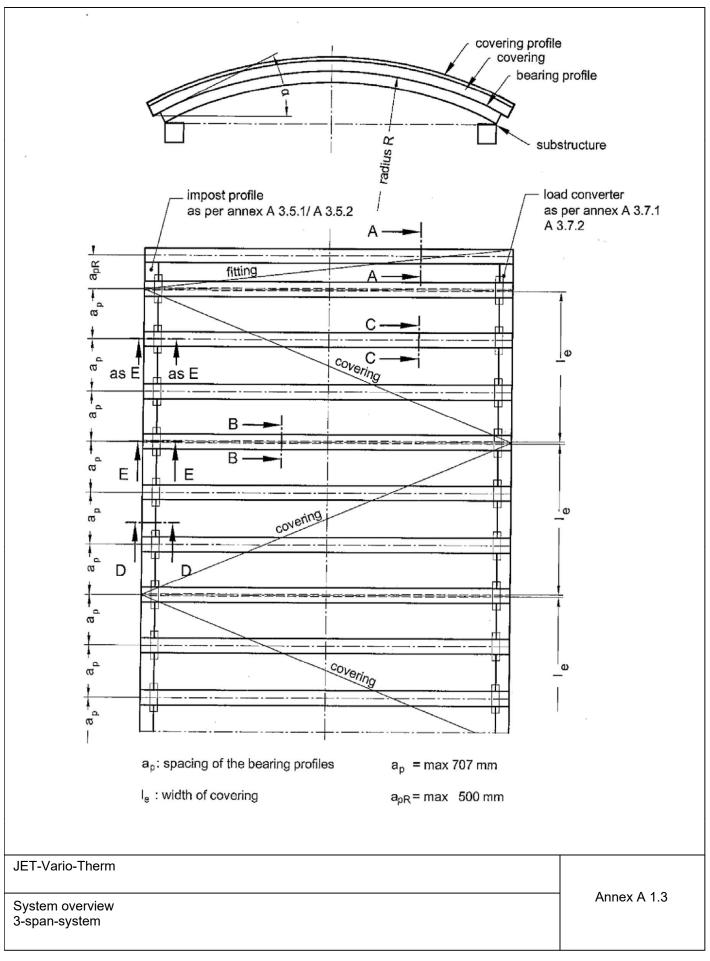


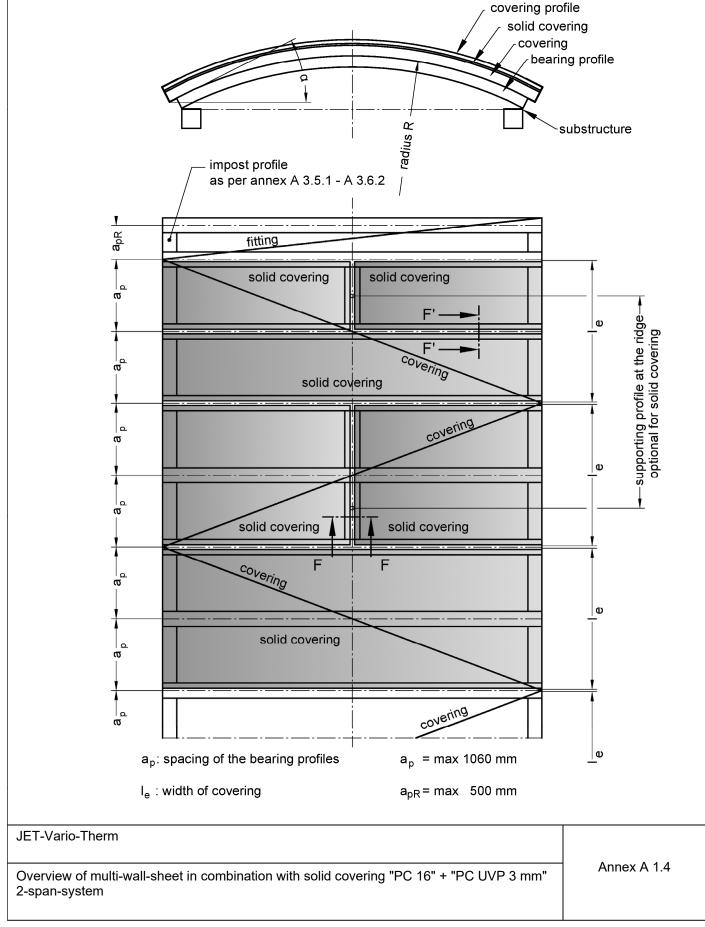




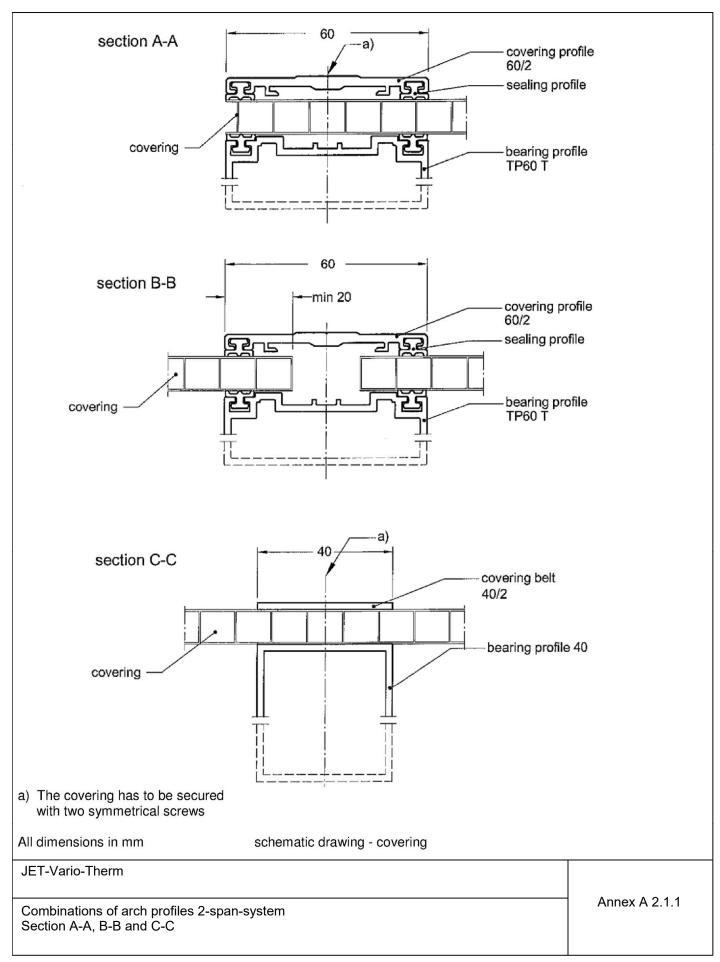




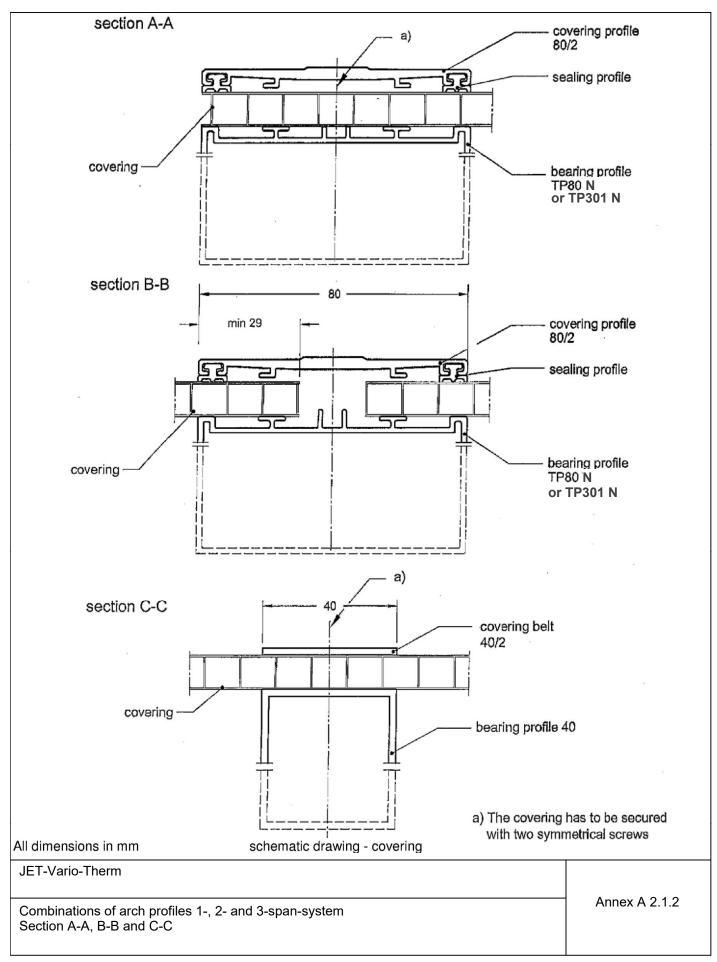


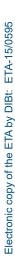


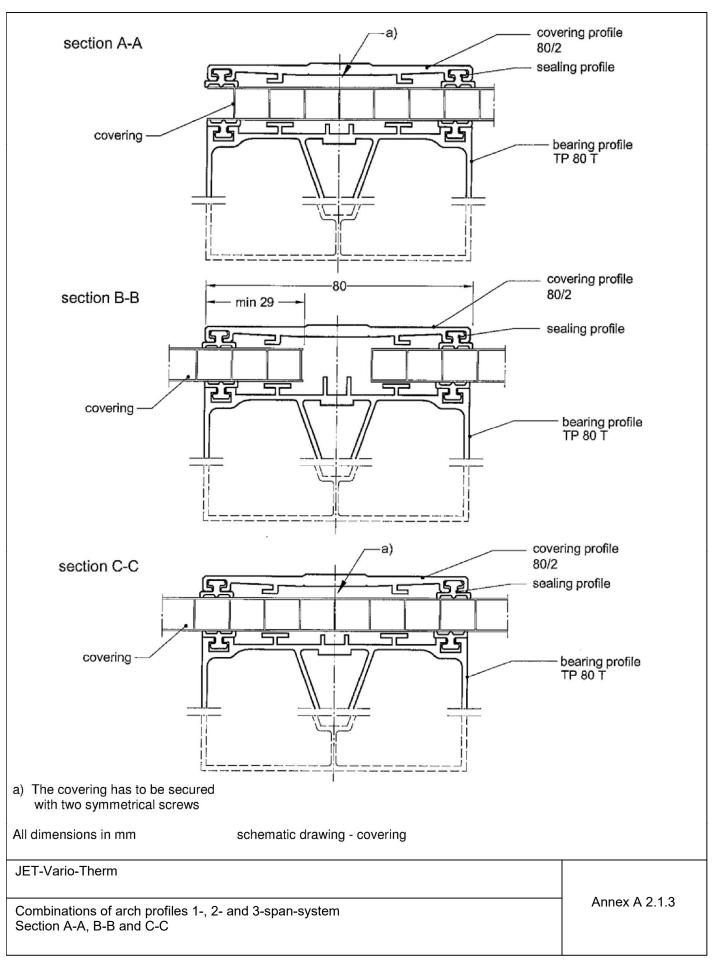




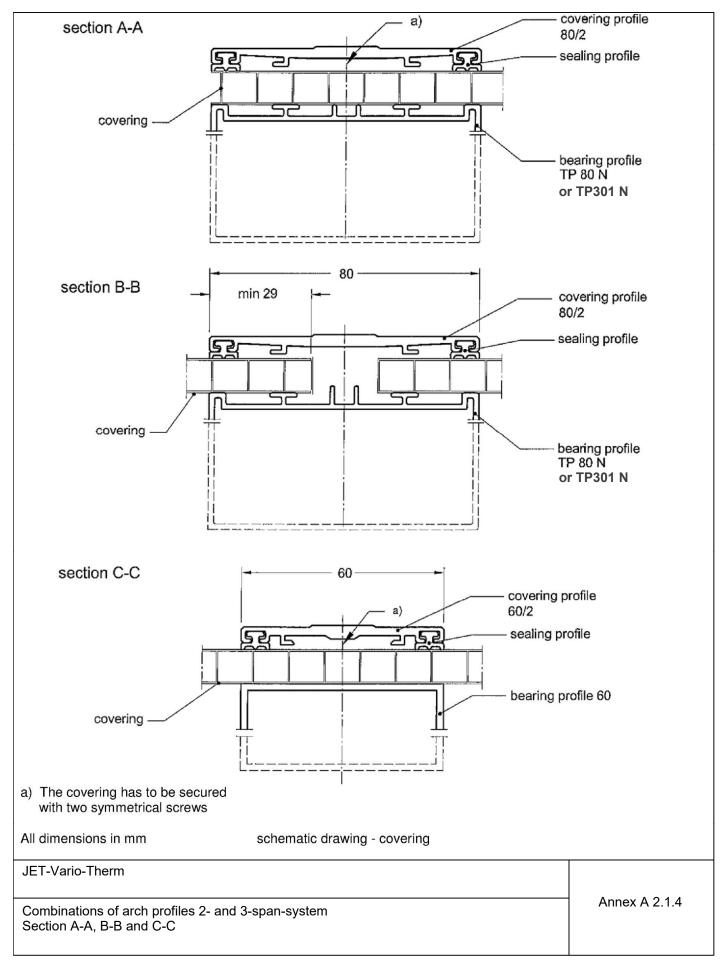




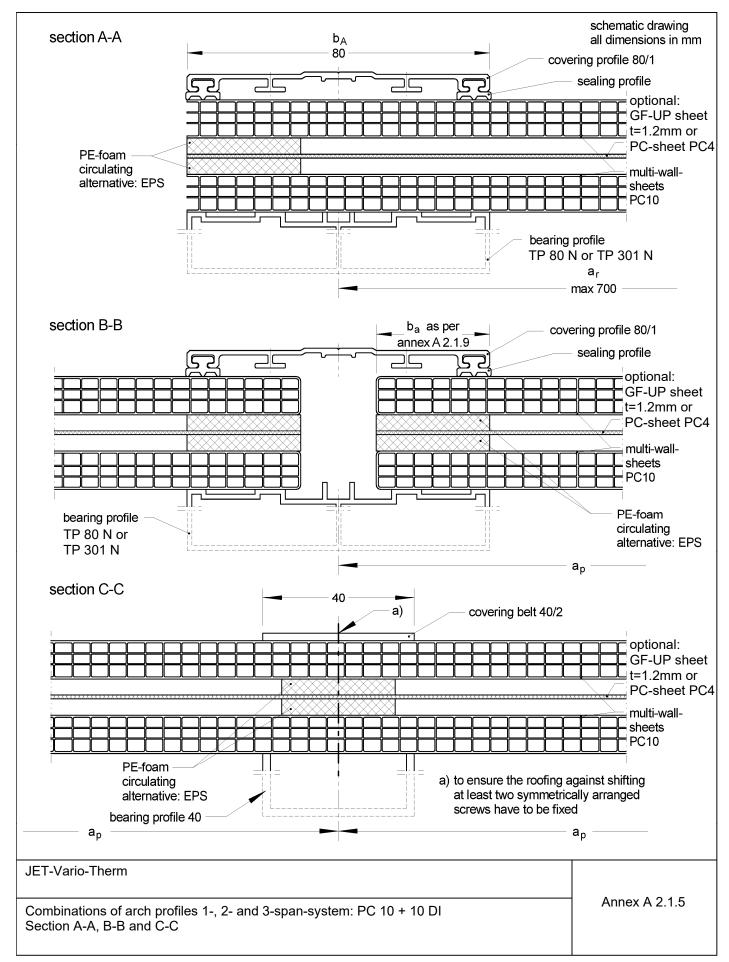




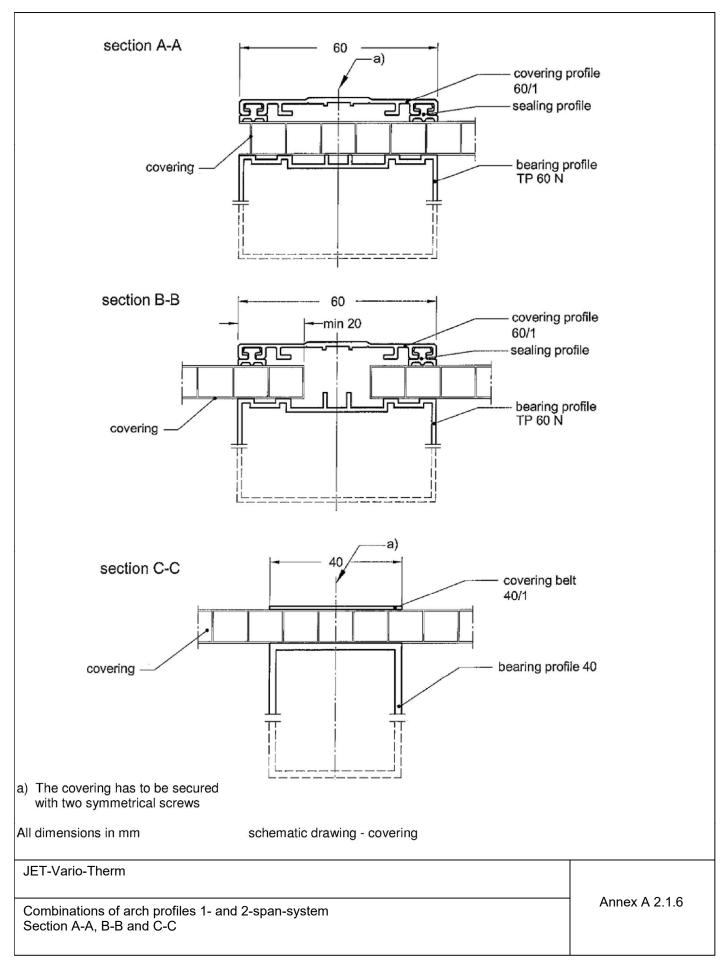


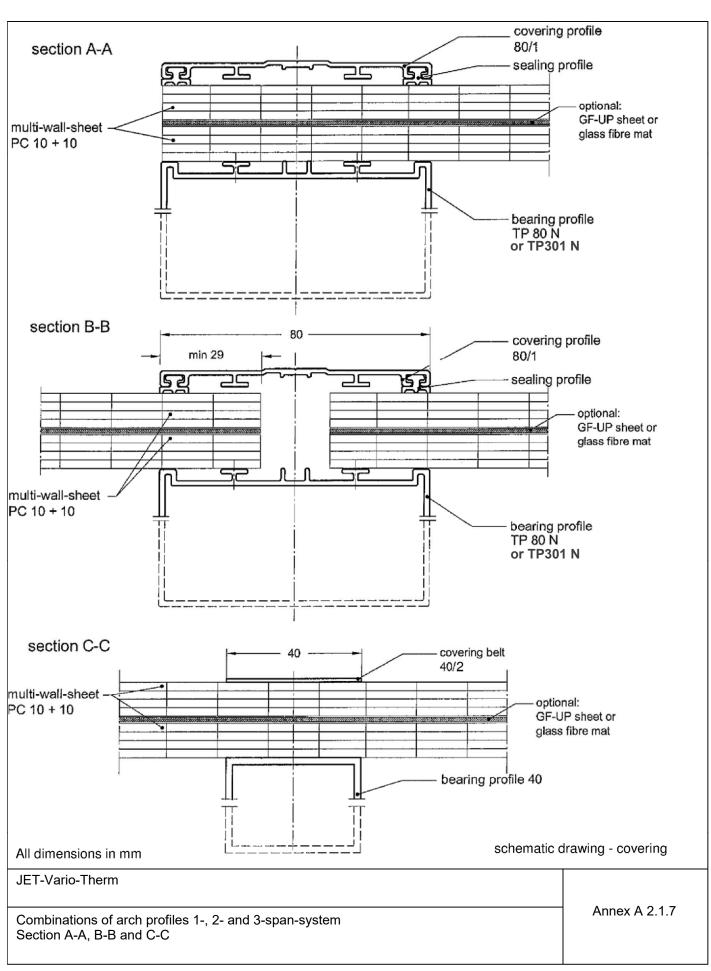




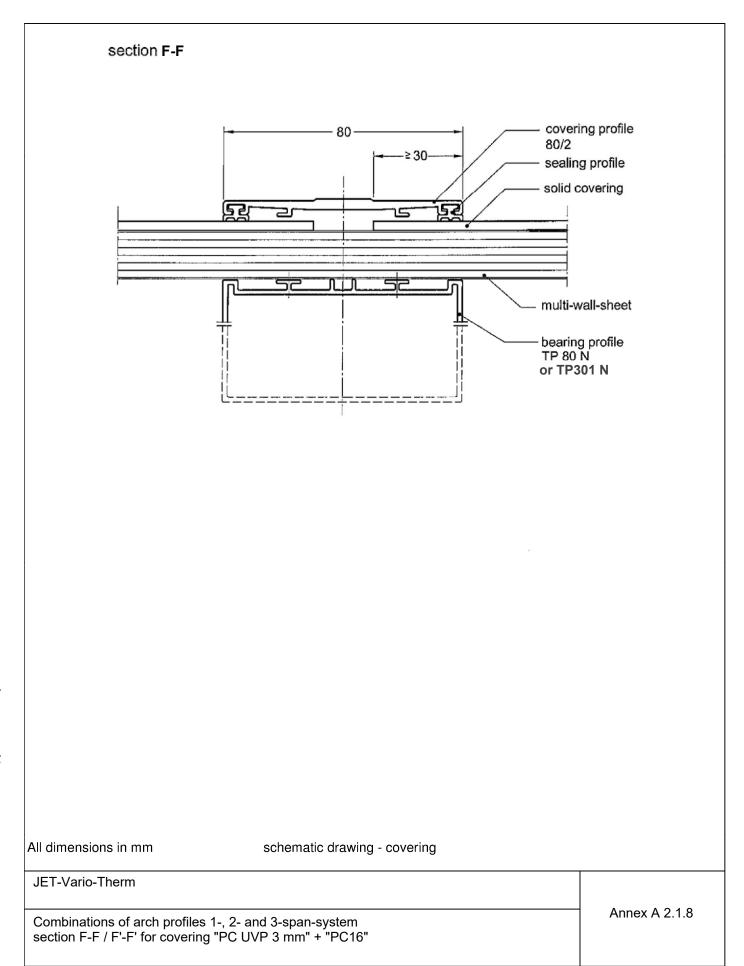














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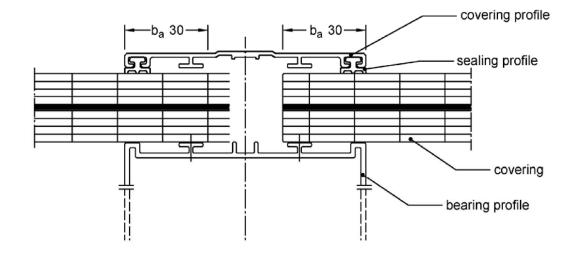


		Minimum bearing width b <sub>a</sub> [mm] for			
	Section B-B or	1-span system	2-span system	3-span system	
Covering	F-F/F'-F'	a <sub>p</sub> ≤1060	a <sub>p</sub> ≤1060	a <sub>p</sub> ≤707	
	as per Annex	l <sub>es</sub> or l <sub>e</sub> ≤1050	l <sub>e</sub> ≤ 2100	I <sub>e</sub> ≤ 2100	
	2.1.1		20		
	2.1.2	30	30	30	
PC 10	2.1.3	30	30	30	
	2.1.4		30	30	
	2.1.6		30		
PC 10+10	2.1.7	30	30	30	
PC 10+10 DI	2.1.5	30	30	30	
DO 40: OF UD DI	2.1.10	30	30		
PC 16+GF-UP DI	2.1.11	30	30		
	2.1.1		20		
PC 16	2.1.2	30		30	
	2.1.3	23	30		
	2.1.4		30		
PC 20	2.1.6	20	20		
PC 3+16	2.1.8	30	30	30	

a<sub>p</sub> = spacing of the bearing profiles
 I<sub>es</sub> = width of covering
 I<sub>e</sub> = production width

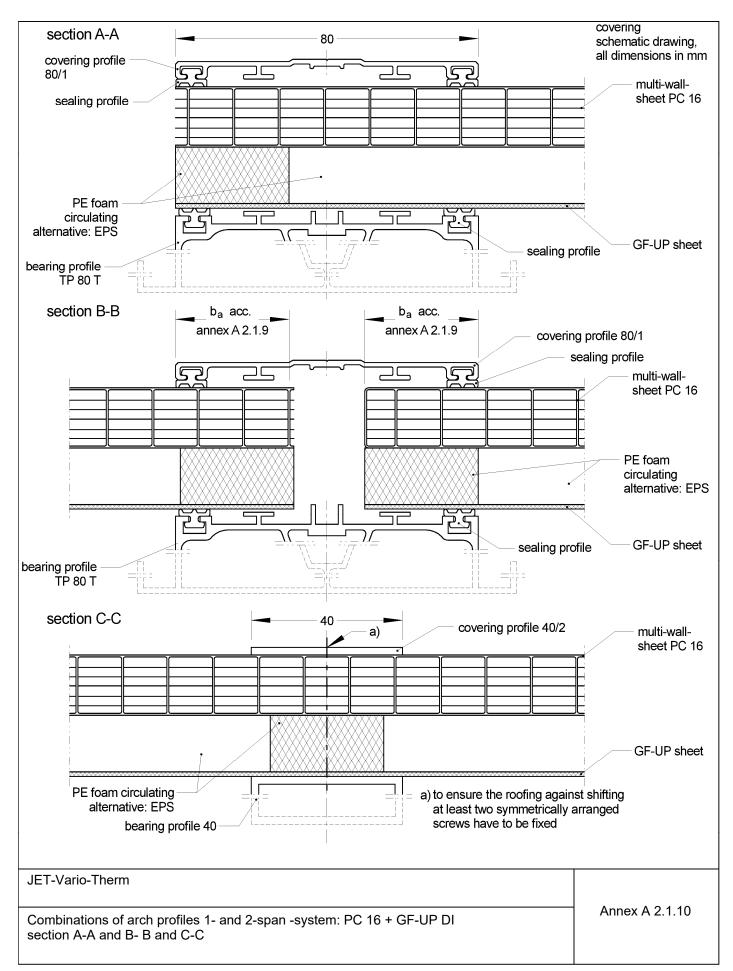
When the sheet edges are cut, the distance between the bearing profile and the last fully preserved rib is considered bearing width ba.





JET-Vario-Therm	
Bearing width at the covering and bearing profile as per sections B-B and F-F/ F'-F'	Annex A 2.1.9

Z90739.20 8.04.01-1/20



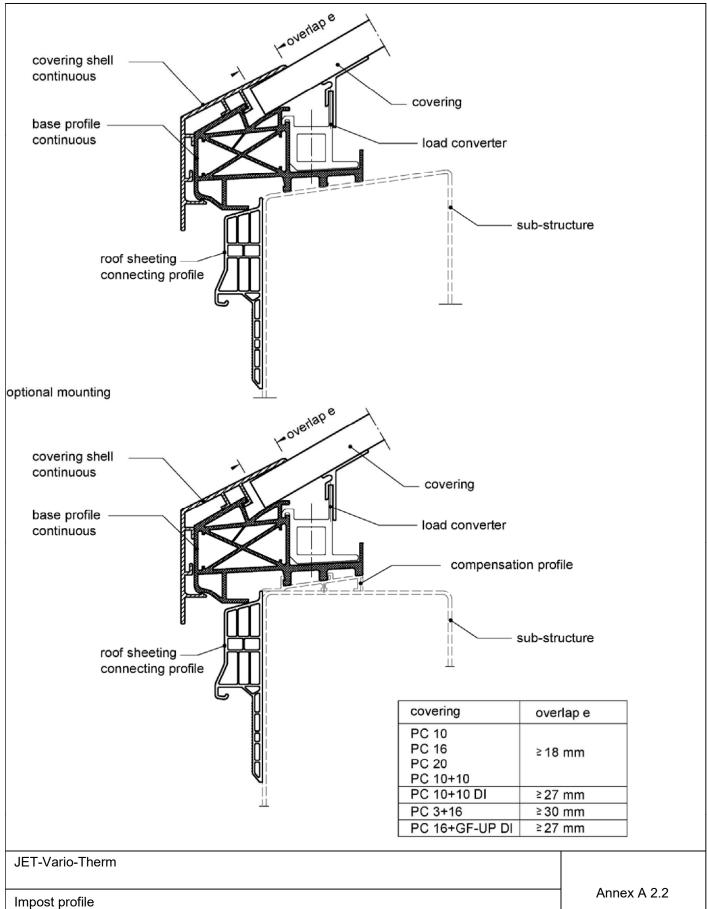
section A-A

covering

schematic drawing, all dimensions in mm

80

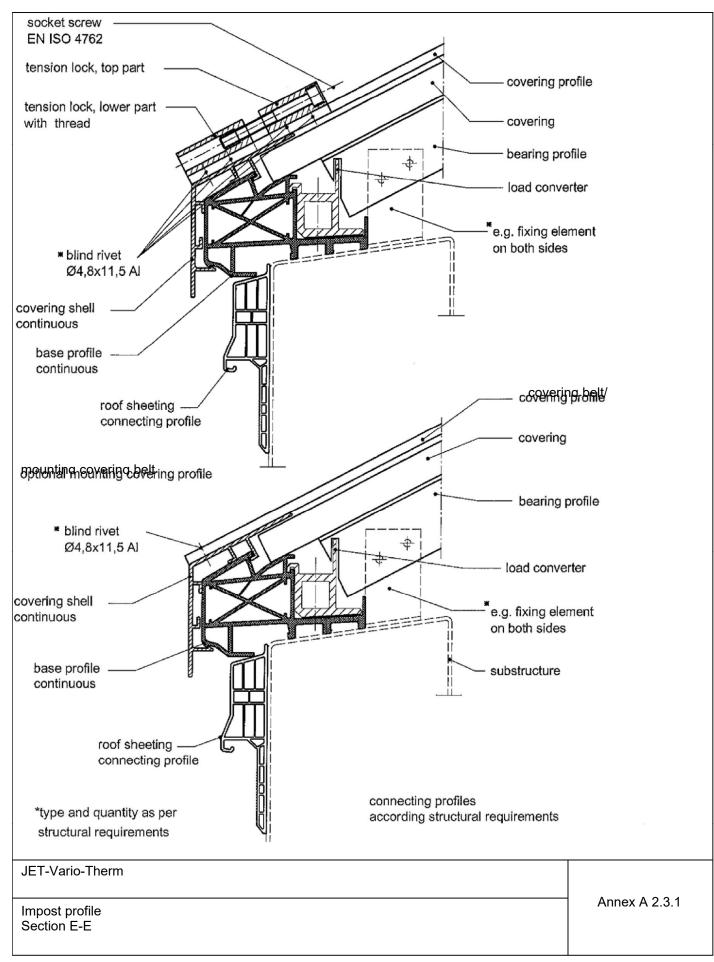




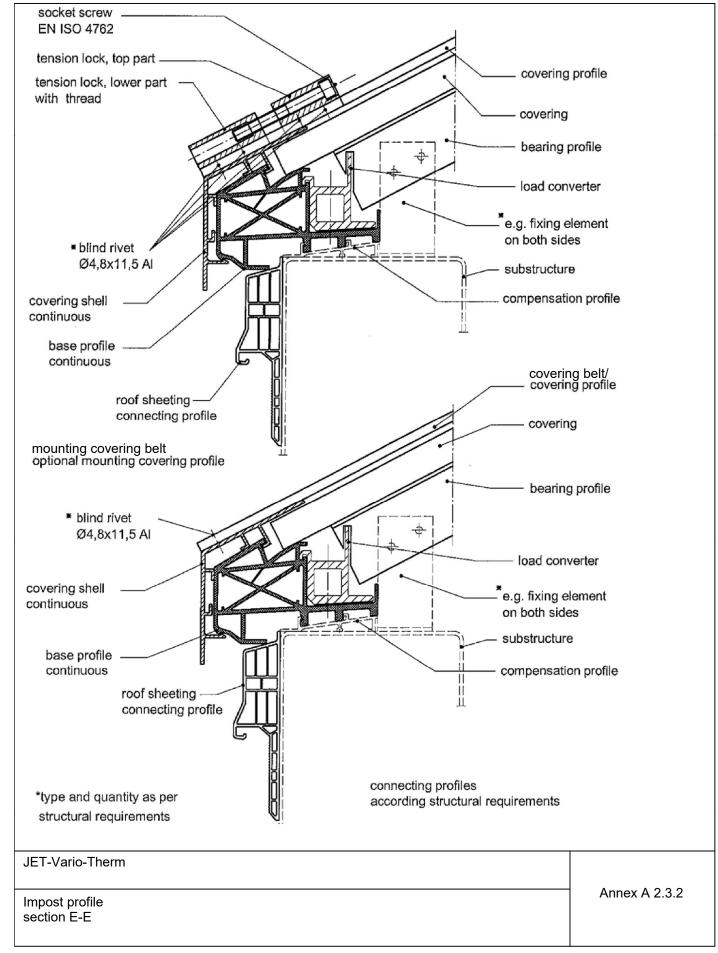
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Section D-D

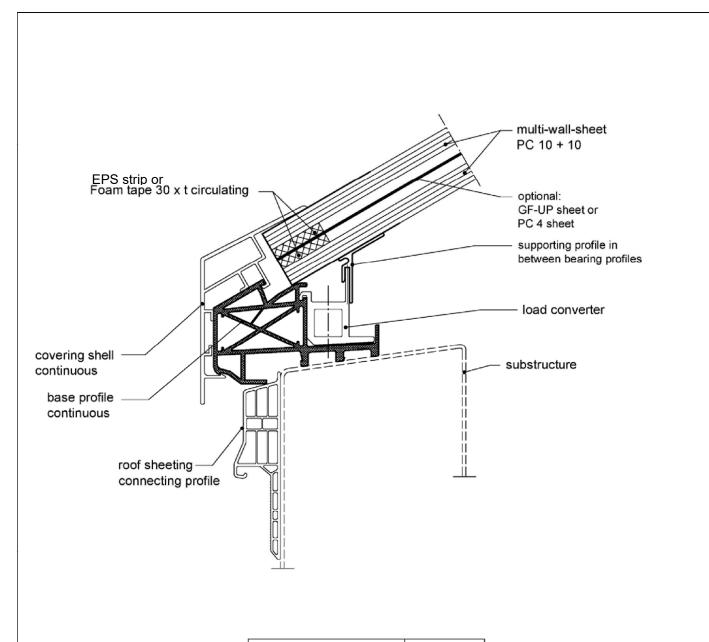












covering	thickness t
PC 10+10 DI	12 mm
PC 10 + GF-UP + 10 DI	5,4 mm
PC 10 + 4 + 10 DI	4 mm

