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European Technical Assessment Body for construction products



European Technical Assessment

ETA-07/0105 of 17 June 2025

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the **European Technical Assessment:**

Trade name of the construction product

Product family

to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

This version replaces

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

ARGISOL

Non load bearing shuttering kit "ARGISOL" based on shuttering elements of EPS

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47 pages including 14 annexes which form an integral

part of this assessment.

EAD 340309-00-0305

ETA-07/0105 issued on 27 April 2018

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European Technical Assessment ETA-07/0105

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Page 2 of 47 | 17 June 2025

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European Technical Assessment ETA-07/0105

English translation prepared by DIBt



Page 3 of 47 | 17 June 2025

Specific part

1 Technical description of the product

1.1 Definition of construction product

The shuttering system "ARGISOL" is a non load-bearing permanent shuttering kit based on standard shuttering elements, accessory parts and special shuttering elements (see Annexes A2 to A4) applicable as formwork for plain and reinforced concrete walls cast in-situ.

The accessory parts are wedges for horizontal curved walls and single plates as well as pieces for the equalization of differences in height and end stops.

1.2 Shuttering elements

1.2.1 Standard shuttering elements

The standard shuttering elements (see Annexes A2.1, A3.1, A3.9 and A4.1) consist of inner and outer shuttering leaves of expanded polystyrene (EPS shuttering leaves) and steel sheets used as spacers.

The spacers are 0.5 mm thick and connect the shuttering leaves. The distance between the spacers in longitudinal direction for the shuttering elements with 14 cm thickness of concrete core is 125 mm (see e. g. Annex A2.1) and for the shuttering elements with 16.5 and 21.5 cm of thickness of concrete core is 150 mm (see e. g. Annexes A3.1 and A4.1). The standard shuttering elements are assembled by foaming (factory-made) steel spacers into the inner and outer EPS shuttering leaves.

The top and the bottom of each EPS shuttering leaf incorporate an interlocking arrangement to form a tight joint (see Annexes A2.1, A3.1, A3.9 and A4.1).

The surfaces are generally smooth. There are also tapered vertical grooves on the inside and outside face of each EPS shuttering leaf. These element-high dovetail grooves on the inside face provide a mechanical interlock between EPS shuttering leaves and concrete core (see clause 3.4.1) and additionally form locks for end stops.

The vertical ends of the EPS shuttering leaves are tongue and groove joints forming a tight joint. Sealing foam is used to seal these vertical joints, and where required, to fill in gaps between any of the formed joints caused by inaccuracies in the foundation level.

The dimensions of the standard shuttering elements are given in Table A1 in Annex A1.

1.2.2 Special shuttering elements

Special elements are also part of the kit. These elements are corner elements, angular elements, T-elements, elements with hinges for horizontal curved walls and lintel elements which are produced in the same manner as described above.

1.3 Accessory parts

1.3.1 Wedges for horizontal curved walls (Annex A2.5)

Wedges are as high as the shuttering leaves (250 mm) and are used to fill the gaps between the vertical joints on the inner side of the horizontal curved walls.

1.3.2 Single leaves, pieces for the equalization of differences in height, end stops (EPS or wood) and wood support edges (Annexes A2.6, A3.10 and A4.7)

The top and the bottom of these accessory parts incorporate an interlocking arrangement to form a tight joint as well as element-high dovetail grooves on the inside and outside face of each EPS shuttering leaf in the same manner as the EPS shuttering leaves of the standard shuttering elements described above, see clause 1.2.1. The vertical ends of these EPS shuttering leaves are tongue and groove joints and form a tight junction.



Page 4 of 47 | 17 June 2025

Single leaves and pieces for equalization are provided to fill gaps between connections of shuttering elements (e. g. roof connection). Single leaves are additionally used in the ceiling level as a vertical shuttering part and to avoid heat bridges in end use conditions. For this purpose, the single leaves are fixed to resist the pressure of fresh concrete of the ceilings when the concrete core of the wall has sufficiently hardened. The dimensions of the single leaves are equivalent to the dimensions of the EPS shuttering leaves. The length and the height of pieces for the equalization of differences in height are varying dependent on the thickness of the concrete core.

End stops are used to lock walls at the end of the EPS shuttering leaves at wall openings. The dimensions of end stops are varying dependent on the thickness of the concrete core and of the material (expanded polystyrene or wood).

The length of the wood support edges is in all cases 48 cm, the height is 2,5 cm and the width is 5 cm.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable EAD 340309-00-0305

The kit is intended to be used for construction of internal walls as well as external walls above or below ground which are load-bearing (structural) or non-load-bearing (nonstructural), including those which are subjected to fire regulations.

When using this type of construction below ground a waterproofing according to applicable national rules shall be provided depending on whether water not exerting pressure or water exerting pressure is to be dealt with. The waterproofing shall be protected from mechanical damage by a smash-resistant protective layer.

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the shuttering elements are used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the shuttering kit of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Resulting structural pattern	Continuous type according to EAD 340309-00-0305, chapter 1.3.3
Efficiency of filling	see Annex C1
Possibility of steel reinforcement	see Annex C1

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance		
Reaction to fire			
EPS	Class E according to EN 13501-1		
Steel spacer	No performance assessed		
Wooden edge support and end stops	No performance assessed		



Page 5 of 47 | 17 June 2025

3.3 Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR 3)

Essential characteristic	Performance		
Content, emission and/or release of dangerous substances			
Substances classified as Carc. 1A/1B ^{a)}			
Substances classified as Muta. 1A/1B ^{a)}	None of these raw materials are actively used in the manufacture of the construction product. ^{b) c)}		
Substances classified as Acute Tox. 1, 2, 3; Repr. 1A/1B; STOT SE 1 and STOT RE 1 a)	manadare et are concaración product.		
Use scenarios regarding BWR 3:			
IA 3	Product with no contact to indoor air		
Water vapour permeability	No performance assessed		
Water absorption	WL(T)5		
water absorption	W _{It} ≤ 5% (EN 16535)		
Water tightness	No performance assessed		
vvator ugritiloss	(finishes are not part of this ETA)		

a) In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

3.4 Safety and accessibility in use (BWR 4)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Bond strength	see Annex C2
EPS leaf to concrete	≥ 0.14 N/mm²
(fixed by steel spacers)	2 0.14 14/111111
Resistance to impact load	
global resistance	see Annex C2
local resistance	No performance assessed
Resistance to filling pressure	bending tensile strength of the shuttering leaves ≥ 150 kPa (see also designation code of EPS in Annex A1 below table A1).
31	tensile strength steel spacer (tie) ≥ 360 MPa
	Strength to pull out of the steel spacer (tie) ≥ 850 N
Safety to personal injuries	The shuttering elements do not have sharp or cutting edges. Due to the soft surfaces of the shuttering leaves, there is no risk of abrasion or of cutting to people.

b) Assessment based on the detailed manufacturers' statements on dangerous substances
c) Active use is the targeted use of substances to achieve specific product properties. Substances that are present as impurities and/or as a secondary component in the product are therefore not to be regarded as "actively used".



Page 6 of 47 | 17 June 2025

3.5 Protection against noise (BWR 5)

Essential characteristic	Performance		
Airborne sound insulation	No performance assessed		
Sound absorption	No performance assessed		

3.6 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6)

Essential characteristic	istic Performance		
Thermal resistance			
	See Annex C3 and table in Annex B6		
Thermal inertia	No performance assessed		

3.7 Aspects of durability

Built-in finishes are not part of the assessed shuttering kit.

Essential characteristic	Performance		
Resistance to deterioration			
Dhysical agent	DS(N)2 to EN 13163		
Physical agent	See Annex C4		
Chemical agent	Built-in finishes are not part of the ETA		

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with EAD No 340309-00-0305, January 2019, the applicable European legal act is Decision 98/279/EC as amended by Commission Decision 2001/596/EC of 8 January 2001.

The system to be applied is: 2+

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 6 June 2025 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Andreas Kummerow beglaubigt:
Head of Department Groth



Characteristics of shuttering elements

The shuttering kit "ARGISOL" consists of the following elements:

- standard shuttering elements,
- special shuttering elements and
- accessory parts.

see clauses 1., 2. and 3.

1. Standard shuttering elements

The standard shuttering elements (composed of EPS shuttering leaves and steel spacers) correspond to the information and drawings given in Annexes A2.1, A3.1, A3.9 and A4.1.

The following types of standard shuttering elements are available:

Table A1: Wall thicknesses of the EPS standard shuttering elements

		s of	s of core	EPS shuttering leaves			tudinal distance spacers	
Туре	according Annex	Thickness the wall	Thickness of concrete core	Thick	ness		l amouth	Longitudinal centre distanc of steel space
	acco	Thi ±	Conc	inner	outer	Height	Length	
		[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
25/14.0		250	140	48	62	250	1000	125
30/14.0	A2.1	300	140	48	112	250	1000	125
35/14.0		350	140	48	162	250	1000	125
20/46 E		300	165	62	0 70	230	1200	150
30/16.5		300	100	62	73	300	1200	150
35/16.5	A3.1	350	165	62	100	230	1200	150
35/16.5	A3.9	330	165	02 123	123	300	1200	150
40/16.5		400	165	00	172	230	1200	150
40/16.5		400	165	62	173	300	1200	150
35/21.5		350	215	62	73	300	1200	150
40/21.5	A4.1	400	215	62	123	300	1200	150
45/21.5		450	215	62	173	300	1200	150

The EPS shuttering leaves are made of expanded polystyrene (EPS) EPS-EN 13163-T(1)-L(2)-W(2)-S(2)-P(5)-BS150-CS(10)100-DS(N)2-TR100-WL(T)5 according to EN 13163 composed of polystyrene particle foam with graphite.

The density ρ of the expanded polystyrene is in the range between 25 kg/m³ and 30 kg/m³.

The declared value of thermal conductivity of the expanded polystyrene is 0,031 W/(m×K).

ARGISOL	
Standard shuttering elements – 14 cm	Annex A1 Page 1 of 2



The nominal thickness of the spacers made of galvanized steel (steel spacers, see e.g. Annexes A2.1, A3.1, A3.9 and A4.1) is 0.50 mm and the minimum height in the middle of the steel spacers is 50 mm.

The material characteristics, dimensions and tolerances of the standard shuttering elements not indicated in Annexes A2.1, A3.1, A3.9 and A4.1 are given in the technical documentation of the ETA.

2. Special shuttering elements

The special shuttering elements correspond to the information and drawings given in Annexes A2.2 to A2.5, Annexes A3.2 to A3.8 and Annexes A4.2 to A4.6. The special shuttering elements are:

- T elements.
- terminal window elements,
- lintel elements,
- corner elements 90°,
- curved corner elements,
- corner elements 45°,
- 90° opposite angular elements and
- elements with hinges for horizontal curved walls.

Special shuttering elements are designed in the same manner as the standard shuttering elements described above, see clause 1.

The special shuttering elements consist of EPS and steel spacers, it is the same material used for standard shuttering elements specified in clause 1.

