

Approval body for construction products  
and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and  
Laender Governments



## European Technical Assessment

ETA-15/0027  
of 20 September 2022

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

### General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the  
European Technical Assessment:

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Trade name of the construction product

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

Product family  
to which the construction product belongs

Plastic anchor for redundant non-structural systems in  
concrete and masonry

Manufacturer

EJOT SE & Co. KG  
Astenbergstraße 21  
57319 Bad Berleburg  
DEUTSCHLAND

Manufacturing plant

manufacturing plant EJOT 1, 2, 3 und 4

This European Technical Assessment  
contains

15 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part  
of this assessment

This European Technical Assessment is  
issued in accordance with Regulation (EU)  
No 305/2011, on the basis of

EAD 330284-00-0604 edition 12/2020

This version replaces

ETA-15/0027 issued on 30 January 2015

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## Specific part

### 1 Technical description of the product

The frame fixing EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A is a plastic anchor consisting of a plastic sleeve made of polyamide and an accompanying specific screw of galvanised steel, of galvanised steel with additional organic coating or of stainless steel.

The plastic sleeve is expanded by screwing in the specific screw which presses the sleeve against the wall of the drilled hole.

The product description is given in Annex A.

### 2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the anchors of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

### 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

#### 3.1 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Class A1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C 1

#### 3.2 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 4)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Resistance to steel failure under tension loading	See Annex C 1
Resistance to steel failure under shear loading	See Annex C 1
Resistance to pull-out or concrete failure under tension loading (base material group a)	See Annex C 1
Resistance in any load direction without lever arm (base material group b, c, d)	See Annexes C 2 and C 3
Edge distance and spacing (base material group a)	See Annex B 2
Edge distance and spacing (base material group b, c, d)	See Annex B 3 and B 4
Displacements under short-term and long-term loading	See Annex C 1 and C 3
Durability	See Annex B 1

English translation prepared by DIBt

**4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base**

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD 330284-00-0604 the applicable European legal act is: 97/463/EC.

The system to be applied is: 2+

**5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD**

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

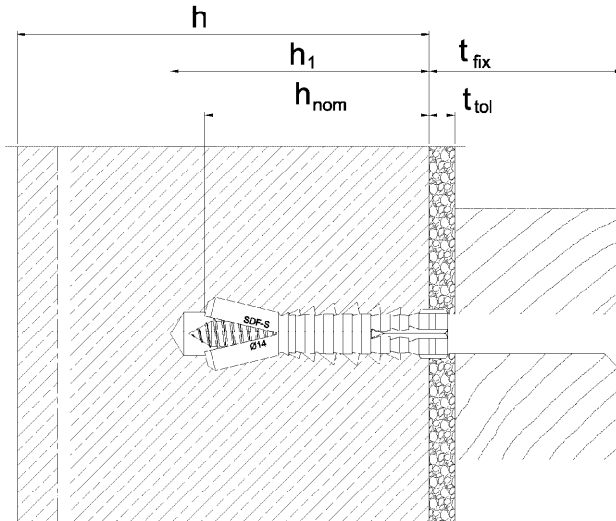
Issued in Berlin on 20 September 2022 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Dipl.-Ing. Beatrix Wittstock  
Head of Section

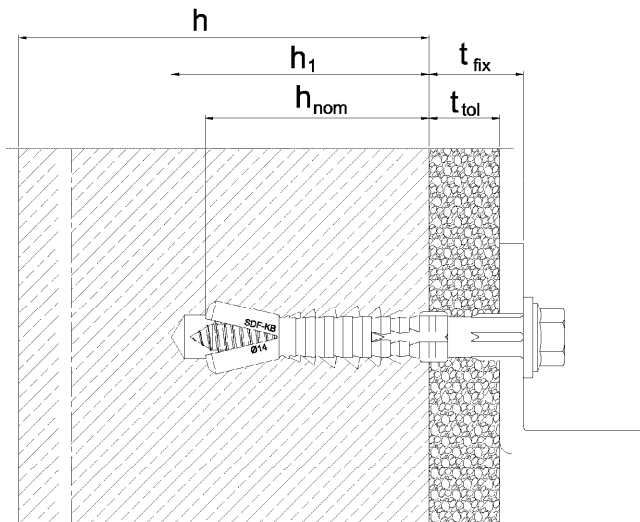
*beglaubigt:*  
Ziegler

**Intended use**

Anchorage in concrete, solid-bricks, hollow-bricks and autoclaved aerated concrete



