

Approval body for construction products  
and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and  
Laender Governments



## European Technical Assessment

**ETA-22/0828**  
**of 8 December 2022**

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

### General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the  
European Technical Assessment:

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Trade name of the construction product

CN CARBON

Product family  
to which the construction product belongs

Nailed-in plastic anchor for fixing of external thermal  
insulation composite systems with rendering in concrete  
and masonry

Manufacturer

DAW Italia GmbH & Co KG  
Largo R. Murjahn 1  
20080 VERMEZZO (MI)  
ITALIEN

Manufacturing plant

DAW

This European Technical Assessment  
contains

22 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part  
of this assessment

This European Technical Assessment is  
issued in accordance with Regulation (EU)  
No 305/2011, on the basis of

EAD 330196-01-0604, Edition 10/2017

**European Technical Assessment**

**ETA-22/0828**

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## Specific Part

### 1 Technical description of the product

The nailed-in anchor CN CARBON 8 110-230 and CNplus CARBON 8 110-230 consists of an anchor sleeve with an enlarged shaft made of polypropylene (virgin material), an insulation plate made of glass fibre reinforced polyamide (virgin material) and a special compound nail consisting of two parts, one made of glass fibre reinforced polyamide for the shaft element and the other part made of galvanised steel.

The nailed-in anchor CN CARBON 8 250-390 and CN CARBON 8 R 250-310 consists of an anchor sleeve made of polypropylene (virgin material), a shaft part, whose the serrated expanding part is slotted, such as an insulation plate made of glass fibre reinforced polyamide (virgin material).

The nailed-in anchor CN CARBON 8 250-390 and CN CARBON 8 R 250-310 made of galvanised steel and is used together with a plastic cylinder made of glass fiber reinforced polyamide.

The fischer nailed-in anchor CNplus CARBON 8 250-390 consists of an anchor sleeve made of polypropylene (virgin material), a shaft part made of polyamide (virgin material), whose the serrated expanding part is slotted, an insulation plate made of glass fibre reinforced polyamide (virgin material) and a special compound nail consisting of two parts, one made of glass fibre reinforced polyamide for the shaft element and the other part made of galvanised steel.

All anchors may in addition be combined with the anchor plates DT 90, DT 110 and DT 140.

The product description is given in Annex A.

### 2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verification and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the anchor of at least 25 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

### 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

#### 3.1 Safety and accessibility in use (BWR 4)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic load bearing capacity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Characteristic resistance under tension load</li> <li>- Minimum edge distance and spacing</li> </ul>	See Annex C 1 - C 2 See Annex B 2
Displacements	See Annex C 5
Plate stiffness	See Annex C 4

### 3.2 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Point thermal transmittance	See Annex C 3 - C 4

### 4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with EAD No. 330196-01-0604, the applicable European legal act is: [97/463/EC].

The system to be applied is: 2+

### 5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

The following standards and documents are referred to in this European Technical Assessment:

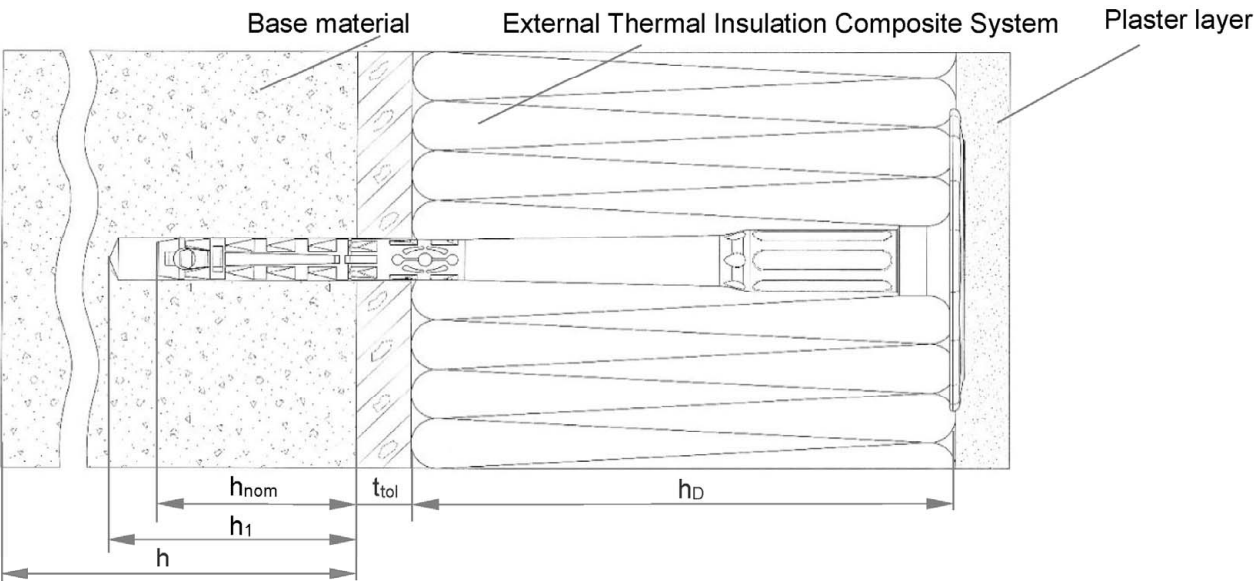
- EOTA Technical Report TR 025, Edition May 2016 Point Thermal Transmittance of Plastic Anchors for ETICS
- EOTA Technical Report TR 026, Edition May 2016 Plate Stiffness of Plastic Anchors for ETICS
- EOTA Technical Report TR 051, Edition April 2018 Job site tests of plastic anchors and screws
- EN 206:2013 Concrete - Specification, performance, production and conformity
- EN 771-1:2011+A1:2015 Specification for masonry units - Part 1: Clay masonry units
- EN 771-2:2011+A1:2015 Specification for masonry units - Part 2: Calcium silicate masonry units
- EN 771-3:2011+A1:2015 Specification for masonry units - Part 3: Aggregate concrete masonry units (Dense and lightweight aggregates)
- EN 771-4:2011+A1:2015 Specification for masonry units - Part 4: Autoclaved aerated concrete masonry units
- EN 1520:2011 Prefabricated reinforced components of lightweight aggregate concrete with open structure
- EN ISO 4042:2018-11 Fasteners - Electroplated coating systems

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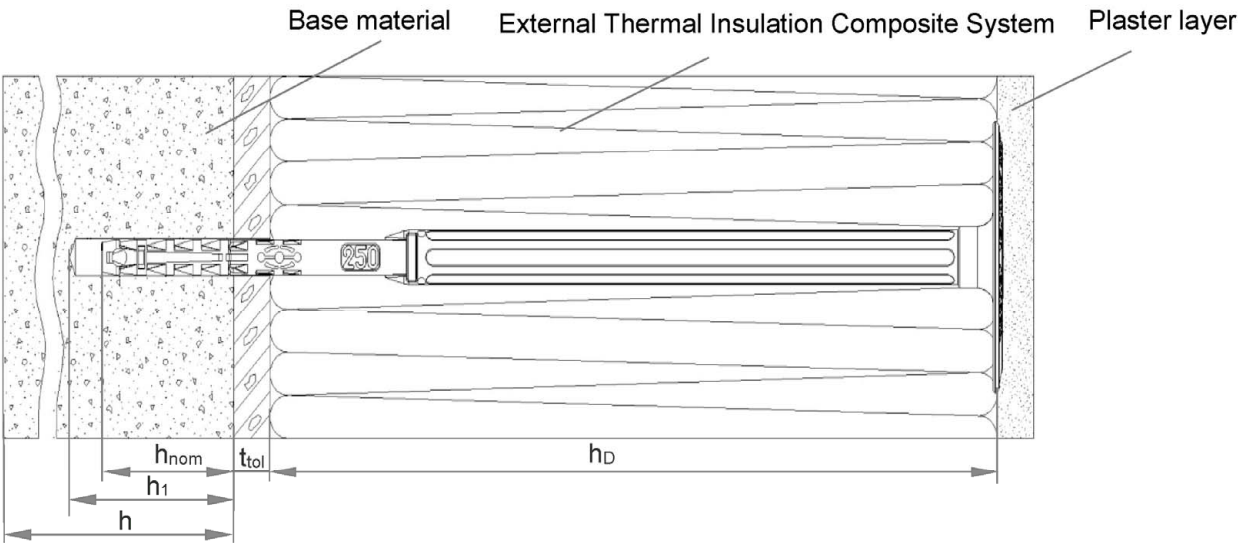
Dipl.-Ing. Beatrix Wittstock  
Head of Section