3. Accessory parts

The accessory parts correspond to the information and drawings given in Annexes A2.5, A2.6, A3.10 and A4.7. The accessory parts are:

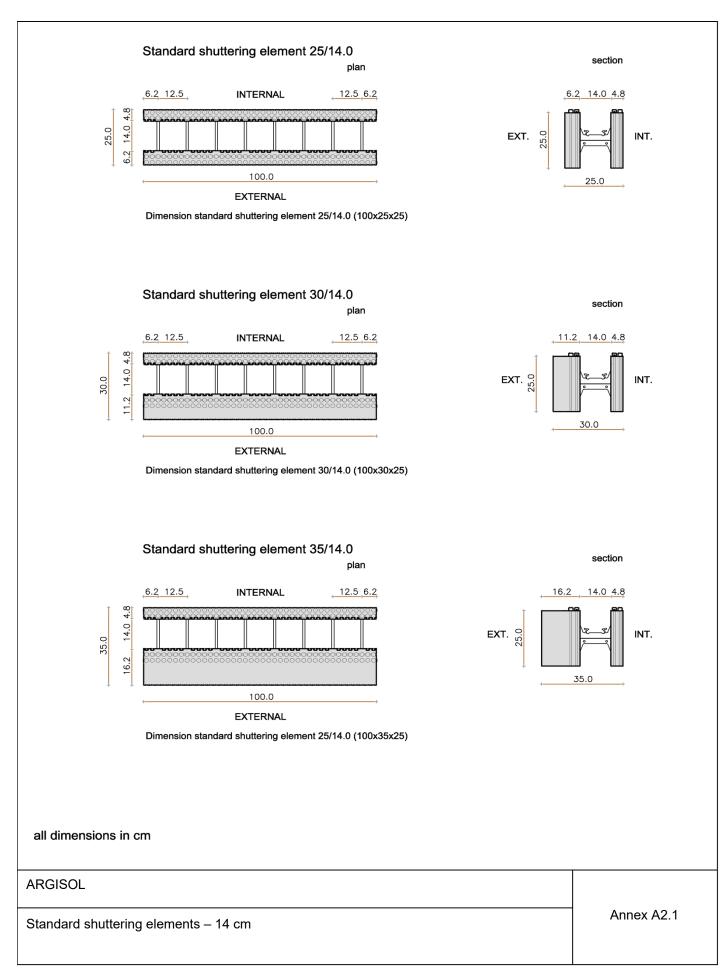
- wedges for horizontal curved walls,
- single leaves,
- pieces for the equalization of differences in height,
- end stops (EPS or wood) and
- wood support edges.

The accessory parts consist of EPS, it is the same material used for standard shuttering elements specified in clause 1.

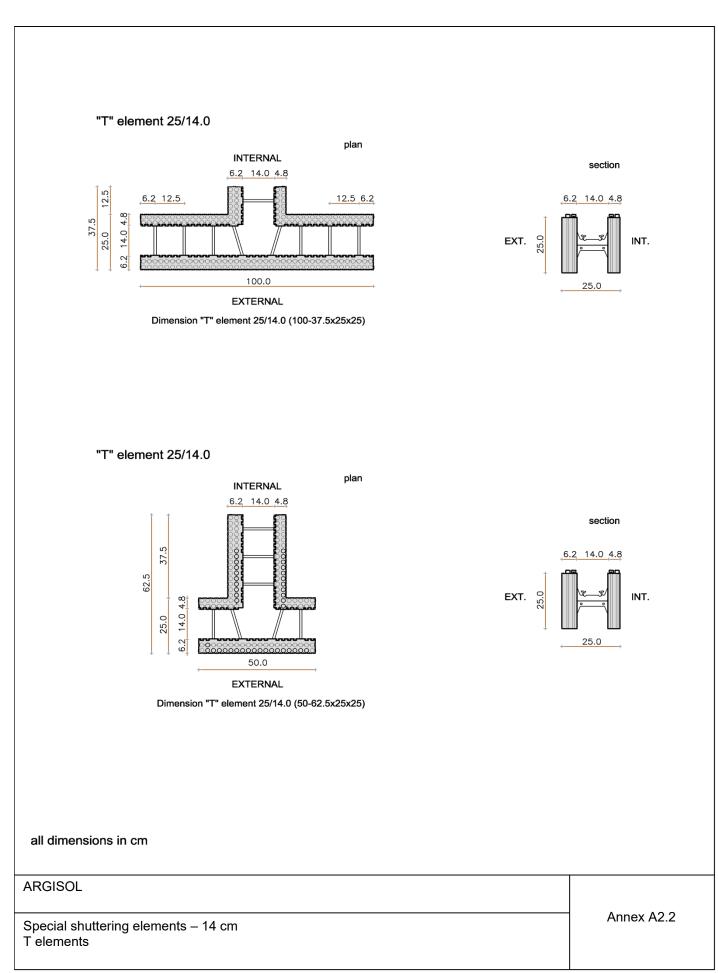
The technical documentation of the ETA is deposited with *Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik* and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.

