



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-19/0130 of 29 November 2021

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

This version replaces

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

B+BTec Injection system BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar connection

Systems for post-installed rebar connections with mortar

B+BTec Munterij 8 4762 AH ZEVENBERGEN NIEDERLANDE

B+BTec Plant 1

23 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

EAD 330087-00-0601, Edition 06/2021

ETA-19/0130 issued on 13 March 2019

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Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this European Technical Assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "B+BTec Injection system BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar connection" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter ϕ from 8 to 32 mm or the tension anchor ZA from sizes M12 to M24 according to Annex A and injection mortar BIS-HY GEN2 are used for rebar connections. The rebar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between rebar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the rebar connections of at least 50 and/or 100 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance under static and quasi-static loading	See Annex C 1
Characteristic resistance under seismic loading	See Annex B 4 and C 2

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Class A1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C 3 and C 4

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330087-01-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system to be applied is: 1



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5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 29 November 2021 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Dipl.-Ing. Beatrix Wittstock Head of Section *beglaubigt:* Baderschneider

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Installation post installed rebar

Figure A1: Overlapping joint for rebar connections of slabs and beams

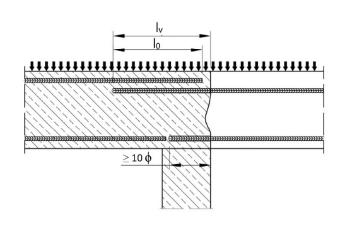


Figure A3: End anchoring of slabs or beams (e.g. designed as simply supported)

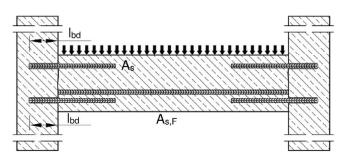
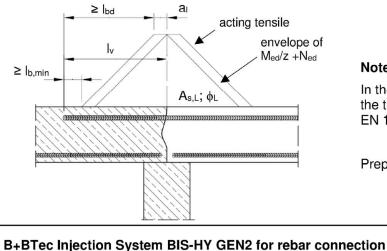


Figure A5: Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the line of acting tensile force



Product description Installed condition and examples of use for rebars **Figure A2:** Overlapping joint at a foundation of a wall or column where the rebars are stressed in tension

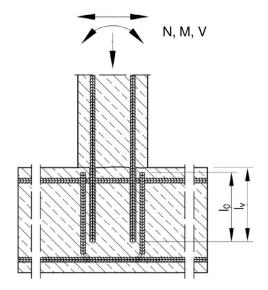
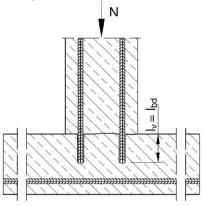


Figure A4: Rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression. The rebars sre stressed in compression



Note to Figure A1 to A5:

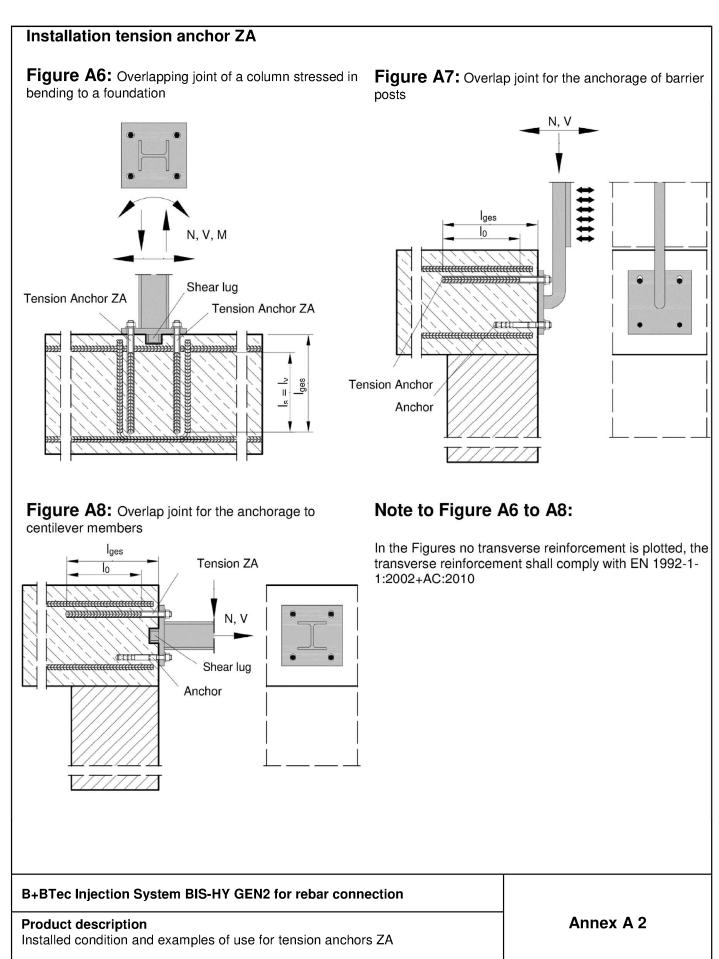
In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

