



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-21/0470 of 3 March 2022

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:	Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik
Trade name of the construction product	Rebar connection with fischer injection system FIS EB II
Product family to which the construction product belongs	Systems for post-installed rebar connections with mortar
Manufacturer	fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG Otto-Hahn-Straße 15 79211 Denzlingen DEUTSCHLAND
Manufacturing plant	fischerwerke
This European Technical Assessment contains	25 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment
This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of	EAD 330087-01-0601 Edition 06/2021

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Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this European Technical Assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "Rebar connection with fischer Injection system FIS EB II" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter ϕ from 8 to 32 mm or the fischer rebar anchor FRA of sizes M12 to M24 according to Annex A and injection mortar FIS EB II are used for rebar connections. The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar FIS EB II and is anchored via the bond between rebar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the rebar connection is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the rebar connections of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance under static and quasi-static loading	See Annex C 1
Characteristic resistance under seismic loading	No performance assessed

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance				
Reaction to fire	Class A1				
Resistance to fire	See Annex C 2 to C 3				

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330087-01-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system to be applied is: 1



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5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 3 March 2022 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Dipl.-Ing. Beatrix Wittstock Head of Section *beglaubigt:* Lange



Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 1 Figure A1.1:

Overlap joint with existing reinforcement for rebar connections of slabs and beams

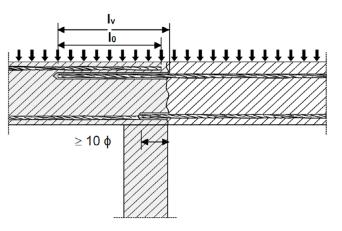


Figure A1.2:

Overlap joint with existing reinforcement at a foundation of a column or wall where the rebars are stressed

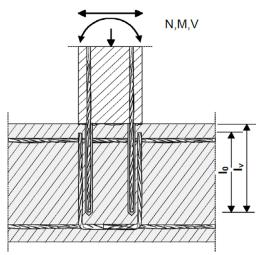
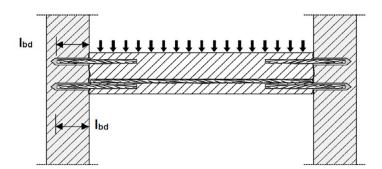


Figure A1.3:

End anchoring of slabs or beams (e.g. designed as simply supported)



Figures not to scale Rebar connection with fischer injection system FIS EB II Product description Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 1



Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 2 Figure A2.1:

Rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression

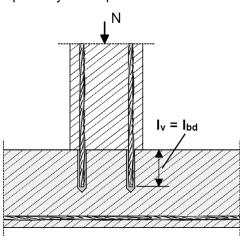
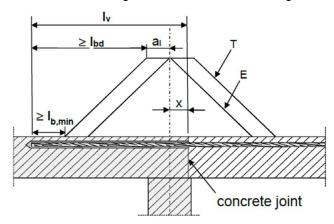


Figure A2.2:

Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the line of acting tensile force in the bending member



(only post-installed rebar is plotted)

Key to Figure

- T Acting tensile force
- E Envelope of M_{ed} / z + N_{ed} (see EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010)