ARGISOL	A A 4
Standard shuttering elements – 14 cm	Annex A1 Page 2 of 2

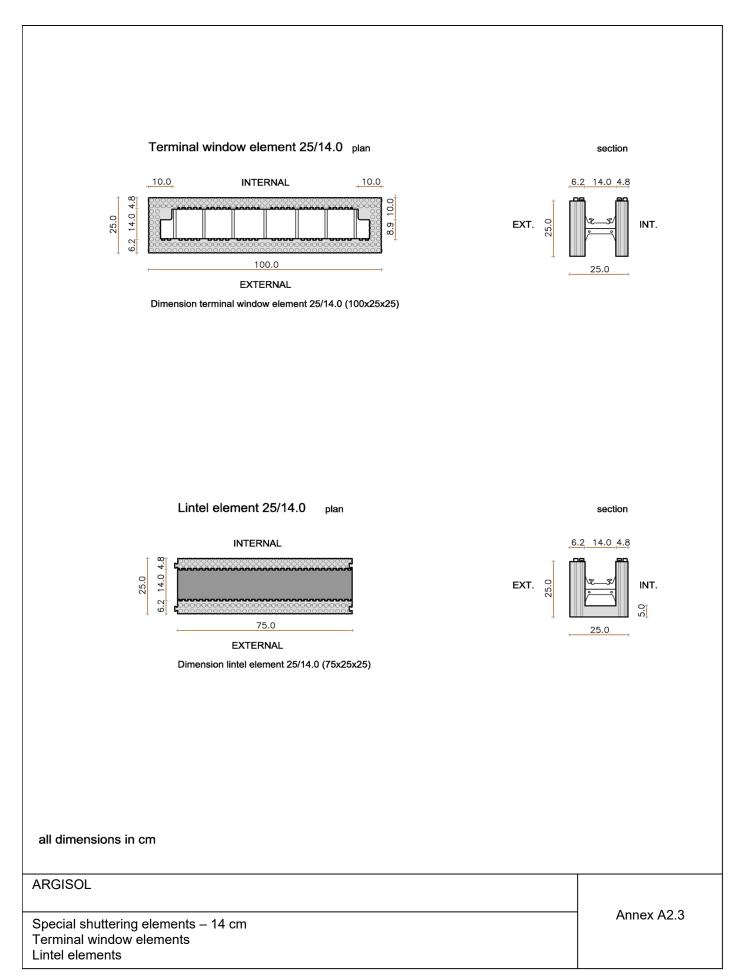




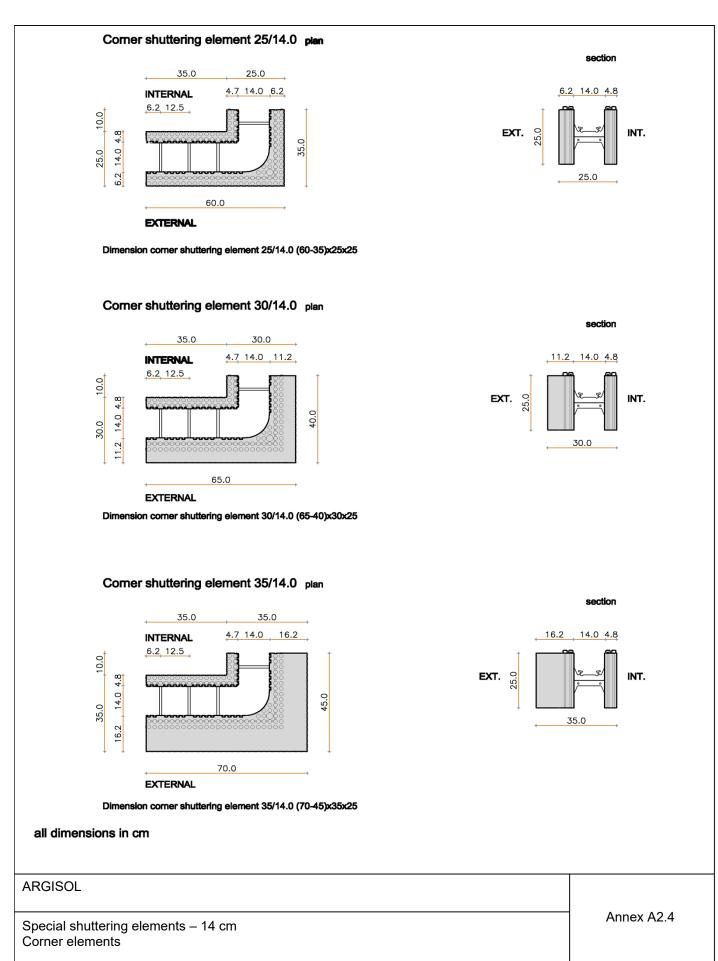




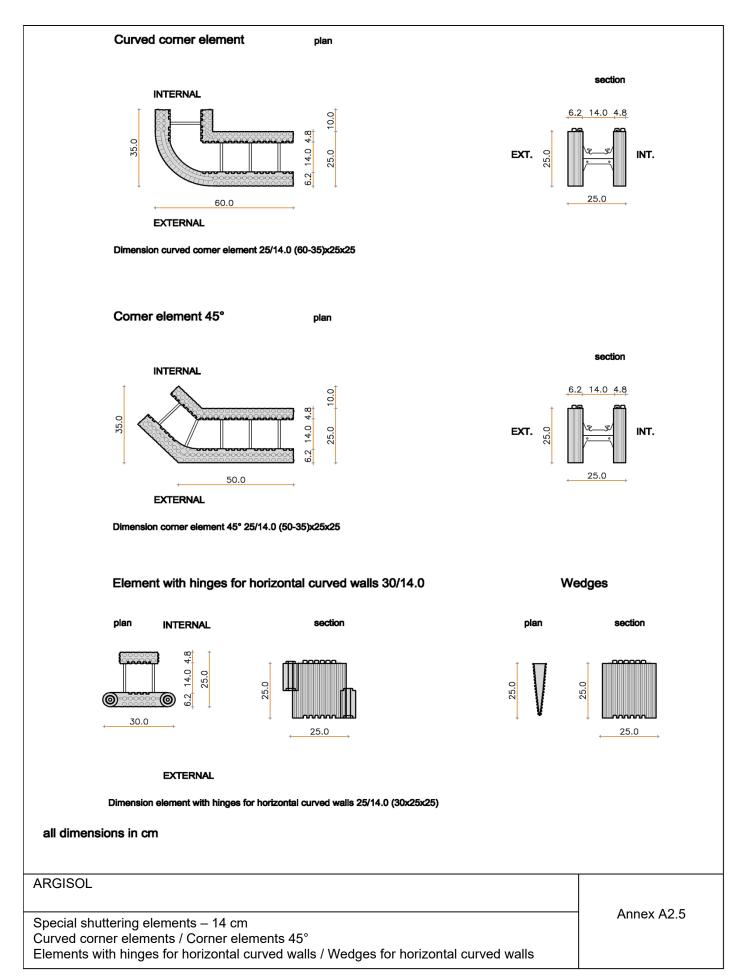




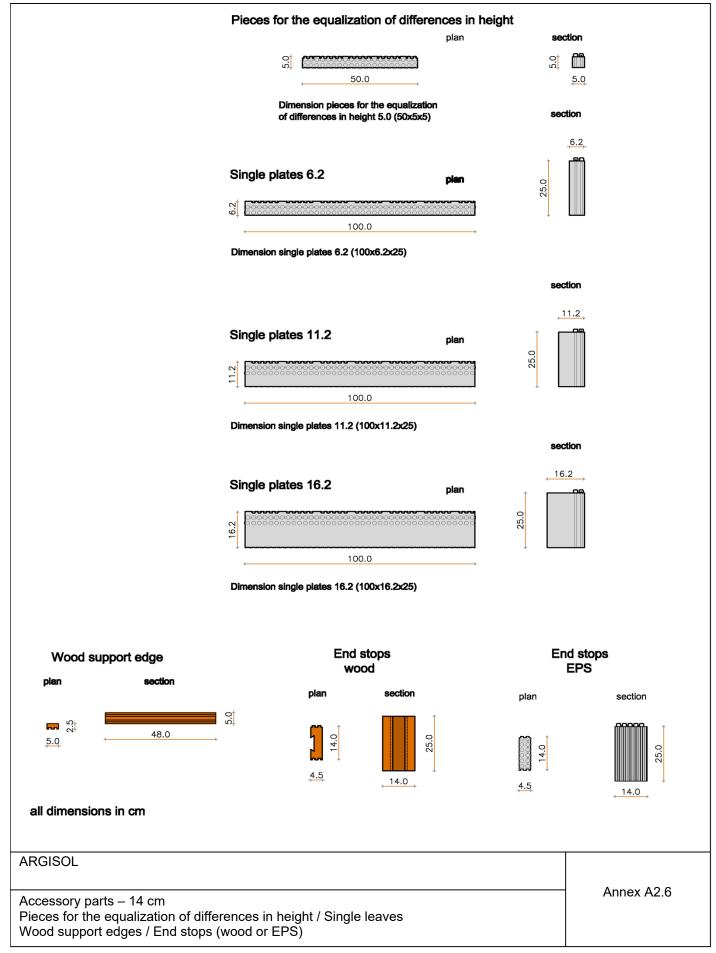




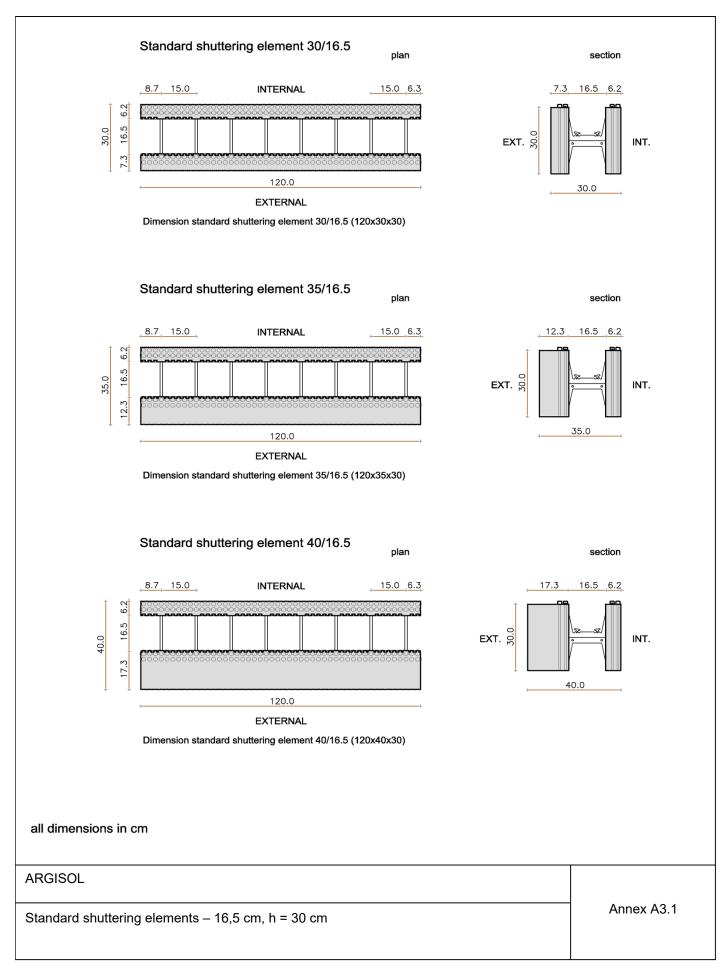




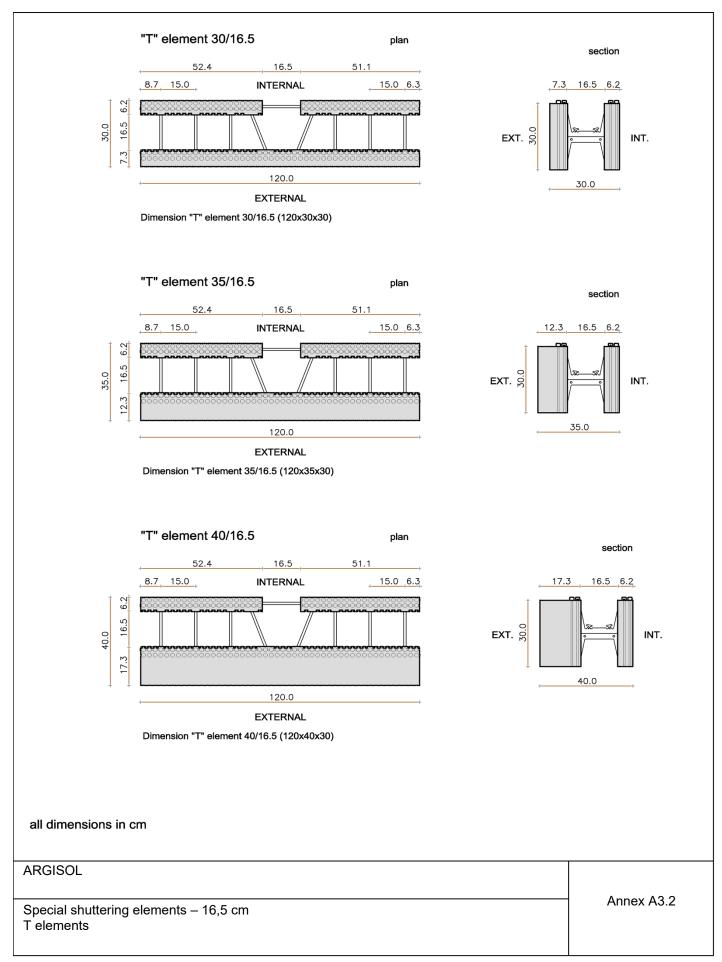




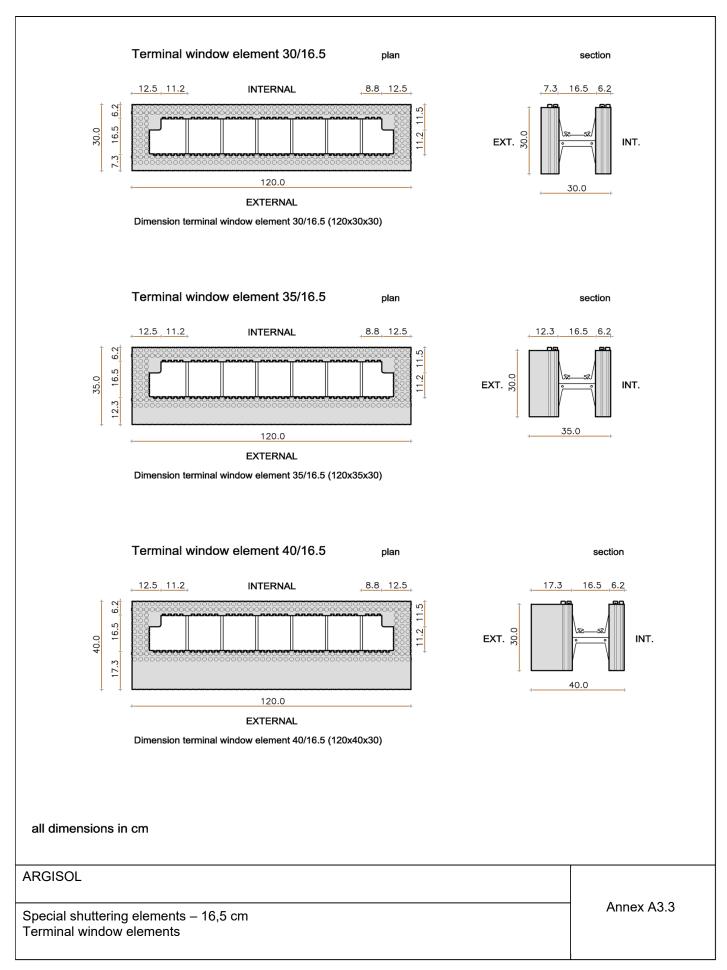




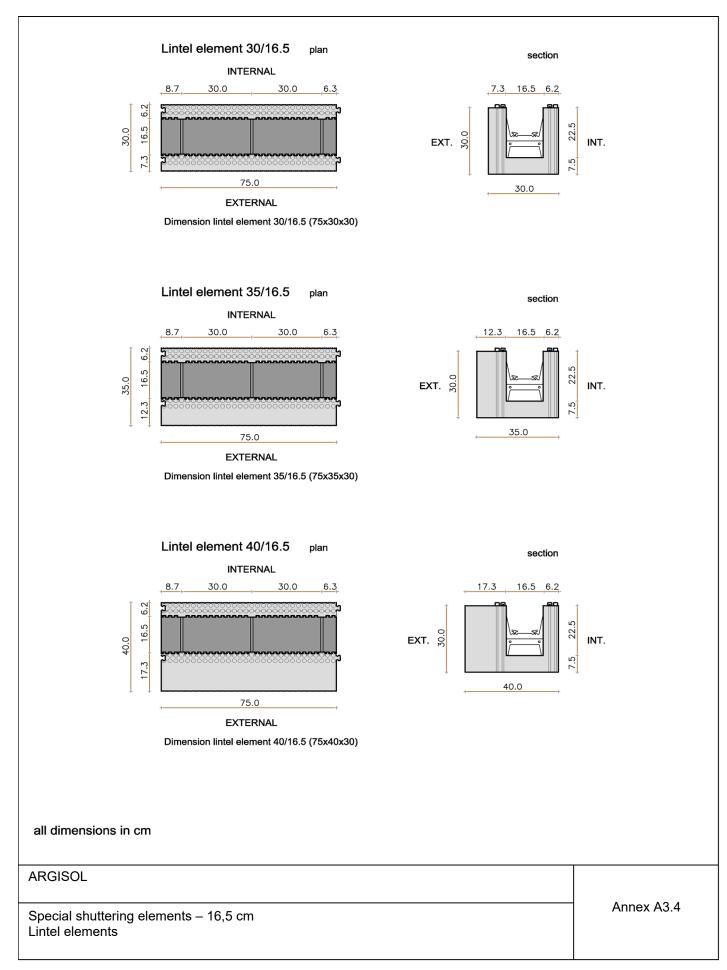




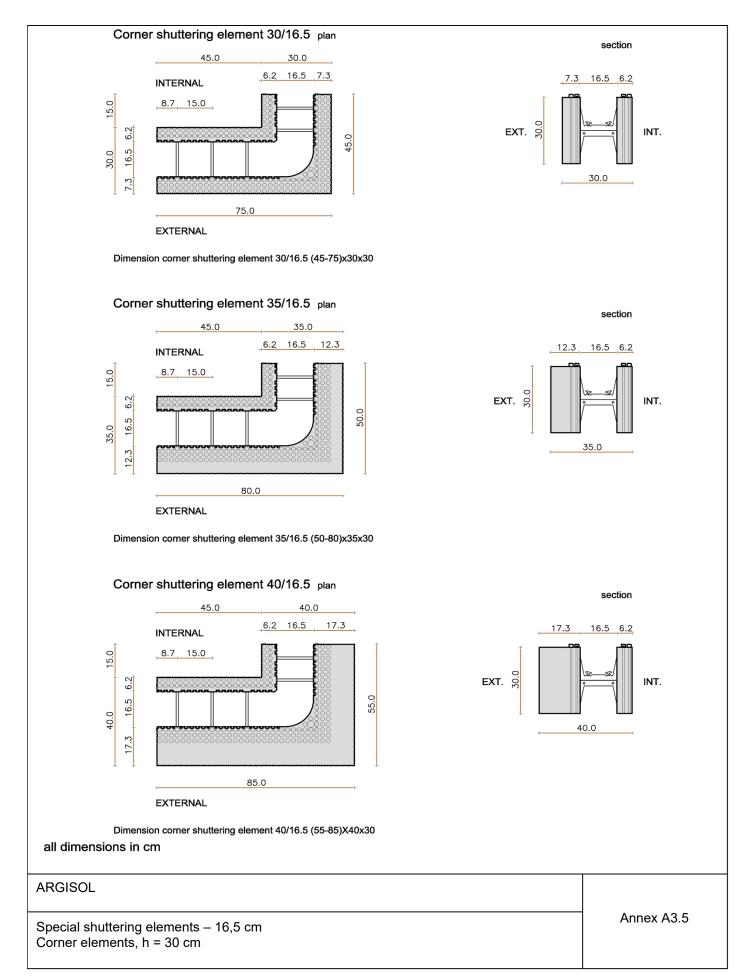




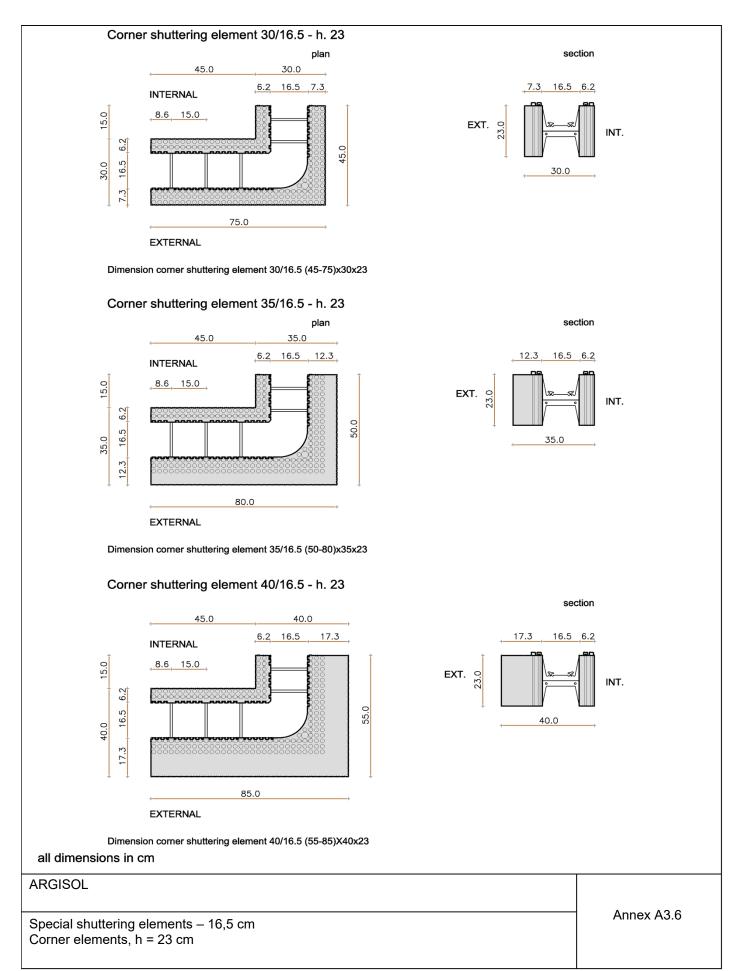






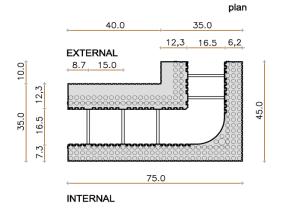


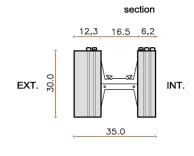






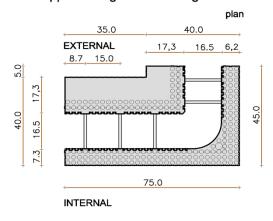
90° opposite angular shuttering element 35/16.5

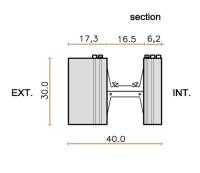




Dimension 90° opposite angular shuttering element 35/16.5 (45-75)x35x30

90° opposite angular shuttering element 40/16.5