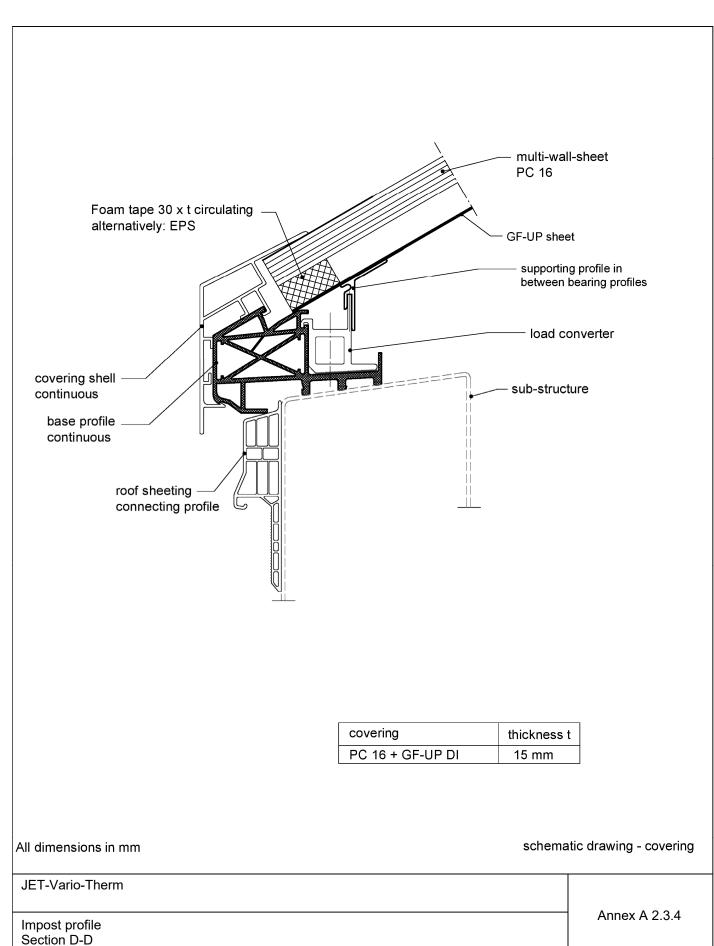
All dimensions in mm

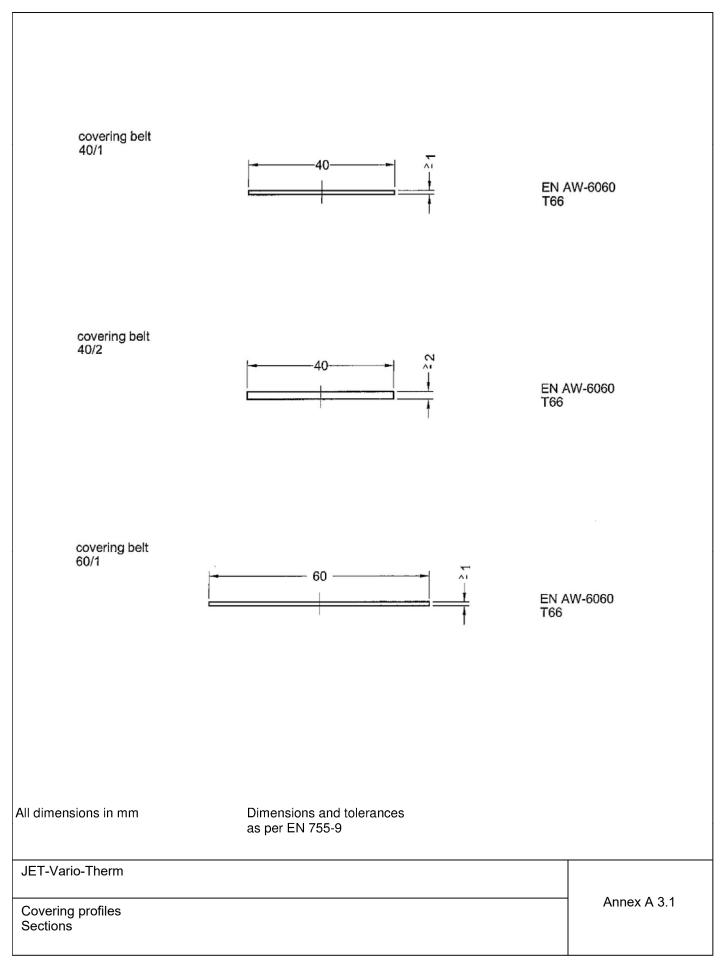
schematic drawing - covering

JET-Vario-Therm	
Impost profile Section D-D	Annex A 2.3.3

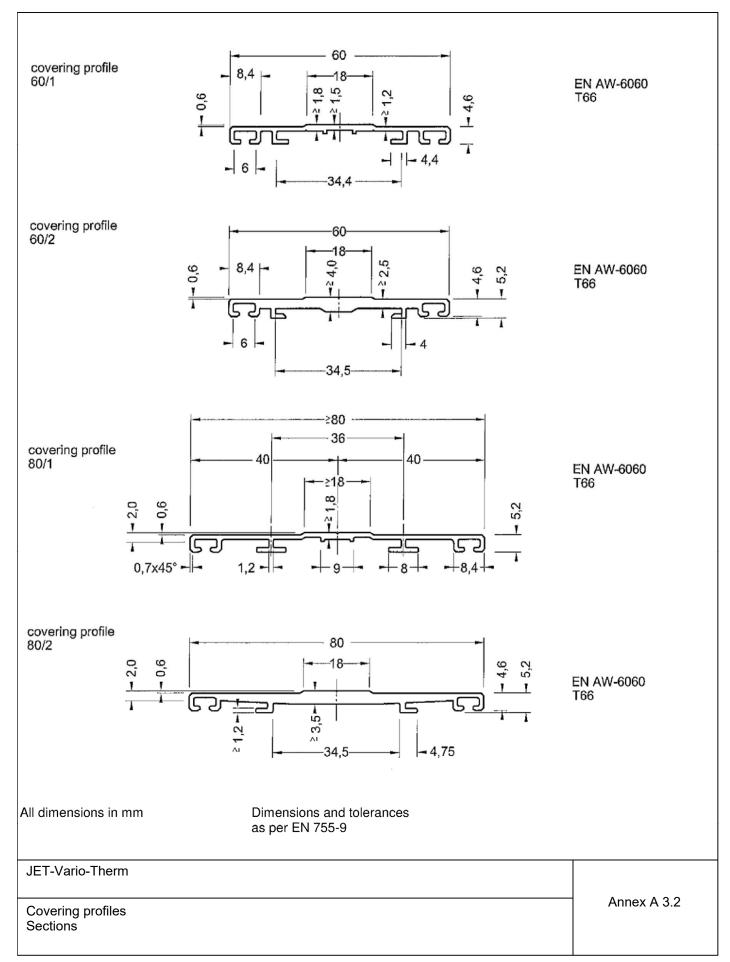
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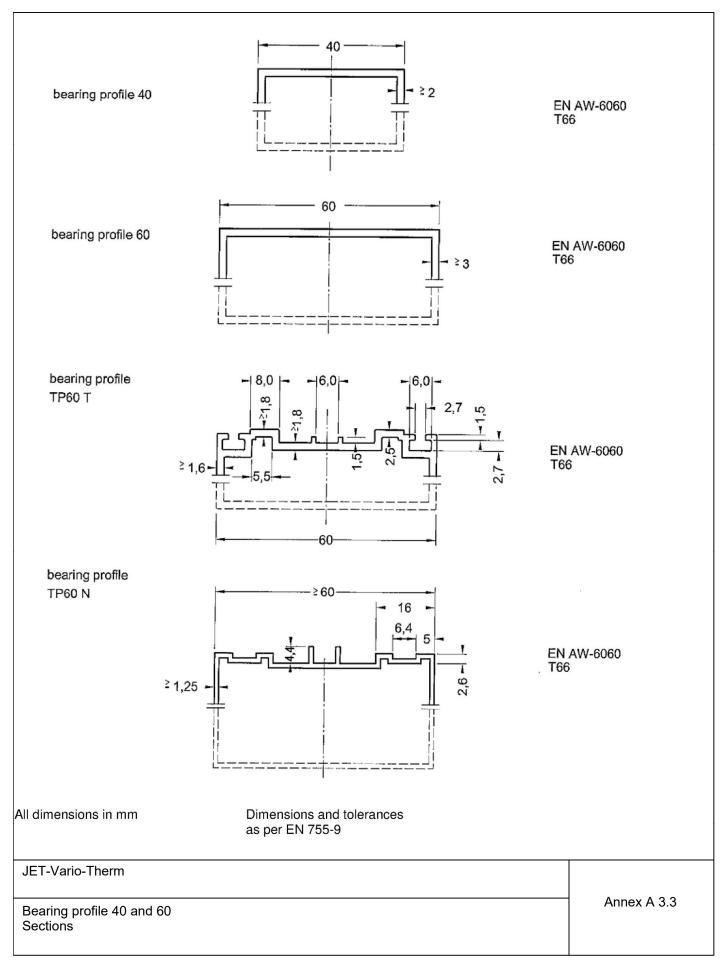




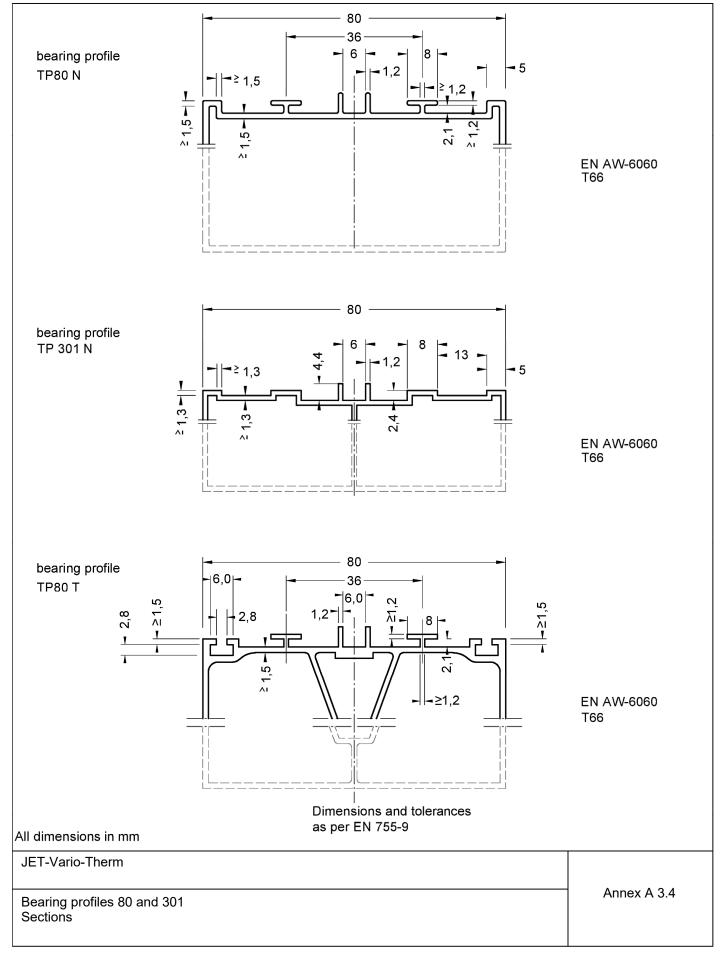




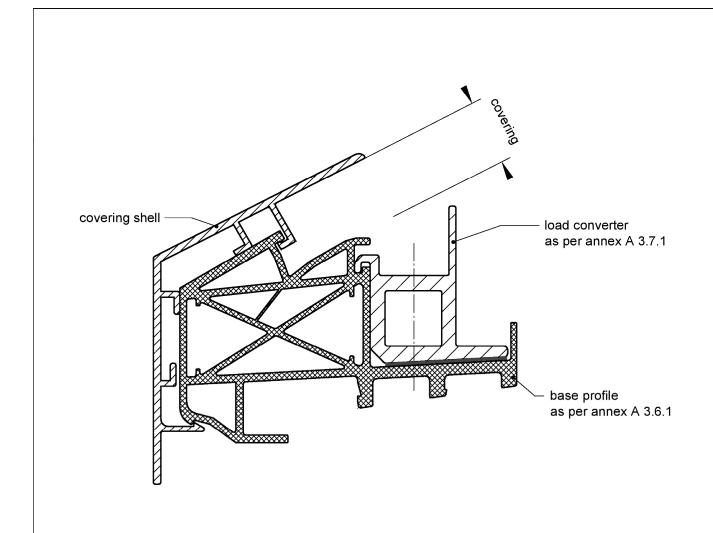












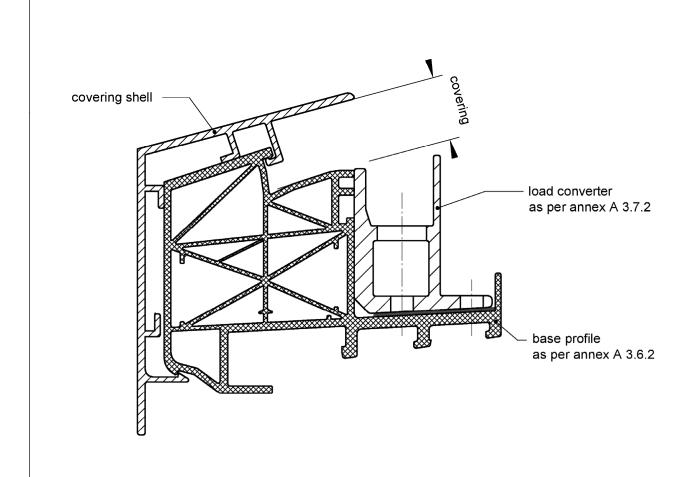
Covering Thickness of covering [mm]		Multi-wall sheet(s) as per Annex	Base profil as per Annex	Load converter as per Annex	Covering shell as per Annex
PC 10	10	A 4.1 - A 4.7	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.1
PC 16	16	A 4.8 - A 4.10	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.2
PC 20	20	A 4.11 - A 4.12	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.4
PC 10+10	22	A 4.5 - A 4.7	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.6
PC 10+10 DI	32	A 4.5 - A 4.7	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.8
PC 16+GF-UP DI	32	A 4.8 - A 4.10	A 3.6.1	A 3.7.1	A 3.8.8

#### All dimensions in mm

JET-Vario-Therm	
Impost profile 30° with covering shells	Annex A 3.5.1

Z21666.20 8.04.01-1/20





Covering	Thickness of covering [mm]	Multi-wall sheet(s) as per Annex	Base profil as per Annex	Load converter as per Annex	Covering shell as per Annex
PC 16	16	A 4.8 - A 4.10	A 3.6.2	A 3.7.2	A 3.8.3
PC 20	20	A 4.11 - A 4.12	A 3.6.2	A 3.7.2	A 3.8.5
PC 10+10	22	A 4.5 - A 4.7	A 3.6.2	A 3.7.2	A 3.8.7
PC 10+10 DI	32	A 4.5 - A 4.7	A 3.6.2	A 3.7.2	A 3.8.9
PC 16+GF-UP DI	32	A 4.8 - A 4.10	A 3.6.2	A 3.7.2	A 3.8.9

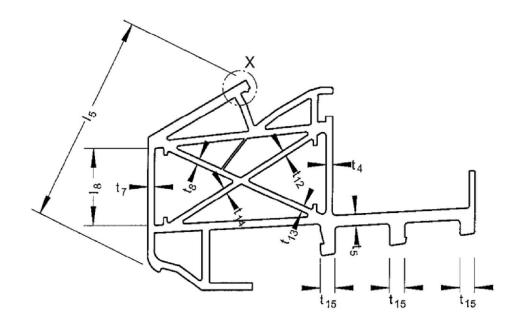
All dimensions in mm

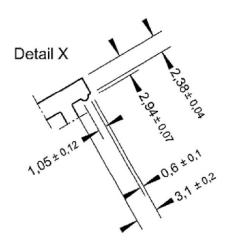
JET-Vario-Therm	
Impost profile 18° with covering shells	Annex A 3.5.2

Z21666.20 8.04.01-1/20



### ISO 1163 - PVC-U - E - D - L - 082 - 05 - 28



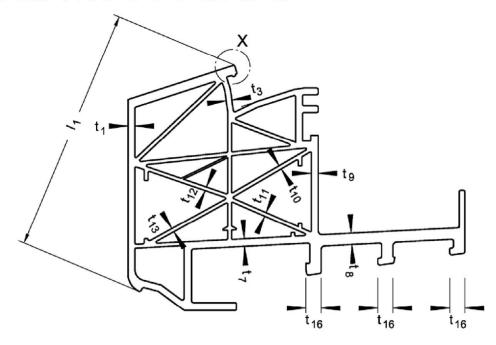


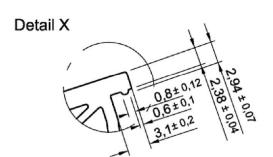
t <sub>4</sub>	t <sub>5</sub>	t <sub>7</sub>	t <sub>8</sub>	t <sub>12</sub>	t <sub>13</sub>	t <sub>14</sub> mm	t 15 mm	l <sub>5</sub>	l 8 mm	weight kg/m
1,75	2,95	1,97	2,02	2,01	1,76	1,76	4,0	56,3	19,6	1,38
+ 0,2	+ 0,2 - 0,08	+ 0,2 - 0,09	+ 0,2 - 0,13	+ 0,2 - 0,06	+ 0,2 - 0,12	+ 0,2 - 0,10	± 0,2	± 0,4	± 0,7	+ 0,1 - 0,01

JET-Vario-Therm	
Base profile (PVC) 30° Section, dimensions and weight	Annex A 3.6.1



# ISO 1163 - PVC-U - E - D - L - 082 - 05 - 28



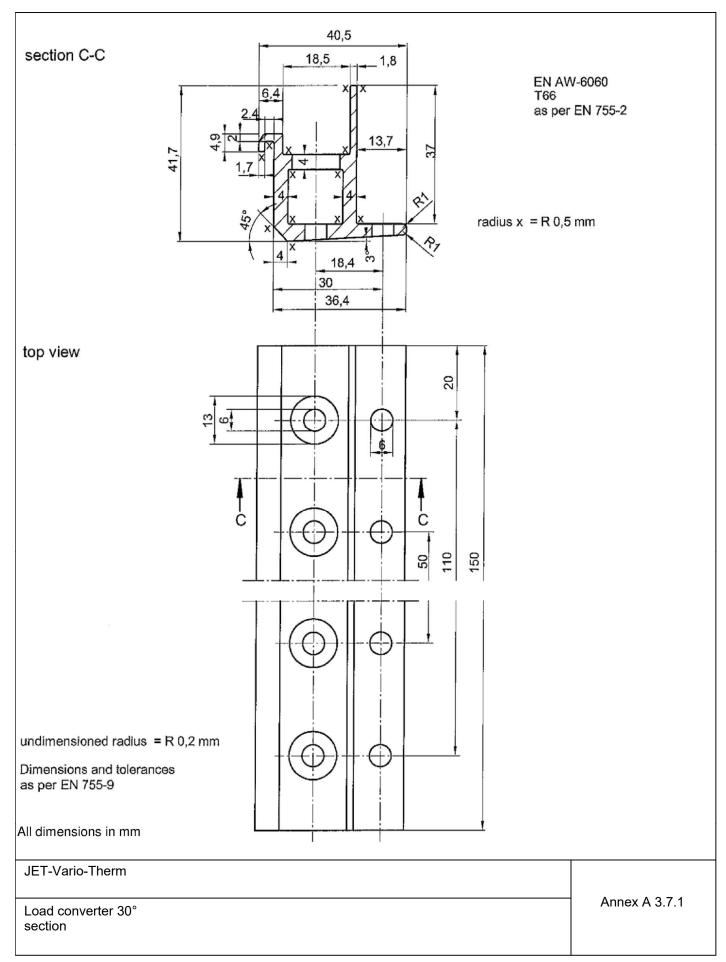


t <sub>1</sub>	t <sub>3</sub>	t <sub>7</sub>	t g mm	t g mm	t 10 mm	t 11 mm	t 12 mm	t <sub>13</sub> mm	t 16 mm	I <sub>1</sub>	weight kg/m
1,67	1,50	2,03	2,87	1,56	1,24	1,12	1,14	1,29	2,88	65,2	1,31
+ 0,2 - 0,2	+ 0,2 - 0,15	+ 0,2 - 0,1	+ 0,2 - 0,2	+ 0,2 - 0,2	+ 0,2 - 0,05	+ 0,2 - 0,1	+ 0,2 - 0,05	+ 0,2 - 0,05	+ 0,2 - 0,2	+ 0,2 - 0,2	+ 0,1 - 0,02