Picture 1: Intended use: screw head-type: countersunk (S)



Picture 2: Intended use: screw head-type: hexagon head with collar (KB)

**Legend**

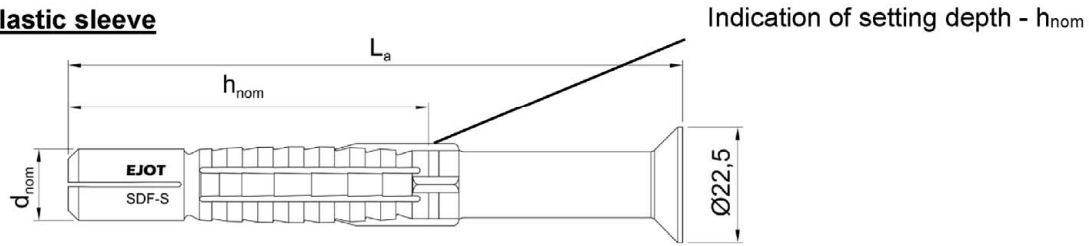
- $h$  = Thickness of member
- $h_1$  = Depth of drilled hole to deepest point
- $h_{nom}$  = Overall plastic anchor embedment depth in base material
- $t_{toi}$  = Thickness of equalizing layer or non-load bearing coating
- $t_{fix}$  =  $t_{toi}$  + Thickness of fixture

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

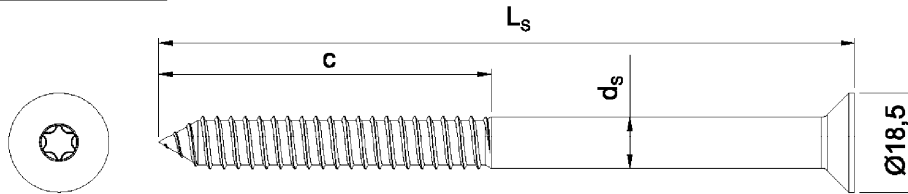
**Product description**  
Installed condition

**Annex A 1**

**Plastic sleeve**



**Special screw**



**Picture 1: type of anchor: countersunk (S)**

Anchor marking:

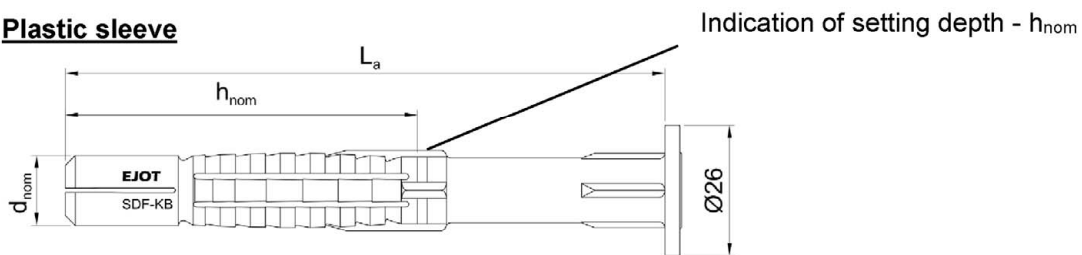
manufacturer, anchor type incl. Head type, diameter, length (at the anchor tip)

example: EJOT SDF-S-14A x 100

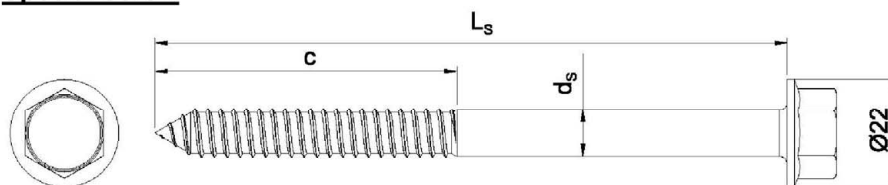
screw marking:

length of anchor (e.g. 100)