Dimension 90° opposite angular shuttering element 40/16.5 (45-75)x40x30

all dimensions in cm

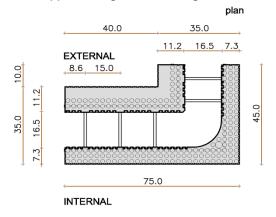
ARGISOL

Special shuttering elements – 16,5 cm
90° opposite angular elements, h = 30 cm

Annex A3.7



90° opposite angular shuttering element 35/16.5 - h. 23

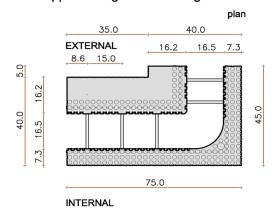


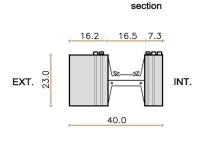
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section

Dimension 90° opposite angular shuttering element 35/16.5 (45-75)x35x23

90° opposite angular shuttering element 40/16.5 - h. 23



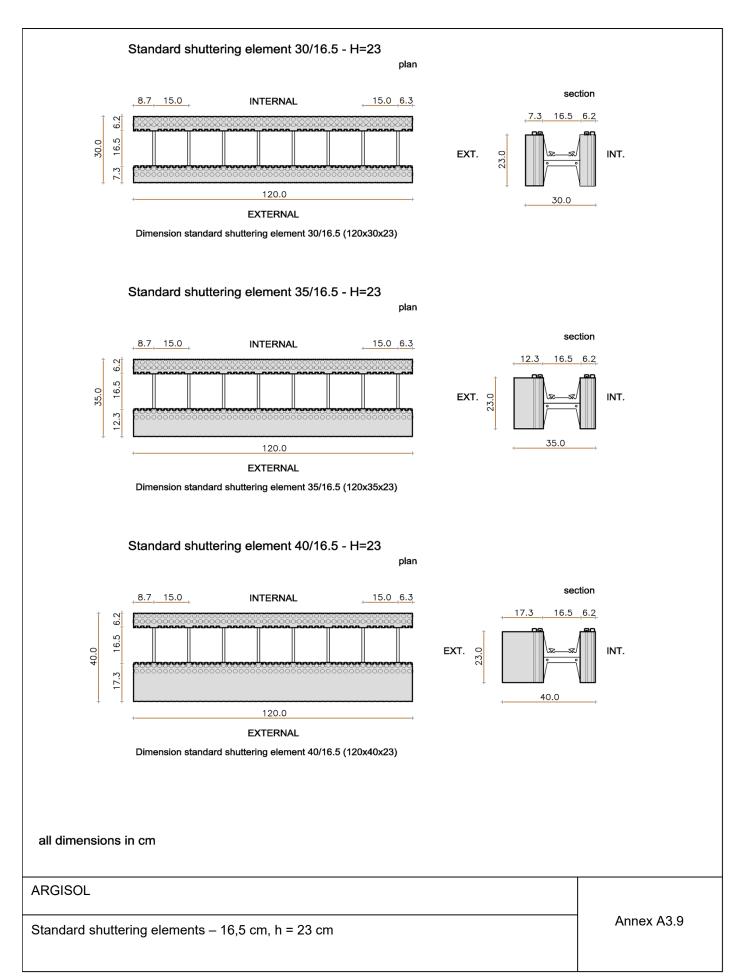


Dimension 90° opposite angular shuttering element 40/16.5 (45-75)x40x23

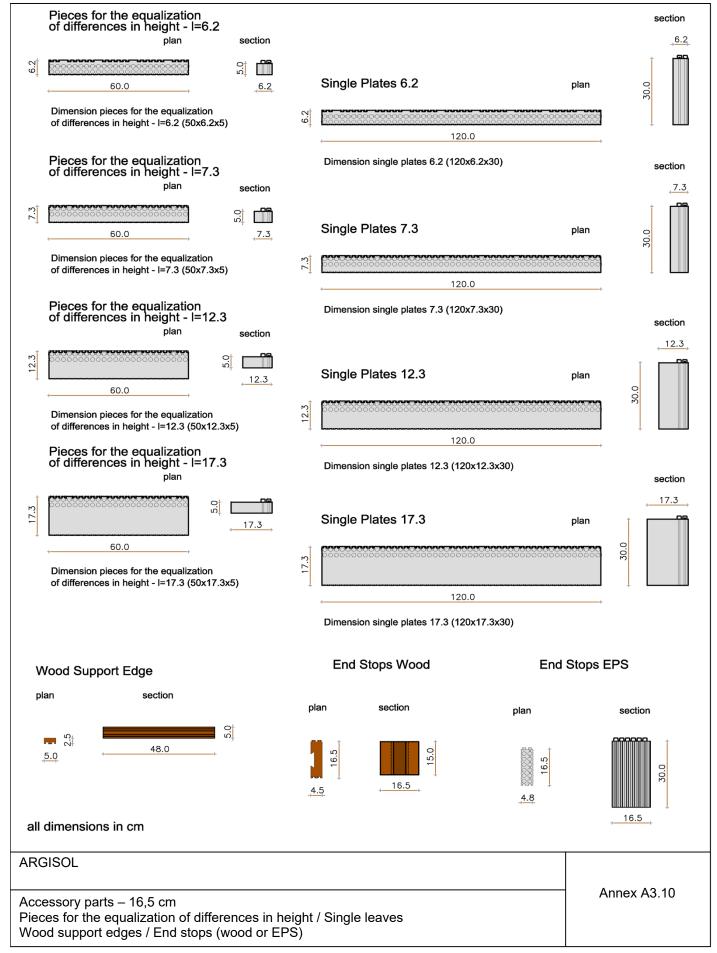
all dimensions in cm

ARGISOL	
Special shuttering elements – 16,5 cm 90° opposite angular elements, h = 23 cm	Annex A3.8