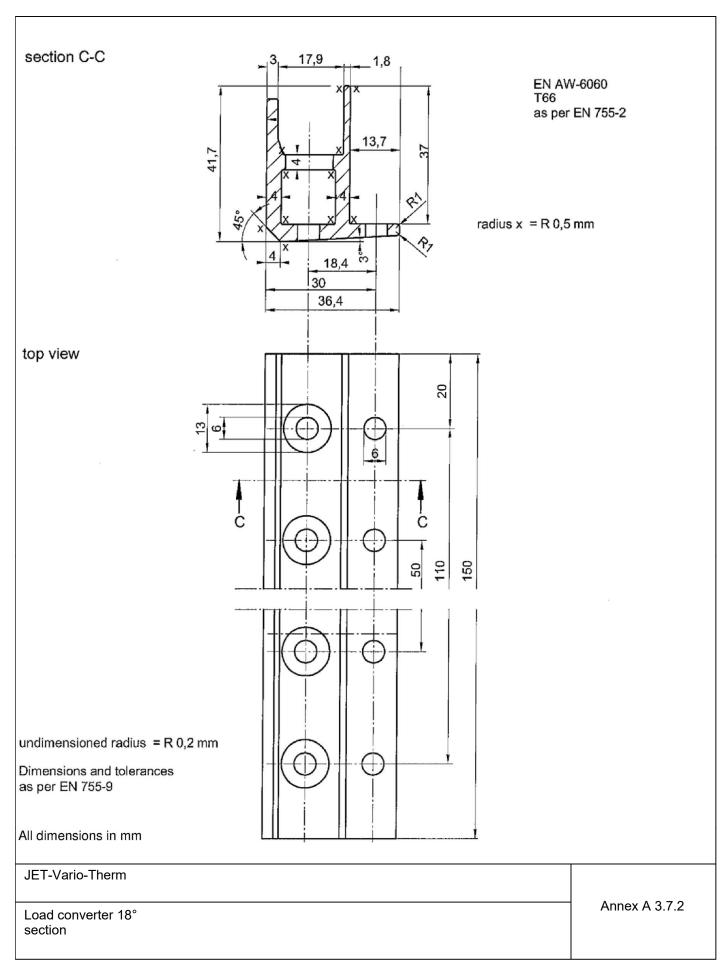
JET-Vario-Therm	
Base profile (PVC) 18° Section, dimensions and weight	Annex A 3.6.2