**Plastic sleeve**



**Special screw**



**Picture 2: Type of anchor: collar with flange (KB)**

Anchor marking:

manufacturer, anchor type incl. Head type, diameter, length (at the anchor tip)

example: EJOT SDF-KB-14A x 100

screw marking:

length of anchor (e.g. 100)

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

**Product description**

Anchor types, marking of anchor sleeve and specific screw

**Annex A 2**



## Specifications of intended use

### Anchorage subject to:

- Static and quasi-static loads.
- Redundant non-structural systems

### Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced compacted normal weight concrete without fibres with strength classes  $\geq$  C12/15 (base material group a), in accordance with EN 206:2013+A1:2016, Annex C 2
- Solid brick masonry (base material group b), according to Annex C 2.  
Note: The characteristic resistance is also valid for larger brick sizes and larger compressive strength of the masonry unit.
- Hollow brick masonry (base material group c), according to Annex C 2.
- Autoclaved aerated concrete (base material group d), according to Annex C 3.
- Mortar strength class of the masonry  $\geq$  M2,5 at minimum according to EN 998-2:2010.
- For other base materials of the (base material group a, b, c and d) the characteristic resistance of the anchor may be determined by job site tests accordance with TR 051:2018-04.

### Temperature Range:

- c: -20°C to 50°C (max. short term temperature + 50°C and max long term temperature +30°C )
- b: -20°C to 80°C (max. short term temperature + 80°C and max long term temperature +50°C )

### Use conditions (Environmental conditions):

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions (zinc coated steel, stainless steel).
- The specific screw made of galvanized steel may also be used in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, if the area of the head of the screw is protected against moisture and driving rain after mounting of the fixing unit in this way, that intrusion of moisture into the anchor shaft is prevented. Therefor there shall be an external cladding or a ventilated rainscreen mounted in front of the head of the screw and the head of the screw itself shall be coated with a soft plastic, permanently elastic bitumen-oil-combination coating (e. g. undercoating or body cavity protection for cars).
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel).
- Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

### Design:

- The anchorages are designed in accordance with TR 064:2018-05 under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and masonry work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings shall be prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings

### Installation:

- Hole drilling by the drill modes according to Annex C for base material group a,b,c and d.
- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site.
- Installation temperature from -10°C to +40°C
- Exposure to UV due to solar radiation of the anchor not protected  $\leq$  6 weeks
- No ingress of water in the borehole at temperatures  $< 0$  °C.

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

Intended use  
Specifications

Annex B 1



**Table B2.1: Installation parameters**

Anchor type	SDF-KB-14A SDF-S-14A	
Base material group <sup>1)</sup>	a,b,c,d	
Drill hole diameter	$d_0$ [mm]	= 14
Cutting diameter of drill bit	$d_{cut}$ [mm]	≤ 14,45
Depth of the drill hole to deepest point	$h_1$ [mm]	≥ 85
Overall plastic anchor embedment depth <sup>2)</sup>	$h_{nom}$ [mm]	≥ 70
Diameter of the clearance hole in the fixture	$d_f$ [mm]	≤ 15,4
Thickness of fixture	$t_{fix}$ [mm]	≥ 10
minimum temperature during installation process	[°C]	-20
Temperature range (c)	[°C]	30 - 50
Temperature range (b)	[°C]	50 - 80

1) Base material group: a = concrete, b = solid masonry, c = hollow or perforated masonry, d = autoclaved aerated concrete

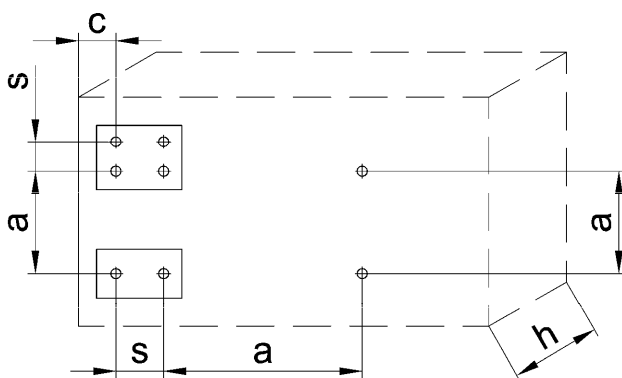
2) For masonry of hollow or perforated brick the influence  $h_{nom} > 70$  mm has to be determined by job-site tests in accordance with TR 051:2018-04.