x Distance between the theoretical point of support and concrete joint

Note to figure A1.1 to A1.3 and figure A2.1 to A2.2

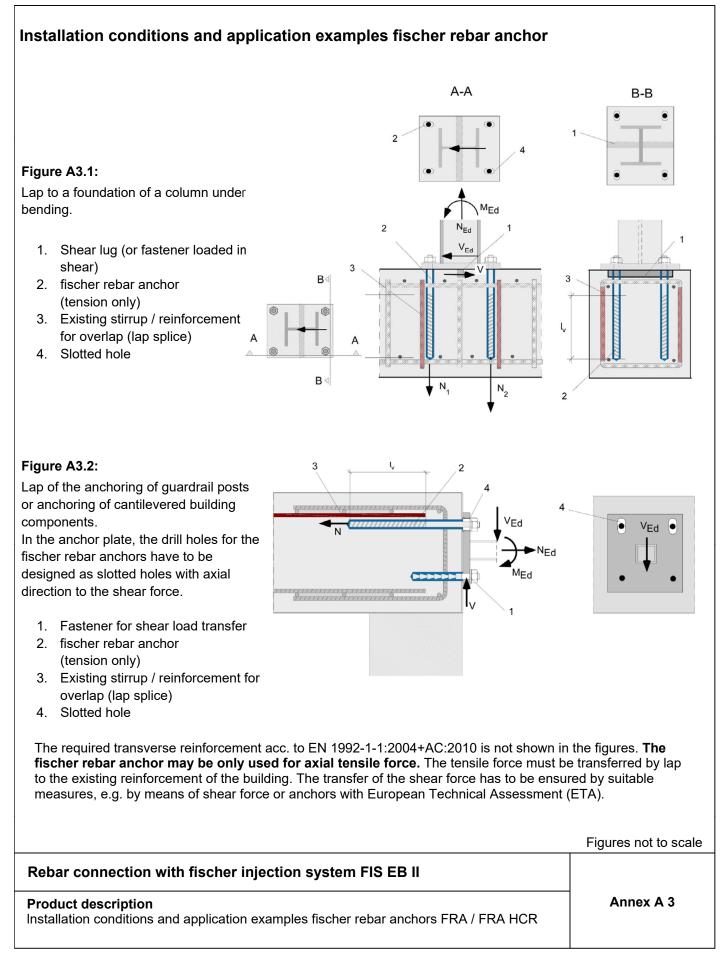
In the figures no traverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement as required by EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 shall be present.

The shear transfer between old and new concrete shall be designed according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 Preparation of joints according to **Annex B 3** of this document.

	Figures not to scale
Rebar connection with fischer injection system FIS EB II	
Product description Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 2	Annex A 2

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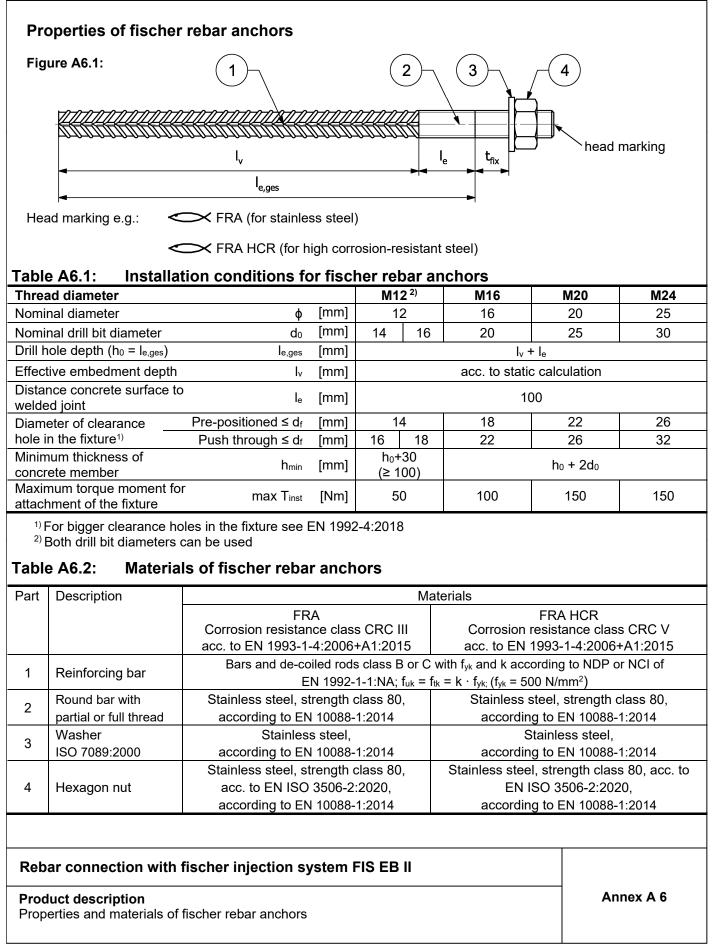


