



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-21/0171 of 4 March 2021

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection

Systems for post-installed rebar connections with mortar

TEAM PRO INTERNATIONAL FZ-LLC Office No 1006A, Bldg No A2 PO BOX 41010, RAK Vereinigte Arabische Emirate

Team Pro Plant, Germany

22 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

EAD 330087-00-0601, Edition 05/2018

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Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this European Technical Assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "Team Pro Injection System TP E SD+ for rebar connection" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter ϕ from 8 to 40 mm or the tension anchor from sizes M12 to M24 according to Annex A and injection mortar TP E SD+ are used for rebar connections. The rebar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between rebar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the rebar connection of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance under static and quasi-static loading	See Annex C 1

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Class A1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C 2 and C 3

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330087-00-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system(s) to be applied is (are): 1



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5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 4 March 2021 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Dipl.-Ing. Beatrix Wittstock Referatsleiterin *beglaubigt:* Baderschneider

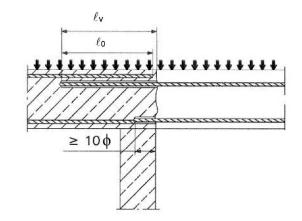
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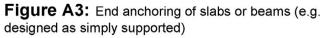
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Installation post installed rebar

Figure A1: Overlapping joint for rebar connections of slabs and beams





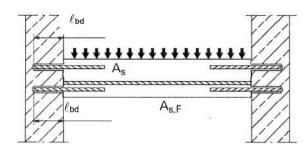


Figure A2: Overlapping joint at a foundation of a wall or column where the rebars are stressed in tension

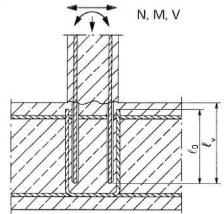
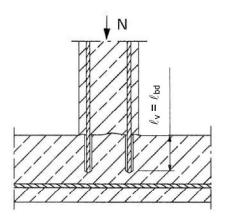


Figure A4: Rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression. The rebars sre stressed in compression



Note to Figure A1 to A5:

In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

Preparing of joints according to Annex B 2

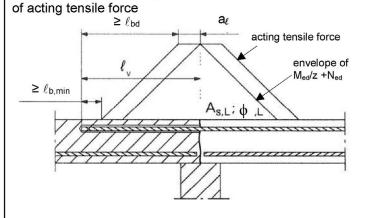


Figure A5: Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the line

Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection

Product description Installed condition and examples of use for rebars

Annex A 1

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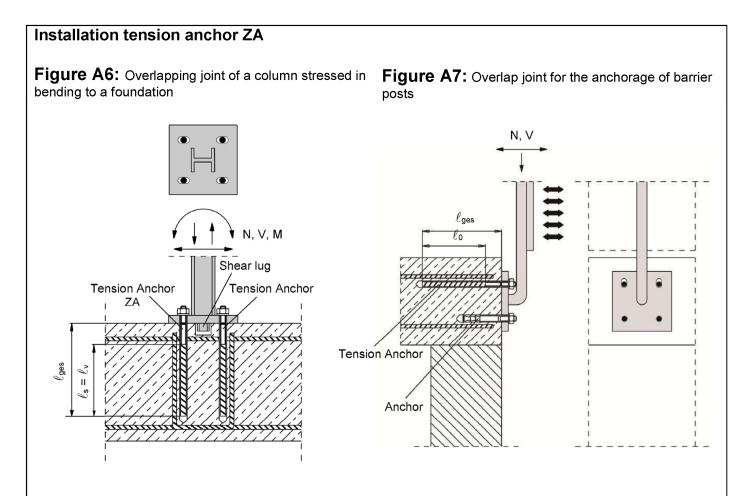
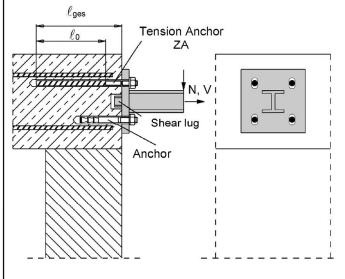


Figure A8: Overlap joint for the anchorage to centilever members



Note to Figure A6 to A8:

In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1:2002+AC:2010

Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection

Product description Installed condition and examples of use for tension anchors ZA Annex A 2