Z21666.20 8.04.01-1/20

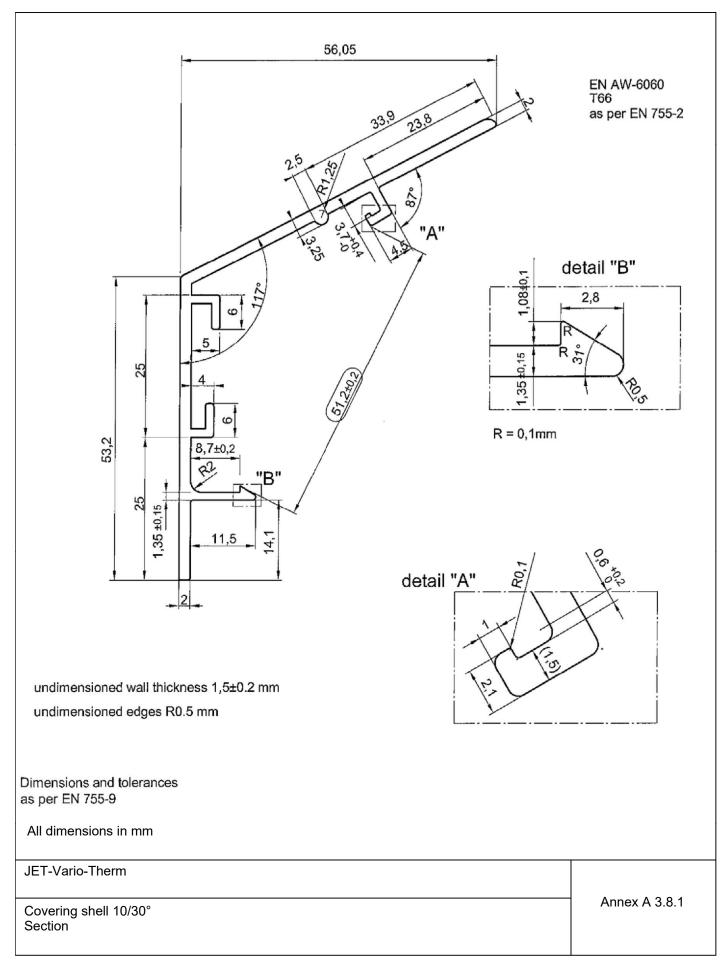




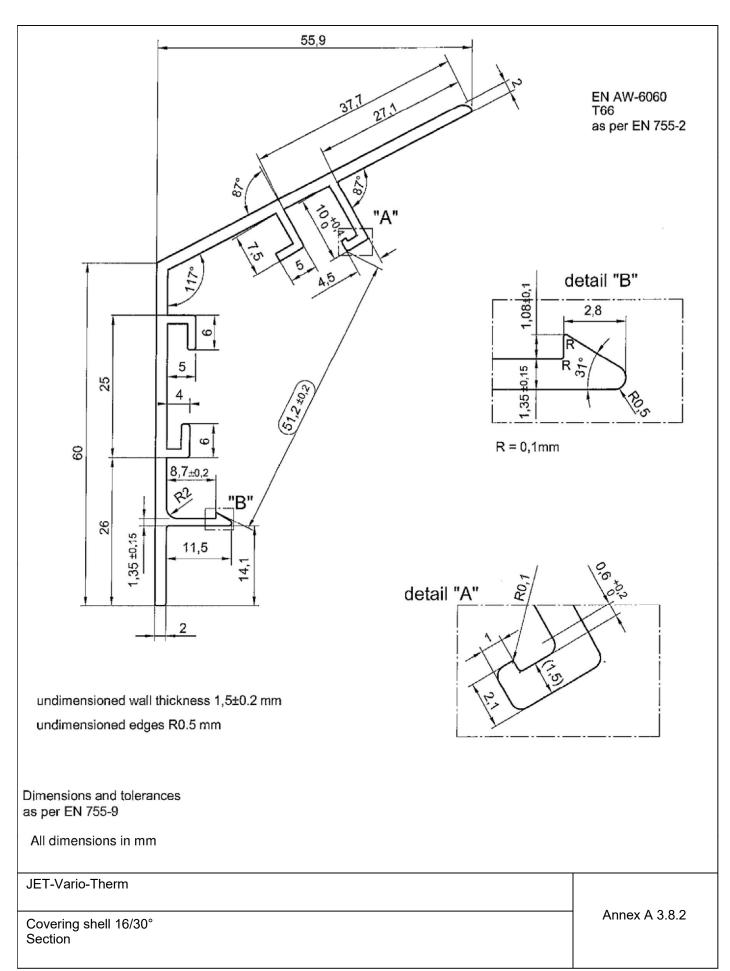




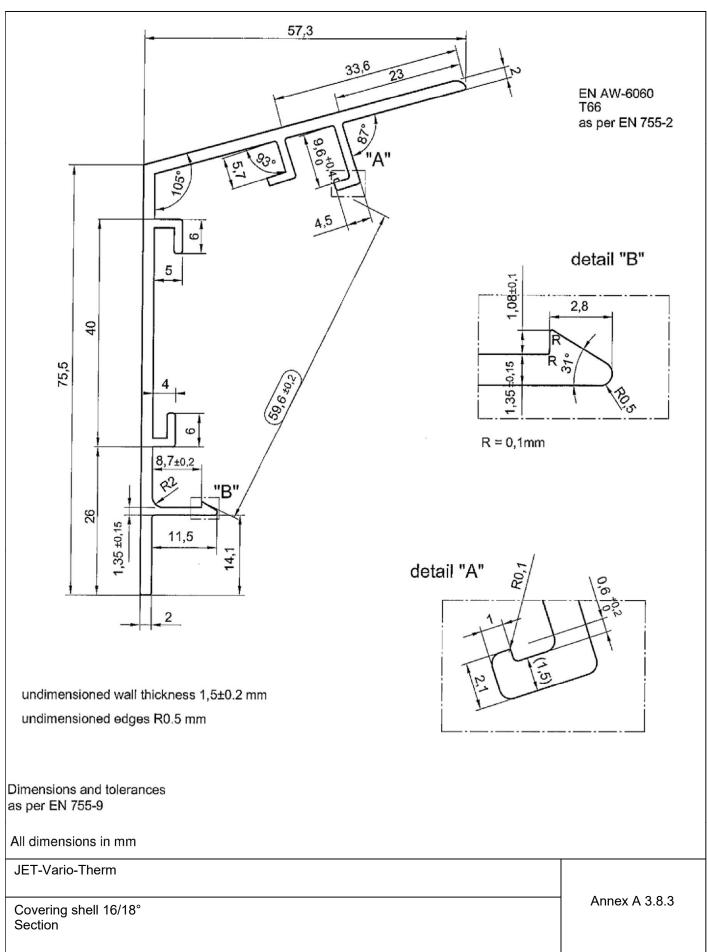




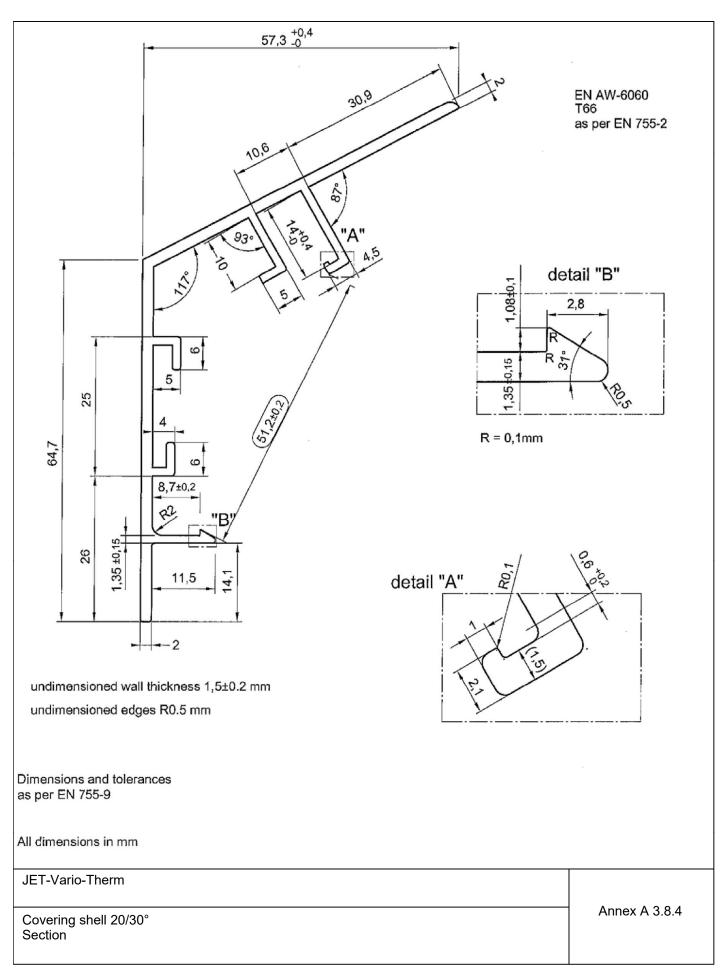




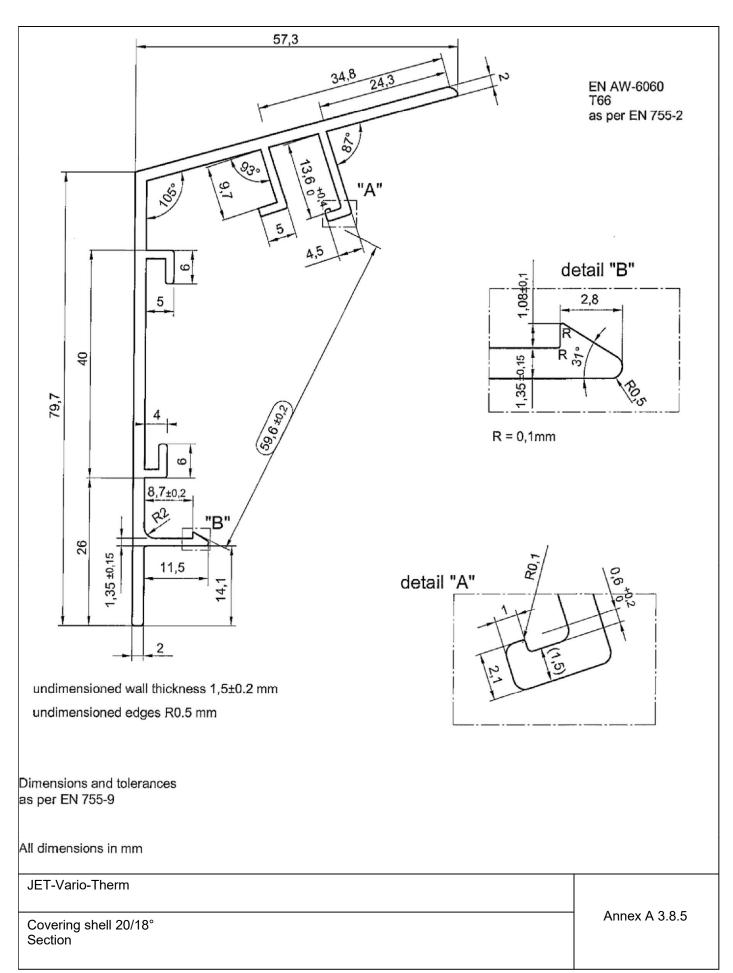




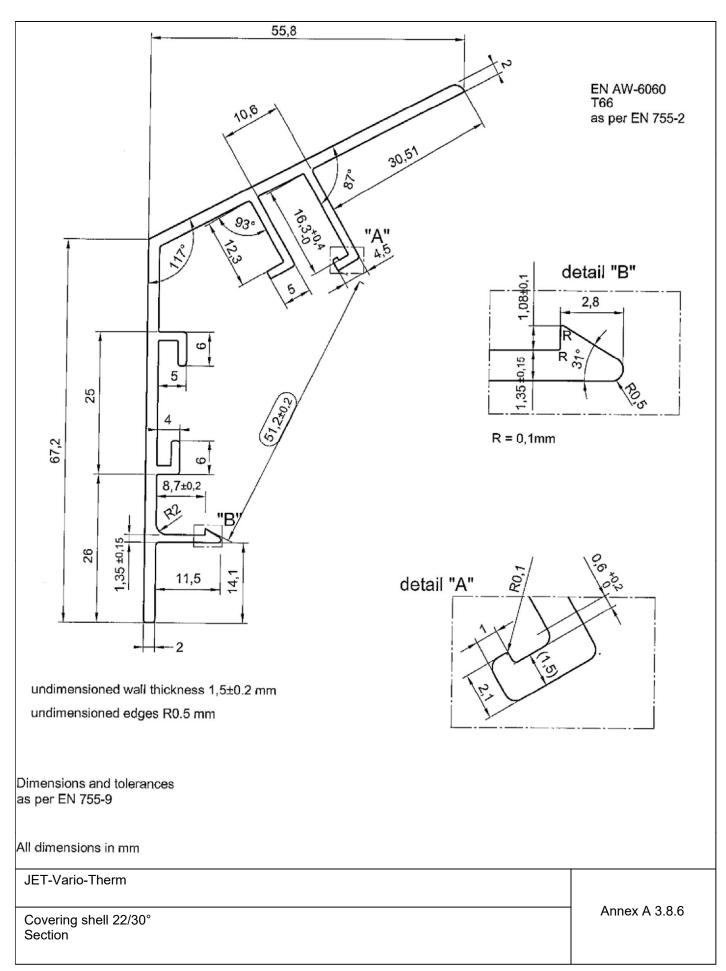




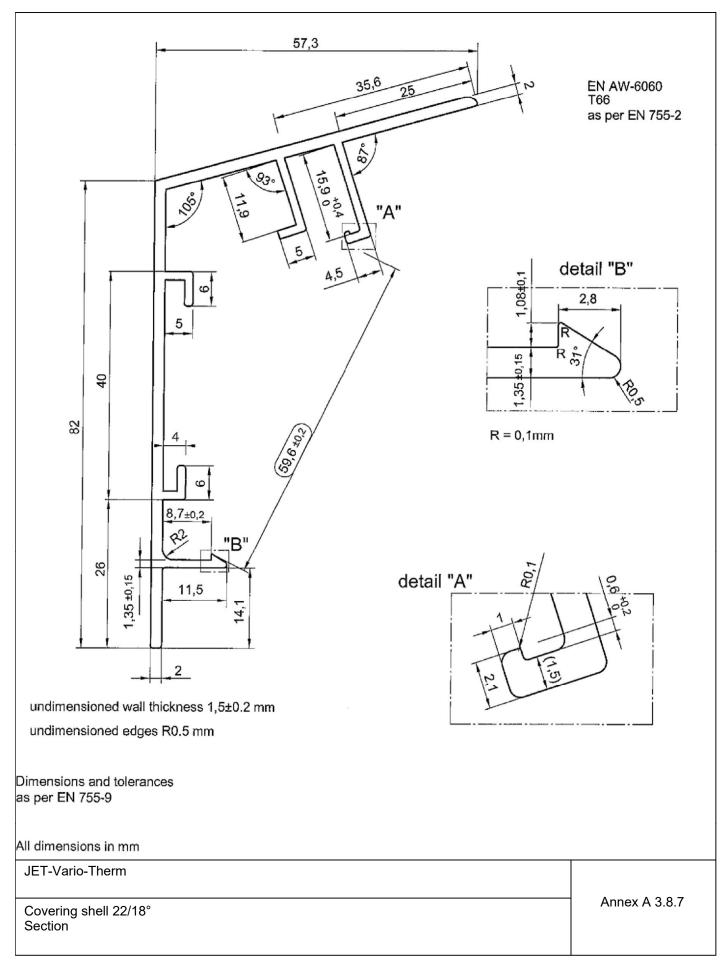




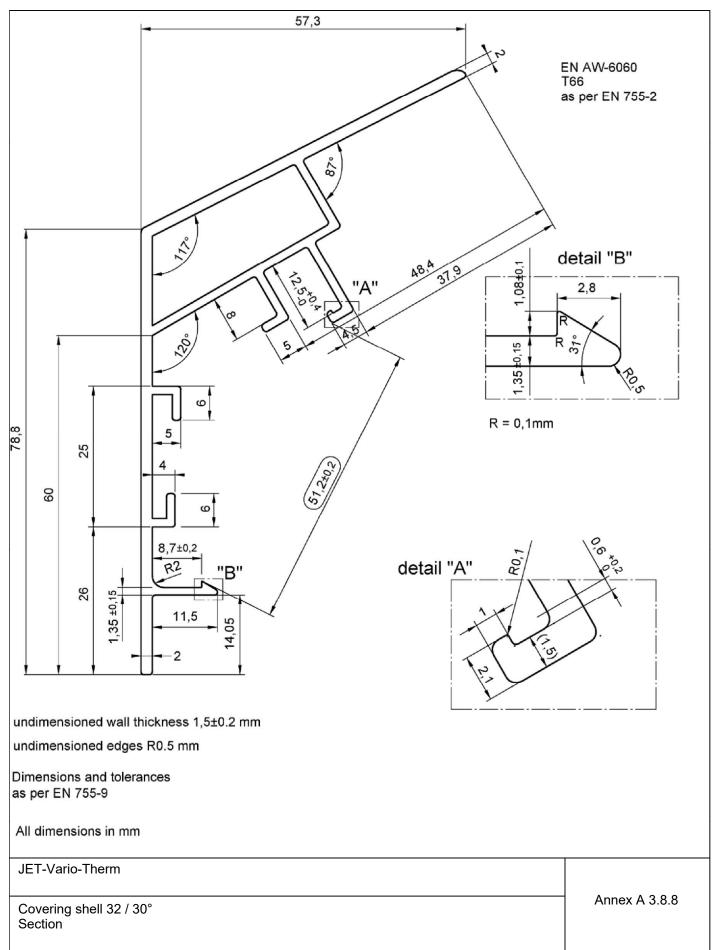


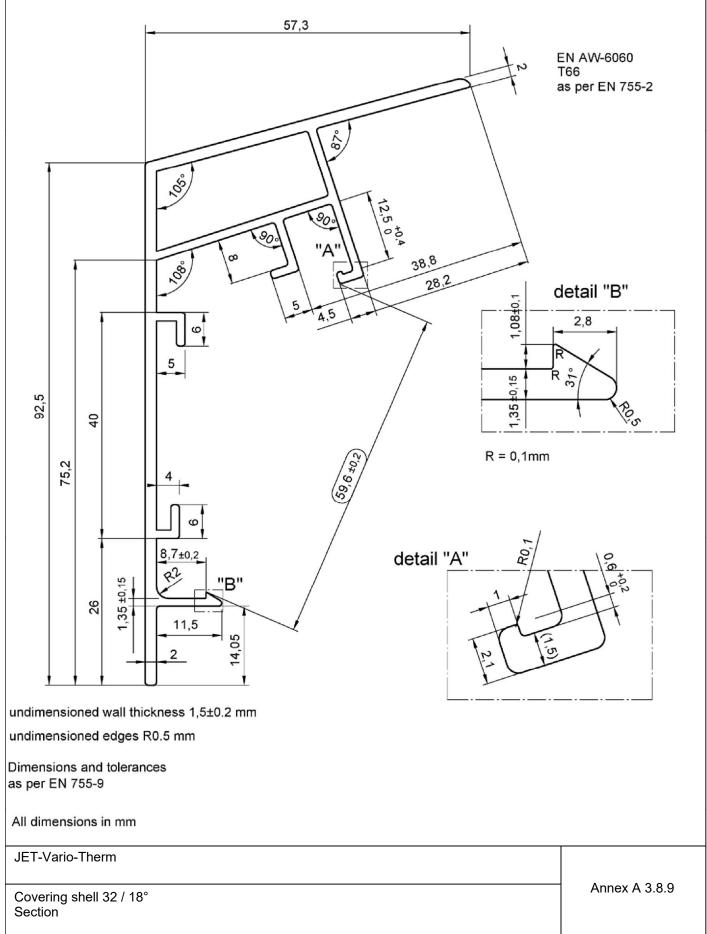




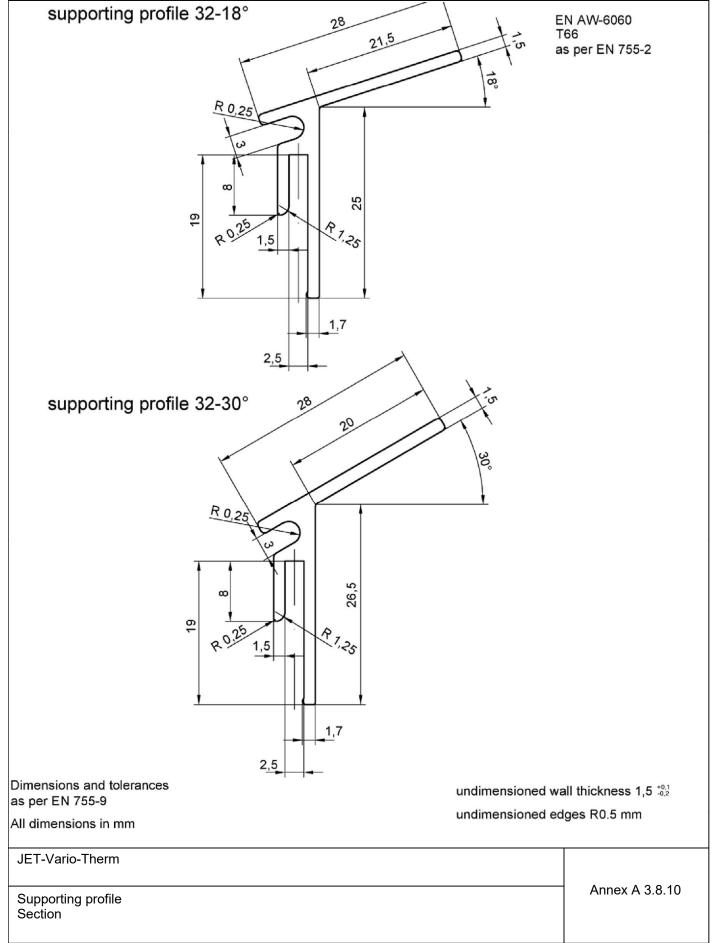


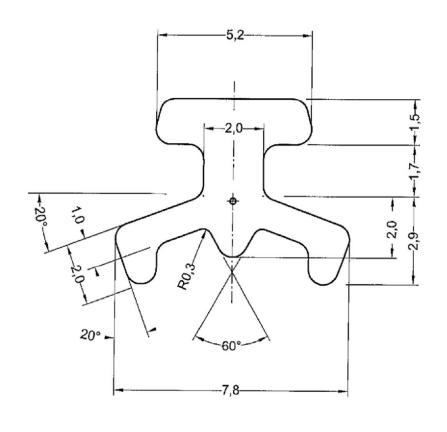












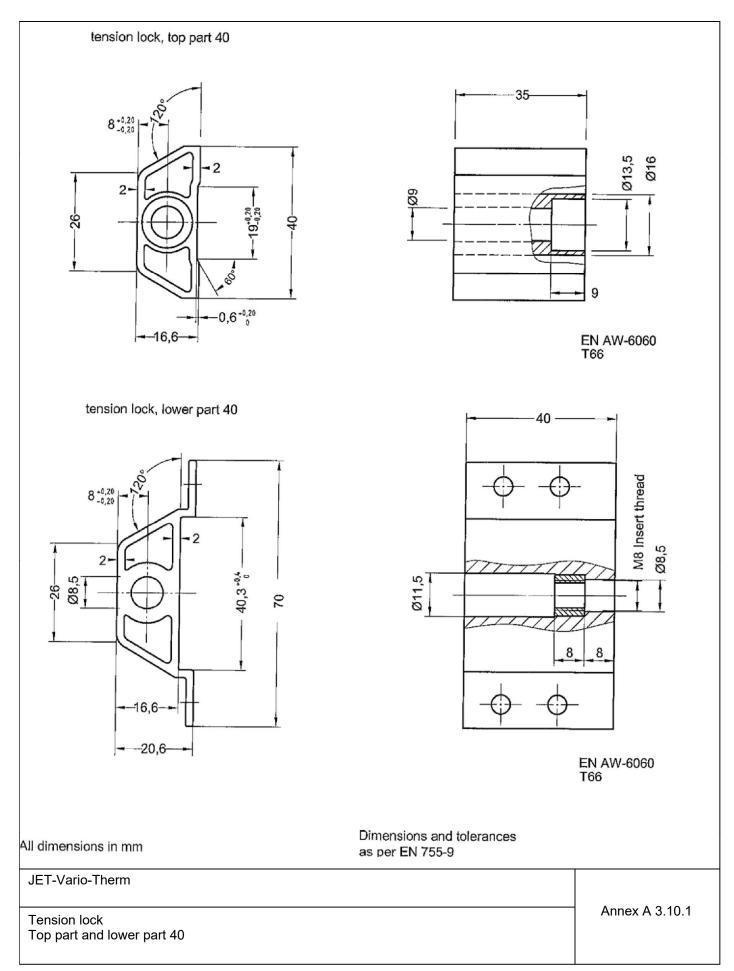
undimensioned radius = R 0,5 mm

EPDM (60±5) Shore A as per EN ISO 868

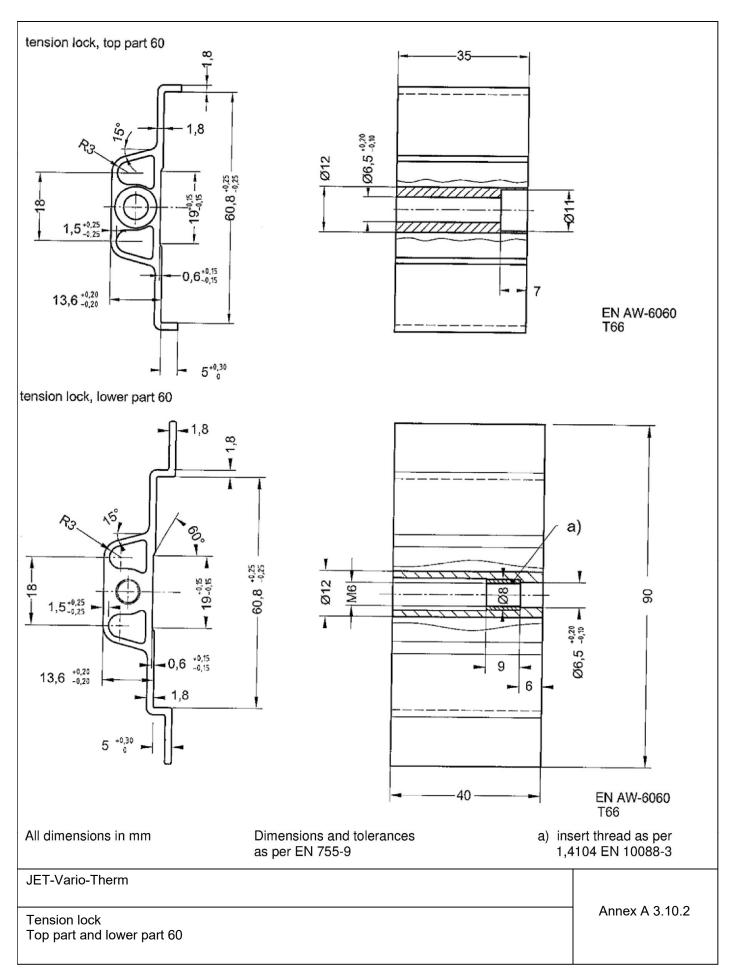
All dimensions in mm

JET-Vario-Therm	
Sealing profile Section	Annex A 3.9

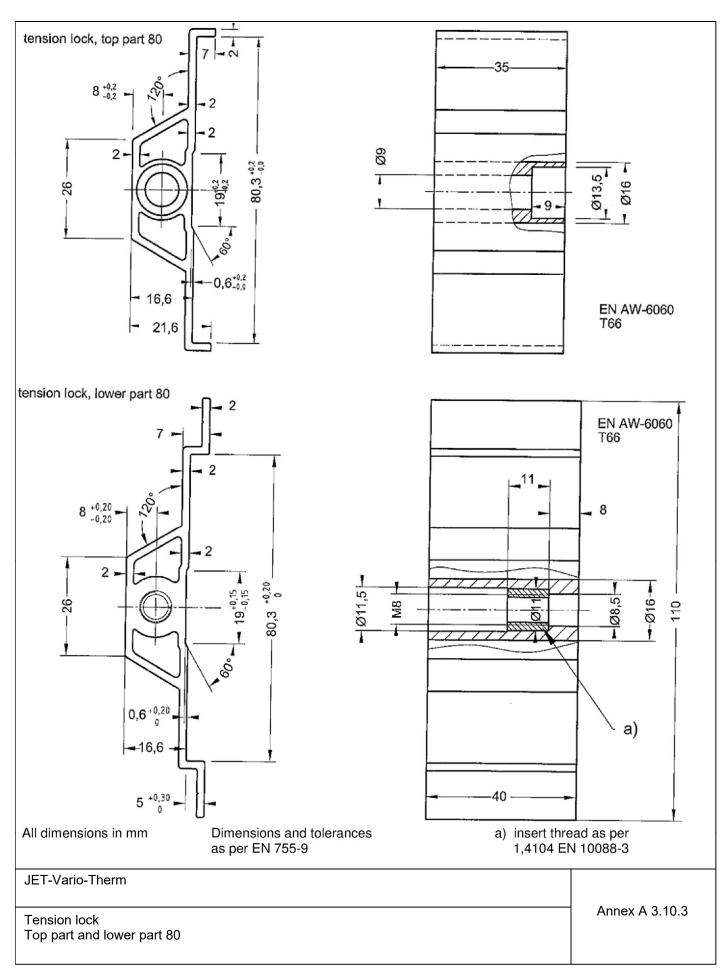


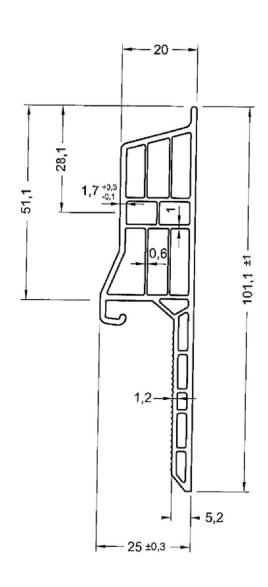












undimensioned wall thickness 1,5 mm <sup>+0,3</sup><sub>-0,1</sub> inner radius R 2 mm outer radius R 0,5 mm

All dimensions in mm

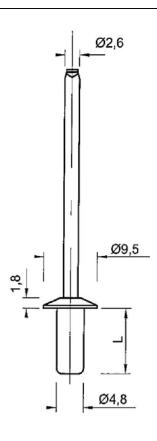
ISO 1163-PVC-U, EDL, 082-05-T28

JET-Vario-Therm

Roof sheeting connecting profile

Annex A 3.11





Joint component: Cup-blind-rivet Ø4,8 x L; Al

Material: Body:

AlMg5 (EN AW 5019) EN 573 Material number 3.3555

Mandrel:

Steel galvanized EN 10016-2 or stainless steel EN 10088 Material number 1.4541

All dimensions in mm

JET-Vario-Therm

Joint component Cub-blind-rivet

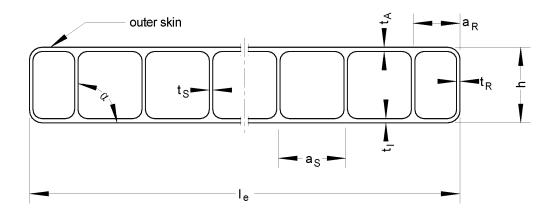
Annex A 3.12



Sheet: Makrolon multi UV 2/10-10,5

Manufacturer: Exolon Group S.p.A., Nera Montoro

Resin: ISO 21305-PC,X,EGL,03-09



l <sub>e</sub> mm	h mm	a <sub>S</sub> mm	a <sub>R</sub> mm	t <sub>A</sub>	t <sub>l</sub> mm	t <sub>S</sub>	t <sub>R</sub> mm	weight per area kg/m²	deviation $ \Delta \alpha $
2100	10,3	10,9	4,5	0,49	0,54	0,37	0,27	1,76	to 90°
+6	± 0,5	+ 0,2	+ 1,8	- 0,06	- 0,04	- 0,08	- 0,08	+ 0,11 - 0,03	≤ <b>7</b> °

Minimum performance levels or classes for the sheets (as declared in the DoP in accordance with EN 16153)

mechanical resistance (deformation behavior)									
B <sub>x</sub> B <sub>y</sub> S <sub>y</sub> M <sub>b,pos</sub> M <sub>b,neg</sub>									
64,0 Nm²/m	30,9 Nm²/m	2362 N/m	36,8 Nm/m	43,9 Nm/m					