Overview system components	
Injection cartridge (shuttle cartridge) FIS EB II with sealing cap; Sizes: 390 ml, 585 m	l, 1100 ml, 1500 ml
Imprint: fischer FIS EB II, processing notes, shelf-life, piston traves scale (optional), curing times and processing times (depending on temperature), hazard code, size, volume	
Static mixer FIS MR Plus for injection cartridges 390 ml	
Static mixer FIS UMR for injection cartridges ≥ 585 ml	
Injection adapter and extension tube Ø 9 for static mixer FIS MR Plus; Injection adapter and extension tube Ø 9 or Ø 15 for static mixer FIS UMR	
Reinforcing bar (rebar) Sizes: \$\$, \$10, \$12, \$14, \$16, \$20, \$25, \$26, \$28, \$30, \$32 marking Image: All and the second	setting depth
fischer rebar anchor FRA, FRA HCR Sizes: M12, M16, M20, M24	
Blow out pump AB G Compressed-air cleaning too	ABP with compressed-
air nozzle	
	Figures not to scale
Rebar connection with fischer injection system FIS EB II	
Product description Overview system components: injection mortar, static mixer, injection adapter, reinforcing bar, fischer rebar anchor, blow out pump	Annex A 4



Properties of reinforcing	g bars ((rebar))										
Figure A5.1:			,										
 The minimum value of relation The maximum outer rebar 	ated rib a	area f _{R,m}	in accord	ling to E	EN 1992	270707	7001	2	010				
 The nominal diamete (φ: Nominal diameter 						φ)							
Table A5.1: Installation	condit				(01)								
Nominal diameter of the bar		φ	8 ¹⁾	10 ¹⁾	12 ¹⁾	14	16	20	25	26	28	30	32
Nominal drill hole diameter	d ₀		10 12	12 14	14 16	18	20	25	30	35	35	40	40
Drill hole depth	h ₀	[mm]						= I _v					
Effective embedment depth	lv	[mm]			; 	acc. to	o stati	ic calc	ulatio	n			
Minimum thickness of concrete member	\mathbf{h}_{min}			+ 30 : 100)					l _v +2	d ₀			
Table A5.2: Materials of	f rebars	6											
Designation		Re	einforci	ng bar ((rebar)								
Reinforcing bar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Anr	nex C	f _{yk}	ars and o and k a = f _{tk} = k	ccordin					992-1	-1/NA			
Rebar connection with fisc Product description Properties and materials of reinf				FIS E	3						Annex	с А 5	





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Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Specifications	s of intended u	ise part 1								
Table B1.1:		and performance	e categories							
Fastenings subject	ct to		FIS EB II with							
		Reinfor	cing bar	fischer	rebar anchor					
Hammer drilling with standard drill bit or compressed air drilling	840000000		all	sizes						
Use category	l1 dry or wet concrete		all	sizes						
Characteristic resistance under static and quasi static loading,	esistance under static and quasi		all sizes C1.1 C1.2 C2.1		Tables: C1.1 C1.2 C1.3 C1.4 C2.1 C2.2					
Characteristic resistance under seismic loading		-		_1)						
Installation direction	on	D3 (dow	D3 (downward and horizontal and upwards (e.g. overhead))							
Installation tempe	rature	$T_{i,min}$ = +5 °C to $T_{i,max}$ = +40 °C								
Service temperature	Temperature range	-40°C t	•	n temperature +80°C; temperature +50°C)						
Resistance to fire		all sizes	Annex C 3	all sizes	Table C2.2					
¹⁾ No performa	ance assessed									
Rebar connec	tion with fische	er injection syster	n FIS EB II							
Intended Use Specifications pa	art 1				Annex B 1					



Specifications of intended use part 2

Anchorages subject to:

- · Static and quasi-static loading: reinforcing bar (rebar) size 8 mm to 32 mm
- Resistance to fire

Base materials:

- Compacted reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete without fibres according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016.
- Concrete strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40 % (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- Non-carbonated concrete

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure, the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of ϕ + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar. The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1 :2004+AC:2010. The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Use conditions (Environmental conditions) for fischer rebar anchors:

 For all conditions according to EN 1993-1-4:2006+A1:2015 corresponding to corrosion resistance classes to Annex A 6 table A6.2

Design:

- Fastenings are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in fastenings and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008 and Annex B 3 and B 4.
 The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the

construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

Installation:

- The installation of post-installed rebar respectively fischer rebar anchor shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for Supervision on site are up to the member states in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