*beglaubigt:*  
Aksünger

**CN CARBON 8 / 110 – 230 / CNplus CARBON 8 / 110 – 230 – mounting on the surface**



**CN CARBON 8 / 250 – 390 / CN CARBON 8 R / 250 – 310 / CNplus CARBON 8 / 250 - 390 – mounting on the surface**



**Legend**

- $h_{nom}$  = Overall plastic anchor embedment depth in the base material
- $h_1$  = Depth of drilled hole to deepest point
- $h$  = Thickness of member (wall)
- $h_D$  = Thickness of insulation material
- $t_{tol}$  = Thickness of equalising layer and / or non-load bearing coating

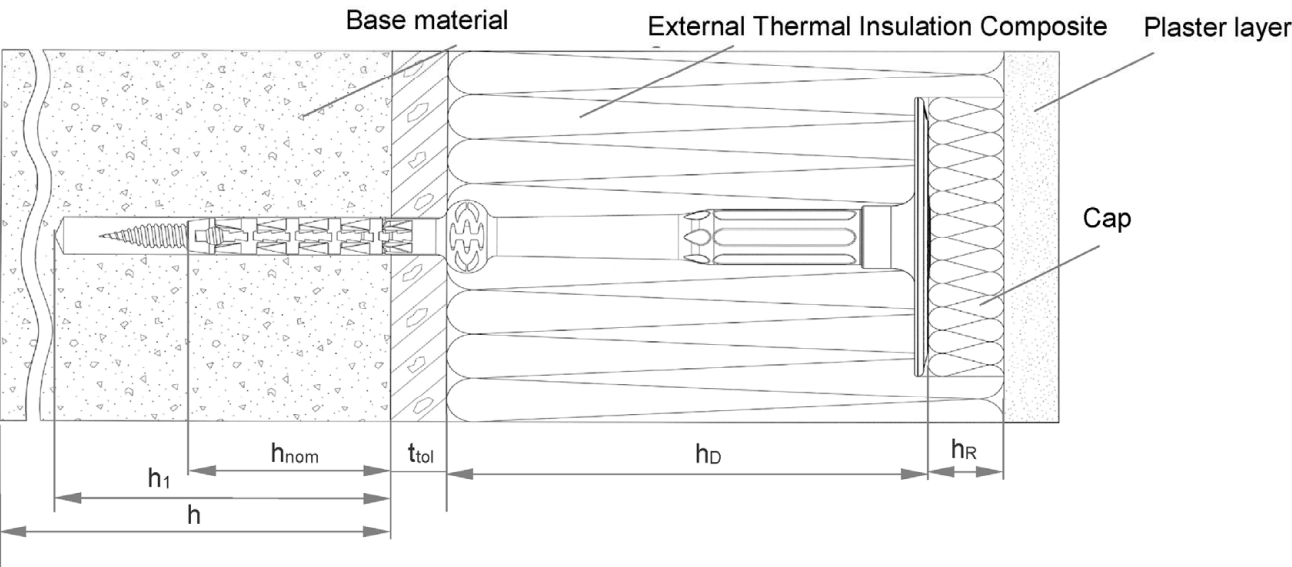
Figures not to scale

**CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8**

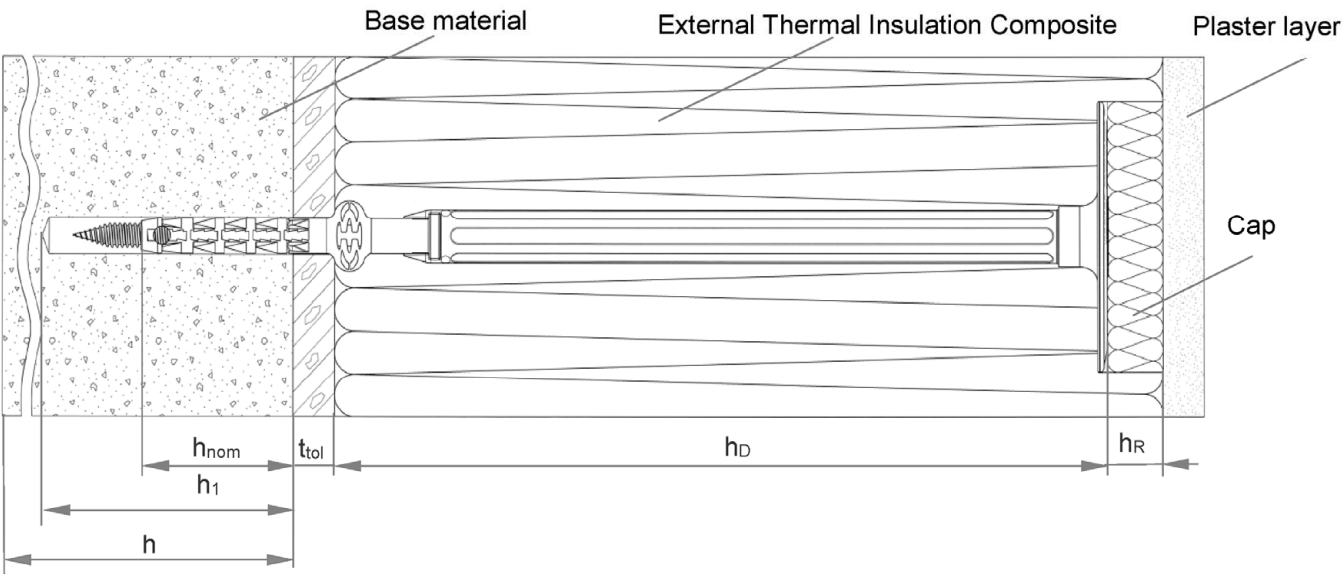
**Product description**  
Installed anchor – mounting on the surface

**Annex A 1**

CNplus CARBON 8 / 110 – 230 – countersunk mounting



CNplus CARBON 8 / 250 – 390 – countersunk mounting



- Legend**
- $h_{nom}$  = Overall plastic anchor embedment depth in the base material
  - $h_1$  = Depth of drilled hole to deepest point
  - $h$  = Thickness of member (wall)
  - $h_D$  = Thickness of insulation material
  - $h_R$  = Thickness of cap
  - $t_{tol}$  = Thickness of equalising layer and / or non-load bearing coating

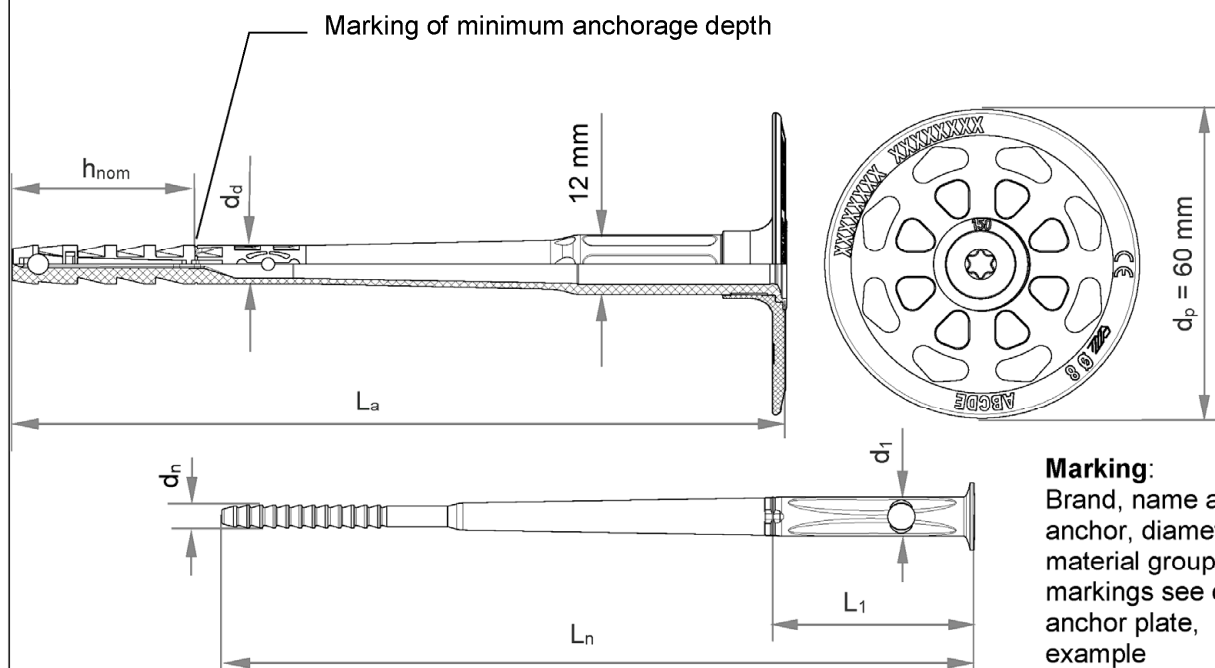
Figures not to scale

CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8

**Product description**  
Installed anchor – mounting on the surface

**Annex A 2**

**CN CARBON 8 / 110 – 230**



**Marking:**  
Brand, name and size of anchor, diameter, base material groups, optional markings see drawing of anchor plate,  
example  
CN CARBON 8 ABCDE

Various length of the anchors are possible.

e.g. for CN CARBON 8 / 110 - 230:  
 $110 \text{ mm} \geq L_a \leq 230 \text{ mm}$   
 $L_a = L_n + 4 \text{ mm}$

**Table A3.1: Dimensions CN CARBON 8 / 110 – 230**

Anchor type	Anchor sleeve		Specific compound nail		
	<b>d<sub>d</sub></b> [mm]	<b>h<sub>nom</sub></b> [mm]	<b>d<sub>n</sub></b> [mm]	<b>L<sub>1</sub></b> [mm]	<b>d<sub>1</sub></b> [mm]
CN CARBON 8 / 110 - 230	8	35/55 <sup>1)</sup>	4,4	40	8

<sup>1)</sup> Only valid for base material group "E".