**Table B2.2: Minimum member thickness, spacing and edge distance in concrete (base material group a)**

Compressive strength of concrete	Minimum member thickness $h_{min}$ [mm]	Characteristic edge distance $c_{cr,N}$ [mm]	Characteristic spacing $a$ [mm]	Minimum spacing $c_{min}$ [mm]	Minimum edge distance $s_{min}$ [mm]
≥ C12/15	130	140	135	140	110
≥ C16/20	130	100	120	100	80

Fixing points with a spacing  $\leq a$  are considered as a group with maximum characteristic resistance  $N_{Rk,p}$  according to Table C1.3. For a spacing  $> a$  the anchors are always considered as single anchors, each with a characteristic resistance  $N_{Rk,p}$  according to Table C1.3.

**Scheme of spacing and edge distances in concrete**



h = member thickness  
c = edge distance  
a = spacing  
s = spacing within an anchor group

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

Intended use

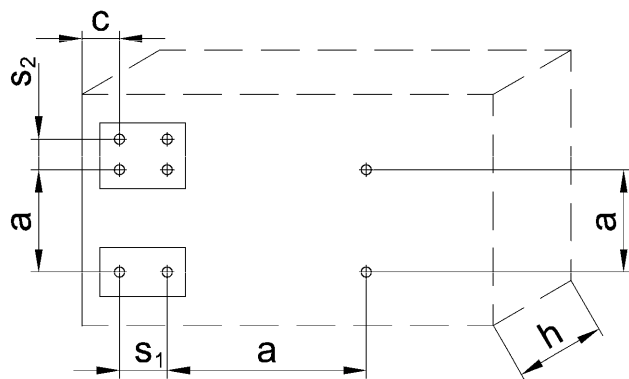
Installation parameters, member thickness, spacing and edge distance in concrete

**Annex B 2**

**Table B3.1: Minimum member thickness, spacing and edge distance in masonry  
(base material group b and c)**

Base Material	Minimum thickness of member $h_{min}$ [mm]	Single Anchor		Anchor Group		
		Minimum edge distance $c_{min}$ [mm]	Minimum spacing $a$ [mm]	Minimum edge distance $c_{min}$ [mm]	Minimum spacing $s_{1,min}$ [mm]	Minimum spacing $s_{2,min}$ [mm]
<b>solid masonry</b>						
<b>771 1-001 Mz</b>	115	120	250	120	120	120
<b>771 2-009 KS</b>	115	120	250	120	120	120
<b>771 2-002 KS</b>	240	125	250	125	120	120
<b>771 3-006 V</b>	175	120	250	120	120	120
<b>hollow masonry</b>						
<b>771 1-002 Hz</b>	115	120	250	120	120	120
<b>771 2-003 KSL</b>	239	100	250	100	80	80
<b>771 3-005 Hbl</b>	175	100	250	100	80	250

**Scheme of spacing and edge distances in masonry**



- $h$  = member thickness
- $c$  = edge distance
- $a$  = spacing
- $s_1$  = spacing (perpendicular to free edge) within an anchor group
- $s_2$  = spacing (parallel to free edge) within an anchor group

**EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A**

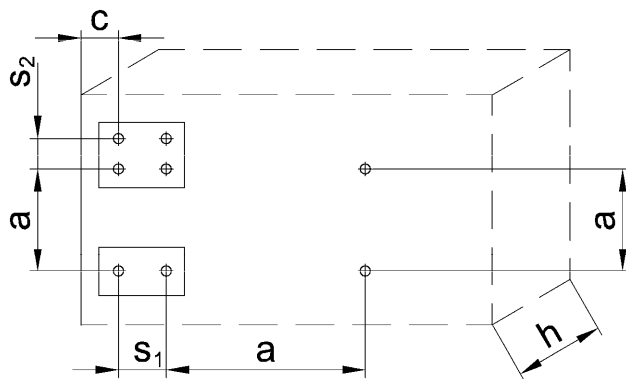
**Intended use**  
Member thickness, spacing and edge distance in masonry