Preparing of joints according to Annex B 2

Annex A 1

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B+BTec Injection System BIS-HY GEN2:	
Injection mortar: BIS-HY GEN2	
380 ml up to 420 ml cartridge	HY GEN2 otes, charge-code, shelf life, , curing- and processing time on the temperature), optional with
hazard-code	HY GEN2 otes, charge-code, shelf life, , curing- and processing time on the temperature), optional with
Static Mixer PM-19E	
Piston plug VS and mixer extension VL)
Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8 up to ø32	
	NNNNNNNN MAAAAAAA
Tension Anchor: ZA-M12 up to ZA-M24	
B+BTec Injection System BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar connection	
Product description Injection mortar / Static mixer / Rebar / Tension Anchor ZA	Annex A 3

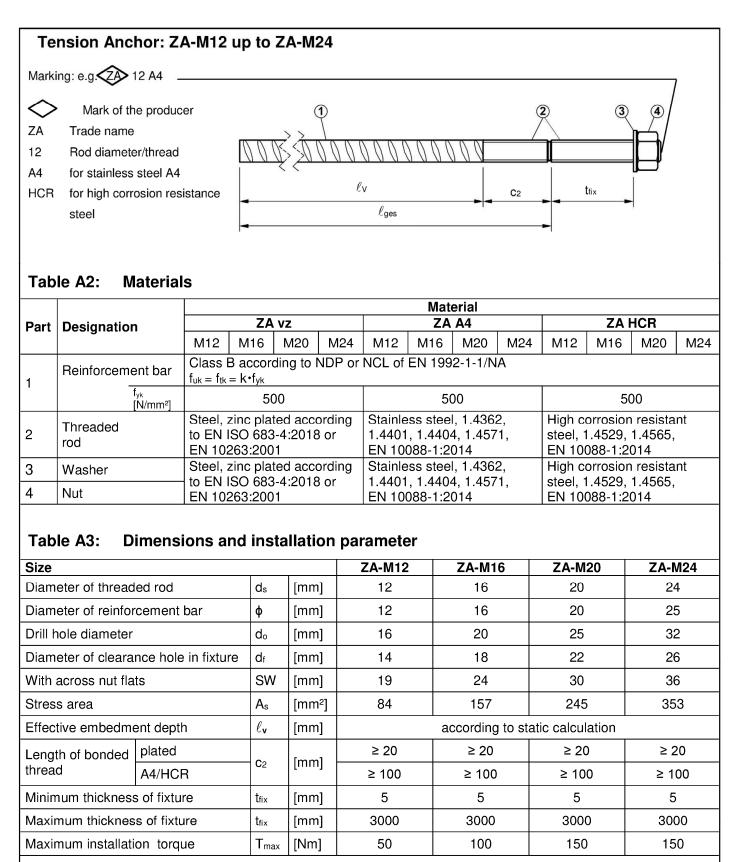


Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8 up to ø32	
NNNNNNNNNNN MAAAAAAAAAAAA	NUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUN AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
Minimum value of related rip area f _{R,min} accord Rib height of the bar shall be in the range 0,05 (¢: Nominal diameter of the bar; h _{rib} : Rib heigh	5φ ≤ h _{rib} ≤ 0,07φ
able A1: Materials	Material
esignation ebar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C	MaterialBars and de-coiled rods class B or C f_{yk} and k according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$

Annex A 4

Electronic copy of the ETA by DIBt: ETA-19/0130





B+BTec Injection System BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar connection

Product description Specifications Tension Anchor ZA

Annex A 5



Specifications of intended use								
Anchorages subject to:		static and quasi-static loads	seismic action					
Hammer drilling (HD),	for a working life of 50 years	Ø8 to Ø32 ZA-M12 to ZA-M24	Ø10 to Ø32					
Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit (HDB)	for a working life of 100 years	Ø8 to Ø32 ZA-M12 to ZA-M24	Ø10 to Ø32					
or compressed air drilling (CD)	Fire exposure	Ø8 to Ø32 ZA-M12 to ZA-M24	No performance assessed					
Temperature Range:	(max long-term te	- 40°C to +80°C mperature +50 °C and max short-	term temperature +80 °C)					

Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206:2013 + A1:2016.
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206:2013 + A1:2016.
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206:2013 + A1:2016.
- · Non-carbonated concrete.

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of ϕ + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar.

The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010. The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Use conditions (Environmental conditions) with tension anchor ZA:

- · Structures subject to dry internal conditions (all materials).
- For all other conditions according to EN 1993-1-4:2006+A1:2015 corresponding to corrosion resistance class:
 - Stainless steel Stahl A4 according to Annex A 4, Table A1: CRC III
 - High corrosion resistance steel HCR according to Annex A 4, Table A1: CRC V

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008 and Annex B 2 and B 3.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

Installation:

- Dry or wet concrete. It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Overhead installation allowed.
- Hole drilling by hammer drill (HD), hollow drill (HDB) or compressed air drill mode (CD).
- The installation of post-installed rebar resp. tension anchors shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

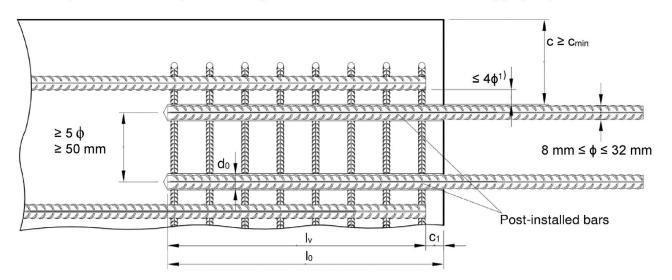
B+BTec Injection System BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar co	onnection
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Intended use Specifications



Figure B1: General construction rules for post-installed rebars

- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted.
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- · The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



 If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4φ, then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4φ.