 $M_{b,pos}$ : outer skin under pressure

 $M_{b,neg}$ : inner skin under pressure

durabillity, as variation (after aging)									
of yellowness index of the light transmittance of deformation flexural modulus of tensile strenght									
10 (∆A)	5 % (∆A)	Cu 1	Ku 1						

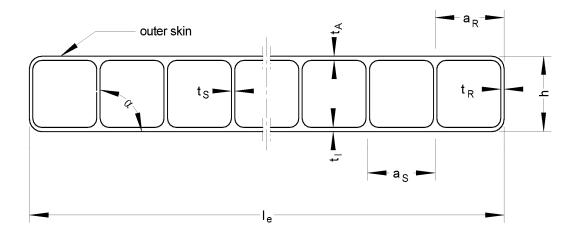
JET-Vario-Therm

Cross section geometry, weight per area, mechanical performance requirements Minimum performance levels or classes in accordance with EN 16153 for the "Makrolon multi UV 2/10-10,5"

Annex A 4.1



Sheet: Akyver Sun Type 10
Manufacturer: CORPLEX, Kaysersberg
Resin: ISO 21305-PC,X,EGL,03-09



le	h	as	a <sub>R</sub>	t <sub>A</sub>	t <sub>l</sub>	t <sub>S</sub>	t <sub>R</sub>	weight per area	deviation
mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg/m²	$ \Delta\alpha $
2100	10,3	10,9	10,1	0,46	0,46	0,47	0,37	1,70	to 90°
+ 6 - 2	± 0,5	+ 0,75	+ 1,9	- 0,06	- 0,04	- 0,12	- 0,08	+ 0,10 - 0,07	≤ <b>7°</b>

Minimum performance levels or classes for the sheets (as declared in the DoP in accordance with EN 16153)

mechanical resistance (deformation behavior)									
B <sub>x</sub>	B <sub>x</sub> B <sub>y</sub> S <sub>y</sub> M <sub>b,pos</sub> M <sub>b,neg</sub>								
58,1 Nm²/m	35,1 Nm²/m	2756 N/m	35,2 Nm/m	36,1 Nm/m					

 $\rm M_{\rm b,pos}$  : outer skin under pressure

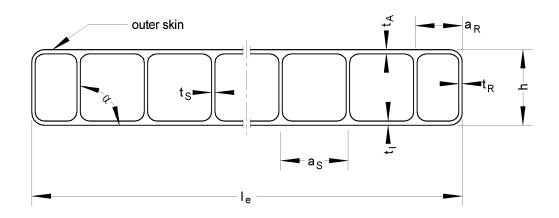
 $M_{b,neg}$ : inner skin under pressure

durabillity, as variation (after aging)										
of yellowness index										
10 (∆A)	5 % (∆A)	Cu 1	Ku 1							

JET-Vario-Therm	
Cross section geometry, weight per area, mechanical performance requirement Minimum performance levels or classes in accordance with EN 16153 for the "Akyver Sun Type 10"	s Annex A 4.2



Sheet: Makrolon multi UV 2/10-10,5 ES
Manufacturer: Exolon Group S.p.A., Nera Montoro
Resin: ISO 21305-PC,X,EGL,03-09



l <sub>e</sub> mm	h mm	a <sub>S</sub> mm	a <sub>R</sub> mm	t <sub>A</sub>	t <sub>l</sub> mm	t <sub>S</sub>	t <sub>R</sub> mm	weight per area kg/m²	deviation $ \Delta lpha $
2100	10,1	10,7	4,3	0,61	0,59	0,46	0,44	1,98	to 90°
+6 -2	± 0,5	+ 0,2	+ 0,85	- 0,04	- 0,06	- 0,05	- 0,05	+ 0,12 - 0,10	≤ <b>4</b> °