Determination of maximum thickness of insulation:

$$\text{maximum } h_D = L_a - h_{\text{nom}} - t_{\text{tol}}$$

e.g. for CN CARBON 8x150:

$L_a = 148 \text{ mm}, h_{\text{nom}} = 35 \text{ mm}, t_{\text{tol}} = 10 \text{ mm}$

maximum  $h_D = 148 - 35 - 10 = 103 \text{ mm}$   
 $\rightarrow$  recommended  $h_D = 100 \text{ mm}$

Figures not to scale

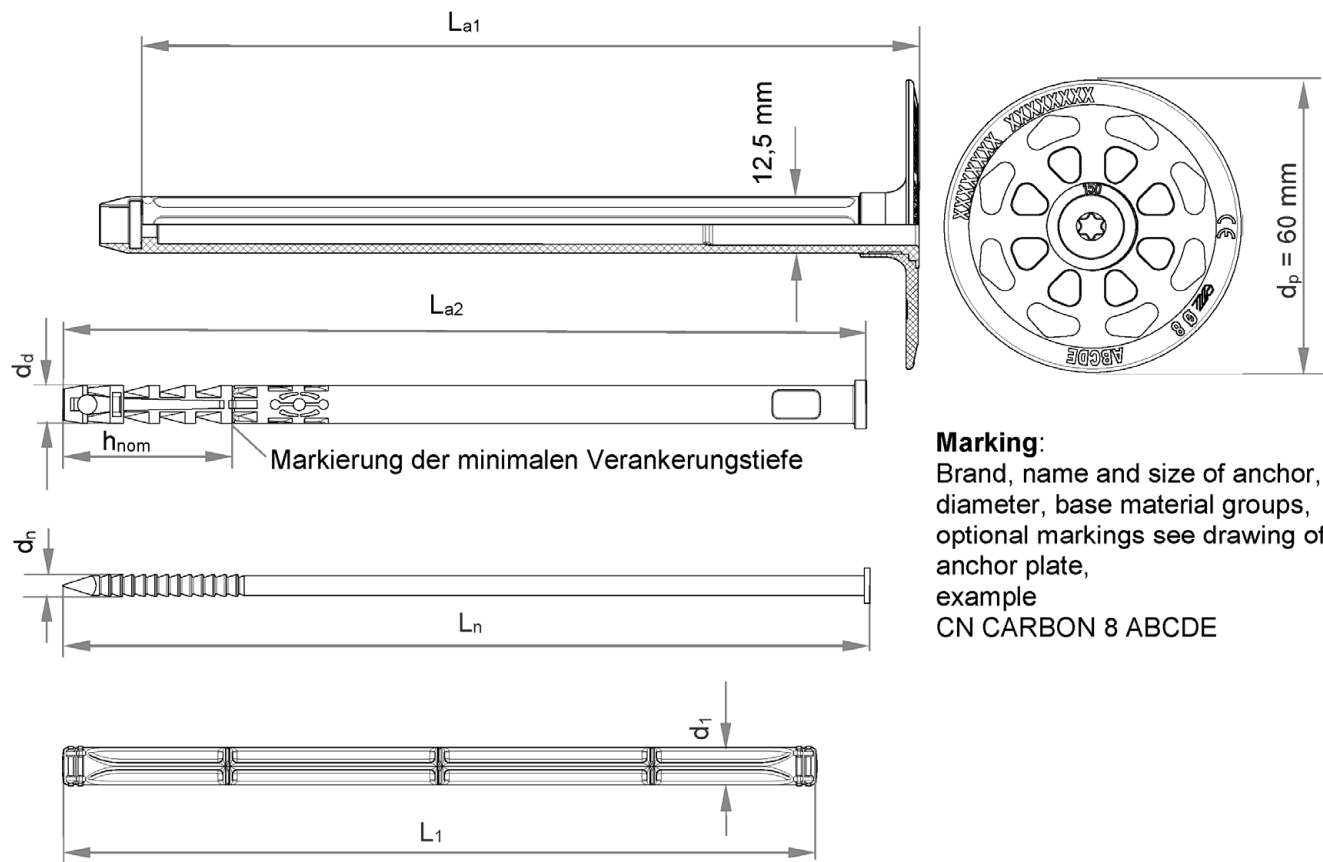
**CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8**

<b>Product description</b> Dimensions CN CARBON 8 / 110 – 230
--

## Annex A 3



CN CARBON 8 / 250 – 390



**Marking:**  
Brand, name and size of anchor,  
diameter, base material groups,  
optional markings see drawing of  
anchor plate,  
example  
CN CARBON 8 ABCDE

Various length of the anchors are possible.

e.g. for CN CARBON 8 / 250 – 390:  
 $250\text{ mm} \geq L_{a1} + L_{a2} \geq 390\text{ mm}$   
 $L_a = L_{a1} + L_{a2} = L_n + 160,5\text{ mm}$

Table A4.1: Dimensions CN CARBON 8 / 250 – 390

Anchor type	Shaft	Anchor sleeve			Nail		Plastic cylinder	
	L <sub>a1</sub> [mm]	d <sub>d</sub> [mm]	h <sub>nom</sub> [mm]	L <sub>a2</sub> [mm]	d <sub>n</sub> [mm]	L <sub>n</sub> [mm]	L <sub>1</sub> [mm]	d <sub>1</sub> [mm]
CN CARBON 8 / 250 – 390	161	8	35/55 <sup>1)</sup>	87 - 247	4,5	(L <sub>a1</sub> +L <sub>a2</sub> ) – 160,5	157	8

<sup>1)</sup> Only valid for base material group "E".

Determination of maximum thickness of insulation:

maximum  $h_D = L_a - h_{nom} - t_{tol}$

e.g. for CN CARBON 8x330:

$L_a = 328\text{ mm}$ ,  $h_{nom} = 35\text{ mm}$ ,  $t_{tol} = 10\text{ mm}$

maximum  $h_D = 328 - 35 - 10 = 283\text{ mm}$   
→ recommended  $h_D = 280\text{ mm}$