Rebar connection with fischer injection system FIS EB II

Intended Use Specifications part 2

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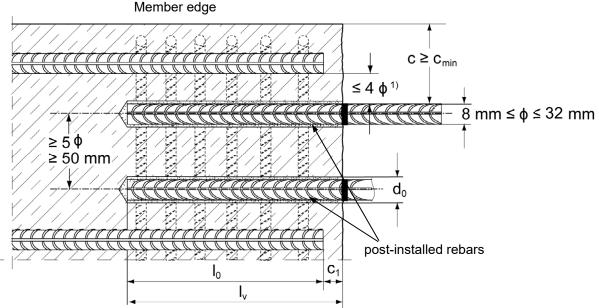
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General construction rules for post-installed rebars

Figure B3.1:

- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted.
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



¹⁾ If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4ϕ then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4ϕ

- concrete cover of post-installed rebar С
- concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar C₁
- minimum concrete cover according to table B5.1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Cmin Section 4.4.1.2
- nominal diameter of reinforcing bar φ
- lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 0
- effective embedment depth, $\ge I_0 + c_1$ I_v
- nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 6 d_0

Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection system FIS EB II

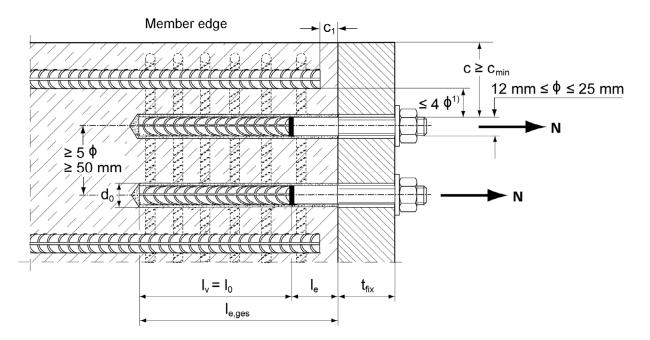
Intended Use General construction rules for post-installed rebars



General construction rules for post-installed fischer rebar anchors

Figure B4.1:

- Only tension forces in the axis of the fischer rebar anchor may be transmitted.
- The tension force must be transferred via an overlap joint to the reinforcement in the building part.
- The transmission of the shear loading shall be ensured by appropriate additional measures, e.g. by shear lugs or by anchors with a European Technical Assessment (ETA).
- In the anchor plate, the holes for the tension anchor shall be executed as slotted holes with the axis in the direction of the shear force.



- ¹⁾ If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4ϕ then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4ϕ .
 - c concrete cover of post-installed fischer rebar anchor
 - c₁ concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
 - c_{min} minimum concrete cover according to table B5.1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
 - φ nominal diameter of reinforcing bar
 - I_0 lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
 - $I_{e,ges}$ overall embedment depth, $\ge I_0 + I_e$
 - d_0 nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 6
 - le length of the bonded in threaded part
 - t_{fix} thickness of the fixture
 - Iv effective embedment depth

Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection system FIS EB II

Intended Use

General construction rules for post-installed fischer rebar anchors



Table B5.1:Minimum concrete cover $c_{min}^{1)}$ depending on the drilling method and the
drilling tolerance

	nominal diameter	Minimum concrete cover c _{min}						
Drilling method of reinforcing bar φ [mm]		Without drilling aid [mm]		drilling aid [mm]				
Hammer drilling with standard drill	< 25	30 mm + 0,06 l _v ≥ 2 φ	30 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 ¢					
bit	≥ 25	40 mm + 0,06 l _v ≥ 2 φ	40 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ	Drilling aid				
Compressed air	< 25	50 mm + 0,08 l _v	50 mm + 0,02 l _v					
drilling	≥ 25	60 mm + 0,08 l _v ≥ 2 φ	60 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ					

¹⁾ See Annex B 3, figure B3.1 and Annex B 4, figure B4.1 Note: The minimum concrete cover as specified in EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed.