**Annex B 3**

**Table B4.1: Minimum distances and dimensions in autoclaved aerated concrete (base material group d)**

Autoclaved aerated concrete			$f_{ck} \geq 2 \text{ N/mm}^2$	$f_{ck} \geq 4 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Nominal embedment depth	$h_{nom}$	[mm]	70	70
<b>Single anchor</b>				
Minimum thickness of member	$h_{min}$	[mm]	175	300
Minimum edge distance	$c_{min}$	[mm]	100	100
Minimum spacing	$s_{min}$	[mm]	250	250
<b>Anchor Group</b>				
Minimum thickness of member	$h_{min}$	[mm]	300	300
Minimum edge distance	$c_{1,min}$	[mm]	100	120
Minimum edge distance (perpendicular to $c_{1,min}$ )	$c_{2,min}$	[mm]	120	150
Minimum spacing (perpendicular to free edge)	$s_{1,min}$	[mm]	80	100
Minimum spacing parallel to free edge	$s_{2,min}$	[mm]	100	120

**Scheme of spacing and edge distances in autoclaved aerated concrete**



- $h$  = member thickness
- $c$  = edge distance
- $a$  = spacing
- $s_1$  = spacing (perpendicular to free edge) within an anchor group
- $s_2$  = spacing (parallel to free edge) within an anchor group

**EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A**

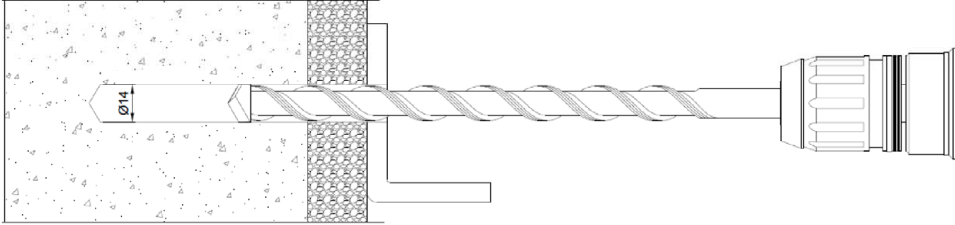
**Intended use**  
Member thickness, spacing and edge distance in autoclaved aerated concrete

**Annex B 4**

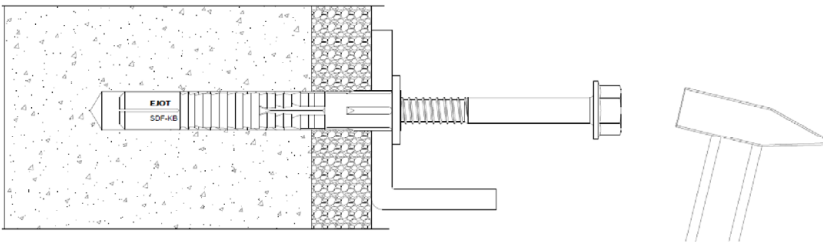
### Installation instructions

(the following pictures show fixing through metal growing part exemplary)

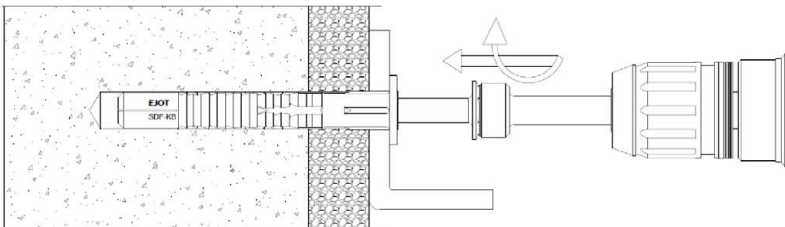
1. Drill the bore hole  $\varnothing$  14 mm using the drill method described in the corresponding Annex C