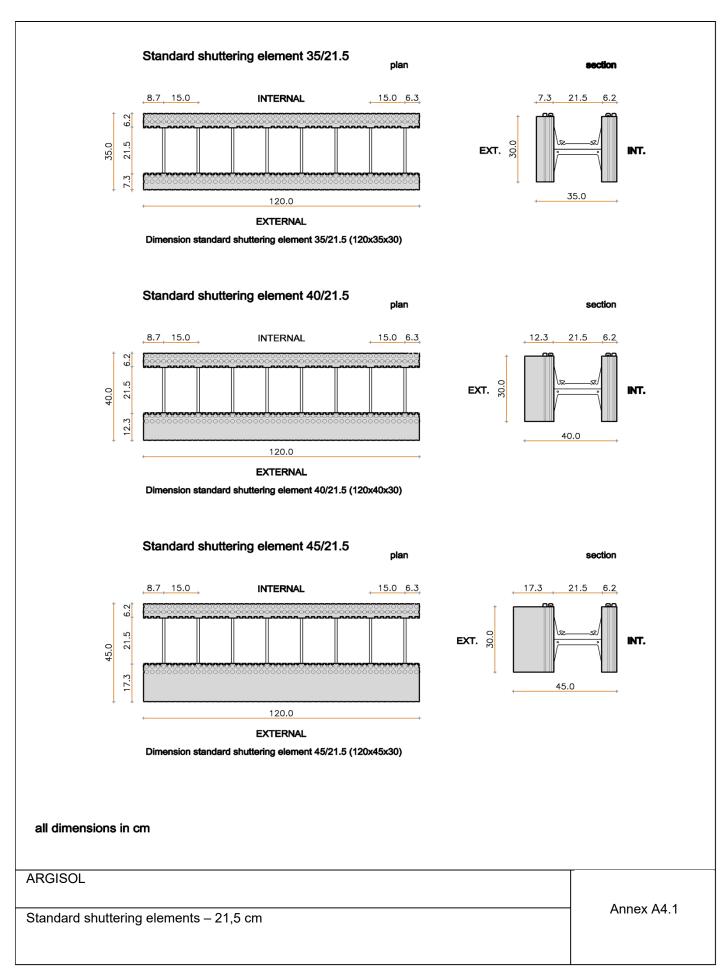




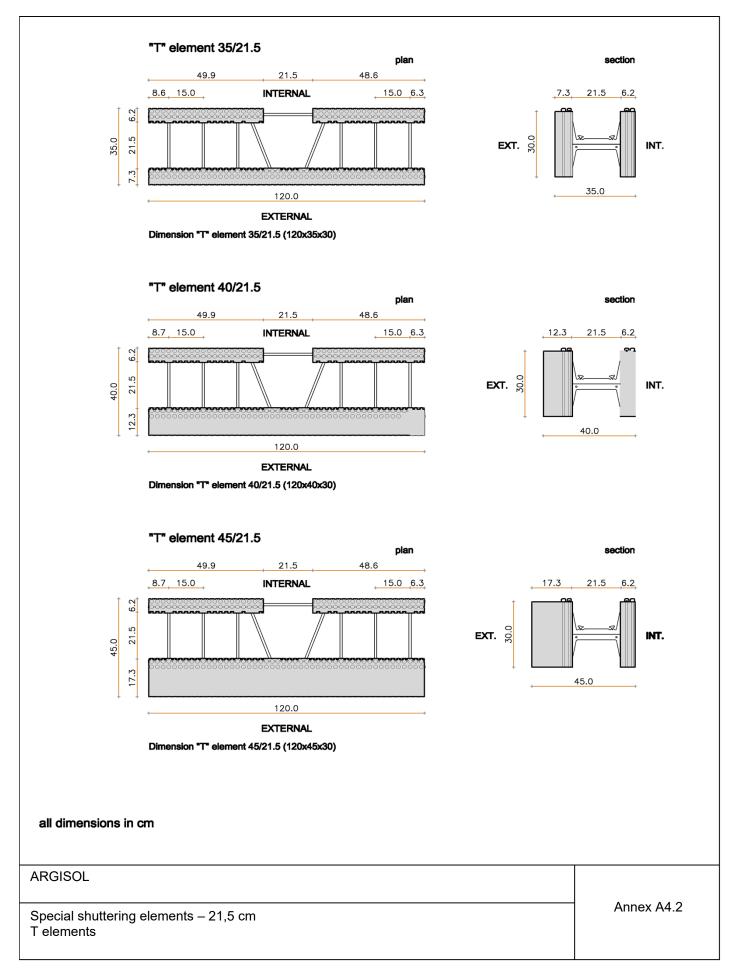




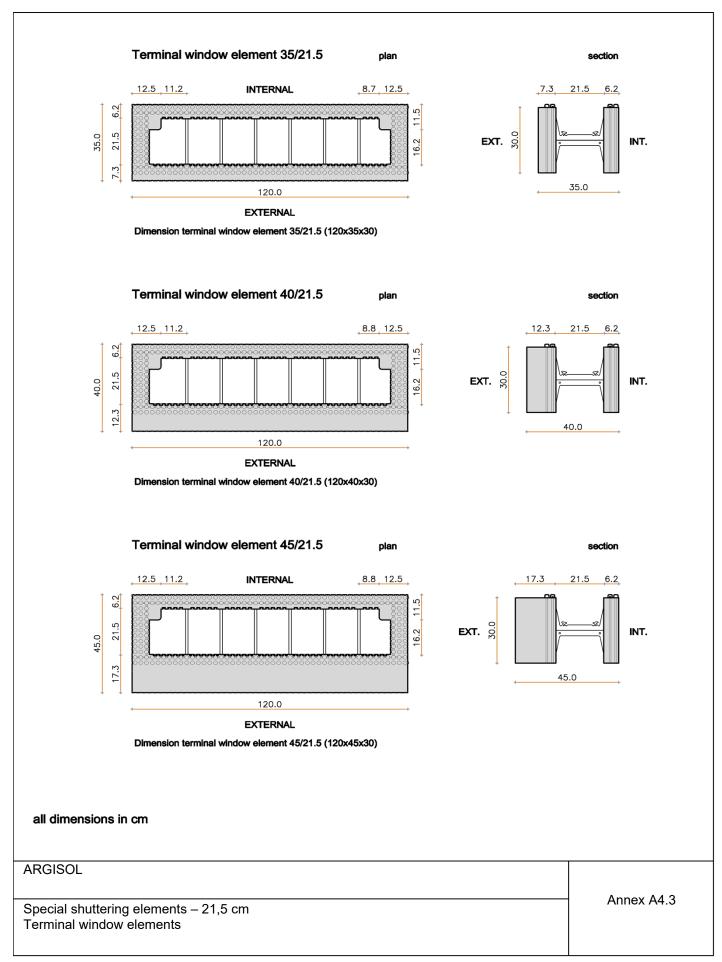




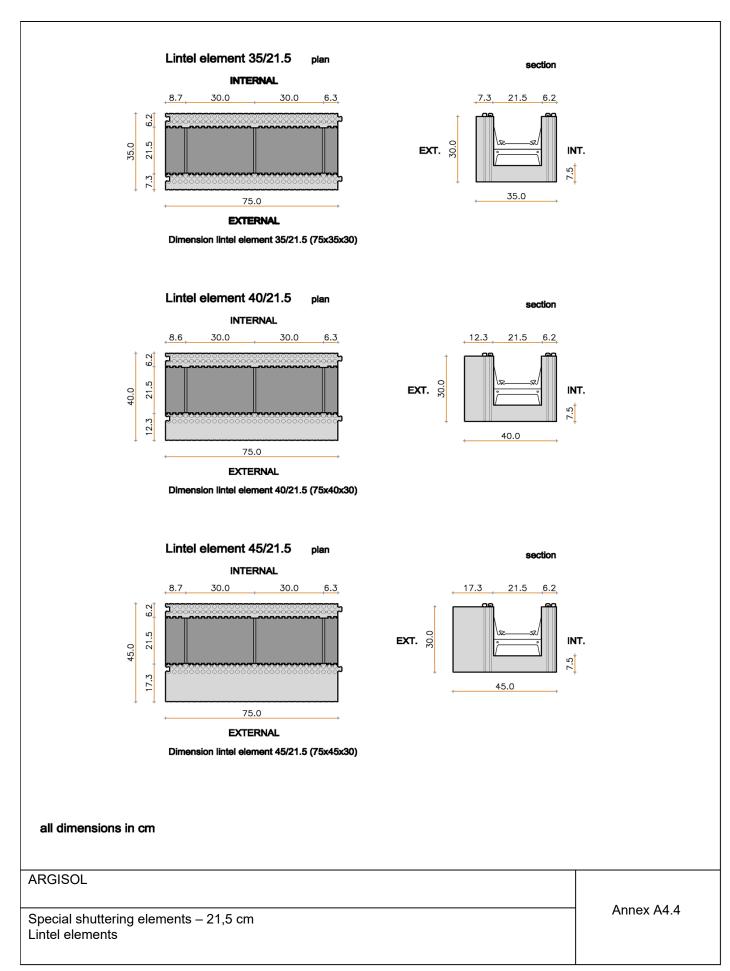




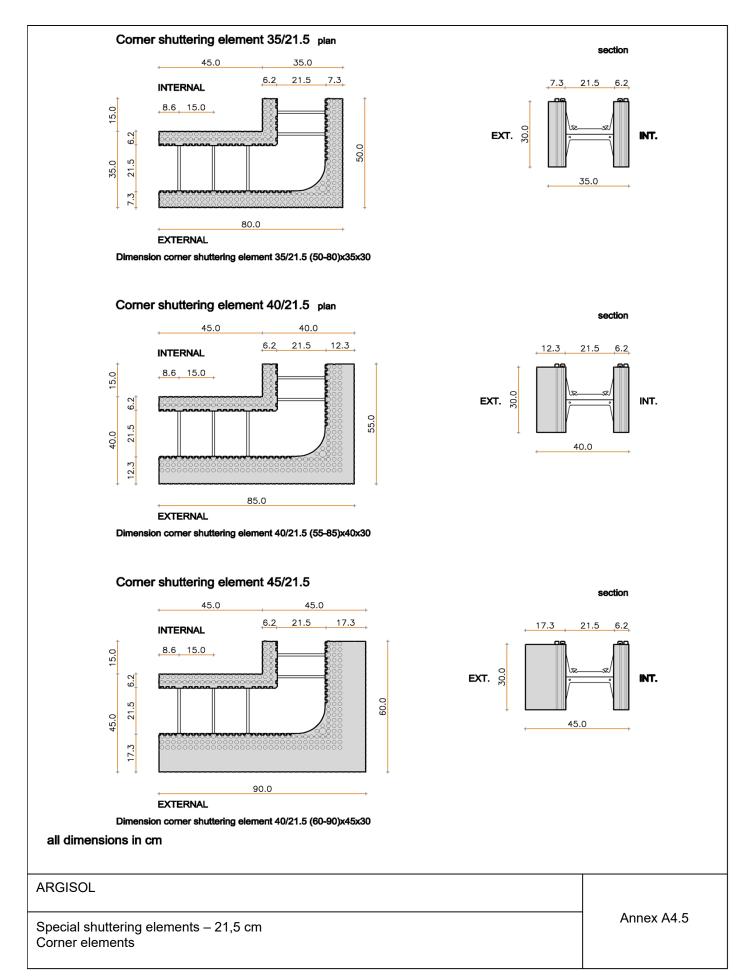






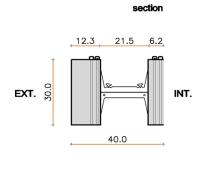






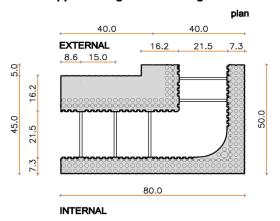


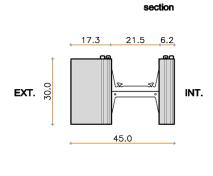
90° opposite angular shuttering element 40/21.5