The following applies to Figure B1:

- c concrete cover of post-installed rebar
- c1 concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- c_{min} minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
- diameter of post-installed rebar
- I_0 lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- I_v effective embedment depth, $\ge I_0 + c_1$
- d₀ nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 5

B+BTec Injection System BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar connection

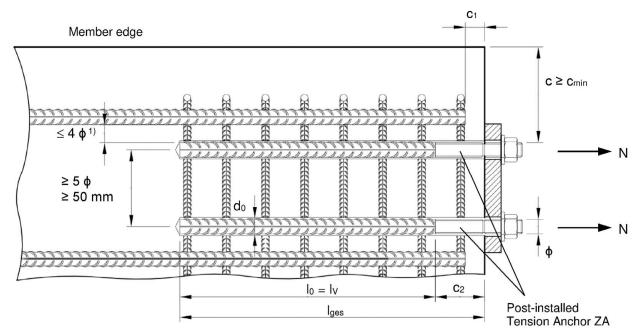
Intended use

General construction rules for post-installed rebars



Figure B2: General construction rules for tension anchors ZA

- The length of the bonded-in thread may be not be accounted as anchorage.
- Only tension forces in the direction of the bar axis may be transmitted by the tension anchor ZA.
- · The tension force must be transferred via an overlap joint to the reinforcement in the building part.
- The transfer of shear forces shall be ensured by appropriate additional measures, e.g shear lugs or by anchors with an European technical assessment.
- In the anchor plate, the holes for the tension anchors shall be executed as elongated holes with axis in the direction of the shear force.



¹⁾ If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4φ, then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4φ.

The following applies to Figure B2:

- c concrete cover of tension anchor ZA
- c1 concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- c₂ Length of bonded thread
- c_{min} minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
- φ diameter of tension anchor
- I_0 lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- I_v effective embedment depth, $\ge I_0 + c_1$
- I_{ges} overall embedment depth, $\ge I_0+c_2$
- do nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 4

B+BTec Injection System BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar connection

Intended use

General construction rules for tension anchors



Drilling method	Rebar diameter	Without drilling aid	With d	rilling aid
Hammer drilling (HD)	< 25 mm	30 mm + 0,06 · l _v ≥ 2 φ	30 mm + 0,02 · l _v ≥ 2 φ	Drilling aid
Hammer drilling with nollow drill (HDB)	≥ 25 mm	40 mm + 0,06 · l _v ≥ 2 φ	40 mm + 0,02 · l _v ≥ 2 φ	
Compressed air	< 25 mm	50 mm + 0,08 · l _v	50 mm + 0,02 · l _v	
drilling (CD) ≥ 25 mm		60 mm + 0,08 · l _v ≥ 2 φ	60 mm + 0,02 · l _v ≥ 2 φ	
Table B2: Minimu		te cover min C _{min,seis}	Distance of 1 st edge	Distance of 2 nd edge
Brinning mound	, a	Design condition	Distance of 1 edge	Distance of Z edge
5		<u> </u>		
Hammer drilling (HD)		Edge	≥2 φ	≥ 2 ¢
Hammer drilling (HD) Hollow drill bit system (Compressed air drilling	(CD)	Corner	≥ 2 ¢	≥ 2 ¢
Hammer drilling (HD) Hollow drill bit system (Compressed air drilling	(CD)	Corner mperature, gelling t Maximum	≥ 2 ¢ ime and curing time B Minimum curing time in	≥ 2 ¢
Hammer drilling (HD) Hollow drill bit system (Compressed air drilling Table B3: Base m	(CD)	Corner mperature, gelling t Maximum working time ¹⁾	≥ 2 ¢	≥ 2 ¢ IS-HY GEN2 Minimum curing time i
Hammer drilling (HD) Hollow drill bit system (Compressed air drilling Table B3: Base m	(CD)	Corner mperature, gelling t Maximum	≥ 2 ¢ ime and curing time B Minimum curing time in dry concrete	≥ 2 φ IS-HY GEN2 Minimum curing time i wet concrete
Hammer drilling (HD) Hollow drill bit system (Compressed air drilling Table B3: Base m Temperature in base r - 5 °C to	(CD)	Corner mperature, gelling t Maximum working time ¹⁾	≥ 2 ¢ ime and curing time B Minimum curing time in dry concrete t _{cure}	≥ 2 ¢ IS-HY GEN2 Minimum curing time i wet concrete t _{cure}
Hammer drilling (HD) Hollow drill bit system (Compressed air drilling Table B3: Base m Temperature in base r - 5 °C to 0 °C to	(CD) naterial ter material - 1 °C	Corner mperature, gelling t Maximum working time ¹⁾ t _{gel} 50 min	≥ 2 φ ime and curing time B Minimum curing time in dry concrete t _{cure} 5 h	≥ 2 φ IS-HY GEN2 Minimum curing time i wet concrete t _{cure} 10 h
Hammer drilling (HD) Hollow drill bit system (Compressed air drilling Table B3: Base m Temperature in base r - 5 °C to 0 °C to + 5 °C to	(CD) naterial ter material - 1 °C + 4 °C	Corner mperature, gelling t Maximum working time ¹⁾ t _{gel} 50 min 25 min	≥ 2 φ ime and curing time B Minimum curing time in dry concrete t _{cure} 5 h 3,5 h	≥ 2 φ IS-HY GEN2 Minimum curing time i wet concrete t _{cure} 10 h 7 h
Hammer drilling (HD) Hollow drill bit system (Compressed air drilling Table B3: Base m Temperature in base r - 5 °C to 0 °C to + 5 °C to + 10 °C to +	(CD) naterial ter material - 1 °C + 4 °C + 9 °C	Corner mperature, gelling t Maximum working time ¹⁾ t _{gel} 50 min 25 min 15 min	≥ 2 φ ime and curing time B Minimum curing time in dry concrete t _{cure} 5 h 3,5 h 2 h	≥ 2 φ IS-HY GEN2 Minimum curing time i wet concrete 10 h 7 h 4 h
Hammer drilling (HD) Hollow drill bit system (Compressed air drilling Table B3: Base m Temperature in base r $-5 \degree C$ to $0\degree C$ to $+5\degree C$ to $+10\degree C$ to $+$ $+15\degree C$ to $+$	(CD) naterial ter material - 1 °C + 4 °C + 9 °C 14 °C	Corner mperature, gelling t Maximum working time ¹⁾ t _{gel} 50 min 25 min 15 min 10 min	≥ 2 φ ime and curing time B Minimum curing time in dry concrete t _{cure} 5 h 3,5 h 2 h 1 h	≥ 2 φ IS-HY GEN2 Minimum curing time i wet concrete 10 h 7 h 4 h 2 h
Hammer drilling (HD) Hollow drill bit system (Compressed air drilling Table B3: Base m Temperature in base r $-5 \degree C$ to $0\degree C$ to $+5\degree C$ to $+10\degree C$ to $+$ $+15\degree C$ to $+$ $+20\degree C$ to $+$	(CD) naterial ter material - 1 °C + 4 °C + 9 °C 14 °C 19 °C	Corner mperature, gelling t Maximum working time ¹⁾ t _{gel} 50 min 25 min 15 min 10 min 6 min	≥ 2 φ ime and curing time B Minimum curing time in dry concrete t _{cure} 5 h 3,5 h 2 h 1 h 40 min	≥ 2 φ S-HY GEN2 Minimum curing time i wet concrete 10 h 7 h 4 h 2 h 80 min