Figures not to scale

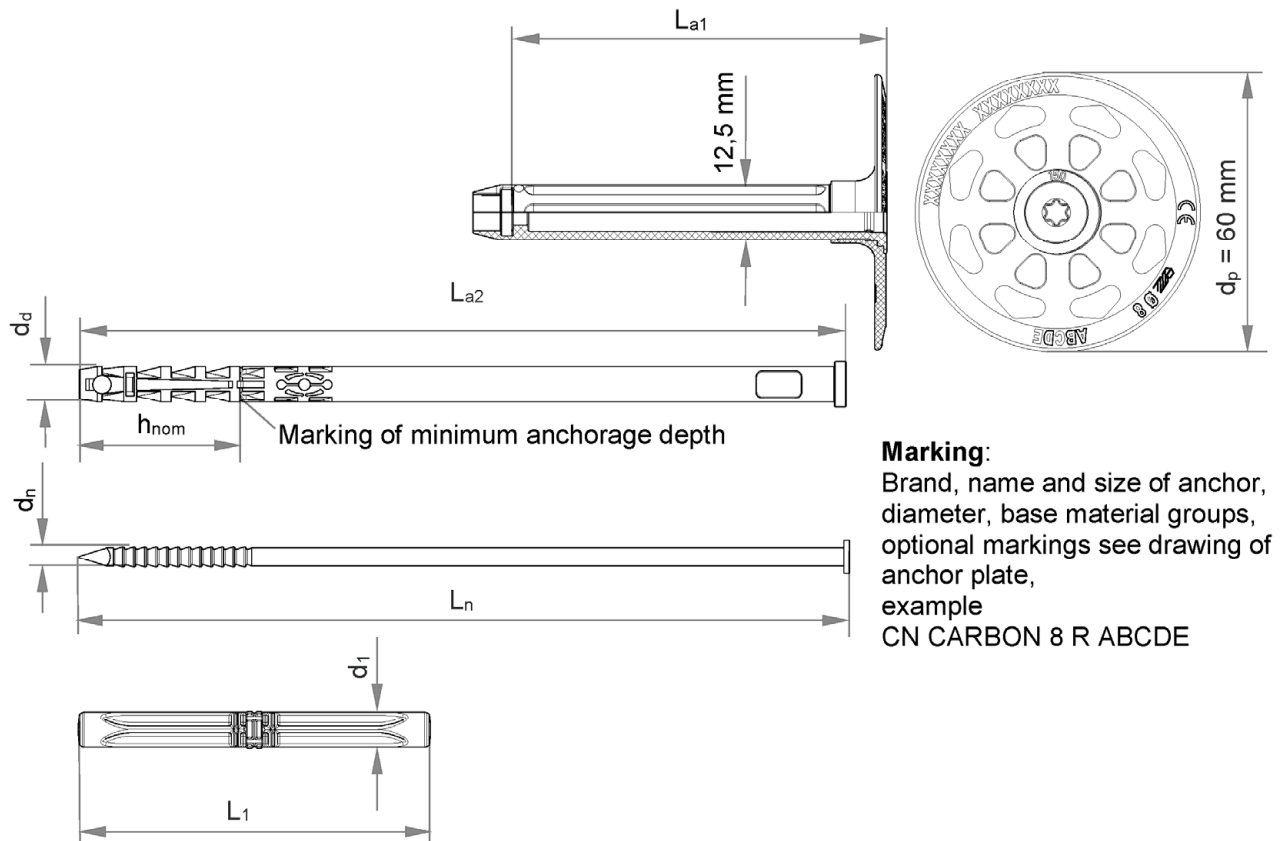
CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8

Product description  
Dimensions CN CARBON 8 / 250 – 390

Annex A 4



## CN CARBON 8 R / 250 – 310



### Marking:

Brand, name and size of anchor,  
diameter, base material groups,  
optional markings see drawing of  
anchor plate,  
example  
CN CARBON 8 R ABCDE

Various length of the anchors are possible.

z. B. für CN CARBON 8 R / 250 – 310:  
250 mm  $\geq L_{a1} + L_{a2} \leq 310$  mm  
 $L_a = L_{a1} + L_{a2} = L_n + 80,5$  mm

**Table A5.1: Dimensions CN CARBON 8 R / 250 – 310**

Anchor type	Shaft		Anchor sleeve		Nail		Plastic cylinder	
	$L_{a1}$ [mm]	$d_d$ [mm]	$h_{nom}$ [mm]	$L_{a2}$ [mm]	$d_n$ [mm]	$L_n$ [mm]	$L_1$ [mm]	$d_1$ [mm]
CN CARBON 8 R / 250 – 310	81	8	35/55 <sup>1)</sup>	167 - 247	4,5	$(L_{a1} + L_{a2}) - 80,5$	77	8

<sup>1)</sup> Only valid for base material group "E".

Determination of maximum thickness of insulation:

e.g. for CN CARBON 8 R 8x250:

$L_a = 248$  mm,  $h_{nom} = 35$  mm,  $t_{tol} = 10$  mm

maximum  $h_D = L_a - h_{nom} - t_{tol}$

maximum  $h_D = 248 - 35 - 10 = 203$  mm  
→ recommended  $h_D = 200$  mm

Figures not to scale

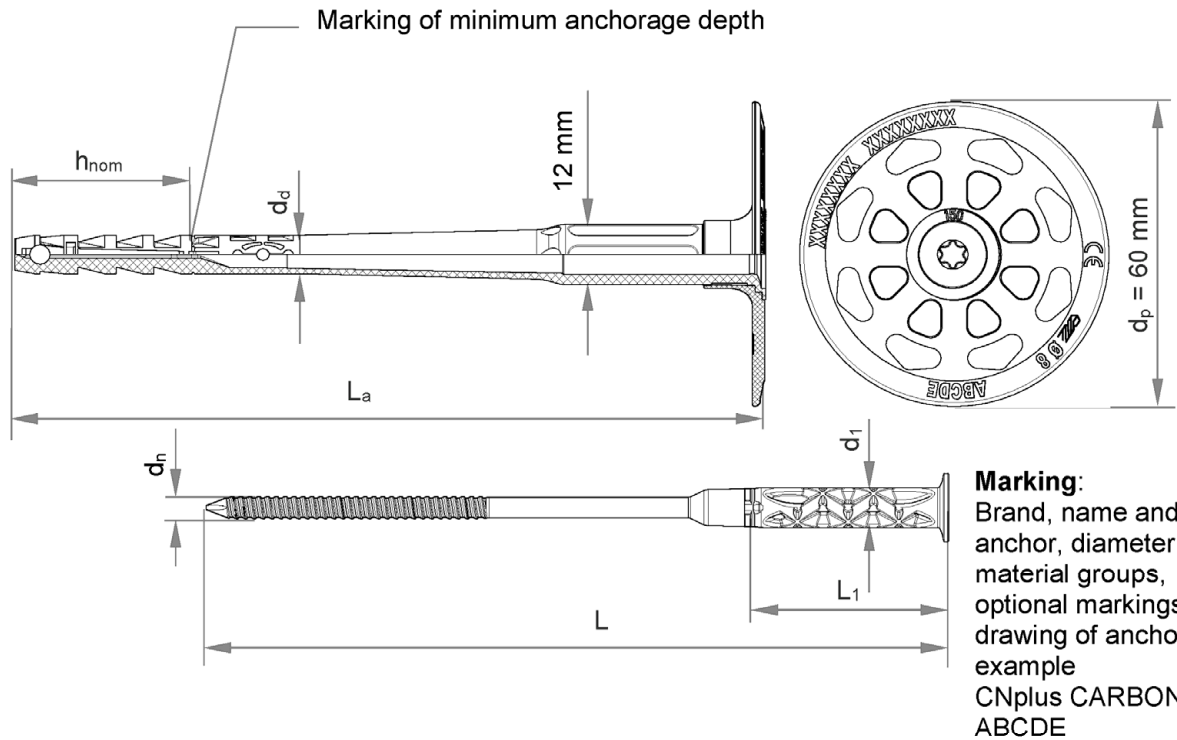
**CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8**

### Product description

Dimensions CN CARBON 8 R / 250 – 310

**Annex A 5**

CNplus CARBON 8 / 110 – 230



Various length of the anchors are possible.  
e.g. for CNplus CARBON 8 / 110 – 230:  
 $110 \text{ mm} \geq L_a \leq 230 \text{ mm}$   
 $L_a = L_n + 1,5 \text{ mm}$

Table A6.1: Dimensions CNplus CARBON 8 / 110 – 230

Anchor type	Anchor sleeve		Specific compound nail			
	d <sub>d</sub> [mm]	h <sub>nom</sub> [mm]	d <sub>n</sub> [mm]	L <sub>n</sub> [mm]	L <sub>1</sub> [mm]	d <sub>1</sub> [mm]
CNplus CARBON 8 / 110 - 230	8	35/55 <sup>1)</sup>	4,3	L <sub>a</sub> – 1,5	40	8

<sup>1)</sup> Only valid for base material group “D” and “E”.