Table B5.2:Dispensers and cartridge sizes corresponding to
maximum embedment depth ly.max resp. le.ges.max

reinforcing bars (rebar)	fischer rebar	Manual dispenser	Pneumatic or cordless dispenser (small)	Pneumatic or cordless dispenser (large)							
. ,	anchor	Cartridge size									
			≥390 ml (e.g. 390 ml, 585 ml, 1100 ml, 1500 ml)								
φ [mm]	Designation		l _{v,max} / l _{e,ges,m}	_{ax} [mm]							
8 to 10											
40	FRA M12										
12	FRA HCR M12										
14											
16	FRA M16										
10	FRA HCR M16		2000								
20	FRA M20										
20	FRA HCR M20										
25	FRA M24										
20	FRA HCR M24										
26 to 32											

Table B5.3:Conditions for use static mixer without an extension tube

Nominal drill hole diameter	do		10	12	14	16	18	20	24	25	28	30	35	40
Drill hole depth h ₀ by	FIS MR Plus	[mm]	≤9	90	≤120	≤140	≤150	≤160	≤190			≤210		
using	FIS UMR				≤90	≤160	≤180	≤190	≤2	20 ≤250				

Rebar connection with fischer injection system FIS EB II

Intended Use	Annex B 5
Minimum concrete cover;	
dispenser and cartridge sizes corresponding to maximum embedment depth	



anchorir	Temperature at anchoring base [°C] ²) Maximum processing time ¹⁾ t _{work}					Minimum curing time t _{cure}				
5 t	o 10		180 min			96 h				
> 10 t	o 15		90 min			60 h				
> 15 t	o 20		60 min			36 h				
> 20 t	o 30		30 min			24 h				
> 30 t	o 40		15 min			12 h				
²⁾ If the Table B6.2	e temperature in the 2: Installation mortar				-	e and injection				
reinforcing			Drilling ar	nd cleaning		Injection				
bars (rebar)	fischer rebar anchor	Nominal drill bit	Diameter of cutting	Steel brush	Diameter of cleaning	extension tube 9 mm	extension tube 15 mm			
		diameter	edge	diameter	nozzle	Injection adapter	Injection adapte			
φ [mm]	Designation	d₀ [mm]	d _{cut} [mm]	d₀ [mm]	[mm]	[colour]	[colour]			
8 ¹⁾		10 ²⁾	≤ 10,50	11						
-		12 12	≤ 12,50 ≤ 12,50	14 14	11	nature				
10 ¹⁾		14	≤ 14,50	16		b b c c				
12 ¹⁾	FRA M12 ¹⁾	14	≤ 14,50	16		blue				
	FRA HCR M12 ¹⁾	16	≤ 16,50	20	15	red				
14	 FRA M16	18	≤ 18,50	20		yellow				
16	FRA HCR M16	20	≤ 20,55	25	10	green	green			
20	FRA M20 FRA HCR M20	25	≤ 25,55	27	19	black	black			
25	FRA M24 ¹⁾ FRA HCR M24 ¹⁾	30	≤ 30,55	32	28	grey	grey			
26		35	≤ 35,70	37	28	brown	brown			
28		35	≤ 35,70	37	28	brown	brown			
30		40	≤ 40,70	42	38	red	red			
			≤ 40,70			red red				

¹⁾ Both drill bit diameters can be used

²⁾ Only hammer drilling with standard drill bit

Rebar connection with fischer injection system FIS EB II

Intended Use	Annex
Working times and curing times;	
Installation tools for drilling and cleaning the bore hole and injection of the mortar	

x B 6



		Wear well-fitting pr FIS EB II.	Data Sheet (SDS) before use for proper a otective goggles and protective gloves wh	en working with mortar	
Hole d Note	lation instruction drilling : Before drilling, remove se of aborted drill holes	e carbonated concrete	e; clean contact areas (see Annex B 2) filled with mortar.		
	Hammer drilling or c	ompressed air drillir	ng		
1			Drill the hole to the required embedme hammer drill with carbide drill bit set in mode or a pneumatic drill. Drill bit sizes see table B6.2 .		
		C _{drill}	Measure and control concrete cover c ($c_{drill} = c + \emptyset / 2$) Drill parallel to surface edge and to existing rebar. Where applicable use fischer drilling aid.		
2			 For holes I_v > 20 cm use drilling aid. Three different options can be conside A) fischer drilling aid B) Slat or spirit level C) Visual check Minimum concrete cover c_{min} see table 		
Reha	r connection with fi	scher injection sys	stem FIS EB II		