Minimum performance levels or classes for the sheets (as declared in the DoP in accordance with EN 16153)

mechanical resistance (deformation behavior)										
B <sub>x</sub>	B <sub>x</sub> B <sub>y</sub> S <sub>y</sub> M <sub>b,pos</sub> M <sub>b,nee</sub>									
70,3 Nm²/m 32,6 Nm²/m 3291 N/m 60,7 Nm/m 51,9 Nm/										

 $\rm M_{\rm b,pos}$  : outer skin under pressure

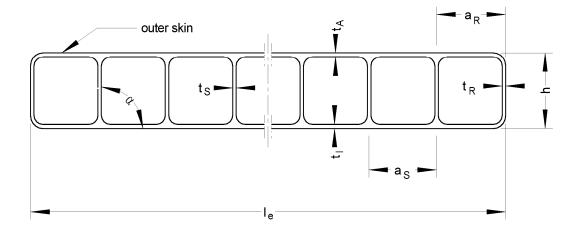
 $M_{b,neg}$ : inner skin under pressure

durabillity, as variation (after aging)						
of yellowness index of the light transmittance of deformation flexural modulus of tensile strenght						
10 (∆A)	5 % (∆A)	Cu 1	Ku 1			

JET-Vario-Therm	
Cross section geometry, weight per area, mechanical performance requirements Minimum performance levels or classes in accordance with EN 16153 for the "Makrolon multi UV 2/10-10,5 ES"	Annex A 4.3



Sheet: Akyver Sun Type 10/2000
Manufacturer: CORPLEX, Kaysersberg
Resin: ISO 21305-PC,X,EGL,03-09



l <sub>e</sub> mm	h mm	a <sub>S</sub> mm	a <sub>R</sub> mm	t <sub>A</sub> mm	t <sub>l</sub> mm	t <sub>S</sub>	t <sub>R</sub> mm	weight per area kg/m²	deviation $ \Delta \alpha $
2100	10,4	11,0	10,3	0,54	0,56	0,57	0,41	1,99	to 90°
+ 6 - 2	± 0,5	+ 0,65	+ 1,55	- 0,07	- 0,05	- 0,12	- 0,14	+ 0,12 - 0,10	≤ 5°

Minimum performance levels or classes for the sheets (as declared in the DoP in accordance with EN 16153)

mechanical resistance (deformation behavior)						
B <sub>x</sub>	Ву	S <sub>y</sub>	$M_{b,pos}$	$M_{b,neg}$		
68,4 Nm²/m	41,6 Nm²/m	4645 N/m	58,6 Nm/m	56,0 Nm/m		

 $M_{b,pos}$ : outer skin under pressure

 $M_{b,neg}$ : inner skin under pressure

durabillity, as variation (after aging)						
of yellowness index of the light transmittance of deformation flexural modulus of tensile strenght						
10 (∆A)	5 % (∆A)	Cu 1	Ku 1			

JET-Vario-Therm

Cross section geometry, weight per area, mechanical performance requirements
Minimum performance levels or classes in accordance with EN 16153

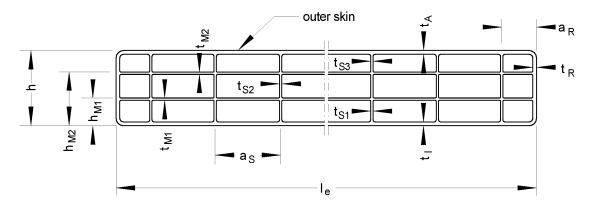
Annex A 4.4

Electronic copy of the ETA by DIBt: ETA-15/0595

for the "Akyver Sun Type 10/2000"



Sheet: Akyver Sun Type 10/4W-7
Manufacturer: CORPLEX, Kaysersberg
Resin: ISO 21305-PC,X,EGL,03-09



I <sub>e</sub>	h	h <sub>M1</sub>	h <sub>M2</sub>	a <sub>S</sub>	a <sub>R</sub>	t <sub>A</sub>	t <sub>I</sub>	t <sub>S1</sub>	t <sub>S2</sub>	t <sub>S3</sub>
mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
2100	10,1	3,8	7,1	7,3	4,6	0,44	0,43	0,31	0,21	0,22
+ 6 - 2	+ 0,5 - 0,5	+ 0,1 - 0,1	+ 0,1 - 0,1	+ 0,1	+ 0,2	- 0,04	- 0,05	- 0,02	- 0,02	- 0,01

t <sub>M1</sub> mm	t <sub>M2</sub> mm	t <sub>R</sub> mm	weight per area kg/m²	deviation $ \Delta \alpha $
0,08	0,05	0,48	1,72	to 90°
- 0,01	- 0,01	- 0,05	+0,10 - 0,01	≤6°

for the "Akyver Sun Type 10/7W-4"

Minimum performance levels or classes for the sheets (as declared in the DoP in accordance with EN 16153)

mechanical resistance (deformation behavior)						
B <sub>x</sub>	Ву	S <sub>y</sub>	$M_{b,pos}$	$M_{b,neg}$		
54,9 Nm²/m	40,2 Nm²/m	1858 N/m	39,6 Nm/m	39,6 Nm/m		

 $\rm M_{\rm b,pos}$  : outer skin under pressure

 $M_{b,neg}$ : inner skin under pressure

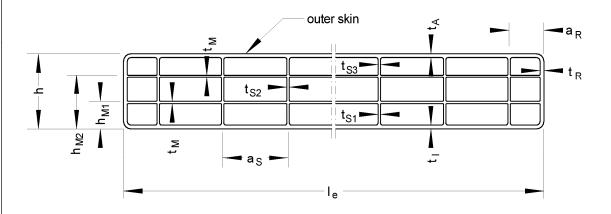
durabillity, as variation (after aging)							
of yellowness index of the light transmittance of deformation flexural modulus of tensile stren							
10 (∆A)	5 % (∆A)	Cu 1	Ku 1				

JET-Vario-Therm	
Cross section geometry, weight per area, mechanical performance requirements  Minimum performance levels or classes in accordance with EN 16153	Annex A 4.5



Sheet: Macrolux Multiwall LL 4W - 10 mm

Manufacturer: Stabilit Suisse S.A., Stabio Resin: Stabilit Suisse S.A., Stabio ISO 21305-PC,X,EGL,03-09



l <sub>e</sub>	h mm	h <sub>M1</sub>	h <sub>M2</sub>	a <sub>S</sub> mm	a <sub>R</sub> mm	t <sub>A</sub>	t <sub>l</sub>	t <sub>S1</sub>	t <sub>S2</sub>	t <sub>S3</sub>
2100	9,9	2,9	7,8	9,1	7,5	0,41	0,49	0,33	0,25	0,36
+ 6 - 2	± 0,5	+ 0,15 - 0,3	+ 0,3 - 0,3	+ 0,6	+ 1,7	- 0,08	- 0,12	- 0,04	- 0,07	- 0,07

t <sub>M</sub>	t <sub>R</sub> mm	weight per area kg/m²	deviation $ \Delta \alpha $	
0,04	0,56	1,69	to 90°	
- 0,01	- 0,20	+ 0,16 - 0,10	≤ 8°	

Minimum performance levels or classes for the sheets (as declared in the DoP in accordance with EN 16153)

mechanical resistance (deformation behavior)					
B <sub>x</sub>	B <sub>x</sub> B <sub>y</sub> S <sub>y</sub> M <sub>b,pos</sub> M <sub>b</sub>				
49,7 Nm²/m	17,3 Nm²/m	2129 N/m	41,2 Nm/m	44,0 Nm/m	

 $M_{b,pos}$ : outer skin under pressure

 $M_{b,neg}$ : inner skin under pressure

durabillity, as variation (after aging)					
of yellowness index of the light transmittance of deformation flexural modulus of tensile strenght					
10 (∆A)	5 % (∆A)	Cu 1	Ku 1		

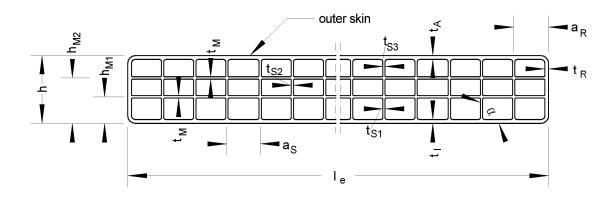
JET-Vario-Therm	
Cross section geometry, weight per area, mechanical performance requirements Minimum performance levels or classes in accordance with EN 16153 for the "Macrolux Multiwall LL 4W - 10 mm"	Annex A 4.6



Sheet: Makrolon multi UV 4/10-6

Manufacturer: Exolon Group S.p.A., Nera Montoro

Resin: ISO 21305-PC,X,EGL,03-09



I <sub>e</sub>	h	h <sub>M1</sub>	h <sub>M2</sub>	a <sub>S</sub>	a <sub>R</sub>	t <sub>A</sub>	t <sub>l</sub>	t <sub>S1</sub>	t <sub>S2</sub>	t <sub>S3</sub>
mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
2100	10,0	3,4	6,8	6,0	3,2	0,44	0,44	0,23	0,16	0,20
+ 6 - 2	+ 0,5 - 0,5	+ 0,4 - 0,3	+ 0,35 - 0,45	+ 0,25	+ 0,3	- 0,04	- 0,05	- 0,04	- 0,05	- 0,03

t <sub>M</sub> mm	t <sub>R</sub> mm	weight per area kg/m²	deviation $ \Delta \alpha $
0,08	0,26	1,73	to 90°
- 0,02	- 0,08	+0,10 - 0,02	≤ <b>8°</b>

Minimum performance levels or classes for the sheets (as declared in the DoP in accordance with EN 16153)

mechanical resistance (deformation behavior)					
B <sub>x</sub>	Ву	$M_b,pos$	$M_{b,neg}$		
49,0 Nm²/m	23,1 Nm²/m	2152 N/m	47,4 Nm/m	39,6 Nm/m	

 $M_{b,pos}$ : outer skin under pressure

 $M_{b,neg}$ : inner skin under pressure

durabillity, as variation (after aging)					
of yellowness index of the light transmittance of deformation flexural modulus of tensile strenght					
10 (∆A)	5 % (∆A)	Cu 1	Ku 1		

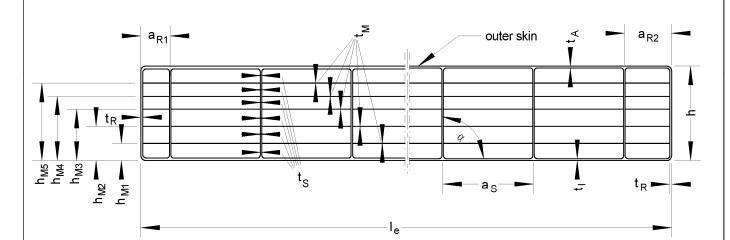
JET-Vario-Therm

Cross section geometry, weight per area, mechanical performance requirements Minimum performance levels or classes in accordance with EN 16153 for the "Makrolon multi UV 4/10-6"

Annex A 4.7



Sheet: Makrolon multi UV 7/16-14
Manufacturer: Exolon Group S.p.A., Nera Montoro
Resin: ISO 21305-PC,X,EGL,03-09



I <sub>e</sub>	h mm	h <sub>M1</sub>	h <sub>M2</sub> mm	h <sub>M3</sub>	h <sub>M4</sub>	h <sub>M5</sub>	a <sub>S</sub> mm	a <sub>R1</sub> mm	a <sub>R2</sub> mm	weight per area kg/m²
2100	16,0	3,2	5,7	8,2	10,7	13,2	13,9	7,4	9,6	2,63
+6 -2	± 0,5	+ 0,5 - 0,4	+ 0,5 - 0,6	+ 0,6 - 0,6	+ 0,6 - 0,5	+ 0,5 - 0,3	+ 0,2	+ 1,7	+ 1,5	+ 0,13 - 0,05

t <sub>A</sub>	t <sub>I</sub>	t <sub>S</sub>	t <sub>M</sub> mm	t <sub>R</sub> mm	deviation $ \Delta \alpha $
0,59	0,61	0,39	0,08	0,67	to 90°
- 0,07	- 0,10	- 0,14	- 0,02	- 0,30	≤ <b>8°</b>

Minimum performance levels or classes for the sheets (as declared in the DoP in accordance with EN 16153)

mechanical resistance (deformation behavior)					
B <sub>x</sub> B <sub>y</sub> S <sub>y</sub> M <sub>b,pos</sub>				M <sub>b,neg</sub>	
176,9 Nm²/m	45,7 Nm²/m	2254 N/m	64,6 Nm/m	62,9 Nm/m	

 ${\rm M}_{\rm b,pos}$  : outer skin under pressure

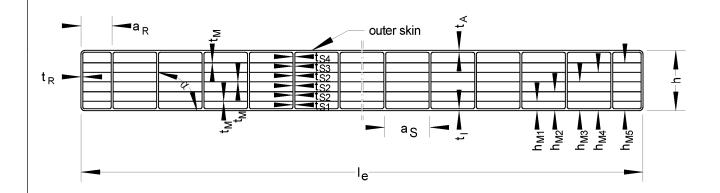
 $M_{b,neg}$ : inner skin under pressure

durabillity, as variation (after aging)					
of yellowness index of the light transmittance of deformation flexural modulus of tensile strenght					
10 (∆A)	5 % (∆A)	Cu 1	Ku 1		

JET-Vario-Therm	
Cross section geometry, weight per area, mechanical performance requirements Minimum performance levels or classes in accordance with EN 16153 for the "Makrolon multi UV 7/16-14"	Annex A 4.8



Sheet: Akyver Sun Type 16/7w-12 2600
Manufacturer: CORPLEX, Kaysersberg
Resin: ISO 21305-PC,X,EGL,03-09



l <sub>e</sub> mm	h mm	h <sub>M1</sub> mm	h <sub>M2</sub> mm	h <sub>M3</sub> mm	h <sub>M4</sub> mm	h <sub>M5</sub> mm	a <sub>S</sub> mm	a <sub>R</sub> mm	t <sub>A</sub> mm	t <sub>l</sub> mm
2100	16,0	2,4	4,9	7,7	10,4	12,9	12,0	6,5	0,56	0,52
+6 -2	± 0,5	+ 0,5 - 0,25	+ 0,45 - 0,4	+ 0,4 - 0,55	+ 0,25 - 0,3	+ 0,3 - 0,3	+ 0,40	+ 2,5	- 0,10	- 0,08

t <sub>S1</sub>	t <sub>S2</sub> mm	t <sub>S3</sub>	t <sub>S4</sub>	t <sub>M</sub> mm	t <sub>R</sub> mm	weight per area kg/m²	deviation $ \Delta \alpha $
0,41	0,39	0,44	0,44	0,06	0,58	2,56	to 90°
- 0,10	- 0,12	- 0,09	- 0,10	- 0,02	- 0,27	+ 0,15 - 0,09	≤ <b>4</b> °

Minimum performance levels or classes for the sheets (as declared in the DoP in accordance with EN 16153)

mechanical resistance (deformation behavior)							
B <sub>x</sub> B <sub>y</sub> S <sub>y</sub> M <sub>b,pos</sub> M <sub>b,neg</sub>							
176,5 Nm²/m 58,8 Nm²/m 2703 N/m 68,8 Nm/m 59,1 Nm/m							

 $\rm M_{\rm b,pos}$  : outer skin under pressure

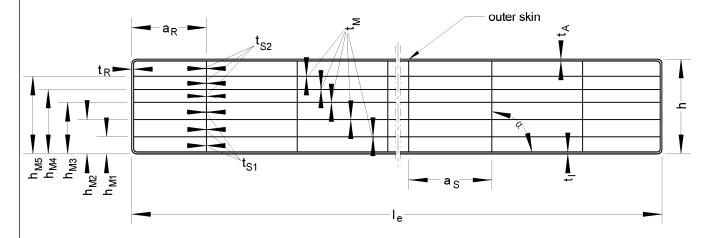
 ${\rm M_{b,neg}}$  : inner skin under pressure

durabillity, as variation (after aging)								
of yellowness index of the light transmittance of deformation flexural modulus of tensile strenght								
10 (∆A)	5 % (∆A)	Cu 1	Ku 1					

JET-Vario-Therm	
Cross section geometry, weight per area, mechanical performance requirements Minimum performance levels or classes in accordance with EN 16153 for the "Akyver Sun Type 16/7W-12 2600"	Annex A 4.9



Sheet: Macrolux Multiwall LL 7W - 16 mm
Manufacturer: Stabilit Suisse S.A., Stabio
Resin: ISO 21305-PC,X,EGL,03-09



le	h	h <sub>M1</sub>	h <sub>M2</sub>	h <sub>M3</sub>	h <sub>M4</sub>	h <sub>M5</sub>	a <sub>S</sub>	a <sub>R</sub>	t <sub>A</sub>	t <sub>l</sub>
mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
2100	16,2	2,8	5,0	7,4	10,3	13,0	15,8	13,7	0,56	0,60
+6 -2	± 0,5	+ 0,35 - 0,2	+ 0,4 - 0,3	+ 0,4 - 0,25	+ 0,3 - 0,4	+ 0,35 - 0,25	+ 0,55	+ 2,30	- 0,05	- 0,08

t <sub>S1</sub>	t <sub>S2</sub> mm	t <sub>M</sub> mm	t <sub>R</sub> mm	weight per area kg/m²	deviation $ \Delta \alpha $
0,59	0,43	0,08	0,56	2,70	to 90°
- 0,18	- 0,10	- 0,03	- 0,07	+ 0,16 - 0,08	≤ <b>5</b> °

Minimum performance levels or classes for the sheets (as declared in the DoP in accordance with EN 16153)

mechanical resistance (deformation behavior)							
B <sub>x</sub>	B <sub>x</sub> B <sub>y</sub> S <sub>y</sub> M <sub>b,pos</sub> M <sub>b,neg</sub>						
158,6 Nm²/m	74,8 Nm²/m	2761 N/m	60,7 Nm/m	63,1 Nm/m			

 $\rm M_{\rm b,pos}$  : outer skin under pressure

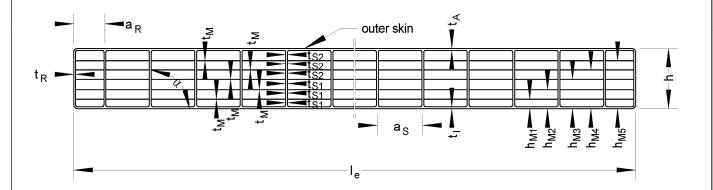
 $M_{b,neg}$ : inner skin under pressure

durabillity, as variation (after aging)									
of yellowness index of the light transmittance of deformation flexural modulus of tensile strengh									
10 (∆A)	5 % (∆A)	Cu 1	Ku 1						

JET-Vario-Therm	
Cross section geometry, weight per area, mechanical performance requirements Minimum performance levels or classes in accordance with EN 16153 for the "Macrolux Multiwall LL 7W - 16 mm"	Annex A 4.10