Dimension 90° opposite angular shuttering element 40/21.5 (50-80)x40x30

90° opposite angular shuttering element 45/21.5



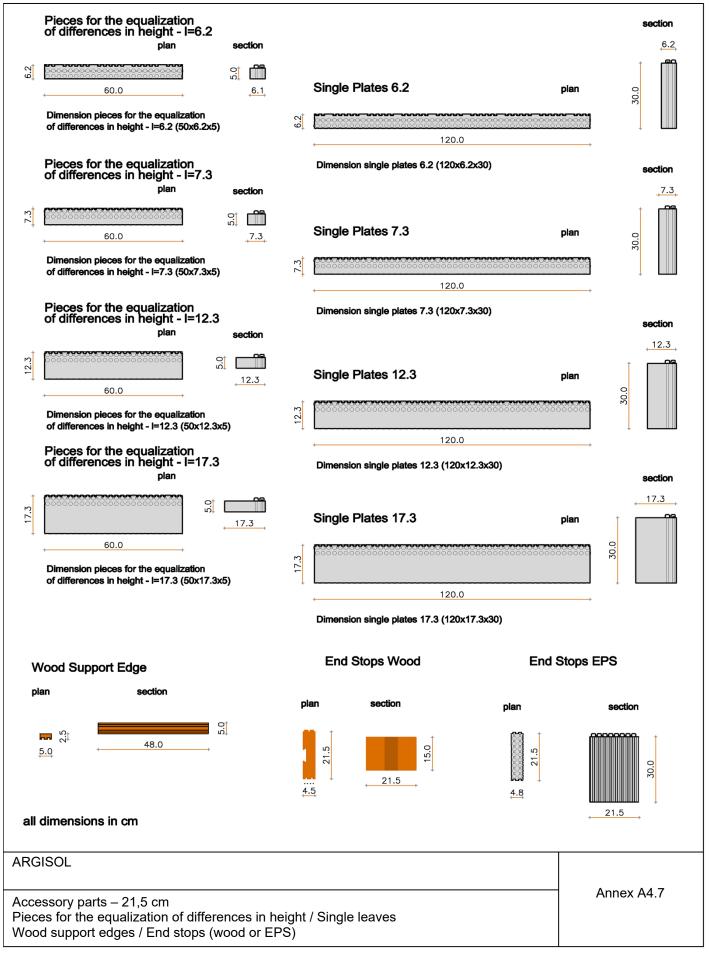


Dimension 90° opposite angular shuttering element 45/21.5 (50-80)x45x30

all dimensions in cm

ARGISOL	
Special shuttering elements – 21,5 cm 90° opposite angular elements	Annex A4.6







Installation

1 General

The manufacturer shall ensure that the requirements in accordance with sections 1 and 3, Annexes A1, B1 and B2 are made known to those involved in planning and execution. The installation guide is deposited with DIBt and shall be present at every construction site. If the manufacturer's instructions contain provisions which differ from those stated here, the specifications of the ETA shall apply.

After installation of the shuttering elements the site-mixed or ready mixed concrete is brought in and compacted.

Under end use conditions walls of the continuous type¹ of unreinforced and reinforced concrete are created. For structural design purposes the thickness of the wall and the weight per unit area without rendering are shown in Annex B6.

In end use conditions the EPS shuttering leaves are the main part of the thermal insulation of the walls.

The design values of thermal resistance respectively the design values of thermal conductivity shall be laid down according to the relevant national provisions.

2 Installation of the shuttering elements

The shuttering elements are put together on site in layers without mortar or adhesive. To receive stable floor high formworks the vertical joints between two elements of one layer have to be shifted of at least a quarter of the element length, better a half of the element length, to the vertical joints of the previous and next layer (see Annexes B3 and B4).

First of all two layers of the entire floor plan are to be interlocked according to the installation guide of the manufacturer.

Afterwards levelling to the subsoil is performed (foundation, bottom, ground floor and ceiling). Voids between the EPS shuttering leaves and the uneven subsoil are to be sealed with PU foam before concreting.

Subsequently, according to the installation guide of the manufacturer, the shuttering elements are to be interlocked to floor height, levelled and fastened to the push pull props (see Annex B5).

The push pull props shall be arranged with a maximum distance of 0.80 m to be connected over the entire wall height with the shuttering elements and to be fastened to the floor.

The necessary reinforcement according to static calculation shall also be installed according to the instructions in the installation guide provided by the manufacturer.

Rectangular corners are to be formed according to Annex B3. Typical wall junctions are to be formed according to Annex B4.

Further information is given in the installation guide.

3 Concreting

For the production of normal concrete EN 206 shall apply. The consistency of concrete shall be at least within the lower consistency range F3 when compacted by vibration and at least within the upper consistency range F3 when compacted by poking.

The maximum aggregate size shall be at least 8 mm and shall not exceed 16 mm.

Furthermore the concrete shall have rapid or medium strength development according to EN 206, Table 16.

1 See EAD 340309-00-0305, chapter 1.3.3

ARGISOL

Installation

Annex B1
Page 1 of 3



Placing the concrete shall be performed only by persons who were instructed in the works and in the proper handling of the shuttering system.

Placing the concrete shall be performed in layers of maximum 0.75 m at a maximum concreting rate of 1 m/h. For curved and angled walls made with shuttering elements the concreting rate shall not exceed 1 m/h.

If equivalent national rules are not available the following instructions shall be considered:

Horizontal cold joints are to be arranged preferably at the height of the floor. If cold joints cannot be avoided within the height between the floors, vertical starter bars shall be installed. The starter bars shall meet the following requirements:

- Two adjacent starter bars shall not be situated in the same plane parallel to the surface of the wall.
- The distance between two starter bars in wall direction shall be at least 10 cm and not larger than 50 cm.
- The total section area of the starter bars shall not be less than 1/2000 of the section area of the concrete.
- Anchorage length of the starter bars on both sides of the cold joint shall be at least 20 cm.

Before the further placing of concrete, cement laitance and detached / loose concrete shall be removed and the cold joints shall be sufficiently pre-wetted. At the time of concreting the surface of the older concrete shall be slightly moist, so that the newly placed concrete can combine well with the older concrete.

If no cold joint is planned, placing of concrete in layers may only be interrupted until the concrete layer placed last has not yet set so that a good and even bond is still possible between the two concrete layers. When using internal vibrators the vibrating cylinder shall still penetrate into the already compacted lower concrete layer.

The concrete may fall freely only up to a height of 2 m, beyond that the concrete shall be cohered by discharge pipes or concreting tubes with a diameter of 100 mm at the most and shall be led shortly before the place of installation.

Cones from placing concrete are to be avoided by short distances of the places of fill in.

Planning shall allow for sufficient spaces in the reinforcement for discharge pipes or concreting tubes.

After concreting the walls may not deviate from the plumb line more than 5 mm per running meter wall height.

The ceiling shall only be placed on walls made of shuttering elements when the concrete core has sufficiently hardened.

4 Ducts crossing and situated inside the wall

Horizontally passing ducts are to be installed according to the installation guide of the ETA holder and are to be taken into account when designing the wall.

Horizontal ducts situated inside the wall cores are to be avoided. If absolutely necessary, these are to be taken into account when designing the wall.

Also vertical ducts in the concrete core shall be considered, if their diameter exceeds 1/6 of the thickness of the concrete core and the distance of the pipes is less than 2 m.

ARGISOL	
Installation	Annex B1 Page 2 of 3

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5 Reworking and finishes

Walls of the type "ARGISOL" are to be protected by finishes (e. g. rendering, plasters, cladding, panelling, coatings). Finishes are not part of the kit and therefore not considered in this ETA. Preferably for external surfaces the rendering systems used should meet the requirement of EAD 040083-00-0404. The cladding respectively panelling or their substructures shall be anchored in the concrete core. The execution of the rendering shall be performed according to applicable national rules.

The protection by finishes should be implemented preferably within one month after erecting the load-bearing structure, because of the detrimental influence of weather and UV radiation on the surface of the EPS shuttering leaves.

6 Fixing of objects

Fixing of objects in the EPS shuttering leaves is not possible. The part of fixings which is relevant for the mechanical resistance shall be inside the concrete core. The influence of the fixing to the reduction of the declared value of thermal resistance $R_{\text{D,element}}$ shall be considered according to EN ISO 6946.