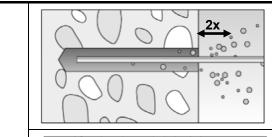


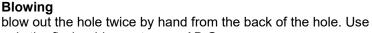
		Blowing			
	2x	twice from the back of the hole with the appropriate no free compressed air ≥ 6 bar) until return air stream is fi noticeable dust. Personal protective equipment must be used (see safe regulations Annex B 7).	ree of		
3a		Brushing (with power drill) Check steel brush with brush control template. The brush must produce a noticeable resistance when it is inserted into the dri hole. Fix an adequate steel brush with an extension into a drilling			
		machine and brush the bore hole twice.	0		
		Blowing twice from the back of the hole with the appropriate no free compressed air ≥ 6 bar) until return air stream is finoticeable dust. Personal protective equipment must be used (see safe regulations Annex B 7).	ree of		
Go to	o step 4				
eba	r connection with fischer injection s	ystem FIS EB II			
	r connection with fischer injection sy	ystem FIS EB II Annex	В 8		



Installation instruction part 3

Drill hole cleaning: manual cleaning is permitted for hammer drilled boreholes up to hole diameters $d_0 < 18$ mm and depths I_v resp. $I_{e,ges} \le 12 \cdot \phi$





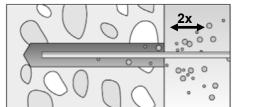
3b

only the fischer blow out pump AB G.

Personal protective equipment must be used (see safety regulations **Annex B 7**).

Brushing

Twice with the specified brush size by inserting the round steel brush to the back of the hole and twisting motion. The brush must produce a noticeable resistance when it is inserted into the drill hole. Corresponding brushes see **table B6.2**.



Blowing

blow out the hole twice by hand from the back of the hole. Use only the fischer blow out pump AB G. Personal protective equipment must be used (see safety regulations **Annex B 7**).

Go to step 4

Rebar connection with fischer injection system FIS EB II

Intended Use Installation instruction part 3, drill hole cleaning



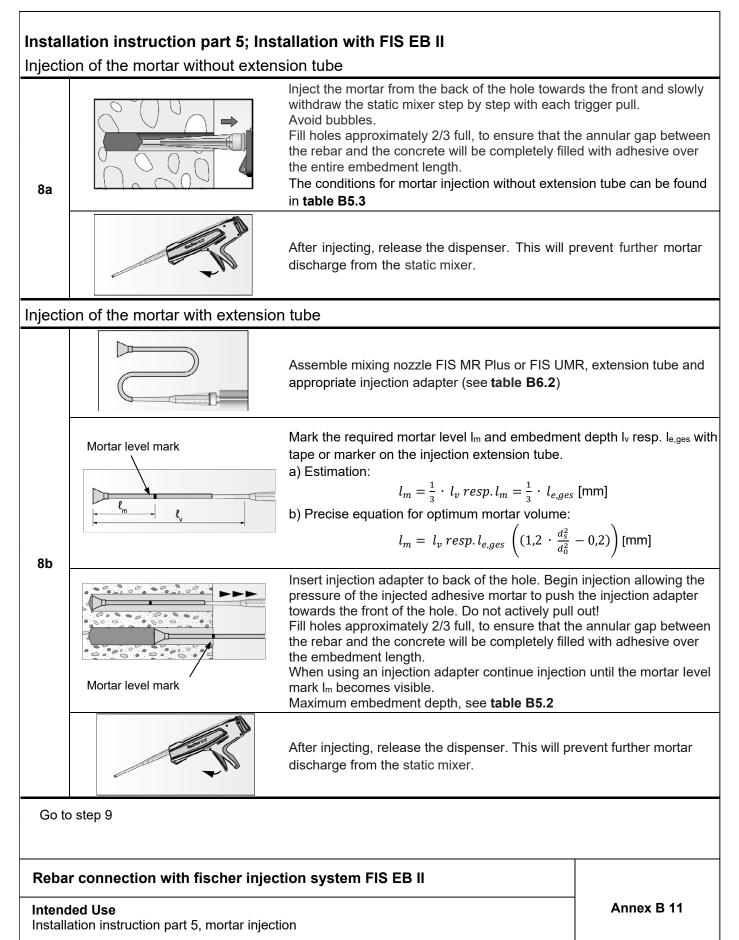
	ation instruction part 4 cing bars (rebar) / fischer rebar anch	nor and cartridge preparation
4		Before use, make asure that the rebar or the fischer rebar anchor is dry and free of oil or other residue. Mark the embedment depth (e.g. with tape) Insert rebar in borehole, to verify drill hole depth and setting depth
5		Twist off the sealing cap Twist on the static mixer (the spiral in the static mixer must be clearly visible).
6	fischer ex	Place the cartridge into a suitable dispenser.
7	X	Press out approximately 10 cm of mortar until the resin is permanently grey in colour. Mortar which is not grey in colour will not cure and must be disposed.
Go to	o step 8	