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Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+:	
hazard-code, c	D+, es, charge-code, shelf life, uring- and processing time the temperature), Optional with
Static Mixer	
Piston plug and mixer extension	
Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8, ø10, ø12, ø14, ø16, ø20, ø22, ø24, ø25	, ø28, ø32, ø34, ø36, ø40
Tension Anchor ZA: M12 to M24	
0065300000000000	
Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection	
Product description Injection mortar / Static mixer / Rebar / Tension Anchor ZA	Annex A 3

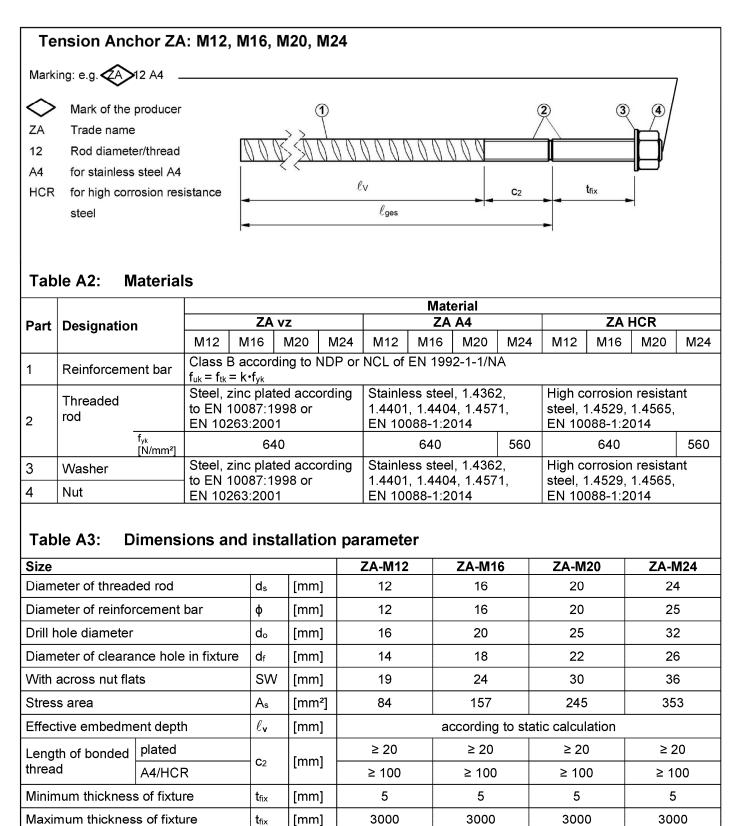


+AC:2010
+AC:2010
ods class B or C NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA

Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection

Product description Materials Rebar Annex A 4





50

100

Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection

T_{max}

[Nm]

Product description Specifications Tension Anchor ZA

Maximum installation torque

Annex A 5

150

150

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Specifications of intended use

Anchorages subject to:

- Static and guasi-static loads.
- Fire exposure

Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206:2013 + A1:2016.
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206:2013 + A1:2016.
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206:2013 + A1:2016.
- · Non-carbonated concrete.

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of ϕ + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar.

The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Temperature Range:

• - 40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max long term temperature +50°C).

Use conditions (Environmental conditions) with tension anchor ZA:

• Structures subject to dry internal conditions or subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist

(stainless steel or high corrosion resistant steel).

• Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure and to permanently damp internal condition, if other particular aggressive conditions exist (high corrosion resistant steel).

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008 and Annex B 2 and B 3.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

Installation:

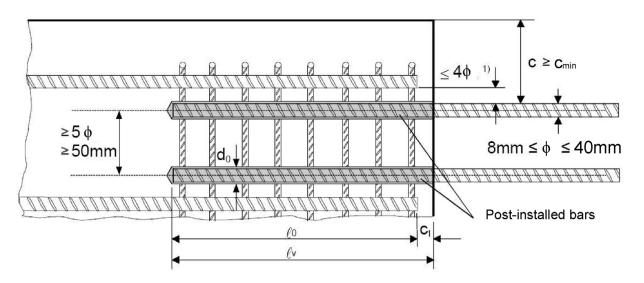
- Dry or wet concrete.
- · It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Hole drilling by hammer drill (HD), hollow drill (HDB), diamond drill (DD) or compressed air drill (CD).
- The installation of post-installed rebar resp. tension anchors shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection	
Intended use Specifications	Annex B 1



Figure B1: General construction rules for post-installed rebars

- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



¹⁾ If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4φ, then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4φ.