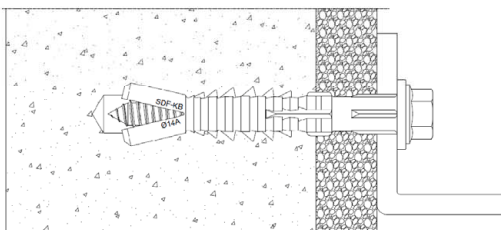
2. Clean the bore hole.  
Insert assembly group of anchor (screw and sleeve) using a hammer, until the plastic sleeve is flush with surface of fixture



3. The screw is screwed –in until the head of the screw touches the plastic sleeve.



4. Correctly installed anchor



EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

Intended use  
Installation instructions

Annex B 5

**Table C1.1: Characteristic resistance of the screw**

Failure of expansion element (special screw)		SDF-14A	
		Galvanized steel	Stainless steel
Characteristic tension resistance	$N_{Rk,s}$ [kN]	43,3	50,7
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	1,5	1,87
Characteristic shear resistance	$V_{Rk,s}$ [kN]	21,7	25,3
Characteristic bending resistance	$M_{Rk,s}$ [Nm]	62,5	72,9
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	1,25	1,56

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations

**Table C1.2: Displacements<sup>1)2)</sup> under tension and shear loading in concrete, solid- and hollow masonry**

Anchor Type	Tension or shear load	Displacements under tension load		Displacements under shear load	
		$\delta_{N0}$ [mm]	$\delta_{N\infty}$ [mm]	$\delta_{V0}$ [mm]	$\delta_{V\infty}$ [mm]
SDF-14A	$F = N = V$ [kN]				
	3,4	0,71	0,84	2,42	3,63

<sup>1)</sup> Valid for all ranges of temperatures (b and c)

<sup>2)</sup> Intermediate values by linear interpolation

**Table C1.3: Characteristic resistance for use in concrete**

Pull-out failure	Characteristic resistance
<b>Concrete <math>\geq</math> C12/15</b>	
Characteristic resistance	$N_{Rk,p}$ <sup>2)3)</sup> [kN]
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}$ <sup>1)</sup>
	<b>8,5</b>
	<b>1,8</b>

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations

<sup>2)</sup> Valid for all ranges of temperatures (c and b)

<sup>3)</sup> Hammer drilling

**Table C1.4: Values under fire exposure in concrete C20/25 to C50/60 in each load direction, no permanent centric tension load and without lever arm, fastening of facade systems (Fire resistance class R 90)**

Characteristic tension resistance $F_{Rk,fi,90}$ [kN]	$\leq 0,8$
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{M,fi}$ <sup>1)</sup>	1,0

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations

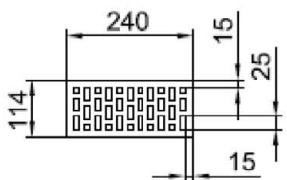
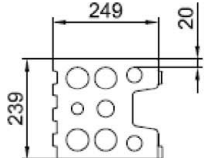
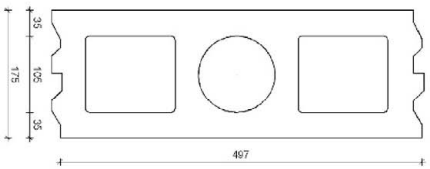
**EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A**

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance, Displacements under tension and shear loading in concrete, masonry and autoclaved aerated concrete, values under fire exposure