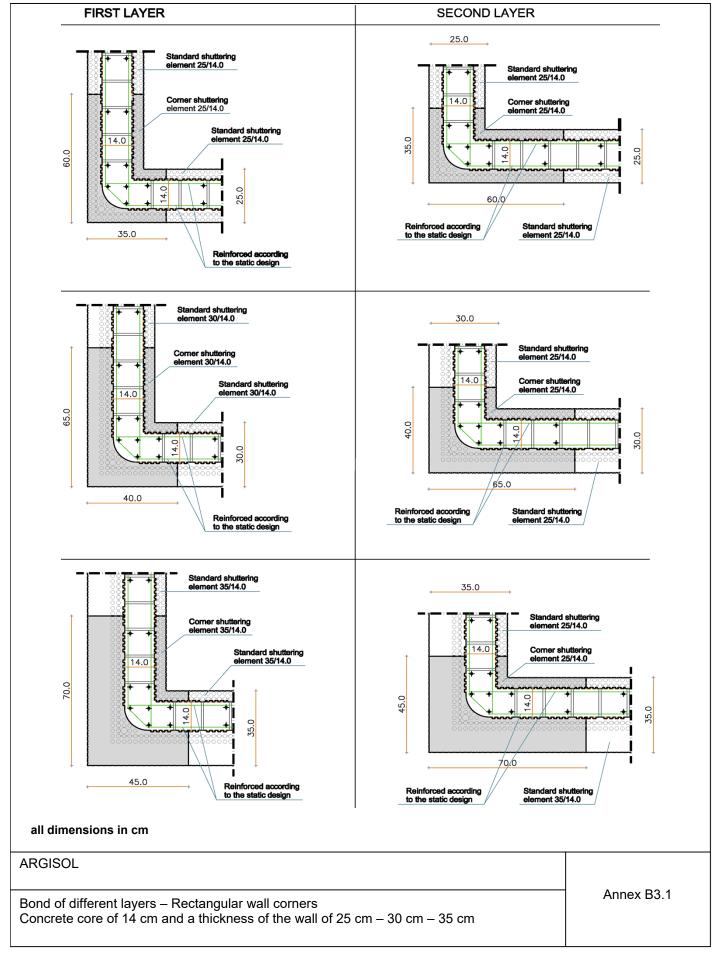
ARGISOL	
Installation	Annex B1 Page 3 of 3



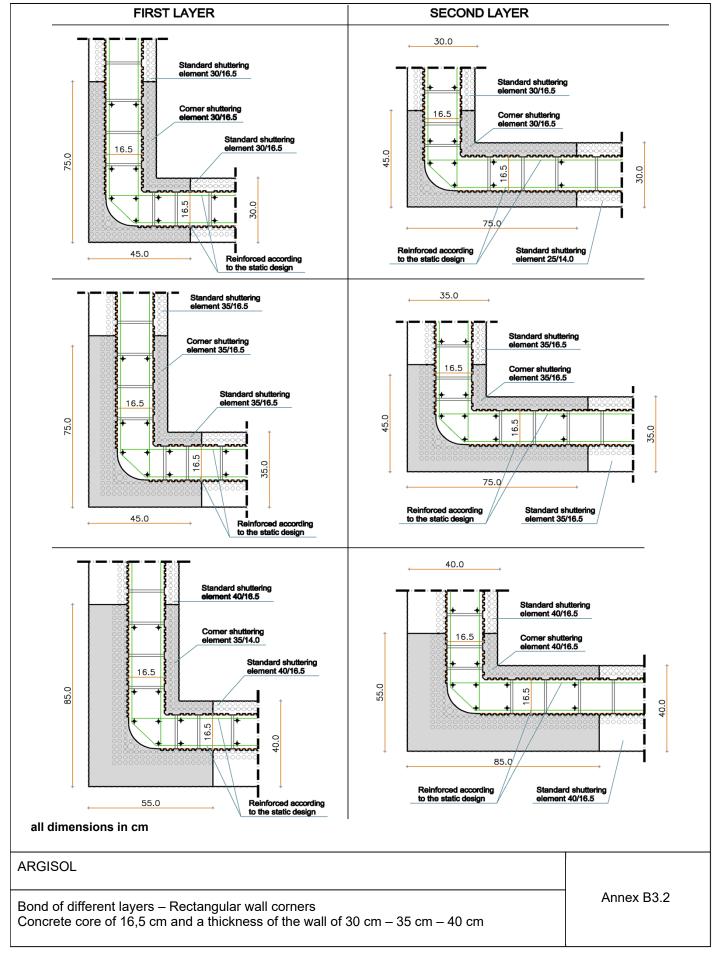
standards		issue	title
guideline EN	206	2013 + A2:2021	Concrete – Specification, performance, production and conformity
EN	1992-1-1	2011-01 + A1:2015-03	Eurocode 2: Design of concrete structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings;
EN	13163	2012 + A2:2016	Thermal insulation products for buildings – Factory made expanded polystyrene (EPS) products – Specification
EN	13501-1	2010-01	Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 1: Classification using test data from reaction to fire tests
EN	13501-2	2016	Fire classification of construction products and building elements – Part 2: Classification using data from fire resistance
			tests, excluding ventilation services;
EN ISO	6946	2018	Building components and building elements - Thermal resistance and thermal transmittance - Calculation method
EN ISO	10456	2010	Building materials and products - Hygrothermal properties - Tabulated design values and procedures for determining declared and design thermal values (ISO 10456:2007 + Cor. 1:2009)
EN ISO	13788	2013	Hygrothermal performance of building components and building elements - Internal surface temperature to avoid critical surface humidity and interstitial condensation - Calculation methods (ISO 13788:2012)
EN ISO	16535	2019	Thermal insulating products for building applications – Determination of long-term water absorption by immersion
EAD	040083-00-0404	2019-01	External thermal insulation composite systems (ETICS) with renderings
EAD	340309-00-0305	2019-01	Non load-bearing permanent shuttering kits/systems based on hollow blocks or panels of insulating materials and sometimes concrete

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List of standards and guidelines	Annex B2