B+BTec Injection System BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar connection

Intended use Minimum concrete cover Gelling and curing time



Cartridge type/size	На	nd tool	Pneumatic tool	
Coaxial cartridges 150, 280, 300 up to 333 ml	e.g. Type F	e.g. Type TS 492 X		
Coaxial cartridges 380 up to 420 ml	e.g. Type CCM 380/10	e.g. Type H 285 or H244C	e.g. Type TS 485 LX	
Side-by-side cartridges 235, 345 ml	e.g. Type CBM 330A	e.g. Type H 260	e.g. Type TS 477 LX	
Side-by-side cartridge 825 ml	e.g. Type ODW 330A	e.g. Type 11200		
1 1 1	e extruded by a battery tool ation tools		e.g. Type TS 498X	
Cleaning and install HDB – Hollow drill bit sy The hollow drill bit system class M vacuum with min	ation tools (ystem n contains the Heller Duster imum negative pressure of	Expert hollow drill bit and a	e.g. Type TS 498X	
Cleaning and install HDB – Hollow drill bit sy The hollow drill bit system class M vacuum with min	ation tools ystem n contains the Heller Duster imum negative pressure of s).	Expert hollow drill bit and a		
Cleaning and install HDB – Hollow drill bit system class M vacuum with min minimum 150 m ³ /h (42 l/s Brush RB:	ation tools ystem n contains the Heller Duster imum negative pressure of s).	Expert hollow drill bit and a 253 hPa <u>and</u> flow rate of		
Cleaning and install HDB – Hollow drill bit system class M vacuum with min minimum 150 m³/h (42 l/s Brush RB:	ation tools ystem n contains the Heller Duster imum negative pressure of s).	Expert hollow drill bit and a 253 hPa <u>and</u> flow rate of SDS Plus Ad	apter	
Cleaning and install HDB – Hollow drill bit system class M vacuum with min minimum 150 m³/h (42 l/s Brush RB:	ation tools ystem n contains the Heller Duster imum negative pressure of s).	Expert hollow drill bit and a 253 hPa <u>and</u> flow rate of SDS Plus Ad		
Cleaning and install HDB – Hollow drill bit system class M vacuum with min minimum 150 m³/h (42 l/s Brush RB: Brush extension RBL Diston Plug VS	ation tools	Expert hollow drill bit and a 253 hPa <u>and</u> flow rate of SDS Plus Ad	apter	