**Annex C 1**

**Table C2.1: Characteristic resistance  $F_{Rk}$  in solid- and hollow masonry**

Base material	Minimum size (LxWxH) [mm]	Drilling method	Minimum compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	$c_{min}$ [mm]	$F_{Rk}^{(3)}$ [kN]
<b>Solid masonry</b>					
Clay brick Mz 2DF 20-1.8 (EN 771-1:2011+ A1:2015)	240x115x113	H <sup>1)</sup>	20	120	<b>5,5 (6,0)<sup>4)</sup></b>
			10		<b>4,0</b>
Calcium silicate solid brick KS 2DF 20-2.0 (EN 771-2:2011+ A1:2015)	240x115x113	H <sup>1)</sup>	20	250	<b>6,0</b>
			10		<b>4,0</b>
			20	120	<b>2,0</b>
			10		<b>1,5</b>
Calcium silicate solid brick KS 8DF 20-1.8 (EN 771-2:2011+ A1:2015)	249x240x238	H <sup>1)</sup>	20	125	<b>7,0</b>
			10		<b>5,0</b>
Solid brick V 3DF 8-1.2 (EN 771-3:2011+ A1:2015)	240x175x113	H <sup>1)</sup>	8	120	<b>3,0 (4,0)<sup>4)</sup></b>
			6		<b>2,0 (3,0)<sup>4)</sup></b>
			4		<b>1,5 (2,0)<sup>4)</sup></b>
			2		<b>0,75 (0,9)<sup>4)</sup></b>
<b>Hollow or perforated masonry</b>					
Vertically perforated clay brick – Hlz 2DF 28-1.2 (EN 771-1:2011+ A1:2015) (picture 1)	240x115x113	R <sup>1)</sup>	28	120	<b>2,0 (2,5)<sup>4)</sup></b>
			20		<b>1,5 (1,5)<sup>4)</sup></b>
			10		<b>0,75 (0,9)<sup>4)</sup></b>
Hollow calc. silicate brick KSL 8DF 16-1.4 (picture 2) (EN 771-2:2011+ A1:2015)	249x239x238	H <sup>1)</sup>	20	100	<b>2,5</b>
			10		<b>1,2</b>
Hollow brick lightweight concrete – Hbl 12DF 4-1.2 (EN 771-3:2011+ A1:2015) (picture 3)	490x175x239	R <sup>1)</sup>	6	100	<b>2,5</b>
			4		<b>1,5</b>
			2		<b>0,75</b>
<i>Partial safety factor <math>\gamma_{Mm}^{(2)}</math></i>					<b>2,5</b>
<b>Picture 1</b>		<b>Picture 2</b>		<b>Picture 3</b>	
					

- 1) H = Hammerdrilling R = Rotary Drilling
- 2) In absence of other national regulations
- 3) Temperature range b and c
- 4) Valid only for temperature range c

**EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A**

**Performances**  
Characteristic resistance in solid and hollow masonry

**Annex C 2**

**Table C3.1: Displacements under tension and shear loading in autoclaved aerated concrete**

SDF-14A	Tension or shear load	Displacements under tension load <sup>2)</sup>		Displacements under shear load <sup>2)</sup>	
		$F = N = V$ [kN]	$\delta_{N0}$ [mm]	$\delta_{N\infty}$ [mm]	$\delta_{V0}$ [mm]
Autoclaved aerated concrete EN 771-4:2011+A1:2015					
$f_{ck} \geq 2 \text{ N/mm}^2$	0,43	0,35	0,70	0,86	1,29
$f_{ck} \geq 3 \text{ N/mm}^2$	0,78	0,40	0,81	1,45	2,17
$f_{ck} \geq 4 \text{ N/mm}^2$	1,02	0,46	0,93	2,04	3,06
$f_{ck} \geq 5 \text{ N/mm}^2$	1,31	0,52	1,04	2,63	3,94
$f_{ck} \geq 6 \text{ N/mm}^2$	1,61	0,58	1,16	3,22	4,83

- 1) Valid for all ranges of temperatures  
2) Intermediate values by linear interpolation

**Table C3.2: Characteristic resistance  $F_{Rk}$ <sup>2)</sup> in autoclaved aerated concrete**

Uncracked aerated concrete (aerated concrete blocks) in accordance with EN 771-4:2011 +A1:2015	Minimum compressive strength $f_{ck}$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	$F_{Rk}$ <sup>1)</sup> [kN]	$F_{Rk}$ <sup>1)</sup> [kN]
		Temperature range c (30°C – 50°C)	Temperature range b (50°C – 80°C)
	2	1,2	0,9
	3	2,0	1,5
	4	2,5	2,5
	5	3,5	3,0
	6	4,5	3,5
<i>Partial safety factor</i>		$\gamma_{MAAC}$ <sup>3)</sup> 2,0	

- 1) Drilling method hammer drilling  
2) Characteristic resistance for tension, shear or combined tension and shear loading.  
3) In absence of other national regulations

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance and displacements in autoclaved aerated concrete

**Annex C 3**