Determination of maximum thickness of insulation:

$$\text{maximum } h_D = L_a - h_{nom} - t_{tol}$$

e.g. for CNplus CARBON 8x150:

$$L_a = 148 \text{ mm}, h_{nom} = 35 \text{ mm}, t_{tol} = 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{maximum } h_D &= 148 - 35 - 10 = 103 \text{ mm} \\ &\rightarrow \text{recommended } h_D = 100 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

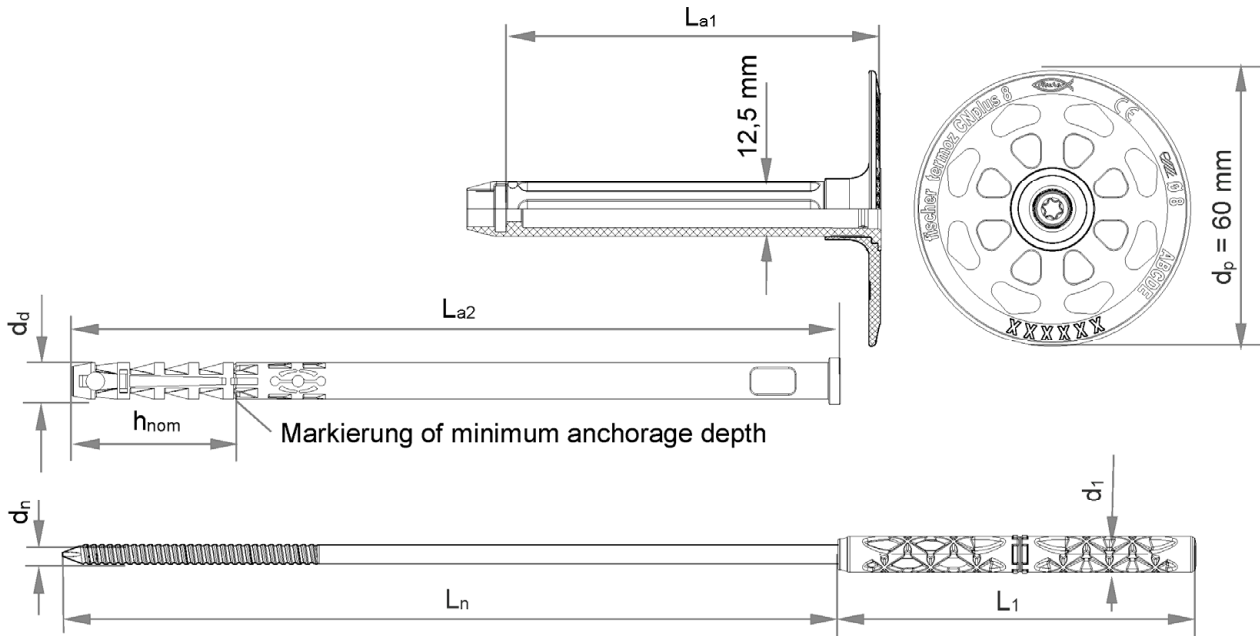
Figures not to scale

CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8

**Product description**  
Dimensions CNplus CARBON 8 / 110 – 230

**Annex A 6**

CNplus CARBON 8 / 250 – 310



Various length of the anchors are possible.

e.g. for CNplus CARBON 8 / 250 – 310:  
 $250 \text{ mm} \geq L_{a1} + L_{a2} \leq 310 \text{ mm}$   
 $L_a = L_{a1} + L_{a2} = L_n + 79,5 \text{ mm}$

**Marking:**  
Brand, name and size of  
anchor, diameter, base  
material groups, optional  
markings see drawing of  
anchor plate,  
example  
CNplus CARBON 8 ABCDE

Table A7.1: Dimensions CNplus CARBON 8 / 250 – 310

Anchor type	Shaft	Anchor sleeve			Specific compound nail			
	L <sub>a1</sub> [mm]	d <sub>d</sub> [mm]	h <sub>nom</sub> [mm]	L <sub>a2</sub> [mm]	d <sub>n</sub> [mm]	L <sub>n</sub> [mm]	L <sub>1</sub> [mm]	d <sub>1</sub> [mm]
CNplus CARBON 8 / 250 – 310	81	8	35/55 <sup>1)</sup>	167 - 247	4,3	(L <sub>a1</sub> +L <sub>a2</sub> ) - 79,5	77,5	8

<sup>1)</sup> Only valid for base material group "D" and "E".

Determination of maximum thickness of insulation:

maximum  $h_D = L_a - h_{nom} - t_{tol}$

e.g. for CNplus CARBON 8x250:  
 $L_a = 248 \text{ mm}$ ,  $h_{nom} = 35 \text{ mm}$ ,  $t_{tol} = 10 \text{ mm}$

maximum  $h_D = 248 - 35 - 10 = 203 \text{ mm}$   
→ recommended  $h_D = 200 \text{ mm}$

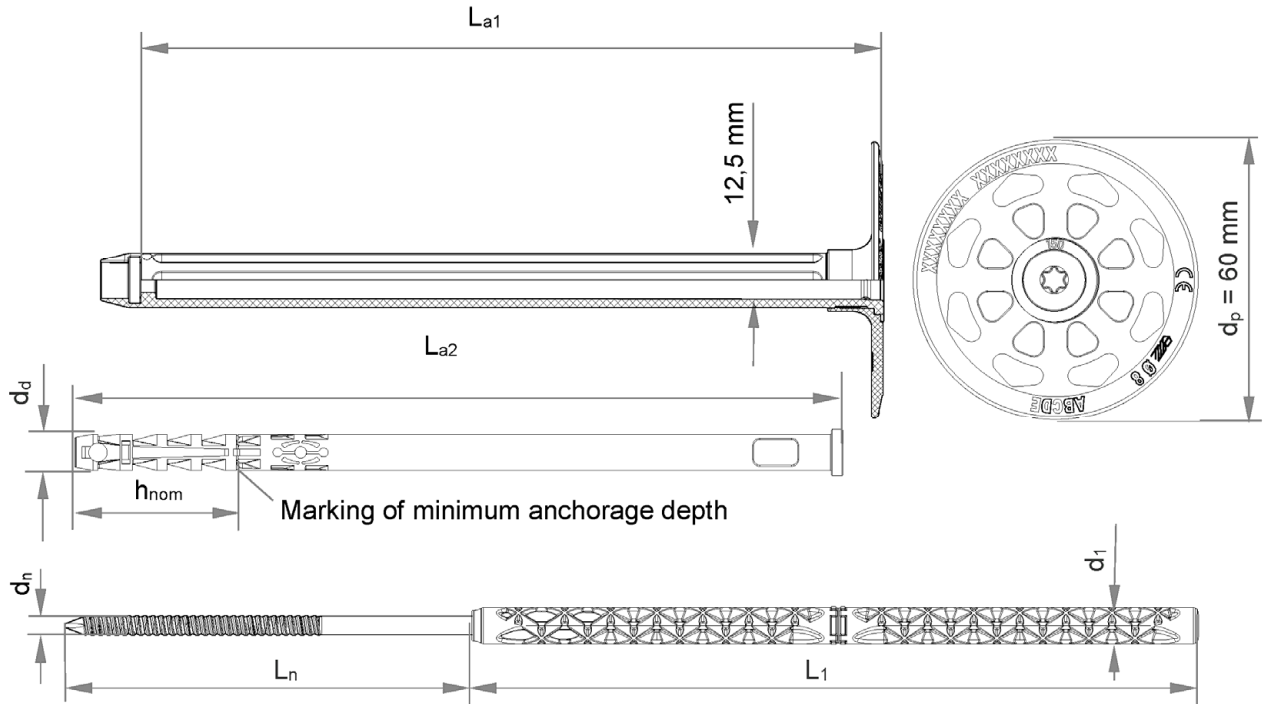
Figures not to scale

CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8

**Product description**  
DimensionsCNplus CARBON 8 / 250 – 310

**Annex A 7**

CNplus CARBON 8 / 330 – 390



Various length of the anchors are possible.

e.g. for CNplus CARBON 8 / 330 – 390:  
 $330 \text{ mm} \geq L_{a1} + L_{a2} \leq 390 \text{ mm}$   
 $L_a = L_{a1} + L_{a2} = L_n + 159,5 \text{ mm}$

**Marking:**  
Brand, name and size of  
anchor, diameter, base  
material groups, optional  
markings see drawing of  
anchor plate,  
example  
CNplus CARBON 8  
ABCDE

Table A8.1: Dimensions CNplus CARBON 8 / 330 – 390

Anchor type	Shaft	Anchor sleeve			Specific compound nail			
	$L_{a1}$ [mm]	$d_d$ [mm]	$h_{nom}$ [mm]	$L_{a2}$ [mm]	$d_n$ [mm]	$L_n$ [mm]	$L_1$ [mm]	$d_1$ [mm]
CNplus CARBON 8 / 330 – 390	161	8	35/55 <sup>1)</sup>	167 - 247	4,3	$(L_{a1}+L_{a2}) - 159,5$	157,5	8

<sup>1)</sup> Only valid for base material group “D” and “E”.