Sheet: Akyver Sun Type 20/7w-12
Manufacturer: CORPLEX, Kaysersberg
Resin: ISO 21305-PC,X,EGL,03-09



l <sub>e</sub>	h mm	h <sub>M1</sub>	h <sub>M2</sub>	h <sub>M3</sub>	h <sub>M4</sub> mm	h <sub>M5</sub>	a <sub>S</sub> mm	a <sub>R</sub> mm	t <sub>A</sub>	t <sub>l</sub>
2100	20,0	3,9	7,0	9,9	12,4	16,3	12,3	8,9	0,65	0,63
+6	± 0,5	+ 0,15 - 0,15	+ 0,25 - 0,25	+ 0,25 - 0,25	+ 0,3 - 0,3	+ 0,15 - 0,15	+ 0,1	+ 0,35	- 0,05	- 0,05

t <sub>S1</sub>	t <sub>S2</sub>	t <sub>M</sub>	t <sub>R</sub>	weight per area <b>kg/m²</b>	deviation $ \Delta lpha $
0,41	0,37	0,07	0,79	2,85	to 90°
- 0,02	- 0,04	- 0,01	- 0,04	+ 0,17 - 0,04	≤ <b>3°</b>

Minimum performance levels or classes for the sheets (as declared in the DoP in accordance with EN 16153)

mechanical resistance (deformation behavior)					
B <sub>x</sub>	Ву	Sy	$M_{b,pos}$	M <sub>b,neg</sub>	
317,7 Nm²/m	100,1 Nm²/m	2401 N/m	68,4 Nm/m	68,4 Nm/m	

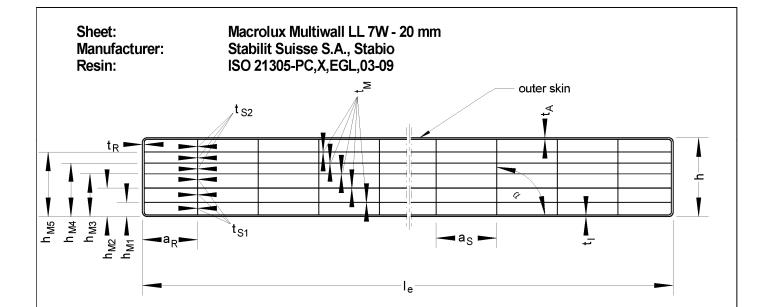
 ${\rm M}_{\rm b,pos}$  : outer skin under pressure

 $M_{b,neg}$ : inner skin under pressure

durabillity, as variation (after aging)					
of yellowness index					
10 (∆A)	5 % (∆A)	Cu 1	Ku 1		

JET-Vario-Therm	
Cross section geometry, weight per area, mechanical performance requirements Minimum performance levels or classes in accordance with EN 16153 for the "Akyver Sun Type 20/w-12"	Annex A 4.11





l <sub>e</sub>	h mm	h <sub>M1</sub>	h <sub>M2</sub> mm	h <sub>M3</sub> mm	h <sub>M4</sub> mm	h <sub>M5</sub>	a <sub>S</sub> mm	a <sub>R</sub> mm	t <sub>A</sub>	t <sub>l</sub>
2100	20,2	3,3	6,0	8,7	12,3	16,2	15,8	13,8	0,67	0,71
+ 6 - 2	± 0,5	+ 0,55 - 0,3	+ 0,7 - 0,6	+ 0,75 - 0,6	+ 0,7 - 0,8	+ 0,3 - 0,4	+ 0,35	+ 2,9	- 0,07	- 0,11

t <sub>S1</sub>	t <sub>S2</sub> mm	t <sub>M</sub> mm	t <sub>R</sub> mm	weight per area kg/m²	deviation $ \Delta \alpha $
0,52	0,36	0,09	0,60	3,08	to 90°
- 0,14	- 0,09	- 0,03	- 0,10	+ 0,18 - 0,11	≤ <b>3</b> °

Minimum performance levels or classes for the sheets (as declared in the DoP in accordance with EN 16153)

mechanical resistance (deformation behavior)					
B <sub>x</sub>	Ву	S <sub>y</sub>	$M_{b,pos}$	M <sub>b,neg</sub>	
292,7 Nm²/m	75,1 Nm²/m	2843 N/m	81,9 Nm/m	76,5 Nm/m	

 ${\rm M_{b,pos}}$  : outer skin under pressure

 $\rm M_{\rm b,neg}$  : inner skin under pressure

durabillity, as variation (after aging)					
of yellowness index of the light transmittance of deformation flexural modulus of tensile strenght					
10 (∆A)	5 % (∆A)	Cu 1	Ku 1		

JET-Vario-Therm	
Cross section geometry, weight per area, mechanical performance requirements Minimum performance levels or classes in accordance with EN 16153 for the "Macrolux Multiwall LL 7W - 20 mm"	Annex A 4.12



JET-Vario-Therm Annex B

### Provisions for design and dimensioning

Dimensioning, installation and execution of the roof kit shall be in compliance with the national technical specifications. These differ in terms of their content as well as their status within the legal frameworks of the member states.

If no national provisions exist, dimensioning can be carried out in accordance with Annexes B 1 and B 2. In case the roof system, in particular the multi-wall sheets are systematically in contact with chemicals, the resistance to these substances shall be checked. Thereby, high concentrations of chemicals in the surrounding air shall be also considered.

Installation, packaging, transport, storage as well as use, maintenance and repair shall be carried out in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions (extract see Annex D).

### B 1 Load-bearing capacity and serviceability of the covering

#### B 1.1 General

The design and arrangement of the multi-wall sheets as described in Section 1.1.1 in the translucent roof kit shall correspond to the specifications given in Annexes A 1 to A 4. The design specifications (see Section 2) shall be complied with.

The stability shall be verified for the ultimate limit state (ULS)

 $E_d \le R_d$ 

and for the serviceability limit state (SLS)

 $E_d \leq C_d$ .

Ed: design value of the action

R<sub>d</sub>: design value of the structural resistance for verification of the ultimate limit state

C<sub>d</sub>: design value of the structural resistance for verification of the serviceability limit state

The multi-wall sheets shall not be used for bracing the aluminium structure.

The multi-wall sheets shall not be walked on.

Assessment pertaining to fall-through protection is not included in this ETA.

#### B 1.2 Design values for actions, Ed

The action resulting from the dead weight of the multi-wall sheets may be neglected in the roof kit verifications. Live loads are not permitted.

The design values for the actions shall be determined in accordance with the applicable European specifications.

The actions  $E_k$  shall be increased through multiplication by the factors  $C_t$  in consideration of the action duration and based on load.

Load action	Duration of load action	Ct
Wind	very short	1.00
Snow as an extraordinary snow load (e.g. in the low-lying plains of northern Germany)	short: up to one week	1.15
Snow	medium: up to three months	1.20

For the wind and temperature effects to be considered in the load case 'summer' the  $\psi$  coefficient defined in EN 1990 may be applied. In design situations where the wind is applied as the dominant variable action, the  $\psi$  coefficient may be considered in the design value of the structural resistance R<sub>d</sub> (see Section B.1.3).

If the roof kit is installed with a substructure angle  $\alpha \le 45^{\circ}$  in roofs with pitches  $\le 20^{\circ}$  the negative wind pressure loads (wind suction loads) may be applied in simplified form as acting on the transluscent roof kit area with a constant aerodynamic coefficient  $c_p$ .

$$w_e = q_p(z_e) \cdot c_p$$

The gust velocity pressure  $q_p(z_e)$  shall be taken from EN 1991-1-4 and DIN EN 1991-1-4/NA. The coefficient  $c_p$  shall be selected in accordance with the roof position and type. For enclosed buildings in which the translucent roof kit is installed in the region H, I or N in

enclosed buildings in which the translucent roof kit is installed in the region H, I or N in accordance with Sections 7.2.3 to 7.2.7 of EN 1991-1-4:2010-12 the external pressure coefficient is  $c_{pe} = -0.7$ .

If the roof kit is installed on the ridge of a mono-gable roof or a hipped end roof in the region J or K in accordance with Section 7.2.5 or 7.2.6 of EN 1991-1-4:2010-12 with a roof pitch  $> 10^{\circ}$  the factor  $c_{pe}$  = -1.2 applies for enclosed buildings and  $c_{p,net}$  = -2.0 for freestanding roofs.

In case of conditions deviating from the specified conditions or use of translucent roof kit in region F, G, L or M in accordance with Sections 7.2.3 to 7.2.7 of EN 1991-1-4:2010-12 the verifications shall be done applying special loads (see Section 1.5 of EN 1991-1-4).

### B 1.3 Design values for structural resistance Rd and Cd

The design values for structural resistance  $R_d$  and  $C_d$  result from the characteristic value of structural resistance  $R_k$  in consideration of the material safety factor  $\gamma_M$ , the factor taking into account the effects of media  $C_u$  and the temperature factor  $C_\theta$  as follows:

$$R_{d} = \frac{R_{k}}{\gamma_{MR} \cdot C_{u} \cdot C_{\theta}} \qquad \qquad C_{d} = \frac{C_{k}}{\gamma_{MC} \cdot C_{u} \cdot C_{\theta}}$$

The following factors shall be applied:

Factor taking into account the effects of media and	1.10	
Tomporatura factor C	summer	1.20
Temperature factor C <sub>θ</sub>	winter	1.00

The following material safety factors shall be applied as a function of the consequence class (CC) in accordance with EN 1990:

Consequence class	Material safety factor $\gamma_{MR}$	Material safety factor γ <sub>MC</sub>
CC 1	1.25	1.09
CC 2	1.30	1.13

In design situations where wind is considered to be the dominant variable action, the reduction in structural resistance due to temperature may be reduced by means of the  $\psi$  coefficient for the summer load case. For this design situation a reduction factor for temperature of  $C'_{\theta} = 1 + \psi \cdot (C_{\theta} - 1.0)$  may be applied.

The characteristic values for structural resistance  $R_k$  and  $C_k$  shall be taken from the tables in Annex B 3.1 for the given multi-wall sheets and direction of loading.



### B 2 Load-bearing capacity and serviceability of the impost

#### B 2.1 General

The implementation and arrangement of the impost in accordance with Section 1.1.4 shall correspond to the specifications given in Annexes A 1, A 2.2 and A 2.3. The design specifications (see Section 2.3) shall be complied with.

The imposts are used to take up tensile forces. The tensile forces from wind suction loads are introduced into the imposts via the roof kit covering profiles.

Verification is done on the plane of the acting tensile force  $F_Z$ . For each application case the stability verification shall be done for the ultimate limit state;

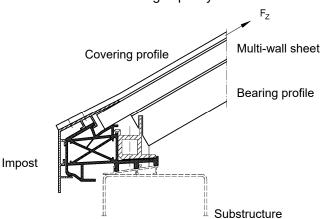
$$\frac{F_{Z,E,d}}{F_{Z,R,d}} \le 1,0$$

F<sub>Z,E,d</sub>: design value of the action

F<sub>Z,R,d</sub>: design value for structural resistance

shall be adhered to.

The verification of the serviceability limit state shall be deemed provided with the verification of the ultimate limit state for load-bearing capacity.



### B 2.2 Design value of the action, F<sub>Z,E,d</sub>

The design values for the action shall be determined in accordance with the applicable European specifications.

The design value of the action  $F_{Z,E,d}$  results from the characteristic value of the wind suction load in consideration of the partial safety factor  $\gamma_F$ , the coefficient  $\psi$  and a factor taking into account the duration of the action  $K_t$ .

The characteristic action shall be multiplied by the factor K<sub>t</sub>. K<sub>t</sub> shall be assumed to be 1.0 for the load action resulting from wind loads (very short duration).

## B 2.3 Design value of the structural resistance, $F_{Z,R,d}$

The design value for structural resistance  $F_{Z,R,d}$  results from the characteristic value of structural resistance  $F_{Z,R,k}$  in consideration of the material safety factor  $\gamma_M$ , the factor taking into account the effects of media  $K_u$  and the temperature factor  $K_\theta$  as follows:

$$F_{Z,R,d} = \frac{F_{Z,R,k}}{\gamma_M \cdot K_u \cdot K_\theta}$$



The following material safety factors and influencing factors shall be applied:

Material acfety factor	CC 1	1.25
Material safety factor γ <sub>M</sub>	CC 2	1.30
Factor taking into account the effects of media and	1.05	
Tomporatura factor I/.	summer	1.15
Temperature factor K <sub>θ</sub>	winter	1.05

The characteristic values for structural resistance  $F_{Z,R,k}$  shall be taken from the tables in Annex B 3.2 for the given base profile and covering shell.



### **B 3** Characteristic structural resistances

## B 3.1 Characteristic structural resistances of the covering

Covering "PC 10" – Annexes A 4.1 – A 4.7

Multi-wall sheet in accordance with Annex	Radius	System	Section as per Annex	Characteristics values of structural resistance [kN/m²]			
	R [m]				ward ad	uplift	load
				$R_k$	Ck	$R_k$	Ck
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,60	2-span	A 2.1.1	3,98	3,19	1,75	1,36
A 4.1	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	Z-Spail	A 2.1.3	2,14	1,16	0,76	0,76
Makrolon multi UV	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85		A 2.1.2	4,35	4,35	2,99	2,99
2/10-10,5	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	3-span	A 2.1.3	4,43	3,60	1,71	1,71
	$1,50 \le R \le 9,00$		A 2.1.4	3,21	3,11	2,92	2,32
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,60	2-span	A 2.1.1	3,98	3,20	1,75	1,36
A 4.2	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	2 opan	A 2.1.3	2,14	1,16	0,76	0,76
Akyver Sun Type	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85		A 2.1.2	4,35	4,35	2,99	2,99
10/1700	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	3-span	A 2.1.3	4,43	3,60	1,71	1,71
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 9,00		A 2.1.4	3,21	3,11	2,92	2,32
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	1-span	A 2.1.2	1,84	1,79	1,72	1,60
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	, opan	A 2.1.3	1,79	1,79	0,97	0,97
A 4.3 Makrolon Multi UV	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,60		A 2.1.1	4,26	2,59	2,33	2,33
2/10-10,5 ES	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	2-span	A 2.1.2	2,20	2,17	1,80	1,72
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	2-3pan	A 2.1.3	2,26	2,00	1,04	1,04
	$1,50 \le R \le 9,00$		A 2.1.4	1,80	1,52	1,64	1,64
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	1	A 2.1.2	1,84	1,79	1,72	1,60
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	1-span	A 2.1.3	1,79	1,79	0,97	0,97
A 4.4	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,60		A 2.1.1	4,26	2,59	2,33	2,33
Akyver Sun Type 10/2000	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85		A 2.1.2	2,20	2,17	1,80	1,72
. 3/2333	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	2-span	A 2.1.3	2,26	2,00	1,04	1,04
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 9,00		A 2.1.4	1,80	1,52	1,64	1,64
	4.50.45.40.00		A 2.1.1	3,95	3,17	1,74	1,35
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,60		A 2.1.6	1,69	1,69	1,53	1,53
A 4.5	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	2-span	A 2.1.2	1,52	1,52	1,00	0,82
Akyver Sun Type	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20		A 2.1.3	2,13	1,15	0,75	0,75
10/4W-7	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85		A 2.1.2	4,31	4,31	2,97	2,97
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	3-span	A 2.1.3	4,40	3,57	1,70	1,70
	$1,50 \le R \le 9,00$		A 2.1.4	3,18	3,08	2,90	2,30



Multi-wall sheet in accordance with Annex	Radius	System	Section as per Annex	Characteristics values of structural resistance [kN/m²]			
	R [m]				iward ad	uplift	load
				Rk	Ck	Rk	Ck
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,60		A 2.1.1	3,37	2,71	1,48	1,15
	1,30 ± K ± 2,00	2 anan	A 2.1.6	1,67	1,67	1,56	1,56
A 4.6	$1,50 \le R \le 3,85$	2-span	A 2.1.2	1,56	1,56	1,05	0,91
Macrolux LL	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20		A 2.1.3	1,82	0,98	0,65	0,65
4W10	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85		A 2.1.2	3,69	3,69	2,53	2,53
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	3-span	A 2.1.3	3,76	3,05	1,45	1,45
	$1,50 \le R \le 9,00$		A 2.1.4	2,72	2,64	2,48	1,97
	150 < D < 260		A 2.1.1	3,41	2,40	1,50	1,17
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,60	2 anan	A 2.1.6	1,86	1,86	1,56	1,56
A 4.7	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	2-span	A 2.1.2	1,68	1,68	1,01	0,84
Makrolon Multi UV	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20		A 2.1.3	1,84	0,99	0,65	0,65
4/10-6	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85		A 2.1.2	3,74	3,74	2,57	2,57
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	3-span	A 2.1.3	3,81	3,08	1,47	1,47
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 9,00		A 2.1.4	2,76	2,66	2,51	1,98

# Covering "PC 10+10" - Annexes A 4.5 - A 4.7

Multi-wall sheet in accordance with Annex	Radius	System	Section as per Annex		ıctural	ics valı resista /m²]	
(double configuration)	R [m]			down lo	ward ad	uplift	load
				Rk	Ck	Rk	Ck
	$1,50 \le R \le 1,90$	1-span	A 2.1.7	5,70	5,62	4,06	3,82
A 4.5	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,62	2 anan	A 2.1.7	5,29	4,91	3,16	3,09
Akyver Sun Type	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,27	2-span	A 2.1.7	3,39	3,32	1,55	1,55
10/4W-7	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,62	2 anan	A 2.1.7	11,0	9,59	6,22	6,14
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	3-span	A 2.1.7	7,53	6,62	2,53	2,53
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 1,90	1-span	A 2.1.7	5,42	5,33	4,17	3,93
A 4.6	$1,50 \le R \le 2,62$	2 anan	A 2.1.7	5,05	4,50	3,25	3,18
Macrolux LL	$1,50 \le R \le 5,27$	2-span	A 2.1.7	3,24	3,18	1,60	1,58
4W10	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,62	2 anan	A 2.1.7	10,5	9,18	6,40	6,32
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	3-span	A 2.1.7	7,09	7,09	2,95	2,95
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 1,90	1-span	A 2.1.7	5,43	5,36	4,13	3,90
A 4.7	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,62		A 2.1.7	5,04	4,68	3,22	3,15
Makrolon Multi UV	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,27	2-span	A 2.1.7	3,23	3,16	1,58	1,56
4/10-6	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,62	2 anar	A 2.1.7	10,4	9,14	6,34	6,26
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	3-span	A 2.1.7	9,12	7,38	2,58	2,58