The following applies to Figure B1:

- c concrete cover of post-installed rebar
- c₁ concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- c_{min} minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
 diameter of post-installed rebar
- ℓ_0 lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- ℓ_v effective embedment depth, $\geq \ell_0 + c_1$
- d₀ nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 4

Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection

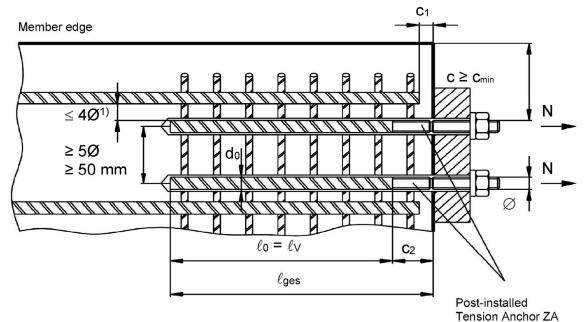
Intended use General construction rules for post-installed rebars Annex B 2

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Figure B2: General construction rules for tension anchors ZA

- The length of the bonded-in thread may be not be accounted as anchorage
- Only tension forces in the direction of the bar axis may be transmitted by the tension anchor ZA
- The tension force must be transferred via an overlap joint to the reinforcement in the building part.
- The transfer of shear forces shall be ensured by appropriate additional measures, e.g shear lugs or by anchors with an European technical assessment.
- In the anchor plate, the holes for the tension anchors shall be executed as elongated holes with axis in the direction of the shear force.



 If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4φ, then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4φ.

The following applies to Figure B2:

- c concrete cover of tension anchor ZA
- c1 concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- c₂ Length of bonded thread
- c_{min} minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
- φ diameter of tension anchor
- $\dot{\ell}_0$ lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- ℓ_v effective embedment depth, $\geq \ell_0 + c_1$
- ℓ_{ges} overall embedment depth, $\geq \ell_0 + c_2$
- d₀ nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 4

Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection

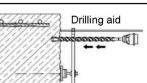
Intended use

General construction rules for tension anchors

Annex B 3



Table B1: Minimum concrete cover min c1) of
post-installed rebar and tension anchor ZA
depending of drilling method



			L)		
Drilling method	Rebar diameter	With drilling aid			
Hammer drilling (HD)	< 25 mm	30 mm + 0,06 · $ℓ_v$ ≥ 2 φ	$30 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot \ell_{v} \ge 2 \phi$		
Hollow drilling (HDB)	≥ 25 mm	40 mm + 0,06 · ℓ_{v} ≥ 2 ϕ	$40 \text{ mm} + 0.02 \cdot \ell_{v} \ge 2 \phi$		
Diamond drilling (DD)	< 25 mm	Drill rig used as drilling aid	30 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v ≥ 2 φ		
	≥ 25 mm	Drin ng used as drining aid	40 mm + 0,02 · ℓ_{v} ≥ 2 ϕ		
Comprosed oir drilling (CD)	Compressed air drilling (CD) ≥ 25 mm		50 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v		
			60 mm + 0,02 · ℓ _v		

¹⁾ see Annex B 2, Figure B1 and Annex B 3, Figure B2

Comments: The minimum concrete cover acc. EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed

Table B2: maximum embedment depth *l*v,max

Rebar	Tension anchor	HD / CD / DD	HDB
φ	φ	$\ell_{ m v,max}$ [mm]	ℓ _{v,max} [mm]
8 mm		800	800
10 mm		1000	1000
12 mm	ZA-M12	1200	1000
14 mm		1400	1000
16 mm	ZA-M16	1600	1000
20 mm	ZA-M20	2000	1000
22 mm		2000	1000
24 mm		2000	1000
25 mm	ZA-M24	2000	1000
28 mm		2000	1000
32 mm		2000	1000
34 mm		2000	-
36 mm		2000	-
40 mm		2000	-

Table B3: Base material temperature, gelling time and curing time

Concrete temperature	Gelling- / working time ¹⁾	Minimum curing time in dry concrete	Minimum curing time in wet concrete						
	t _{gel}	t _{cure,dry}	t _{cure,wet}						
+ 5 °C to + 9°C	80 min	48 h	96 h						
+ 10 °C to + 14°C	60 min	28 h	56 h						
+ 15 °C to + 19°C	40 min	18 h	36 h						
+ 20 °C to + 24°C	30 min	12 h	24 h						
+ 25 °C to + 34°C	12 min	9 h	18 h						
+ 35 °C to + 39°C	8 min	6 h	12 h						
+40 °C	8 min	4 h	8 h						
Cartridge temperature		+5°C to +40°C							

¹⁾ t_{gel}: maximum time from starting of mortar injection to completing of rebar setting.

Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection

Intended use Minimum concrete cover Maximum embedment depth Annex B 4



Table B4: Dispensi	ng tools								
Cartridge type/size	Hai	nd tool	Pneumatic tool						
Side-by-side cartridges 440, 585 ml									
	e.g. SA 296C585	e.g. Typ H 244 C	e.g. Typ TS 444 KX						
Side-by-side cartridges 1400 ml	-	-	e.g. Typ TS 471						
Cleaning and installation tools									
HDB – Hollow drill bit system The hollow drill bit system contains the Heller Duster Expert hollow drill bit and a class M vacuum with minimum negative pressure of 253 hPa and flow rate of minimum 150 m³/h (42 l/s). Brush RB: L SDS Plus Adapter:									
		d _b							
Brush extension:									
Rec. compressed a hand slide valve (m									
Team Pro Injection sy	stem TP E SD+ for reba	ar connection							
Intended Use Dispensing, cleaning and	installation tools		Annex B 5						

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Table B5:Brushes, piston plugs, max anchorage depth and mixer extension, hammer (HD), diamond (DD) and compressed air (CD) drilling															
Bar size	Tension anchor		Drill bit - ƙ		d		d _{b,min} min. Brush -	Piston	Hand	artridge: 440 or battery tool		585 ml matic tool		ge: 1400 ml matic tool	
ф	ф	HD	DD	CD	Brus	h - Ø	Ø			Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	
[mm]	[mm]		_	m]		[mm]			[mm]		[mm]		[mm]		
8	-	1	0	-	RB10	11,5	10,5	-	250	-	250	-	250		
	-	1	2	-	RB12	13.5	12,5	-	700	-	800	-		800	VL10/0,75
10	-					,-	,.		250	-	250	-	250	or	
	-	1	4	-	RB14	15,5	14,5	VS14	700 250	-	1000 250	-	1000 250	VL16/1,8	
12	ZA-M12		16		RB16	17.5	16,5	VS16	250		250		1200		
14	_		18		RB18		18,5	VS18	700	VL10/0,75	1300		1400		
16	ZA-M16		20		RB20		20,5	VS20		or		VL10/0,75	1600		
		2	5	-	RB25		25,5	VS25		VL16/1,8		or VL16/1,8			
20	ZA-M20		-	26	RB26	28,0	26,5	VS25							
22	-		28		RB28	30,0	28,5	VS28	VS28					VL16/1,8	
24/25	ZA-M24		32		RB32	34,0	32,5	VS32	500					VL10/1,0	
28	_		35		RB35	37,0	35,5	VS35	-	VS35		1000		2000	
32/34	-		40		RB40	43,5	40,5	VS40							
36	-		45		RB45	47,0	45,5	VS45							
40	_	-	52	-	RB52		52,5	VS52	-	-					
	_	55	-	55	RB55	58,0	55,5	VS55							

Table B6: Brushes, piston plugs, max anchorage depth and mixer extension, hammer drilling with hollow drill bit system (HDB)

		•			-	•	•									
		Drill		d _{b,min}		Ca	Cartridge: 440 ml or 585 ml			Cartrid	ge: 1400 ml					
Bar size	Tension anchor	bit - Ø	d₅ Brush - Ø	Brusn -		Hand or battery tool		Pneu	matic tool	Pneumatic tool						
ф	φ	HDB		Ø	plug	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension					
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]				[mm]		[mm]		[mm]						
8	-	10			-	250		250		250						
0	-	12			-	700		800		800						
10	-	12			-	250		250	250							
	-	14		VS14	700		1000		1000							
12	ZA-M12	14	No cleaning	No cleaning						V314	250		250		250	
12		16			No cleaning			VL10/0,75		VL10/0,75		VL10/0,75				
14	-	18	required	required VS18 700	700	or		or		or						
16	ZA-M16	20			VS20		VL16/1,8		VL16/1,8		VL16/1,8					
20	ZA-M20	25			VS25			1000		1000						
22	-	28		-				1000		1000						
24/25	ZA-M24	32		VS32	500											
28	-	35		VS35												
32/34	-	40			VS40											