Tab	Table B5: Brushes, piston plugs, max anchorage depth and mixer extension, hammer (HD) and compressed air (CD) drilling Output													
Bar			·ill			d _{b,min}			Cartridge: All sizes				Cartridge: 825 ml	
size	Tension anchor	bit	-Ø	d Brus		min. Brush -	Piston plug		or battery tool	Pneu	matic tool	Pneu	matic tool	
φ	φ	HD	CD			Ø		I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	
[mm]	[mm]	[m	m]		[mm]	[mm]		[mm]		[mm]		[mm]		
8	-	10	-	RB10	11,5	10,5	-	250		250		250		
0	-	10		0010	10 5	105		700		800		800	VL10/0,75	
10	-	12	-	RB12	13,5	12,5	-	250		250		250	or	
10	-	14			155	145	V014	700		1000		1000	VL16/1,8	
12	ZA-M12	14	-	RB14	15,5	14,5	VS14	250		250		250		
12	ZA-IVITZ	1	6	RB16	17,5	16,5	VS16					1200		
14	-	1	8	RB18	20,0	18,5	VS18	700	VL10/0,75	1000	VL10/0,75	1400		
16	ZA-M16	2	0	RB20	22,0	20,5	VS20		or		or	1600		
20	ZA-M20	25	-	RB25	27,0	25,5	VS25		VL16/1,8		VL16/1,8			
20	ZA-IVIZU	-	26	RB26	28,0	26,5	VS25			700				
22	-	2	8	RB28	30,0	28,5	VS28						VL16/1,8	
24/25	ZA-M24	3	0	RB30	32,0	30,5	VS30	500				2000		
24/20		3	2	RB32	34,0	32,5	VS32			500				
28	-	3	5	RB35	37,0	35,5	VS35			500				
32	-	4	0	RB40	43,5	40,5	VS40							

Table B6: Brushes, piston plugs, max anchorage depth and mixer extension, hammer drilling with hollow drill bit system (HDB)

Bor		Drill		d _{b,min}			Cartr All s				rtridge: 25 ml
Bar size	Tension anchor	bit - Ø	d _⊳ Brush - Ø	min. Brush -	Piston plug		or battery tool	Pneu	matic tool	Pneur	natic tool
φ	φ	HDB		Ø		I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]				[mm]		[mm]		[mm]	
8	-	10				250		250		250	
0	-	12			-	700		800		800	VL10/0,75
10	-	12				250		250		250	or
	-	14			VS14	700		1000		1000	VL16/1,8
12	ZA-M12	14			V314	250		250		250	
12		16	No cleani	na	VS16		VL10/0,75				
14	-	18	required	-	VS18	700	or	1000	VL10/0,75 or		
16	ZA-M16	20	required	4	VS20		VL 16/1,8		VL16/1,8		
20	ZA-M20	25			VS25		1210,1,0	700	1210/1,0		
22	-	28			VS28			700		1000	VL16/1,8
24/25	ZA-M24	30			VS30	500					
24/23	27-11/24	32			VS32	500		500			
28	-	35			VS35			500			
32	-	40			VS40						

B+BTec Injection System BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar connection

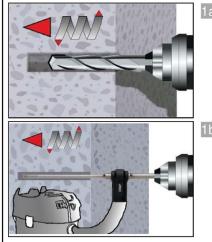
Intended Use

Parameter brushes, piston plugs, max anchorage depth and mixer extension



A) Bore hole drilling

Note: Before drilling, remove carbonated concrete and clean contact areas (see Annex B1) In case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar.



1a. Hammer (HD) or compressed air drilling (CD)

Drill a hole into the base material to the size and embedment depth required by the selected reinforcing bar. Proceed with Step B (MAC or CAC).

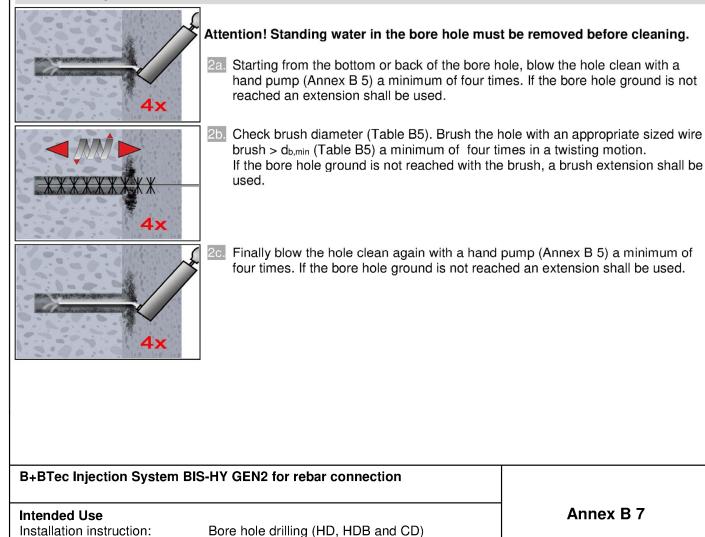
1b. Hollow drill bit system (HDB) (see Annex B 5) Drill a hole into the base material to the size and embedment depth required by

the selected reinforcing bar. This drilling system removes the dust and cleans the bore hole during drilling. Proceed with Step C.