# Covering "PC 16" - Annexes 4.8 - 4.10 (incl."PC 3+16" - Section as per Annex A 2.1.8)

Multi-wall sheet in accordance with Annex	Radius	System	Section as per Annex	Characteristics values structural resistance [kN/m²]			
	R [m]			down lo	ward ad	uplift	load
				Rk	Ck	Rk	Ck
	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	1 0000	A 2.1.2	2,10	1,47	1,45	1,45
	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	1-span	A 2.1.3	2,64	1,41	1,31	1,31
A 4.8	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 2,60		A 2.1.1	3,85	2,88	2,51	2,51
Makrolon Multi UV	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	2-span	A 2.1.2	2,16	1,85	1,43	1,43
7/16-14	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	2-5pan	A 2.1.3	2,66	1,39	1,18	1,18
	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 9,00		A 2.1.4	1,99	1,82	1,49	1,47
	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	3-span	A.2.1.2	5,23	4,73	1,82	1,82
	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	1 0000	A 2.1.2	2,38	1,67	1,65	1,65
	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	1-span	A 2.1.3	2,99	1,60	1,48	1,48
A 4.9	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 2,60		A 2.1.1	4,36	3,26	2,84	2,84
Akyver Sun Type 16/7W-12	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	2 cnan	A 2.1.2	2,45	2,10	1,62	1,62
10/7 ** 12	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	2-span	A 2.1.3	3,01	1,57	1,34	1,34
	$2,40 \le R \le 9,00$		A 2.1.4	2,66	2,06	1,69	1,67
	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	3-span	A 2.1.2	5,64	5,64	1,74	1,74
	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	1 anan	A 2.1.2	2,29	1,60	1,59	1,59
	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	1-span	A 2.1.3	2,88	1,54	1,42	1,42
A 4.10	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 2,60		A 2.1.1	4,20	3,14	2,74	2,74
Macrolux LL 7W16	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	2 apar	A 2.1.2	2,36	2,02	1,56	1,56
7 7 7 10	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	- 2-span	A 2.1.3	2,90	1,51	1,29	1,29
	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 9,00		A 2.1.4	2,17	1,99	1,63	1,60
	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	3-span	A 2.1.2	5,70	5,15	1,96	1,96



# Covering "PC 20" - Annexes 4.11 - 4.12

Multi-wall sheet in accordance with Annex	Radius	System	Section as per Annex	Characteristics values structural resistance [kN/m²]			
	R [m]			-	ward ad	uplift	load
				Rk	Ck	Rk	Ck
	$3,00 \le R \le 3,85$	1 anan	A 2.1.6	1,61	1,61	2,29	2,29
A 4.11 Akyver Sun Type	$3,00 \le R \le 4,40$	1-span	A 2.1.6	1,23	1,23	2,00	2,00
20/7W-12	$3,00 \le R \le 3,85$	2 anan	A 2.1.6	1,61	1,61	2,29	2,29
20,777	$3,00 \le R \le 4,40$	2-span	A 2.1.6	1,23	1,23	2,00	2,00
	$3,00 \le R \le 3,85$	1 0000	A 2.1.6	1,93	1,93	2,29	2,29
A 4.12 Macrolux LL	$3,00 \le R \le 4,40$	1-span	A 2.1.6	1,48	1,48	2,00	2,00
7W20	$3,00 \le R \le 3,85$	2-span	A 2.1.6	1,93	1,93	2,29	2,29
20	$3,00 \le R \le 4,40$	2-3pan	A 2.1.6	1,48	1,48	2,00	2,00

# Covering "PC 10+10 DI" - Annexes A 4.5 - A 4.7

Multi-wall sheet in accordance with Annex	Radius	System	Section as per Annex	Characteristics values of structural resistance [kN/m²]			
(double configuration)	R [m]			down lo	ward ad	uplift	load
				R <sub>k</sub>	Ck	$R_k$	Ck
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 1,90	1-span	A 2.1.5	5,70	5,62	4,06	3,82
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,62	1-орап	A 2.1.5	2,94	2,42	3,58	3,00
A 4.5 Akyver Sun Type	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,62	2-span	A 2.1.5	5,29	4,91	3,16	3,09
10/4W-7	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,27	2-Span	A 2.1.5	3,39	3,32	1,55	1,55
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,62	2 0000	A 2.1.5	11,0	9,59	6,22	6,14
	$1,50 \le R \le 3,85$	3-span	A 2.1.5	7,53	6,62	2,53	2,53
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 1,90	1-span	A 2.1.5	5,42	5,33	4,17	3,93
	$1,50 \le R \le 2,62$	1-5рап	A 2.1.5	2,94	2,42	3,58	3,00
A 4.6 Macrolux LL	$1,50 \le R \le 2,62$	2 anan	A 2.1.5	5,05	4,50	3,25	3,18
Wacrolux LL 4W10	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,27	2-span	A 2.1.5	3,24	3,18	1,60	1,58
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,62	2	A 2.1.5	10,5	9,18	6,40	6,32
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	3-span	A 2.1.5	7,09	7,09	2,95	2,95
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 1,90	1 anan	A 2.1.5	5,43	5,36	4,13	3,90
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,62	1-span	A 2.1.5	2,94	2,42	3,58	3,00
A 4.7 Makrolon Multi UV	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,62		A 2.1.5	5,04	4,68	3,22	3,15
4/10-6	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 5,27	2-span	A 2.1.5	3,23	3,16	1,58	1,56
.,	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 2,62	2 anar	A 2.1.5	10,4	9,14	6,34	6,26
	1,50 ≤ R ≤ 3,85	3-span	A 2.1.5	9,12	7,38	2,58	2,58



## Covering "PC 16+GF-UP DI " - Annexes 4.8 - 4.10

Multi-wall sheet in accordance with Annex	Radius	System	Section as per Annex		ıctural	ics valı resista /m²]			
	R [m]				ward ad	uplift	load		
				Rk	Ck	Rk	Ck		
		1-span	A 2.1.11	1,07	1,00	1,63	1,63		
A 4.8 Makrolon Multi UV	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	1-эрап	A 2.1.10	1,26	1,17	1,63	1,63		
7/16-14	2,40 3 N 3 3,20	2 span	A 2.1.11	1,07	1,00	1,63	1,63		
		2-span	A 2.1.10	1,26	1,17	1,63	1,63		
		1 open	A 2.1.11	1,22	1,14	1,86	1,86		
A 4.9	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	1-span	A 2.1.10	1,44	1,34	1,86	1,86		
Akyver Sun Type 16/7W-12	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	2 anan	A 2.1.11	1,22	1,14	1,86	1,86		
		2-span	A 2.1.10	1,44	1,34	1,86	1,86		
			A 2.1.11	1,13	1,05	1,74	1,74		
A 4.10	0.40 < D < 5.00			1-span	A 2.1.10	1,33	1,23	1,74	1,74
Macrolux LL 7W16	2,40 ≤ R ≤ 5,20	0	A 2.1.11	1,13	1,05	1,74	1,74		
		2-span	A 2.1.10	1,33	1,23	1,74	1,74		

## B 3.2 Characteristic structural resistances of the impost

The following characteristic structural resistances  $F_{Z,R,k}$  shall be adhered to as a function of the impost type:

Import LIET VARIO THERM!	with base profile 30°	with base profile 18°
Impost 'JET-VARIO-THERM'	F <sub>Z,R,k</sub> [kN]	F <sub>Z,R,k</sub> [kN]
with covering shell 10	7,73	6,24
with covering shell 16	7,73	6,24
with covering shell 20	7,25	5,89
with covering shell 22	7,03	5,73
with covering shell 32	5,85	4,87



### JET-Vario-Therm Annex C

#### Thermal resistance

If requirements as to the thermal resistance of the roof kit are imposed, the thermal transmittance  $U_{\text{CW}}$  shall be determined in accordance with EN ISO 10077-1¹ as the resultant of the thermal transmittance coefficients of the covering, weighted on the basis of the area as well as the length-weighted values of linear thermal transmittance coefficients  $\psi$  of the connecting profiles.

The respective area fractions shall be calculated for the translucent roof kit. For the calculation of the design value of the thermal transmittance coefficient U<sub>CW</sub> of the translucent roof kit, the following equation shall be used:

$$U_{cw} = \frac{\sum (U_p \cdot A_p) + \sum (\Psi_f \cdot I_f)}{A_{ges}} \text{ in W/(m²· K)}$$

If the substructure (frame) is to be taken into account, the following formula shall be used:

The substructure (frame) is to be taken into account, the folion 
$$U_{cw} = \frac{\sum (U_p \cdot A_p) + \sum (U_z \cdot A_z) + \sum (\Psi_f \cdot I_f)}{A_{ges}}$$
 in W/(m<sup>2</sup>·K)

where:

U<sub>P</sub>: = thermal transmittance coefficient of the PC multi-wall sheets in W/(m<sup>2</sup>K)

A<sub>P</sub>: = area of the PC multi-wall sheets in m<sup>2</sup>

Uz: = thermal transmittance coefficient of the frame in W/(m<sup>2</sup>K)

 $A_Z$ : = area of the frame in  $m^2$ 

 $\psi_f$ : = linear thermal transmittance coefficient at the level of the connecting profiles in

W/(m K)

I<sub>f</sub>: = connecting profile length in mA<sub>qes</sub>: = total area of the roof kit in m<sup>2</sup>

The values of thermal transmittance  $U_P$  of the coverings and  $\psi_f$  of the connections shall be taken from Annex C.

In case the substructure is taken into account, the thermal transmittance U<sub>Z</sub> shall be determined in accordance with the applicable European specifications e.g. EN ISO 6946<sup>2</sup>.

1 DIN EN ISO 10077-1:2016-10

Thermal performance of windows, doors and shutters - Calculation of thermaltransmittance - Part 1: General (ISO/FDIS 10077-1:2016); German and English version FprEN ISO 10077-1:2016

<sup>2</sup> DIN EN ISO 6946:2008-04

Building components and building elements - Thermal resistance and thermal transmittance - Calculation method (ISO 6946:2007); German version EN ISO 6946:2007



## C 1 Thermal transmittance coefficients of the coverings

Table C 1

Covering	Multi-wall sheet(s) as described in Annex	Vertical installation U <sub>P</sub> [W/(m²·K)]	Horizontal installation U <sub>P</sub> [W/(m²·K)]
	A 4.1; A 4.3	3.023	3.324
	A 4.2; A 4.4	3.050	3.357
PC 10	A 4.5	2.574	2.789
	A 4.6	2.520	2.727
	A 4.7	2.519	2.725
	A 4.8	1.833	1.940
PC 16	A 4.9	1.817	1.921
	A 4.10	1.840	1.948
PC 20	A 4.11	1.612	1.694
PC 20	A 4.12	1.602	1.682
PC 3+16	A 4.9	1.582	1.661
PC 10+10	A 4.5 – A 4.7	1.498	1.569
PC 10+10 + GF-UP	A 4.5 – A 4.7	1.540	1.616
PC 10+10 DI	A 4.5 – A 4.7	1,313	1,375
PC 10+GF-UP+10 DI	A 4.5 – A 4.7	1,197	1,241
PC 10+4+10 DI	A 4.5 – A 4.7	1,159	1,201
PC 16 + GF-UP DI	A 4.8 – A 4.10	1,385	1,466

The thermal transmittance coefficients  $U_P$  depend on the selected covering as well as in part on the multi-wall sheet used and the installation position. Differentiation is made between vertical installations (horizontal heat flow) and horizontal installations (upwards heat flow).

For the purposes of comparing the coverings in terms of EN 673 the  $U_{\text{P}}$  value for vertical installations shall be used.



## C 2 Linear thermal transmittance coefficients at the level of the bearing profiles

The sections correspond to those given in Annexes A .1 and A 2.

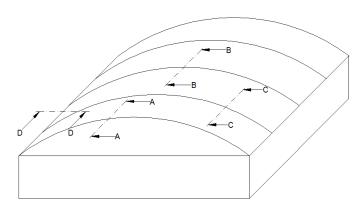


Table C 2: Linear thermal transmittance coefficients at the level of the bearing profiles

Covering	Multi-wall sheet(s) as described in Annex	Ψ <sub>Β-Β</sub> [W/(m·K)]	Ψ <sub>C-C</sub> [W/(m·K)]
	A 4.1; A 4.3	- 0.050	- 0.022
PC 10	A 4.2; A 4.4	- 0.053	-0.023
PC 10	A 4.5	- 0.007	0.000
	A 4.6; A 4.7	- 0.013	- 0.005
	A 4.8	0.000	- 0.007
PC 16	A 4.9	0.002	- 0.006
	A 4.10	0.001	- 0.006
PC 20	A 4.11; A 4.12	- 0.006	- 0.010
PC 3+16	A 4.9	- 0.011	- 0.012
PC 10+10	A 4.5 – A 4.7	- 0.009	- 0.011
PC 10+10 + GF-UP	A 4.5 – A 4.7	- 0.013	- 0.013
PC 10+10 DI	A 4.5 – A 4.7	0,011	- 0,002
PC 10+GF-UP+10 DI	A 4.5 – A 4.7	0,021	0,004
PC 10+4+10 DI	A 4.5 – A 4.7	0,024	0,005
PC 16 + GF-UP DI	A 4.8 – A 4.10	0,004	- 0.005

The thermal transmittance coefficients  $\psi_f$  at the level of the bearing profiles depend on the selected covering as well as in part on the multi-wall sheet used. For section B–B (sheet butt joint) and section C–C (bearing profile in middle of sheet) the thermal transmittance coefficients shall be taken from Table C 2. The thermal effect of the fasteners may be neglected. For execution of the gable-side end arch A-A with use of the bearing profiles as described in Annexes A 2.1.1 to A 2.1.10 to be on the safe side the  $\psi$  values for section C-C can be used. For deviating executions additional verifications are required.



### C 3 Linear thermal transmittance at the level of the impost

The thermal transmittance coefficients  $\psi_f$  for section D-D depend on the selected covering and can be taken from the tables below. Details of section E-E in accordance with Annex A 2.3 have no effect on the heat flows and can hence be neglected. For execution of the gable-side connection with use of the impost profiles as described in Annex A 3.5.1 or A 3.5.2 the  $\psi$  values for section D-D can be used on the safe side. For deviating executions additional verifications are required. At the level of the eaves-side connection three different variants can be calculated:

<u>Table C 3.1: Linear thermal transmittance coefficients including substructure and including roof sheeting connection</u>

Covering	Multi-wall sheet(s) as described in Annex	Ψ <sub>D-D</sub> [W/(m·K)]
PC 10	A 4.1 – A 4.7	0.222
PC 16	A 4.8 – A 4.10	0.238
PC 20	A 4.11 – A 4.12	0.241
PC 3+16	A 4.9	0.242
PC 10+10 and -DI all variants	A 4.5 – A 4.7	0.243
PC 16 + GF-UP DI	A 4.8 – A 4.10	0.243

<u>Table C 3.2: Linear thermal transmittance coefficients including substructure but excluding roof sheeting connection</u>

Covering	Multi-wall sheet(s) as described in Annex	Ψ <sub>D-D</sub> [W/(m·K)]
PC 10	A 4.1 – A 4.7	0.462
PC 16	A 4.8 – A 4.10	0.477
PC 20	A 4.11 – A 4.12	0.479
PC 3+16	A 4.9	0.479
PC 10+10 and -DI all variants	A 4.5 – A 4.7	0.480
PC 16 + GF-UP DI	A 4.8 – A 4.10	0.480

Table C 3.3: Linear thermal transmittance coefficients excluding substructure

Covering	Multi-wall sheet(s) as described in Annex	Ψ <sub>D-D</sub> [W/(m·K)]
PC 10	A 4.1 – A 4.7	0.136
PC 16	A 4.8 – A 4.10	0.150
PC 20	A 4.11 – A 4.12	0.153
PC 3+16	A 4.9	0.155
PC 10+10 and -DI all variants	A 4.5 – A 4.7	0.155
PC 16 + GF-UP DI	A 4.8 – A 4.10	0.155



JET-Vario-Therm Annex D

Provisions for installation, packaging, transport, storage, use, maintenance and repair

#### D 1 Installation

The fixing of the roof kit on the substructure is not the subject of this ETA. The stability shall be verified for the respective substructure in accordance with the valid European specifications.

Before the roof kit is installed, the dimensional stability of the substructure shall be checked. Particular care shall be taken to ensure that the substructure exhibits a rectangular footprint. The compliance of the existing substructure with the substructure applied during the planning and verification of its load-bearing capacity shall be checked visually.

The installation of the roof kit may only be performed by specialists who are specially trained for this purpose. The installation guidelines of the manufacturer shall be respected. The manufacturer of the roof kit shall inform the specialists that they may only carry out assembly and installation of the roof kit in accordance with his instructions and the provisions of the ETA. The hollow chambers of the multi-wall sheets may not be filled.

If the translucent roof kit can systematically come into contact with chemical substances, the resistance to these substances of the multi-wall sheets in particular shall be checked.

The impost profiles are placed on the frame and fixed by means of the load converters and the provided threaded connections. If required, the supporting profiles are placed in between the bearing profiles. During installation, the multi-wall sheets are placed on the pre-installed bearing profiles and pushed into the impost profiles. At the butt joints between sheets as well as for the intermediate support arches, the covering profiles which act as tension straps are placed above the bearing profiles if applicable including sealing profiles and fixed to the impost profile, if necessary, with the help of the tension locks. A tensioning distance of 5 mm shall be adhered to. The bearing width as described in Annex A 2.1.9 shall be adhered to at the longitudinal butt joints between the multi-wall sheets. At the impost profiles, the multi-wall sheets shall be kept adjustable in accordance with the specifications given in Annex A 2.2. Connection of the translucent roof kit to the substructure shall be carried out in accordance with the structural analysis. The translucent roof kit shall be installed and connected to the adjacent structure in a manner ensuring that no moisture can penetrate into it and avoiding thermal bridges. These details shall be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

### D 2 Packaging, transport and storage

The components of the roof kit shall be stored and transported in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications such that the components cannot be damaged. In particular, for multi-wall sheets made from polycarbonate it shall be ensured that only those surfaces with UV protective coatings are exposed to UV radiation. The packaging shall protect the material from moisture and weather effects whilst avoiding heat build-up inside the packaging. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that this information is passed on to the people in charge.

### D 3 Use, maintenance, repair

The roof kit in installed condition is not a walk-on system. For installation purposes, the roof kit may be walked on by a single person using boards laid across the substructure (at least two bearing profiles) for support; the boards shall run perpendicular to the tensioning direction of the bearing profiles.

Within the scope of maintenance, the installed roof kit shall be visually inspected by a qualified expert once a year. The manufacturer shall be consulted if the PC multi-wall sheets exhibit surface cracks or damage or if they are strongly discoloured. The aluminium components of the roof kit shall be examined for pronounced corrosion within the scope of a visual inspection. Repair shall be arranged where necessary.



Only the components listed in the ETA may be used for replacement of components. Cleaning agents shall be free of solvents and abrasives. Chemical and biological cleaning additives may only be used if they have been proven to be compatible with polycarbonate; otherwise only water and a soft cloth shall be used to clean the multi-wall sheets.