Determination of maximum thickness of insulation: maximum  $h_D = L_a - h_{nom} - t_{tol}$

e.g. for CNplus CARBON 8x330:  
 $L_a = 328 \text{ mm}$ ,  $h_{nom} = 35 \text{ mm}$ ,  $t_{tol} = 10 \text{ mm}$

maximum  $h_D = 328 - 35 - 10 = 283 \text{ mm}$   
→ recommended  $h_D = 280 \text{ mm}$

Figures not to scale

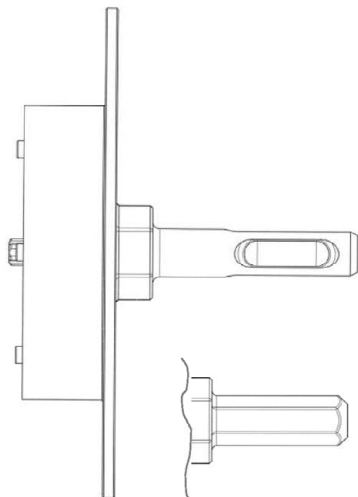
CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8

Product description  
Dimensions CNplus CARBON 8 / 330 – 390

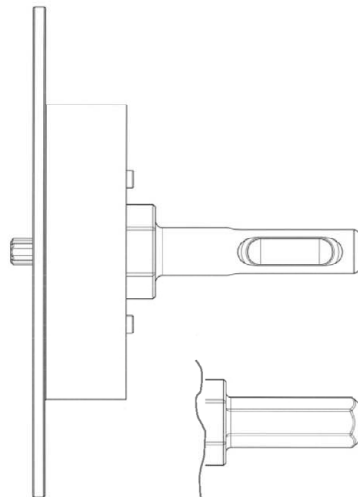
Annex A 8

Setting tool with SDS adapter or hexagonal adapter for CNplus CARBON 8

Countersunk setting<sup>1)</sup>

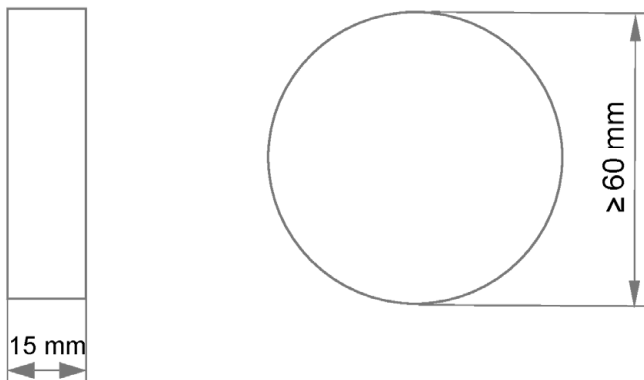


Optional: plain surface setting



<sup>1)</sup> Alternatively, it is possible to mill the insulation material with a standard, market-available milling tool.

Cap



Figures not to scale

CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8

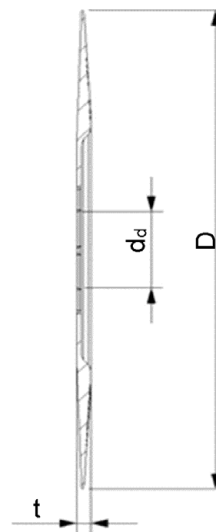
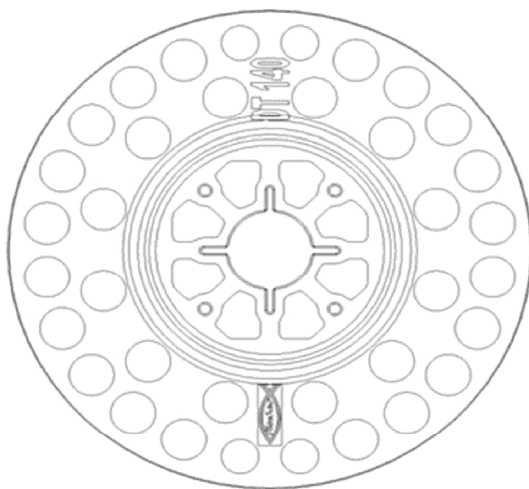
Product description  
Setting tool and dimensions of cap for CNplus CARBON 8

Annex A 9

**Table A10.1: Materials**

Designation	Material
Anchor sleeve	PP, colour: grey
Shaft CN CARBON 8 / 250 – 390 or CN CARBON 8 R / 250 – 310 or CNplus CARBON 8 / 250 – 390	PA6 GF, colour: grey
Plastic cylinder CN CARBON 8 / 250 – 390 or CN CARBON 8 R / 250 – 310	PA6 GF
Specific nail CN CARBON 8 / 250 – 390 or CN CARBON 8 R / 250 – 310	Galvanised steel with Zn5/Ag or Zn5/An as per EN ISO 4042
Specific compound nail CN CARBON 8 / 110 – 230 or CNplus CARBON 8 / 110 – 230 or CNplus CARBON 8 / 250 – 390	PA6 GF (plastic part of compound nail) with galvanised steel Zn5/Ag or Zn5/An as per EN ISO 4042
Cap	Polystyrene; mineral wood, soft wood fibre
Anchor plate / slip-on plate	PA6 GF, colour: grey, yellow, red, orange, green, blue, mocca-latte, black

**Drawing of the slip-on plate (e.g. DT 140)**



**Table A10.2: Slip-on plate, dimensions and material**

Slip-on plate	D [mm]	d <sub>dt</sub> [mm]	t [mm]
DT 90 / 110 / 140	90 / 110 / 140	22,5	3,9

Figures not to scale

**CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8**

**Product description**  
Material, Slip-on plate dimensions and material combined with  
CN CARBON 8, CN CARBON 8 R and CNplus CARBON 8

**Annex A 10**

## Specifications of intended use

### Anchorage subject to:

- The anchor may only be used for transmission of wind suction loads and shall not be used for the transmission of dead loads of the external thermal insulation composite system (ETICS).

### Base materials:

- Compacted normal weight concrete without fibres, strength classes  $\geq$  C12/15 (base material group "A"), in accordance with EN 206, see Annex C 1 and C 2.
- Solid brick masonry (base material group "B") as per EN 771-1, EN 771-2 or EN 771-3, see Annex C 1 and C 2.
- Hollow brick masonry (base material group "C"), as per EN 771-1, EN 771-2 or EN 771-3, see Annex C 1 and C 2.
- Prefabricated reinforced components of lightweight aggregate concrete with open structure (base material group "D") as per EN 1520, see Annex C 1 and C 2.
- Unreinforced autoclaved aerated concrete (base material group "E") as per EN 771-4, see Annex C 1 and C 2.
- For other comparable base materials of the base material group "A", "B", "C", "D" and "E" the characteristic resistance of the anchor may be determined by job site tests in accordance with EOTA Technical Report TR 051.

### Temperature Range:

- 0 °C to + 40 °C (max. short term temperature + 40 °C and max. long term temperature + 24 °C) of the base material.

### Design:

- The anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and masonry work with the partial safety factors for material related resistances  $\gamma_M = 2,0$  and for action loads  $\gamma_F = 1,5$  in absence of other national regulations.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored. The position of the anchors is indicated on the design drawings.
- Fasteners are only to be used for multiple fixings of external thermal insulation composite system.

### Installation:

- Drilling method according to Annex C 1 and C 2.
- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters on the site.
- Installation temperature from 0 °C to + 40 °C.
- Exposure to UV due to solar radiation of the anchor not protected by rendering  $\leq$  6 weeks.

CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8

Intended Use  
Specification

Annex B 1



**Table B2.1: Installation parameters for base material groups “A” concrete, “B” solid bricks, “C” hollow or perforated bricks, “D” lightweight aggregate concrete and “E” autoclaved aerated concrete – flush mounting**

Anchor type		CN CARBON 8 CN CARBON 8 R CNplus CARBON 8
Nominal drill hole diameter	$d_0 =$ [mm]	8
Cutting diameter of drill bit	$d_{cut} \leq$ [mm]	8,45
Depth of drilled hole to deepest point	$h_1 \geq$ [mm]	45/55 <sup>1)</sup> /65 <sup>2)</sup>
Overall plastic anchor embedment depth in the base material	$h_{nom} \geq$ [mm]	35/45 <sup>1)</sup> /55 <sup>2)</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> Only CNplus CARBON valid for weather shells (thin concrete slabs) :  $35 \text{ mm} \leq h_{nom} \leq 45 \text{ mm}$ .

<sup>2)</sup> CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R : Only valid for base material group “E”.

CNplus CARBON 8: Only valid for base material group “D” and “E”.

**Table B2.2: Installation parameters for base material groups “A” concrete, “B” solid bricks, “C” hollow or perforated bricks, “D” lightweight aggregate concrete and “E” autoclaved aerated concrete – countersunk mounting**

Anchor type		CNplus CARBON 8
Nominal drill hole diameter	$d_0 =$ [mm]	8
Cutting diameter of drill bit	$d_{cut} \leq$ [mm]	8,45
Depth of drilled hole to deepest point	$h_1 \geq$ [mm]	60/70 <sup>1)</sup> /80 <sup>2)</sup>
Overall plastic anchor embedment depth in the base material	$h_{nom} \geq$ [mm]	35/45 <sup>1)</sup> /55 <sup>2)</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> Valid for weather shell (thin concrete slabs):  $35 \text{ mm} \leq h_{nom} \leq 45 \text{ mm}$ .