Rebar connection with fischer injection system FIS EB II

Installation instruction part 4, reinforcing bars (rebar) / fischer rebar anchor and cartridge preparation Annex B 10

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sert	rebar / fischer rebar a	nchor	
9		Insert the rebar / fischer rebar anchor slowly twisted into t embedment mark is reached. Recommendation: Rotation back and forth of the reinforcement bar or the fis makes pushing easy	
10		 After installing the rebar or fischer rebar anchor the annul completely filled with mortar. Proper installation Desired embedment depth is reached lv resp. le,ges: embedment mark at concrete surface Excess mortar flows out of the borehole after the re anchor have been fully inserted up to the embedment 	bar or fischer rebar
11		For overhead installation, support the rebar / fischer reba from falling till mortar started to harden, e.g. using wedge	
12		Observe the working time "t _{work} " (see table B6.1), which we temperature of base material. Minor adjustments to the real anchor position may be performed during the working time Full load may be applied only after the curing time "t _{cure} " he (see table B6.1)	ebar / fischer rebar e
13	max T _{inst}	Mounting the fixture, max T _{inst} see table A6.1	
Reba	ar connection with fisch	er injection system FIS EB II	

Γ



Minimum ancho	rage len	gth and	l minim	um lap leng	jth					
The minimum anc EN 1992-1-1:2004 according to table	4+AC:2010									
Table C1.1: A	mplificat	ion facto	or all rela	ated to conc	rete stre	ngth clas	s and dri	lling meth	nod	
Hammer drilling and	d compres	sed air d	drilling							
Rebar / fischer	Amplification factor α _{lb}									
rebar anchor				Concre	ete strengt	h class		•		
φ [mm]	C12/15	C16/20) C20/2	5 C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
8 to 32					1,0					
Table C1.2: E	Bond effic	iency fa	ictor k _b f	or hammer o	drilling a	nd compr	essed air	drilling		
Hammer drilling and	d compres	sed air d	drilling							
Rebar / fischer				Bond et	ficiency f	actor kb				
rebar anchor		i		- 1 1	ete strengt	1		1	ı —	
φ [mm]	C12/15	C16/20) C20/2	5 C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
8 to 32					1,0					
	Character i scher re		-	ld strength	for rebai	r part of				
fischer rebar ancho	r FRA / FR	RA HCR		M12	N	116	M20		M24	
Characteristic tensi	le yield st	-	or rebar p							
Rebar diameter		ф	[mm]	12		16	20		25	
Characteristic tensile yield strength	•	f _{yk}	[N/mm ²]	500	500 500 5		500		500	
Partial factor for reba		γ _{Ms,N} 1)	[-]	1,15						
		istic res		to steel fail	u re unde	r tension	loading o	of fischei		
fischer rebar ancho	r FRA / FF	RA HCR		M12	N	116	M20		M24	
Characteristic resis		teel failu								
Characteristic resista	ince	NR	k,s [kN]	62	1	11	173		263	
Partial factor			1)							
Partial factor ¹⁾ In absence of	national re	γ _{Ms,} gulations				1,4				
Rebar connection Performances Amplification factor of fischer rebar and	α _{ib} , bond e	efficiency	factor k _b ,	characteristic	resistance		ilure	Annex	C 1	