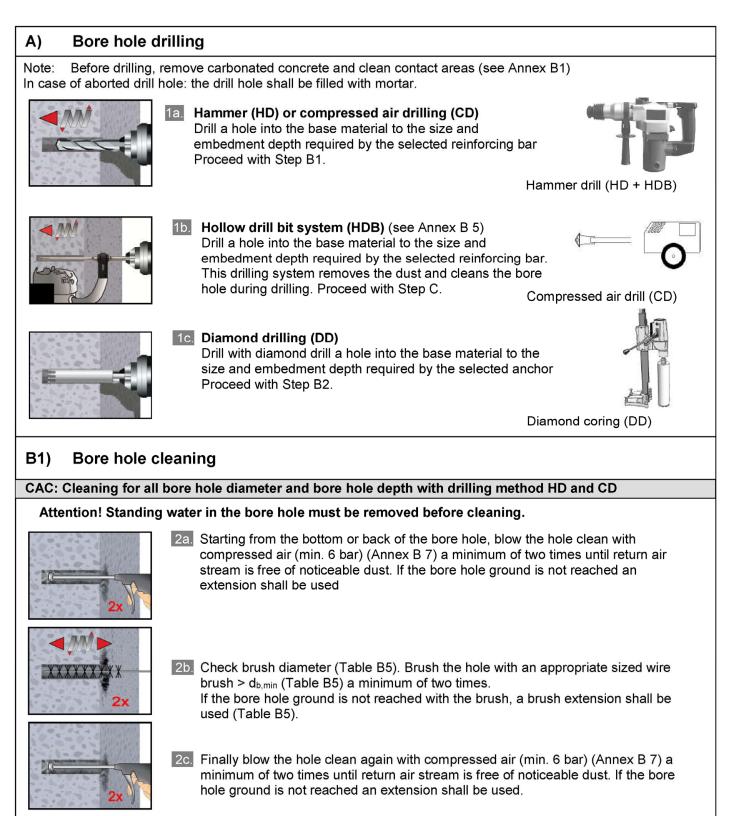
Intended use

Annex B 6

Installation tools

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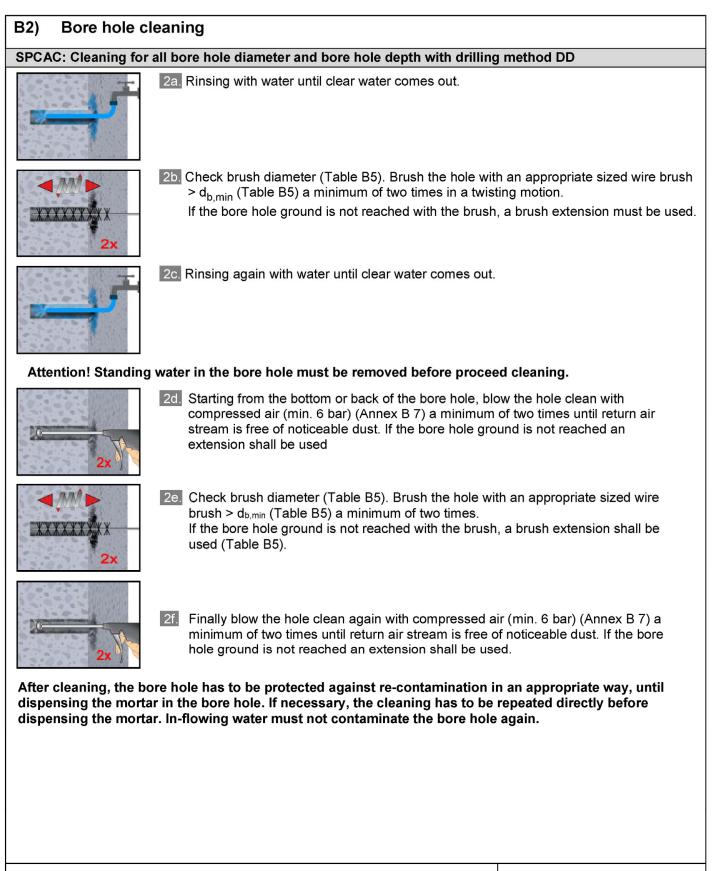




After cleaning, the bore hole has to be protected against re-contamination in an appropriate way, until dispensing the mortar in the bore hole. If necessary, the cleaning has to be repeated directly before dispensing the mortar. In-flowing water must not contaminate the bore hole again.

Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection	
Intended use Installation instruction: Bore hole drilling and cleaning (HD, HDB and CD)	Annex B 7

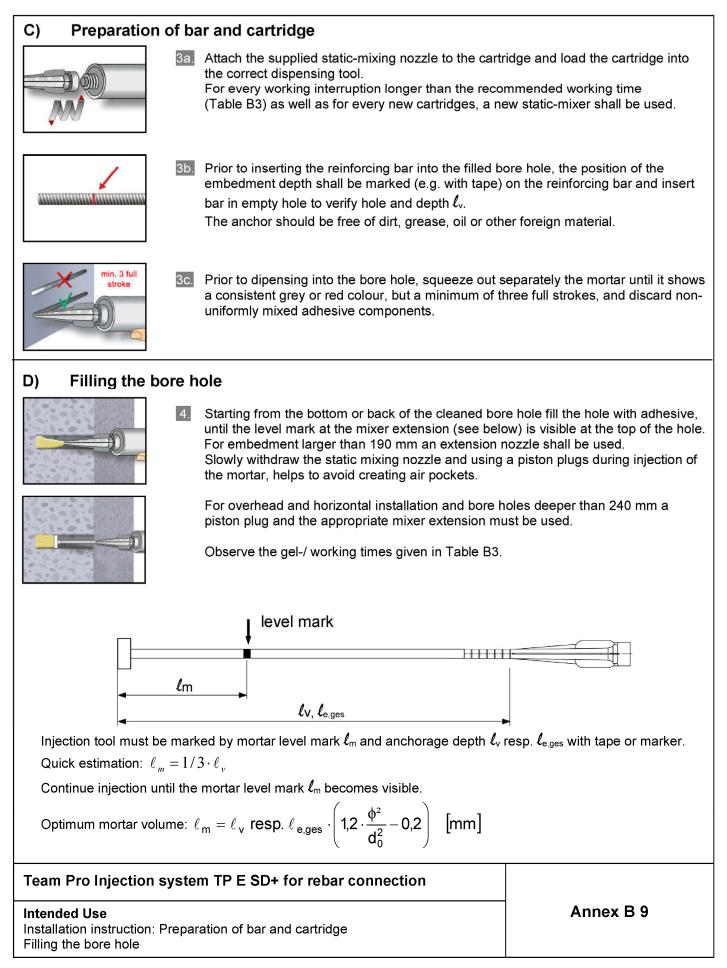




Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection

Intended use Installation instruction: Bore hole drilling and cleaning (DD) Annex B 8

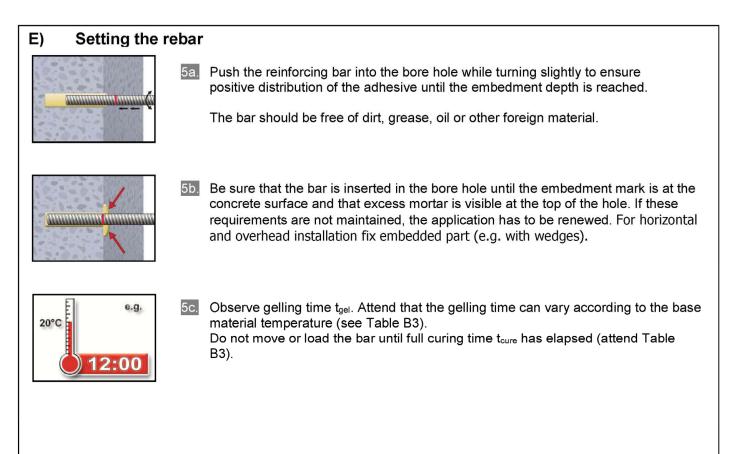




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Team Pro Injection system TP E SD+ for rebar connection

Intended Use Installation instruction: Inserting rebar Annex B 10



Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length

The minimum anchorage length $\ell_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $\ell_{0,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 ($\ell_{b,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.6 and Eq. 8.7 and $\ell_{0,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.11) shall be multiply by the amplification factor α_{Ib} according to Table C1.