<sup>2)</sup> Only valid for base material group “D” and “E”.

**Table B2.3: Minimum thickness of member, edge distances and spacing in all regulated base material groups**

Anchor type		CN CARBON 8 CN CARBON 8 R CNplus CARBON 8
Minimum thickness of member	$h_{min} =$ [mm]	100
Minimum spacing	$s_{min} =$ [mm]	100
Minimum edge distance	$c_{min} =$ [mm]	100

**Scheme of edge distances and spacing**  
for base material group “A”, concrete,  
group “B” solid bricks, group “C” hollow or  
perforated masonry, group “D” lightweight  
aggregate concrete, group “E” autoclaved  
aerated concrete

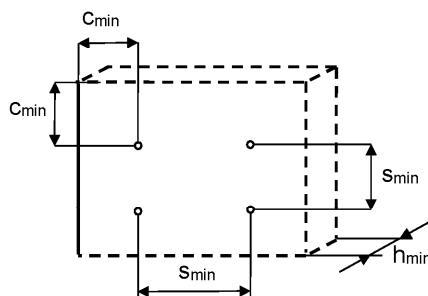


Figure not to scale

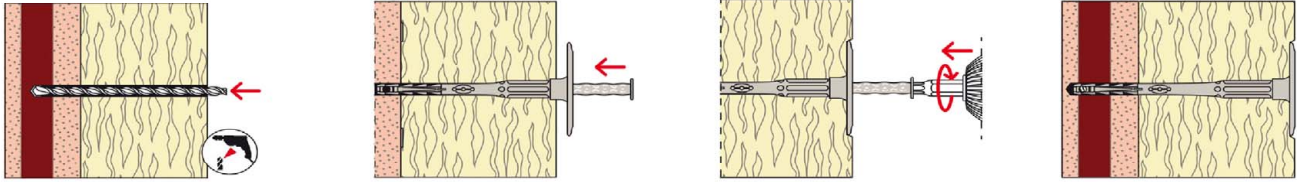
CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8

**Intended Use**  
Installation parameters  
Minimum thickness of member, edge distances and spacing

**Annex B 2**

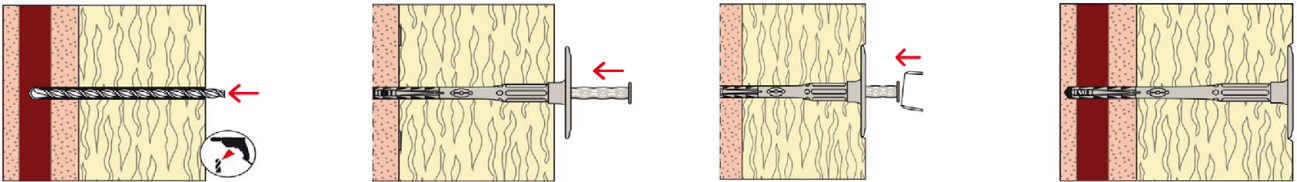
## Installation instruction

### Setting of anchor (plain surface setting) by machine / CNplus CARBON 8



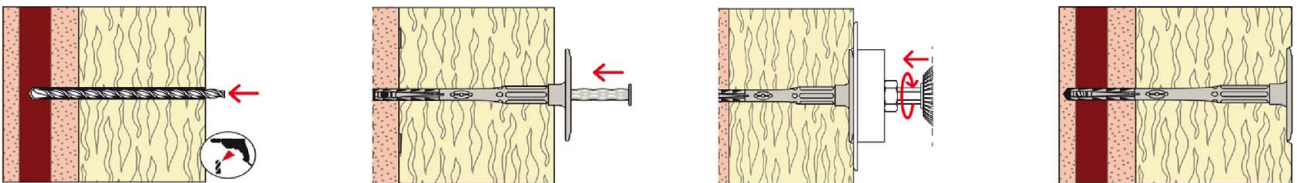
1. Drill hole by corresponding drilling method
2. Insert anchor manually
3. Set anchor by machine
4. Correctly installed anchor

### Setting of anchor (plain surface setting) by hammer / CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8



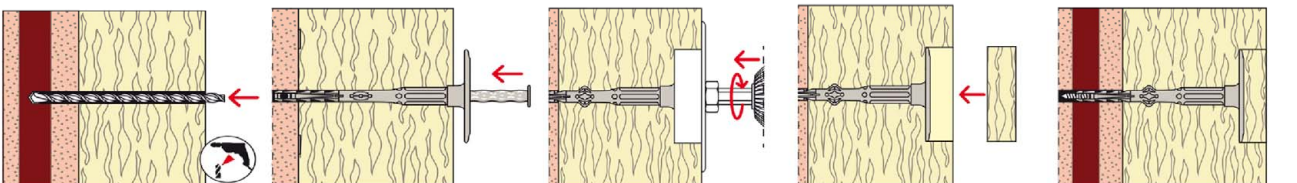
1. Drill hole by corresponding drilling method
2. Insert anchor manually
3. Set anchor by hammer blows
4. Correctly installed anchor

### Setting of anchor (plain surface setting) by setting tool / CNplus CARBON 8



1. Drill hole by corresponding drilling method
2. Insert anchor manually
3. Set anchor by setting tool with the machine
4. Correctly installed anchor

### Setting of anchor (countersunk mounting) by setting tool / CNplus CARBON 8



1. Drill hole by corresponding drilling method
2. Insert anchor manually
3. Set anchor by setting tool with the machine
4. Put on cap
5. Correctly installed anchor

CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8

Intended Use  
Installation instruction

Annex B 3

**Table C1.1: Characteristic resistance  $N_{Rk}$  to tension loads for single anchor  
CN CARBON 8 and CN CARBON 8 R**

Base material	Group	Bulk density $\rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Mean compressive strength / minimum compressive strength single brick as per EN 771 <sup>5)</sup> [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Remarks	Drilling method <sup>1)</sup>	Characteristic resistance to tension loads  $N_{Rk}$ [kN]
Concrete, C12/15 - C50/60 as per EN 206	A	-	-	-	H	<b>0,90</b>
Solid Clay bricks, Mz as per EN 771-1	B <sup>2)</sup>	$\geq 2,0$	15/12	-	H	<b>0,90</b>
Calcium silicate solid bricks, KS as per EN 771-2	B <sup>2)</sup>	$\geq 1,8$	15/12	-	H	<b>0,90</b>
Solid concrete blocks, Vbn as per EN 771-3	B <sup>2)</sup>	$\geq 2,0$	25/20	-	H	<b>0,75</b>
Lightweight concrete blocks, Vbl as per EN 771-3	B <sup>2)</sup>	$\geq 1,4$	10/8	-	H	<b>0,60</b>
Vertically perforated clay bricks, HLz as per EN 771-1	C <sup>3)</sup>	$\geq 1,0$	15/12	Exterior web thickness $\geq 15$ mm.	R	<b>0,60</b>
Hollow calcium silicate brick, KSL as per EN 771-2	C <sup>3)</sup>	$\geq 1,4$	15/12	Exterior web thickness $\geq 23$ mm.	H	<b>0,50</b>
			25/20			<b>0,75</b>
Lightweight concrete hollow blocks, Hbl as per EN 771-3	C <sup>3)</sup>	$\geq 1,2$	12,5/10	Exterior web thickness $\geq 38$ mm.	H	<b>0,60</b>
Lightweight aggregate concrete, LAC as per EN 1520 / EN 771-3	D <sup>3)</sup>	$\geq 0,8$	7,5/6	Min. thickness of brick $h = 100$ mm or min. exterior web thickness $t = 50$ mm.	H	<b>0,40</b>
			5/4			<b>0,60</b>
Unreinforced autoclaved aerated concrete members, AAC as per EN 771-4	E	$> 0,4$	7,5/6	-	R	<b>0,30<sup>4)</sup></b>
		$> 0,6$	5/4	-		<b>0,30<sup>4)</sup></b>

<sup>1)</sup> H = Hammer drilling, R = Rotary drilling.

<sup>2)</sup> Vertically perforation  $\leq 15\%$ ; cross section reduced by perforation vertically to the resting area.

<sup>3)</sup> Vertically perforation  $> 15\%$  and  $\leq 50\%$ , cross section reduced by perforation vertically to the resting area.

<sup>4)</sup> Only valid for  $h_{nom} \geq 55$  mm.