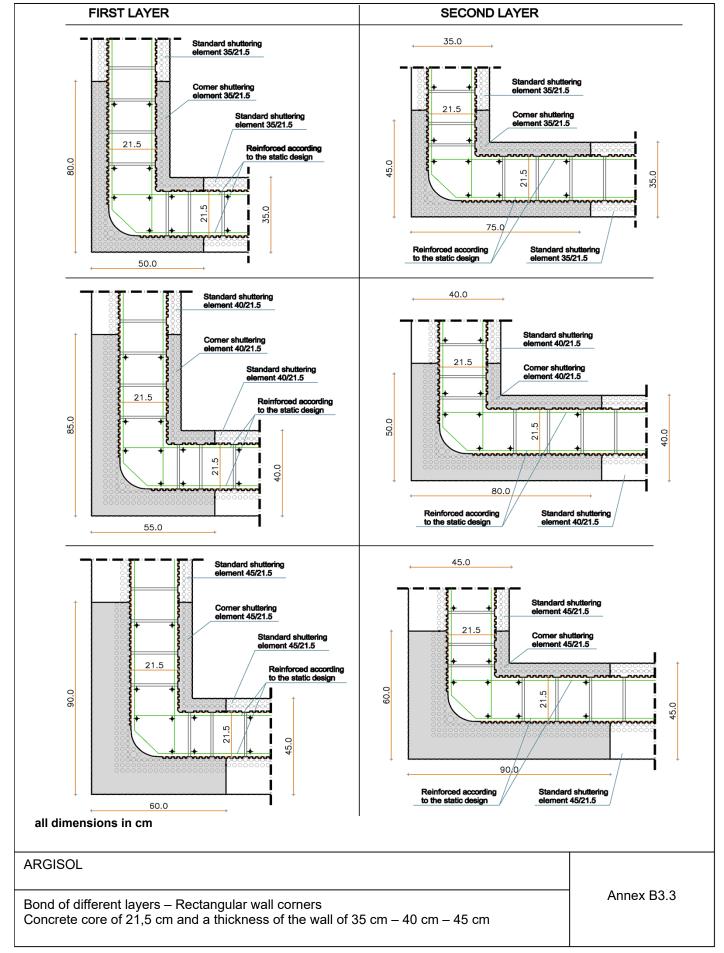




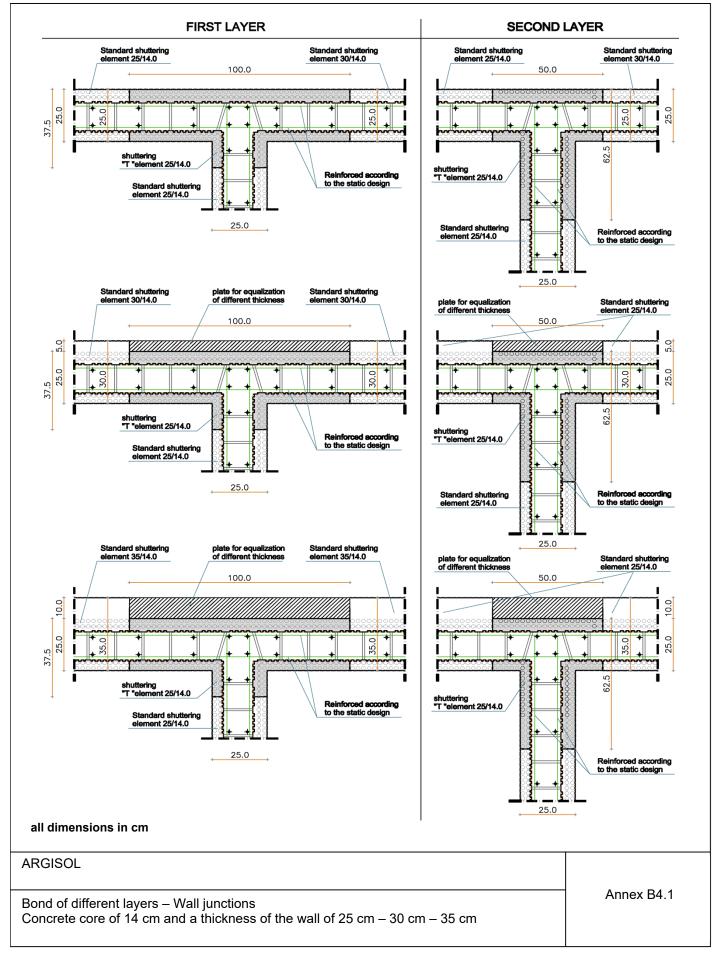




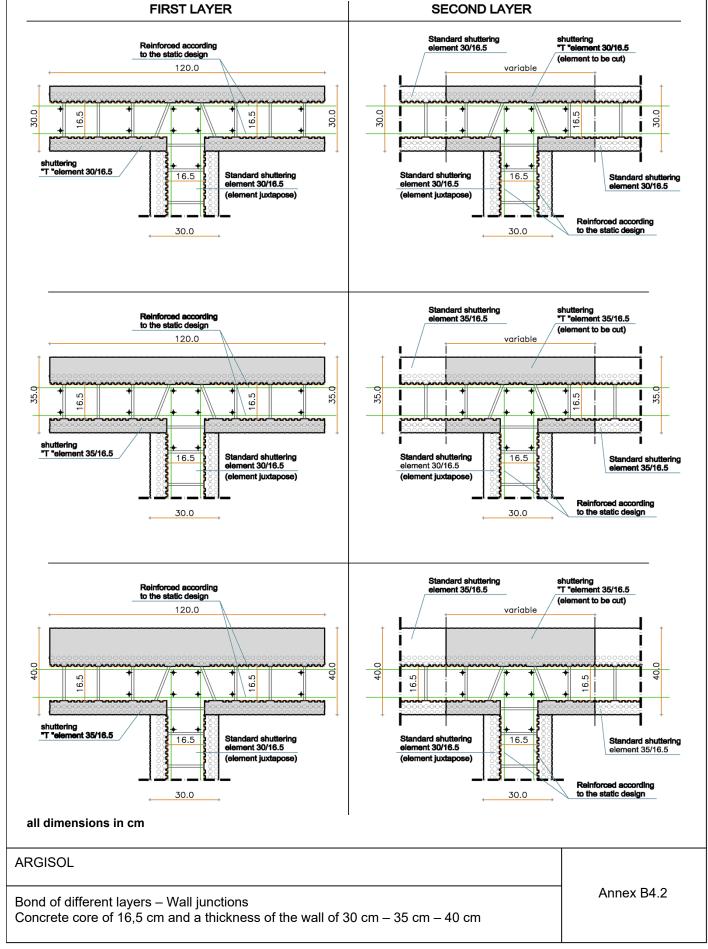




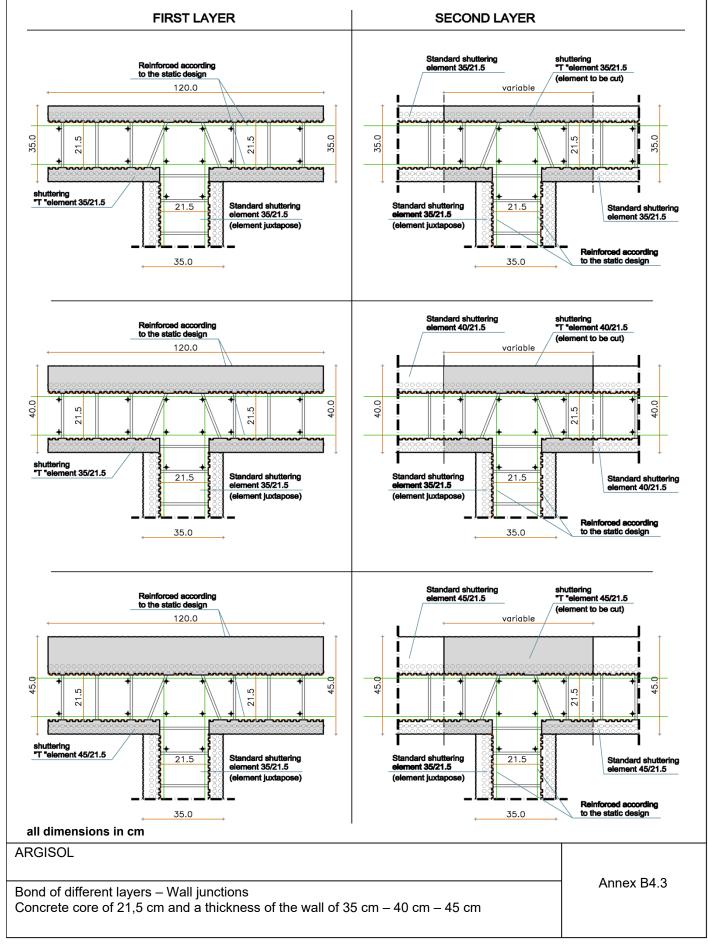




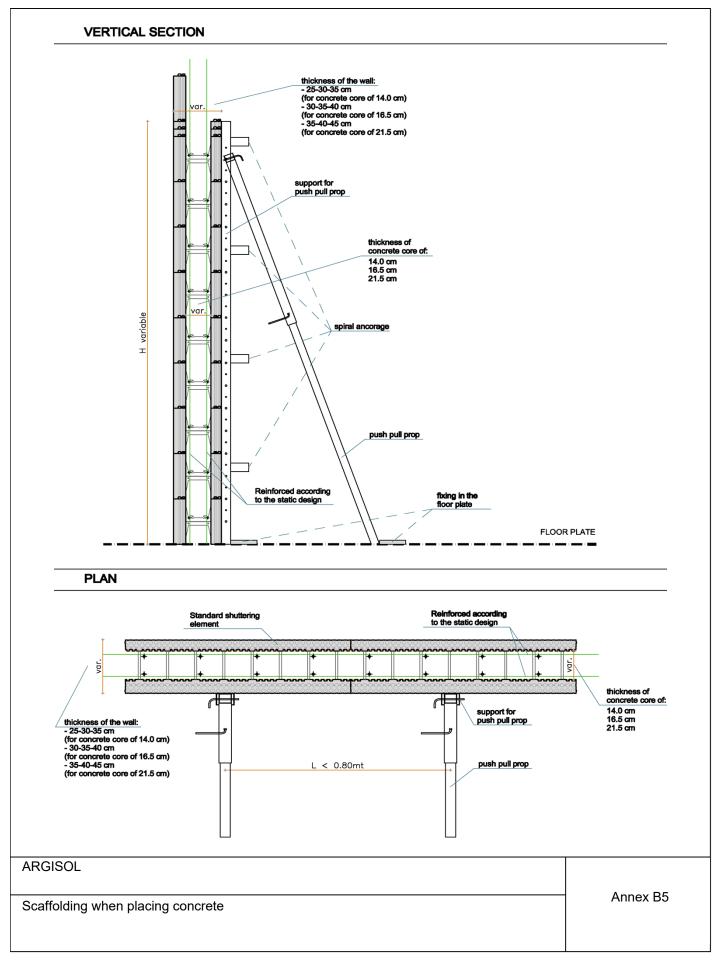














					Nominal value of thermal resistance of	Vominal valu	e of thermal	Nominal value of thermal resistance of			st	
	Ì¢				shu	shuttering element	ent	se				js ə
Type of the wall	Thickness of the wall	Thickr EPS shutte	Thickness of EPS shuttering leaves	Thickness o	* fnemele,C	eduction factor nnex C3)	notost gnib	tering leave (EPS) * _{eq=,a} A	ncrete core * _{D,concrete}	Volume of	tdeisW JOSIむAA	Weight concrete 24 kN/r
		inner	outer		¹u			ınys		0	per m²	per m²
Wall/ Concrete	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[kN/m²]	[(m²xK)/W]	ы	[(m²xK)/W]	[(m²xK)/W]	[(m²xK)/W]	[m3/m²]	[kN/m²]	[kN/m²]
25/14.0	250	48	62	140	3,604	0,800	2,884	3,548	990'0	0,140	0,052	3,36
30/14.0	300	48	112	140	5,217	0,800	4,174	5,161	990'0	0,140	0,062	98'8
35/14.0	350	48	162	140	6,830	006'0	6,147	6,774	950,0	0,140	0,072	3,36
30/16.5	300	62	73	165	4,421	0,800	3,537	4,355	990'0	0,165	0,063	3,96
35/16.5	350	62	123	165	6,034	0,800	4,827	5,968	990'0	0,165	0,074	3,96
40/16.5	400	62	173	165	7,647	006'0	6,882	7,581	990'0	0,165	980,0	3,96
35/21.5	300	62	73	165	4,421	0,800	3,537	4,355	990'0	0,215	0,063	5,16
40/21.5	350	62	123	165	6,034	008'0	4,827	5,968	990'0	0,215	0,074	5,16
45/21.5	400	62	173	165	7,647	006'0	6,882	7,581	990'0	0,215	0,086	5,16
*The nom	inal value of t	*The nominal value of thermal resistance of	ance of			Nomir	nal value of t	Nominal value of thermal conductivity λ [W/m $ imes$ K]	uctivity λ [W/	/m×K]		
and the co	oncrete core i	and the concrete core is calculated in	ng leaves in		Type		nys	Shuttering elements	ents	כ	Concrete core	đ)
accordano factors:	ce with Anne)	accordance witn Annex C3 witn following factors:	- Bulwo		λ [W/m×K]			0,031			2,5	

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Thicknesses of walls and concrete core Nominal values of thermal resistance R_{D} Geometry, volumes and weights	Annex B6



Description to BWR 1 – Mechanical resistance and stability	
Efficiency of filling	
Considering the instructions of Annex B1 and the installation guide of the ETA holder th without bursting of the shuttering and without voids or any uncovered reinforcement in the possible.	
Possibility of steel reinforcement	
The instructions in the installation guide of the ETA holder are appropriate to install stee walls according to EN 1992-1-1 or corresponding national rules (see e. g. Annexes B3 t	
SISOL	
	Annex C1
cription of Performance to BWR 1 hanical resistance and stability	, , , , , , ,
	1



Description to BWR 4 – Safety and accessibility in use

Bond Strength

The shuttering leaves are single layered, hence there is no determination of the bond strength between shuttering leaves.

The EPS shuttering leaf is bonded to the concrete by mechanical interlocking of the T guides [figure 2.2.10.2.1 (b) in EAD 340309-00-0305, chapter 2.2.10.2].

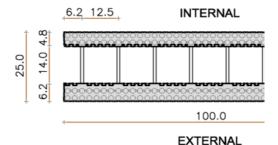


Figure 1: sketch, interlocking mechanism between concrete core and EPS leaf

Under end use conditions the EPS shuttering leaves are durable fixed by the steel spacers. The bond strength is at least equal to the resisting pressure of fresh concrete of the EPS shuttering leaves. Furthermore the vertical element-high dovetail grooves on the inside face of each EPS shuttering leaf provide a mechanical interlock between EPS shuttering leaves and concrete core.

Resistance to impact load

Global resistance

Concrete walls (without consideration of the finishes), constructed with shuttering system "ARGISOL" and designed according EN 1992-1-1 respectively in lack of availability of EN 1992-1-1 according national design rules, lead to the assumption that concrete core insures an adequate resistance of the complete wall to normal use impact loads.

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Description of Performance to BWR 4
Safety and accessibility in use

Annex C2



Description to BWR 6 - Energy economy and heat retention

Thermal Resistance

The declared value of thermal resistance $R_{D,element}$ of the shuttering elements in end use conditions (see Annex B6, with concrete core without rendering) is the sum of

- the declared value of thermal resistance of the EPS shuttering leaves R_{D,EPS}
- and the concrete core R_{D,concrete}.

The declared value of thermal resistance of the EPS shuttering leaves $R_{\text{D,EPS}}$ shall be calculated in accordance with EN ISO 6946 with a declared value of thermal conductivity of the EPS shuttering leaves of $\lambda = 0.031 \text{ W/(m\times K)}$ according to EN 13163, clause 4.2.1.

The declared value of thermal resistance of the concrete core $R_{\text{D,concrete}}$ shall be calculated in accordance with EN ISO 6946 with a value of thermal conductivity λ of the concrete core depending on the density ρ tabulated in EN ISO 10456 and considering the influence of the steel spacers by an reduction factor, see Table 1, according to the influence of the thickness of the EPS shuttering leaves.

<u>Table 1:</u> Reduction factor for the influence of the steel spacers

Time	Thickness of EPS shuttering leaves		Reduction factor
Туре	inner leaf	outer leaf	
	[mm]	[mm]	
25/14.0	48	62	0,80
30/14.0	48	112	0,80
35/14.0	48	162	0,90
30/16.5	62	73	0,80
35/16.5	62	123	0,80
40/16.5	62	173	0,90
35/21.5	62	73	0,80
40/21.5	62	123	0,80
45/21.5	62	173	0,90

The planner shall consider the metal parts of the system as thermal bridges, where relevant, for determination of the declared value of thermal resistance $R_{D,element}$.

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Description of Performance to BWR 6
Energy Economy and heat retention

Annex C3

Page 47 of European Technical Assessment ETA-07/0105 of 17 June 2025

English translation prepared by DIBt



Description to: Aspects of durability	
Resistance to detoriation	
Physical agent	
As given in the designation code "DS(N)2" of the EPS (see Annex A1 below Table A1) the of the EPS shuttering leaves in length and width under constant normal laboratory conditional relative humidity) shall not exceed \pm 0,2 %, according to EN 13163.	
Chemical agent	
The steel spacers are only necessary for the resistance to pressure of fresh conconcrete core has sufficiently hardened the bond between concrete core and EPS stigiven by the vertical dovetail grooves on the inside face of each EPS shuttering leaf (see	nuttering leaves is
The finishes of the wall are not part of the ETA. Determination of the cleaning agent of possible.	the surface is not
ADOLOGI	I
ARGISOL	
Description of Performance to BWR 6 Energy Economy and heat retention	Annex C3