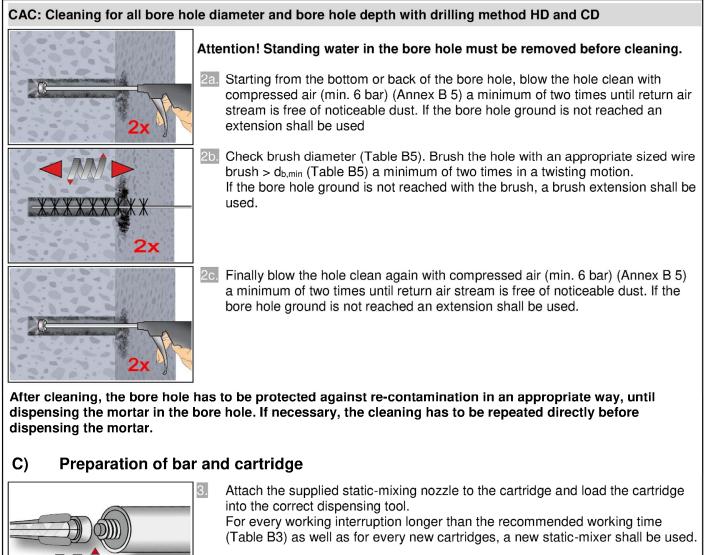
B) Bore hole cleaning (MAC or CAC)

MAC: Cleaning for bore hole diameter $d_0 \le 20$ mm and bore hole depth $h_0 \le 10d_s$

Bore hole cleaning







(Table D3) as well as for every new carringes, a new static-mixer shall be used.

3a. In case of using the mixer extension VL16/1,8, the tip of the mixer nozzle has to be cut off at position "X".

Prior to inserting the reinforcing bar into the filled bore hole, the position of the embedment depth shall be marked (e.g. with tape) on the reinforcing bar and insert bar in empty hole to verify hole and depth I_v .

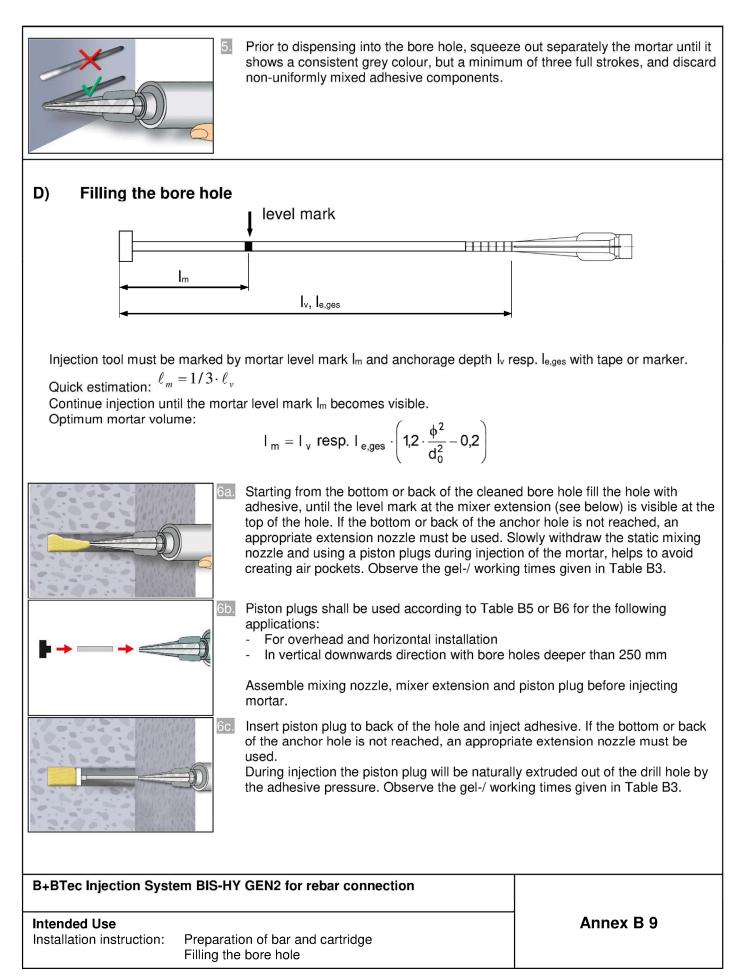
The reinforcing bar should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.

B+BTec Injection System BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar connection

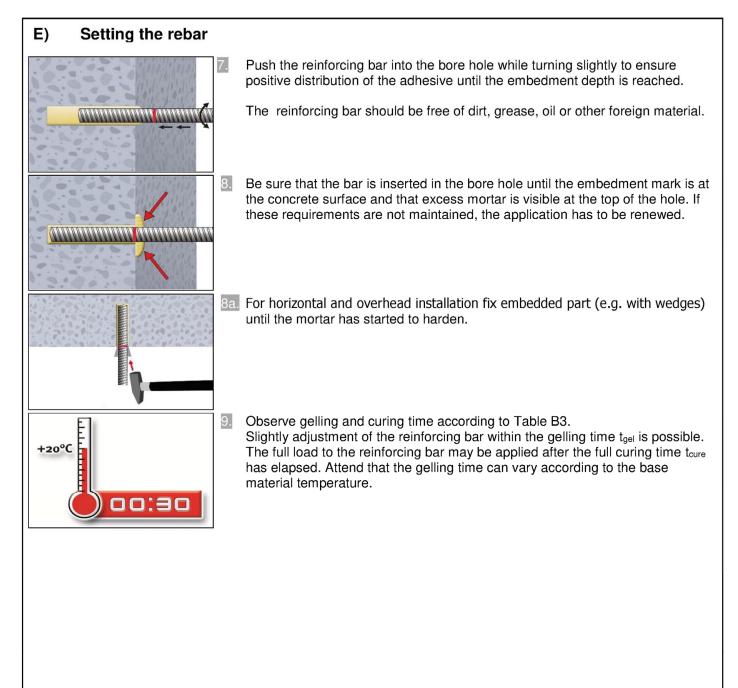
Intended Use Installation instruction: Bore hole cleaning Preparation of bar and cartridge