<sup>5)</sup> The compressive strength of the single brick must not be less than 80% of the mean compressive strength.

**CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8**

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance to tension load CN CARBON 8 and CN CARBON 8 R

**Annex C 1**

**Table C2.1: Characteristic resistance  $N_{Rk}$  to tension loads for single anchor CNplus CARBON 8**

Base material	Group	Bulk density $\rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Mean compressive strength / minimum compressive strength single brick as per EN 771 <sup>5)</sup> [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Remarks	Drilling method <sup>1)</sup>	Characteristic resistance to tension loads  $N_{Rk}$ [kN]
Concrete, C12/15 - C50/60 as per EN 206	A	-	-	-	H	<b>0,90</b>
Weather resistant concrete shell $\geq$ C20/25 as per EN 206	A	-	-	$h \geq 42$ mm; $t_{fix} \geq 35$ mm.	H	<b>0,90</b>
Solid clay bricks, Mz as per EN 771-1	B <sup>2)</sup>	$\geq 1,8$	25/20	-	H	<b>0,90</b>
Calcium silicate solid bricks, KS as per EN 771-2	B <sup>2)</sup>	$\geq 1,8$	25/20	-	H	<b>0,90</b>
Solid concrete blocks, Vbn as per EN 771-3	B <sup>2)</sup>	$\geq 2,0$	25/20	-	H	<b>0,90</b>
Lightweight concrete blocks, Vbl as per EN 771-3	B <sup>2)</sup>	$\geq 1,6$	12,5/10	-	H	<b>0,75</b>
Vertically perforated clay bricks, Hlz as per EN 771-1	C <sup>3)</sup>	$\geq 1,6$	15/12	-	R	<b>0, 50</b>
		$\geq 1,0$	60/48	-		<b>0,75</b>
Hollow calcium silicate brick, KSL as per EN 771-2	C <sup>3)</sup>	$\geq 1,4$	20/16	Exterior web thickness $\geq 16$ mm.	H	<b>0,50</b>
Lightweight concrete hollow blocks, Hbl as per EN 771-2	C <sup>3)</sup>	$\geq 1,2$	12,5/10	Exterior web thickness $\geq 38$ mm.	H	<b>0,60</b>
Lightweight aggregate concrete, LAC as per EN 1520 / EN 771-3	D <sup>3)</sup>	$\geq 0,9$	7,5/6	Minimum thickness of brick $h = 100$ mm or Minimum exterior web thickness $t = 50$ mm.	H	<b>0,40<sup>4)</sup></b>
Unreinforced autoclaved aerated concrete members, AAC as per EN 771-4	E	$> 0,4$	5/4	-	R	<b>0,30<sup>4)</sup></b>

<sup>1)</sup> H = Hammer drilling, R = Rotary drilling.

<sup>2)</sup> Vertically perforation  $\leq 15\%$ ; cross section reduced by perforation vertically to the resting area.

<sup>3)</sup> Vertically perforation  $> 15\%$  and  $\leq 50\%$ , cross section reduced by perforation vertically to the resting area.

<sup>4)</sup> Only valid for  $h_{nom} \geq 55$  mm.

<sup>5)</sup> The compressive strength of the single brick must not be less than 80% of the mean compressive strength.

**CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8**

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance to tension load CNplus CARBON 8

**Annex C 2**

**Table C3.1: Point thermal transmittance according to EOTA Technical Report TR 025  
CN CARBON 8 and CN CARBON 8 R**

Anchor type	Thickness of insulation material $h_D$ [mm]	Point thermal transmittance $\chi$ [W/K]
CN CARBON 8 / 110 - 230	60 - 80	0,001
	> 80 - 180	0,000
CN CARBON 8 / 250-350	200 - 300	0,000
CN CARBON 8 / 370-390	> 300 - 340	0,001
CN CARBON 8 R / 250 - 310	200 - 260	0,001

**Table C3.2: Point thermal transmittance according to EOTA Technical Report TR 025  
CNplus CARBON 8 – countersunk setting**

Thickness of insulation material h <sub>D</sub> [mm]	Point thermal transmittance χ [W/K] Base material group				
	A	B	C	D	E
60	0,001	0,001	0,001	0,001	0
80					0,001
100	0,002	0,002	0,001		
120					
140	0,002	0,002		0,001	
160					
180			0		
200				0,001	0,001
220					
240			0		0
260					
280	0,001	0,001			
300					
320					
340					

1) No performance assessed

**CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8**

**Performances**  
Point thermal transmittance

**Annex C 3**

**Table C4.1: Point thermal transmittance according to EOTA Technical Report TR 025  
CNplus CARBON 8– countersunk setting**

Thickness of insulation material h <sub>D</sub> [mm]	Point thermal transmittance χ [W/K] Base material group								
	A	B	C	D	E				
80	0,001	0	0	0	0				
100		0,001	0,001	0,001	0,001				
120									
140									
160									
180	0,002	0,001				0,001	0,001		
200	0,001							0,001	0,001
220									
240									
260									
280	0	0	0	0					
300	0,001	0,001	0	1)	1)				
320			0,001						
340									

1) No performance assessed

**Table C4.2: Plate stiffness according to EOTA Technical Report TR 026**

Anchor type	Max. size of the anchor plate $d_p$ [mm]	Load resistance of the anchor plate [kN]	Plate stiffness $c$ [kN/mm]
CN CARBON 8   CN CARBON 8 R CNplus CARBON 8	60	1,7	0,6

**CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8**

**Performances**  
Point thermal transmittance  
Plate stiffness

**Annex C 4**



**Table C5.1: Displacements of CN CARBON 8 and CN CARBON 8 R**

Base material	Mean compressive strength / minimum compressive strength single brick as per EN 771 <sup>1)</sup> [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Tension load N [kN]	Displacements $\Delta\delta_N$ [mm]
Concrete, C12/15 - C50/60 as per EN 206	-	0,30	< 0,30
Solid Clay bricks, Mz as per EN 771-1	15/12	0,30	< 0,50
Calcium silicate solid bricks, KS as per EN 771-2	15/12	0,30	< 0,30
Solid concrete blocks, Vbn as per EN 771-3	25/20	0,25	< 0,30
Lightweight concrete blocks, Vbl as per EN 771-3	10/8	0,20	< 0,20
Vertically perforated clay, HLz bricks as per EN 771-1	15/12	0,20	< 0,20
Hollow calcium silicate brick, KSL as per EN 771-2	15/12	0,25	< 0,30
	25/20	0,15	< 0,20
Lightweight concrete hollow blocks, Hbl as per EN 771	12,5/10	0,20	< 0,20
Lightweight aggregate concrete, LAC as per EN 1520 / EN 771-3	5/4	0,13	< 0,30
	7,5/6	0,20	< 0,30
Autoclaved aerated concrete members, AAC as per EN 771-4	5/4	0,10	< 0,30
	7,5/6	0,13	< 0,20

<sup>1)</sup> The compressive strength of the single brick must not be less than 80% of the mean compressive strength.

**Table C5.2: Displacements of CNplus CARBON 8**

Base material	Mean compressive strength / minimum compressive strength single brick as per EN 771 <sup>1)</sup> [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Tension load N [kN]	Displacements $\Delta\delta_N$ [mm]
Concrete, C12/15 - C50/60 as per EN 206	-	0,30	< 0,10
Weather resistant concrete shell $\geq$ C20/25 as per EN 206	-	0,30	< 0,10
Solid Clay bricks, Mz as per EN 771-1	25/20	0,30	< 0,20
Calcium silicate solid bricks, KS as per EN 771-2	25/20	0,30	< 0,20
Solid concrete blocks, Vbn as per EN 771-3	25/20	0,30	< 0,20
Lightweight concrete blocks, Vbl as per EN 771-3	12,5/10	0,25	< 0,10
Vertically perforated clay, HLz bricks as per EN 771-1	15/12	0,17	< 0,10
Hollow calcium silicate brick, KSL as per EN 771-2	60/48	0,25	< 0,20
Hollow calcium silicate bricks, KSL as per EN 771-2	20/16	0,17	< 0,10
Lightweight concrete hollow blocks, Hbl as per EN 771	12,5/10	0,20	< 0,10
Lightweight aggregate concrete, LAC as per EN 1520 / EN 771-3	7,5/6	0,13	< 0,20
Autoclaved aerated concrete members, AAC as per EN 771-4	5/4	0,10	< 0,10

<sup>1)</sup> The compressive strength of the single brick must not be less than 80% of the mean compressive strength.

**CN CARBON 8 | CN CARBON 8 R | CNplus CARBON 8**

**Performances**  
Displacements

**Annex C 5**