Table C2.1:Design values of the bond strength fbd,PIR in N/mm² for hammer drilling,
compressed air drilling

 $\mathbf{f}_{bd,PIR} = \mathbf{k}_b \cdot \mathbf{f}_{bd}$

 f_{bd} : Design value of the bond strength in N/mm² considering the concrete strength classes and the rebar diameter for good bond condition (for all other bond conditions multiply the values by $\eta_1 = 0.7$) and recommended partial factor $\gamma_c = 1.5$ according to EN 1992-1-1: 2004+AC:2010

k_b: Bond efficiency factor according to **table C1.2**

Hammer drilling and compressed air drilling										
	bond strength fbd,PIR [N/mm ²]									
Rebar /		Concrete strength class								
fischer rebar anchor	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
φ [mm]										
8 to 32	1,7	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3	

Table C2.2:Characteristics resistance to **steel failure** for **fischer rebar anchors** under
tension loading and fire exposure R30 to R120

fischer rebar anch	or FRA /	FRA HC	R	M12	M16	M20	M24
Characteristic	R30			2,5	4,7	7,4	10,6
resistance to steel	R60	N	[[2]]]	2,1	3,9	6,1	8,8
failure under tension loading	R90	N _{Rk,s,fi}	[kN]	1,7	3,1	4,9	7,1
and fire exposure	R120			1,3	2,5	3,9	5,6

Performances Design values of the bond strength $f_{bd,PIR}$; characteristic resistance to steel failure for fischer rebar anchor NRk,s,fi under tension loading and fire exposure Annex C 2



The bond strength $f_{bd,fi}$ at increased temperature for concrete strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 (all drilling methods)

The bond strength f_{bd,fi} at increased temperature has to be calculated by the following equation:

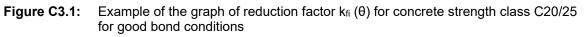
$$f_{bd,fi} = k_{fi}(\theta) \cdot f_{bd,PIR} \cdot \frac{\gamma_c}{\gamma_{m,fi}}$$

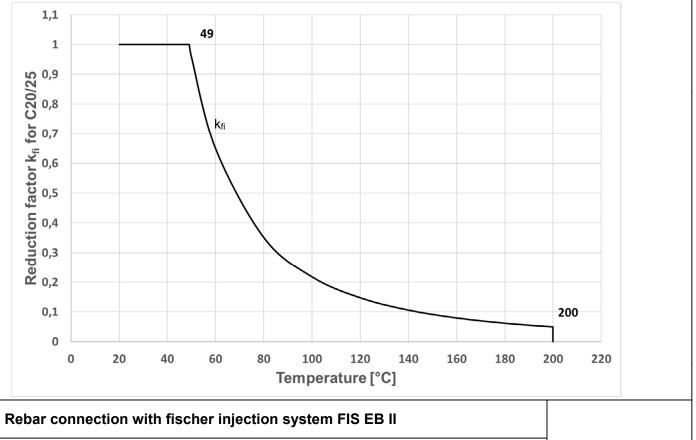
$$k_{\rm fi}(\theta) = \frac{39924 \cdot \theta^{-2,134}}{f_{bd,PIR} \cdot 4,3} \le 1.0$$

If: $\theta > \theta_{max} (200 \ ^{\circ}C) \qquad k_{fi} (\theta) = 0$

f _{bd,fi} (θ)	= =	The bond strength at increased temperature in N/mm ² Temperature in °C in the mortar layer
k _{fi} (θ)	=	Reduction factor at increased temperature
f _{bd,PIR}	=	Design value of the bond strength in N/mm ² in cold condition according to table C2.1 considering the concrete strength classes, the rebar diameter, the drilling method and the bond conditions according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
γс	=	1,5 recommended partial factor according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
$\gamma_{m, { m fi}}$	=	1,0 recommended partial factor

For evidence at increased temperature the anchorage length shall be calculated according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 Equation 8.3 using the temperature-dependent ultimate bond strength $f_{bd,fi}$.





Performances

Design values of bond strength $f_{\text{bd},\text{fi}}$ at increased temperature

Annex C 3