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B+BTec Injection System BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar connection

Intended Use

Installation instruction: Inserting rebar



Fension Anchor					M12	M16	M	20	M24
Steel, zinc plated (ZA	vz)								
Characteristic tension	resistance	N _{Rk,s}	[kN	1]	67	125	19	96	282
Partial factor							1,4		
Stainless Steel (ZA A	4 or ZA HCF	7)							
Characteristic tension	N _{Rk,s}	[kN	J]	67 125		17	'1	247	
Partial factor		γ _{Ms,N}	[-]]	1	,4	1,	3	1,4
Minimum anchor The minimum anchora (I _{b,min} acc. to Eq. 8.6 a αιb,100y according to ⁻ Table C2: Ampli	age length I and Eq. 8.7 Table C2. ification f	^{b,min} and the and I _{0,min} a	e minimu ucc. to Eq b = Q I b ,1	um lap leng q. 8.11) sha 100y relat e	gth I _{0,min} ac all be mult	cording to E iply by the a	N 1992-1- mplificatior	1:2004+AC n factor αι _b	:2010 =
worki	ing life 50) and 100) years				Δ	nplificatio	n faatar
Concrete class	s	Drillin	ng metho	bd	E	ar size		$\alpha_{\rm lb} = \alpha_{\rm lk}$	
C12/15 to C50/6	50	all drilli	ng metho	ods		n to 32 mm 2 to ZA-M24	4	1,0	
worki Rebar φ α 8 to 32 mm	ction fact ing life 50) and 100		1		thods;	C40/50	C45/55	C50/6
worki	ing life 50 C12/15 C C12/15 C C12	of the ultimang method	D years	C25/30 bond st d conditi	Iling me oncrete c C30/37 1,0 tress fbd ions; wo	thods; ass C35/45	d,PIR,100y II 50 and 1 concrete c	n N/mm² 100 years lasses, the	for all s rebar the value
worki	ing life 50 C12/15 C C12/15 C C12	of the ultimang method	D years	C25/30 C25/30 bond st d conditi d conditi	Iling me oncrete c C30/37 1,0 tress fbd ions; wo J/mm ² cor dition (for = 1,5 acco able C3	thods;	d,PIR,100y II 50 and 1 concrete c	n N/mm² 100 years lasses, the	for all s rebar the value
Worki Rebar \$\overline{\phi}\$ \$\overline{\phi}\$ 8 to 32 mm 8 to 32 mm 2A-M12 to ZA-M24 Table C4: Design drilling fbd,PIR fbd,PIR fbd,PIR fbd,PIR diameti by \$\eta_1\$ by \$\eta_1\$ Kb, kb,100	ing life 50 C12/15 C C12/15 C C12	of the ultimating method of the ultimating method	D years	Cc25/30 bond st d conditi stress in N bond cond l factor γ _c ording to Ta Cc	Iling me Display the second s	thods;	d,PIR,100y II 50 and 1 concrete c d condition 1992-1-1:2	n N/mm² 100 years lasses, the s multiply 2004+AC:2	for all s rebar the value 010.
Worki Rebar \$\overline{\phi}\$ \$\overline{\phi}\$ 8 to 32 mm 8 to 32 mm 2A-M12 to ZA-M24 Table C4: Design drilling fbd,PIR fbd,PIR fbd,PIR fbd,PIR diameti by \$\eta_1\$ by \$\eta_1\$ Kb, kb,100	ing life 50 C12/15 C C12/15 C C12	of the ultimating method of the ultimating method	D years	C25/30 C25/30 bond st d conditi d conditi	Iling me oncrete c C30/37 1,0 tress fbd ions; wo J/mm ² cor dition (for = 1,5 acco able C3	thods;	d,PIR,100y II 50 and 1 concrete c	n N/mm² 100 years lasses, the	S e rebar the value



Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length under seismic action

The minimum anchorage length $I_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $I_{0,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 ($I_{b,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.6 and Eq. 8.7 and $I_{0,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.11) shall be multiply by the amplification factor $\alpha_{Ib,seis} = \alpha_{Ib,seis,100y}$ according to Table C5.