Table C1: Amplification factor α_{lb} related to concrete class and drilling method

Concrete class	Drilling method	Bar size	Amplification factor α_{lb}
C12/15 to C50/60	all drilling methods	8 mm to 40 mm ZA-M12 to ZA-M24	1,0

Table C2: Reduction factor kb for all drilling methods

Rebar	Concrete class								
φ	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
8 to 40 mm					1.0				
ZA-M12 to ZA-M24					.,•				

Table C3: Design values of the ultimate bond stress fbd,PIR in N/mm² for all drilling methods and for good conditions

 $\mathbf{f}_{bd,PIR} = \mathbf{k}_b \cdot \mathbf{f}_{bd}$

with

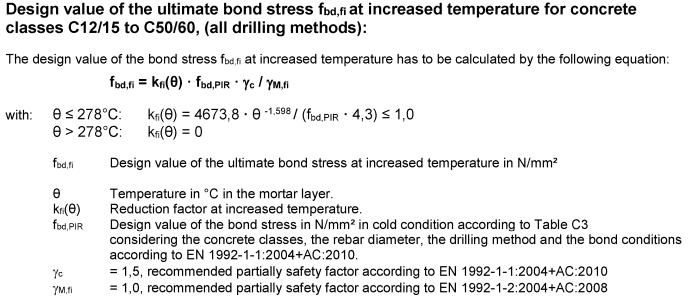
 f_{bd} : Design value of the ultimate bond stress in N/mm² considering the concrete classes, the rebar diameter, the drilling method for good bond condition (for all other bond conditions multiply the values by $\eta_1 = 0.7$) and recommended partial factor $\gamma_c = 1,5$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010. k_b: Reduction factor according to Table C2

Rebar	Concrete class								
ф	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
8 to 32 mm ZA-M12 to ZA-M24	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3
34 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,9	4,2
36 mm	1,5	1,9	2,2	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,8	4,1
40 mm	1,5	1,8	2,1	2,5	2,8	3,1	3,4	3,7	4,0

 Performances
 Annex C 1

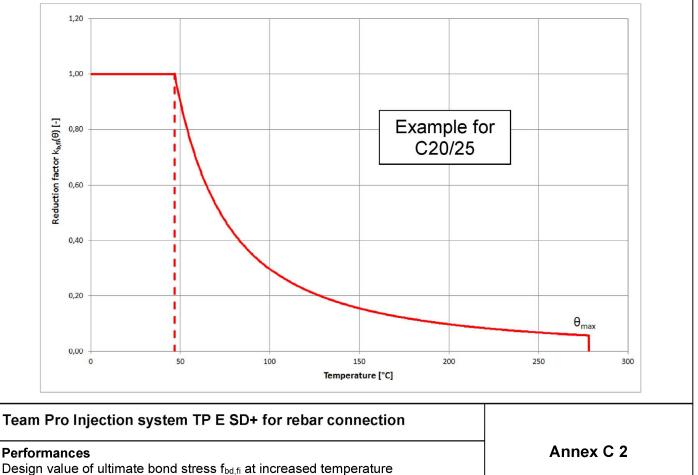
 Amplification factor α_{Ib}, Reduction factor k_b
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For evidence at increased temperature the anchorage length shall be calculated according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 Equation 8.3 using the temperature-dependent design value of ultimate bond stress $f_{bd,fi}$.

Example graph of Reduction factor $k_{\rm fi}(\theta)$ for concrete classes C20/25 for good bond conditions:



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				-	ion anchor Z echnical Report		exposure,			
Tension Anchor	•			M12	M16	M20	M24			
Steel, zinc plated	(ZA vz)				·	•				
Characteristic	R30	σ _{Rk,s,fi}	[N/mm²] —	20						
	R60			15						
steel strength	R90			13						
	R120				1	0				
Stainless Steel (Z	ZA A4 or Z	A HCR)								
	R30			30						
Characteristic	R60	σ _{Rk,s,fi}	[N/mm²] —	25						
steel strength	R90			20						
	R120			16						
The design value $\sigma_{Rd,s,fi} = 0$ with: $\sigma_{Rk,s,fi}$ $\gamma_{M,fi}$	σ _{Rk,s,fi} / γ _{M,} cha	n aracteristic s	steel strength	according to T			g equation:			
Team Pro Injeo Performances	ction sys	tem TP E	SD+ for reb	ar connectio	n	Anne	« C 3			
Design value of t exposure	he steel st	rength $\sigma_{ ext{Rd}, ext{s}}$,fi for tension a	anchor ZA und	er fire					