Table C5: Amplification factor α_{lb,seis} = α_{lb,seis,100y} related to concrete class and drilling method; working life 50 and 100 years

Concrete class	Drilling method	Bar size	Amplification factor αlb,seis = αlb,seis,100y
C16/20 to C50/60	all drilling methods	10 mm to 32 mm	1,0

Table C6:Reduction factor kb,seis = kb,seis,100y for all drilling methods;
working life 50 and 100 years

Rebar	Concrete class								
φ	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
10 to 32 mm	No performance assessed				1	,0			

Table C7:Design values of the ultimate bond stress fbd,PIR,seis and fbd,PIR,seis,100y in N/mm²for all drilling methods and for good conditions; working life 50 and 100 yearsfbd,PIR,seis = kb,seis · fbd

 $f_{bd,PIR,seis,100y} = k_{b,seis,100y} \cdot f_{bd}$

with

 f_{bd} : Design value of the ultimate bond stress in N/mm² considering the concrete classes, the rebar diameter, the drilling method for good bond condition (for all other bond conditions multiply the values by $\eta_1 = 0.7$) and recommended partial factor $\gamma_c = 1,5$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010. k_{b,seis}, k_{b,seis}, 100y: Reduction factor according to Table C6

Rebar	Concrete class								
φ	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
10 to 32 mm	No performance assessed	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3

B+BTec Injection System BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar connection

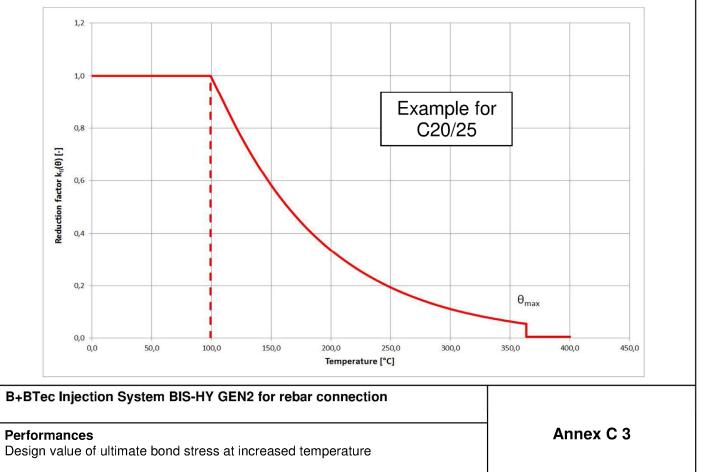
Performances Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length, Amplification factor, Reduction factor and Design values of ultimate bond stress under seismic action Annex C 2

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-	of the ultimate bond stress fbd,fi, fbd,fi,100y at increased temperature for ses C12/15 to C50/60, (all drilling methods); working life 50 and 100 years:
The design value	of the bond stress $f_{bd,fi}$ at increased temperature has to be calculated by the following equation:
-	0 years: $f_{bd,fi} = k_{fi}(\theta) \cdot f_{bd,PIR} \cdot \gamma_c / \gamma_{M,fi}$
	C: $k_{fi}(\theta) = 30,34 \cdot e^{(\theta \cdot -0,011)} / (f_{bd,PIR} \cdot 4,3) \le 1,0$
θ > 364°	C: $k_{fi}(\theta) = 0$
For working life 1	00 years: $f_{bd,fi,100y} = k_{fi,100y}(\theta) \cdot f_{bd,PIR,100y} \cdot \gamma_c / \gamma_{M,fi}$
with: $\theta \leq 364^{\circ}$	C: $k_{fi,100y}(\theta) = 30.34 \cdot e^{(\theta \cdot -0.011)} / (f_{bd,PIR,100y} \cdot 4.3) \le 1.0$
θ > 364°	C: $k_{fi,100y}(\theta) = 0$
fbd,fi, fbd,fi,100y	Design value of the ultimate bond stress at increased temperature in N/mm ²
θ	Temperature in °C in the mortar layer.
	Reduction factor at increased temperature. Design value of the bond stress $f_{bd,PIR} = f_{bd,PIR,100y}$ in N/mm ² in cold condition according to
fbd,PIR, fbd,PIR,100y	Table C4 considering the concrete classes, the rebar diameter, the drilling method and the bond conditions according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
γс	= 1,5, recommended partially safety factor according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
γM,fi	= 1,0, recommended partially safety factor according to EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008
	ncreased temperature the anchorage length shall be calculated according to 4+AC:2010 Equation 8.3 using the temperature-dependent design value of ultimate bond stress

Example graph of Reduction factor $k_{fi}(\theta)$ for concrete classes C20/25 for good bond conditions:



f_{bd,fi}.



Table C8:				stance for ter), according to E	ision anchor N 1992-4:2018	ZA under fire	e exposure
Tension Anch	or			M12	M16	M20	M24
Steel, zinc plate	ed (ZA vz)						
Characteristic tension resistance	R30	- N _{Rk,s,fi}	[kN]	2,3	4,0	6,3	9,0
	R60			1,7	3,0	4,7	6,8
	R90			1,5	2,6	4,1	5,9
	R120			1,1	2,0	3,1	4,5
Stainless Steel	(ZA A4 or Z	A HCR)					
Characteristic tension resistance	R30		[kN]	3,4	6,0	9,4	13,6
	R60			2,8	5,0	7,9	11,3
	R90	N _{Rk,s,fi}		2,3	4,0	6,3	9,0
	R120			1,8	3,2	5,0	7,2

B+BTec Injection System BIS-HY GEN2 for rebar connection

Performances

Characteristic tension resistance for tension anchor under fire exposure

Annex C 4